Linux内核调试的实践

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微信群直播:

http://mp.weixin.qq.com/s/OYMmXnPgOZzfKFeI-8hLpA

扫描二维码报名





麦当劳喜欢您来,喜欢您再来



扫描光注 Limuxer



大纲

- 1.printk解决95%以上的问题
- 2.工程里的printk, dev_xxx和pr_xxx的正确使用
- 3.早期的打印
- 4.开机就死机的调试,initcall_debug
- 5.printk的耗时,哪些情况可以调用printk
- 6.printk打印级别控制
- 7.如何看oops和panic, oops和panic的区别; 内核反汇编
- 8.用gdb对内核进行源代码级调试
- 9.用gdb对内核模块进行源代码级别的调试
- 10.用qemu在没有电路板的情况下进行内核源代码级别调试
- 11.内核内存泄露、内存越界等的调试
- 12.rcu stalled和系统lockup的调试
- 13.内核里的各种DEBUG选项
- 14.grabserial抓开机速度

看一段bootargs

root=/dev/mmcblkop1 rw rootwait loglevel=8 earlyprintk console=ttyAMAo initcall_debug

initcall_debug

IC原厂的Linux工程师经常用它解决开机hang死问题

```
0.200519] calling cpu suspend alloc sp+0x0/0x98 @ 1
    0.201270] initcall cpu suspend alloc sp+0x0/0x98 returned 0 after 9765 usec
    [0.201719] calling init static idmap+0x0/0x118 @ 1
    0.202101] Setting up static identity map for 0x604ab8c0 - 0x604ab918
    0.202620] initcall init static idmap+0x0/0x118 returned 0 after 0 usecs
    0.202939] calling dcscb init+0x0/0x104 @ 1
    0.203783] initcall dcscb init+0x0/0x104 returned -19 after 0 usecs
    0.204092] calling tc2 pm init+0x0/0x154 @ 1
    0.204644] initcall tc2 pm init+0x0/0x154 returned -19 after 0 usecs
    0.204952] calling spawn ksoftirgd+0x0/0x28 @ 1
    0.209451] initcall spawn ksoftirgd+0x0/0x28 returned 0 after 0 usecs
    0.209887] calling init workqueues+0x0/0x3c4 @ 1
    0.217764] initcall init workqueues+0x0/0x3c4 returned 0 after 9765 usecs
    0.218137] calling migration init+0x0/0x74 @ 1
    0.218536] initcall migration init+0x0/0x74 returned 0 after 0 usecs
    0.218864] calling check cpu stall init+0x0/0x20 @ 1
    0.219245] initcall check cpu stall init+0x0/0x20 returned 0 after 0 usecs
    0.219568] calling rcu spawn gp kthread+0x0/0x158 @ 1
    0.221489] initcall rcu spawn gp kthread+0x0/0x158 returned 0 after 9765 use
CS
    0.221962] calling cpu stop init+0x0/0x94 @ 1
    0.223790] initcall cpu stop init+0x0/0x94 returned 0 after 0 usecs
```

early printk的实现

在驱动子系统工作之前,就可以printk

```
baohua@baohua-VirtualBox:~/develop/linux<u>/arch/arm/include/d</u>ebug$ ls
                                       s3c24xx.S tegra.S
8250.S
            efm32.S
                       meson.S
                                                               zynq.S
asm9260.S
            exynos.S
                       msm.S
                                       s5pv210.S uncompress.h
            icedcc.S
at91.S
                                       sa1100.S ux500.S
                       netx.S
bcm63xx.S imx.S
                        omap2plus.S
                                       samsung.S vexpress.S
clps711x.S imx-uart.h
                       pl01x.S
                                 sirf.S
                                                 vf.S
digicolor.S ks8695.S
                        renesas-scif.S sti.S vt8500.S
```

往uart的TX寄存器硬塞数据

```
.macro addruart, rp, rv, tmp
               \rp, =CONFIG DEBUG UART PHYS
                                                        @ physical
        ldr
        ldr
                \rv, =CONFIG DEBUG UART VIRT
                                                        @ virtual
        .macro senduart,rd,rx
                \rd, [\rx, #SIRF LLUART TXFIFO DATA]
        str
               busyuart, rd, rx
        .macro waituart.rd.rx
1001:
               \rd, [\rx, #SIRF_LLUART_TXFIF0_STATUS]
        ldr
               \rd, #SIRF_LLUART_TXFIFO EMPTY
        tst
        beq
                1001b
```

选择DEBUG_LL和port

```
Kernel hacking
keys navigate the menu. <Enter> selects submenus ---> (or empty submenus ----).
hted letters are hotkeys. Pressing <Y> includes, <N> excludes, <M> modularizes
es. Press <Esc><Esc> to exit, <?> for Help, </> for Search. Legend: [*] built-in
cluded <M> module < > module capable
   [ ] Sample kernel code ----
   [ ] KGDB: kernel debugger ----
   [ ] Export kernel pagetable layout to userspace via debugfs
   [ ] Filter access to /dev/mem
   [*] Enable stack unwinding support (EXPERIMENTAL)
   [*] Verbose user fault messages
   [*] Kernel low-level debugging functions (read help!)
         Kernel low-level debugging port (Use PL011 UARTO at 0x10009000 (V2P-CA9
   (0x10009000) Physical base address of debug UART
   (0xf8009000) Virtual base address of debug UART
   [*] Early printk
    ] Write the current PID to the CONTEXTIDR register
    l Set loadable kernel module data as NX and text as RO
```

不直接调printk,而是调dev_xxx

设备的名字将作为打印前缀

dev_emerg dev_warn dev_info

```
dev_info(dev, "System wakeup %s by ACPI\n",
acpi/device pm.c:
acpi/dock.c:
                dev info(&adev->dev, "ACPI dock station (docks/bays count: %d)\n",
acpi/ioapic.c:
                        dev info(&dev->dev, "%s at %pR, GSI %u\n",
                                dev_info(&dev->dev, "PCI IRQ %d -> rerouted to legacy "
acpi/pci irq.c:
                        dev_info(&root->device->dev, " OSC: %s [%s]\n", msg, buf);
acpi/pci root.c:
                                dev_info(&device->dev, " OSC failed (%s); disabling ASPM\n",
acpi/pci root.c:
                                dev info(&device->dev, "PCIe port services disabled; not reque:
acpi/pci root.c:
acpi/pci root.c:
                                        dev info(&device->dev,
                                dev info(&device->dev, " OSC failed (%s); disabling ASPM\n",
acpi/pci root.c:
                                dev_info(&device->dev, "Disabling ASPM (FADT indicates it is un
acpi/pci root.c:
                                dev info(&resource->device.dev, "Turning ON\n");
acpi/power.c:
                                dev info(&resource->device.dev, "Turning OFF\n");
acpi/power.c:
                                dev info(&adev->dev, "Eject disabled\n");
acpi/scan.c:
acpi/thermal.c: dev info(&tz->device->dev, "registered as thermal zone%d\n",
                dev_info(&video->device->dev, "Restoring backlight state\n");
acpi/video.c:
                dev info(&device->dev->dev, "registered as cooling device%d\n",
acpi/video.c:
                                        dev info(dev, "port %d can do FBS, forcing FBSCP\n",
ata/acard-ahci.c:
                        dev info(&pdev->dev, "JMB361 has only one port\n");
ata/ahci.c:
                        dev info(&pdev->dev,
ata/ahci.c:
                        dev info(&pdev->dev.
ata/ahci.c:
                dev info(host->dev, "applying extra ACPI GTF filter 0x%x for %s\n",
ata/ahci.c:
                        dev info(&pdev->dev,
ata/ahci.c:
                                dev info(&pdev->dev,
ata/ahci.c:
                        dev info(&pdev->dev,
ata/ahci.c:
```

不直接调printk, 而是调pr_xxx

用pr_fmt自定义打印前缀

```
clk/clk-nomadik.c:#define pr_fmt(fmt) "Nomadik SRC clocks: "fmt clk/clk-qoriq.c:#define pr_fmt(fmt) KBUILD_MODNAME ": "fmt clk/spear/clk-aux-synth.c:#define pr_fmt(fmt) "clk-aux-synth: "fmt clk/spear/clk-frac-synth.c:#define pr_fmt(fmt) "clk-frac-synth: "fmt clk/spear/clk-gpt-synth.c:#define pr_fmt(fmt) "clk-gpt-synth: "fmt
```

```
clk/spear/clk-vco-pll.c:#define pr huge memory.c:
                                                                                 pr info("raising min free kbytes from %d to %lu "
                                                 huaetlb.c:
                                                                         pr info("HugeTLB registered %s page size, pre-allocated %
                                                 hugetlb.c:
                                                                                 pr info("Node %d hugepages total=%u hugepages fre
                                                                         pr info("Injecting memory failure at pfn %#lx\n", pfn);
                                                 hwpoison-inject.c:
                                                 kmemleak-test.c:
                                                                         pr info("kmalloc(32) = %p\n", kmalloc(32, GFP KERNEL));
                                                                         pr info("kmalloc(32) = %p\n", kmalloc(32, GFP KERNEL));
                                                 kmemleak-test.c:
                                                 kmemleak-test.c:
                                                                         pr info("kmalloc(1024) = %p\n", kmalloc(1024, GFP KERNEL)
                                                                         pr_info("kmalloc(1024) = %p\n", kmalloc(1024, GFP KERNEL)
                                                 kmemleak-test.c:
                                                 kmemleak-test.c:
                                                                         pr info("kmalloc(2048) = %p\n", kmalloc(2048, GFP KERNEL)
                                                                         pr info("kmalloc(2048) = %p\n", kmalloc(2048, GFP KERNEL)
                                                 kmemleak-test.c:
                                                 kmemleak-test.c:
                                                                         pr info("kmalloc(4096) = %p\n", kmalloc(4096, GFP KERNEL)
                                                                         pr info("kmalloc(4096) = %p\n", kmalloc(4096, GFP KERNEL)
                                                 kmemleak-test.c:
                                                                         pr info("kmem cache alloc(files cachep) = %p\n",
                                                 kmemleak-test.c:
                                                                         pr info("kmem cache alloc(files cachep) = %p\n",
                                                 kmemleak-test.c:
                                                 kmemleak-test.c:
                                                                         pr info("vmalloc(64) = p\n", vmalloc(64));
                                                                         pr info("vmalloc(64) = p\n", vmalloc(64));
                                                 kmemleak-test.c:
                                                                         pr info("vmalloc(64) = p\n", vmalloc(64));
                                                 kmemleak-test.c:
                                                                         pr_info("vmalloc(64) = %p\n", vmalloc(64));
                                                 kmemleak-test.c:
                                                 kmemleak-test.c:
                                                                         pr info("vmalloc(64) = p\n", vmalloc(64));
                                                 kmemleak-test.c:
                                                                                 pr info("kzalloc(sizeof(*elem)) = %p\n", elem);
                                                                                 pr info("kmalloc(129) = %p\n",
                                                 kmemleak-test.c:
                                                 kmemleak.c:
                                                                         pr info("%d new suspected memory leaks (see "
                                                 kmemleak.c:
                                                                 pr info("Automatic memory scanning thread started\n");
                                                 kmemleak.c:
                                                                 pr info("Automatic memory scanning thread ended\n");
                                                 kmemleak.c:
                                                                         pr info("Unknown object at 0x%08lx\n", addr);
                                                 kmemleak.c:
                                                                         pr info("Kmemleak disabled without freeing internal data.
```

不允许这样的打印

FIFO FULL

请问谁的FIFO满了?

```
Zhang San <san.zhang@x.com>
流芳百世,还是遗臭万年?
```

生平见过的最惨烈的printk

```
166 static int    init obsolete checksetup(char *line)
167 {
168
            const struct obs kernel param *p;
            int had early param = 0;
169
170
171
            p = setup start;
172
            printk("172\n");
173
            do {
174
                     int n = strlen(p->str);
175
                     printk("175\n");
176
                     if (paramegn(line, p->str, n)) {
                             if (p->early) {
177
                                    /* Already done in parse_early_param?
178
179
                                      * (Needs exact match on param part).
                                      * Keep iterating, as we can have earl
180
                                      * params and __setups of same names 8
181
                                     if (line[n] == '\0' || line[n] == '=')
182
                                             had early param = 1;
183
                             } else if (!n->setup func) {
184
```

printk其他问题

/proc/sys/kernel/printk运行时候改打印级别

```
#define KERN_EMERG
                         KERN SOH
#define KERN ALERT
                         KERN SOH
#define KERN_CRIT
                                   "2"
                         KERN SOH
#define KERN ERR
                                   "3"
                         KERN SOH
#define KERN WARNING
                                   "4"
                         KERN SOH
#define KERN NOTICE
                         KERN SOH
#define KERN INFO
                                   "6"
                         KERN SOH
#define KERN_DEBUG
                         KERN_SOH
```

printk中断、软中断、spinlock里面都可以调用

printk的开销很大,尤其是串口打印,会让系统慢很多。 所以产品要在bootargs里面"quiet"

Qemu学习内核源码级调试

qemu-system-arm -s -S -nographic -sd vexpress.img -M vexpressa9 -m 512M -kernel 2 mage -dtb vexpress-v2p-ca9.dtb

```
baohua@baohua-VirtualBox:~/develop/linux$ arm-linux-gnueabihf-qdb vmlinux
GNU ddb (crosstool-NG linaro-1.13.1-4.8-2013.05 - Linaro GCC 2013.05) 7.6-2013.0
Copyright (C) 2013 Free Software Foundation, Inc.
License GPLv3+: GNU GPL version 3 or later <a href="http://gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html">http://gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html</a>
This is tree software: you are free to change and redistribute it.
There is NO WARRANTY, to the extent permitted by law. Type "show copying"
and "show varranty" for details.
This GDB wat configured as "--host=i686-build pc-linux-gnu --target=arm-linux-gn
ueabihf".
For bug reporting instructions, please see:
<https://bugs.launchpad.net/gcc-linaro>...
Reading symbols from /home/baohua/develop/linux/vmlinux...done.
(qdb) target remote :1234
Remote debugging using :1234
0x60000000 in ?? ()
(qdb)
```

内核模块源码级调试

```
# modprobe globalmem
[ 476.621636] calling globalmem init+0x0/0x114
  476.624723] initcall globalmem init+0x0/0x114
# cd /sys/module/globalmem/
# ls
coresize
            initsize
                        notes
                                     refent
holders
            initstate
                        parameters sections
# ls -a
            coresize
                        initsize
                                     notes
            holders
                        initstate
                                     parameters
# cd sections/
# ls -a
                            .gnu.linkonce.this mo
                            .init.text
                            .note.gnu.build-id
.ARM.exidx
.ARM.exidx.exit.text
                            .rodata
.ARM.exidx.init.text
                            .rodata.str1.4
.alt.smp.init
                            .strtab
                            .svmtab
.bss
.data
                            .text
.exit.text
                            param
# cat .text
0x7f000000
# cat .data
0x7f000528
```

Kernel - oops - PC

```
sh-4.2# cat /dev/cma test
[ 33.491284] Unable to handle kernel NULL pointer dereference at virtual address
0000000
  33.507357 pgd = cc914000
  33.507379] [00000000] *pgd=0c902831, *pte=00000000, *ppte=00000000
  33.513769] Internal error: Oops: 817 [#1] PREEMPT
  33.518538] last sysfs file:
/sys/devices/system/cpu/cpu0/cpufreq/stats/time_in_state
  33.526350] Modules linked in: vxdkernel pvrsrvkm sirfsoc_gps sirfsocfb cma_test
  33.533729] CPU: 0 Not tainted (2.6.38.8-sirf #28)
  33.538857] PC is at cma_test_read+0x8c/0xec [cma_test]
  33.544067] LR is at vfs read+0xb8/0x144
  33.547966] pc : [<bf06f1cc>] lr : [<c039d64c>] psr: a0000013
  33.547972] sp : cc90ff08 ip : cc90ff30 fp : cc90ff2c
  33.559421] r10: 00000000 r9: 00000003 r8: beafd890
  33.564631] r7: cc90ff68 r6: bf06f4ec r5: 00000000 r4: d3e16460
  33.571139] r3:00000000 r2:00000000 r1:beafd890 r0:cc8e6e20
  33.577650] Flags: NzCv IRQs on FIQs on Mode SVC_32 ISA ARM Segment
user
  33.584768] Control: 10c53c7d Table: 0c914059 DAC: 00000015
  33.590495]
  33.590498] LR: 0xc039d5cc:
```

Kernel - oops -backtrace

```
[ 34.152437] Backtrace:
[ 34.154882] [<bf06f140>] (cma_test_read+0x0/0xec [cma_test]) from [<c039d64c>]
(vfs_read+0xb8/0x144)
[ 34.163982] r6:beafd890 r5:cc8e6e20 r4:00001000
[ 34.168592] [<c039d594>] (vfs_read+0x0/0x144) from [<c039d724>] (sys_read+0x4c/0x108)
[ 34.176394] r8:beafd890 r7:00001000 r6:beafd890 r5:cc8e6e20 r4:000a8c34
[ 34.183093] [<c039d6d8>] (sys_read+0x0/0x108) from [<c02dc720>] (ret_fast_syscall+0x0/0x30)
[ 34.191416] Code: 03e0002a 0a000012 e59f6058 e3a05000 (e5855000)
[ 34.294365] ---[ end trace f0d7620b9f61d90d ]---
```

Kernel - oops - objdump

[33.538857] PC is at cma_test_read+0x8c/0xec [cma_test]

```
86 00000140 < His test read>:
87 140:
          ela0c00d
                                 ip, sp
                         mov
88 144:
         e92dd870
                         push
                                {r4, r5, r6, fp, ip, lr, pc}
89 148: e24cb084
                         sub
                                fp, ip, #4
90 14c: e24dd00c
                         sub
                               sp, sp, #12
91 150: ela0200d
                               r2, sp
                         mov
92 154: e3c23d7f
                         bic
                               r3, r2, #8128 ; 0x1fc0
93 158: e3c3303f
                         bic r3, r3, #63
                                              ; 0x3f
94 15c: e5932004
                         ldr r2, [r3, #4]
95 160: e2822001
                         add r2, r2, #1
96 164:
         e5832004
                         str r2, [r3, #4]
97 168:
          e59f30a8
                         ldr
                                 r3, [pc, #168] ; 218 < cma test read+0xd8>
                                 ra, traj
   TOO.
          E 3333000
                         Lui
114
    lac:
          e3130002
                         tst
                                 г3, #2
                                 1b8 < ma test read+9x78>
115
    1b0:
          0a000000
                         beg
116 1b4:
                         bl
                                 0 oreempt schedule>
         ebfffffe
117 1b8:
         e3540000
                         cmp
                                г4, #0
118 1bc:
                                re, #42 ; ex2a
         03e0002a
                         mvneq
                                 210 <cma test read+0xd0>
119 1c0:
         0a000012
                         beq
                                 r6, [pc, #88] ; 224 < cma test read+0xe4>
120 1c4:
         e59f6058
                         ldr
121 1c8:
        e3a05000
                                 r5, #0
                         mov
         e5355000
122 lcc:
                         str
                                 r5, [r5]
123 1d0:
          e5960000
                         ldr
                                 r0, [r6]
```

反汇编内核里的.o或者.ko

```
baohua@baohua-VirtualBox:~/develop/linux$ arm-linux-gnueabi-objdump -S drivers/char/globalmem/globalmem.o
drivers/char/globalmem/globalmem.o:
                                        file format elf32-littlearm
Disassembly of section .text:
00000000 <globalmem open>:
struct globalmem dev *globalmem devp;
static int globalmem open(struct inode *inode, struct file *filp)
        filp->private data = globalmem devp;
   0:
        e3003000
                        movw
                                r3, #0
        e3403000
                                r3, #0
                        movt
        return 0;
  8:
        e3a00000
                                r0, #0
                        mov
struct globalmem dev *globalmem devp;
static int globalmem open(struct inode *inode, struct file *filp)
```

Oops Vs. Panic

Oops不一定panic 中断上下文的oops会panic panic_on_oops设置为1,一律panic

阅读:

《宋宝华: Kernel Oops和Panic是一回事吗?》 http://mp.weixin.qq.com/s/cpnE9FNYoxf9n-bzix_abw

Print with timestamp

grabserial: http://elinux.org/Grabserial

wget http://makelinux.com/emb/grabserial

```
[tbird@timdesk data]$ ../grabserial -v -d /dev/ttyUSB1 -e 30 -t -m "Starting kernel.*"
Opening serial port /dev/ttyUSB1
115200:8N1:xonxoff=0:rtcdtc=0
Program will end in 30 seconds
Printing timing information for each line
Matching pattern 'Starting kernel.*' to set base time
Use Control-C to stop...
[0.000001 0.000001]
[0.000433 0.000432]
[0.001908 0.001475] Texas Instruments X-Loader 1.41 (Sep  1 2010 - 13:43:00)
[0.295940 0.294032] mmc read: Invalid size
[0.299905 0.003965] Starting OS Bootloader from MMC/SD1 ...
[0.311140 0.011235]
[0.313113 0.001973]
[0.313168 0.000055] U-Boot 1.1.4-qcebe815a-dirty (Aug 16 2010 - 10:34:46)
[0.317314 0.004146]
[0.317353 0.000039] Load address: 0x80e80000
[0.319459 0.002106] DRAM: 512 MB
[0.321147 0.001688] Flash: 0 kB
[0.360937 0.039790] *** Warning - bad CRC, using default environment
[0.366966 0.006029]
[0.387197 0.020231] In: serial
```

内核有很多DEBUG选项和功能

> 比如调试suspend:

no_console_suspend PM_DEBUG

make menuconfig里面能搜索到很多DEBUG

有些东西不开DEBUG, 真的很难调-其实是无底洞

在spinlock,中断,软中断sleep?

```
Symbol: DEBUG_ATOMIC_SLEEP [=y]
Type : boolean
Prompt: Sleep inside atomic section checking
  Location:
    -> Kernel hacking
(1)    -> Lock Debugging (spinlocks, mutexes, etc...)
    Defined at lib/Kconfig.debug:1035
    Depends on: DEBUG_KERNEL [=y]
    Selects: PREEMPT_COUNT [=y]
```

SLUB DEBUG

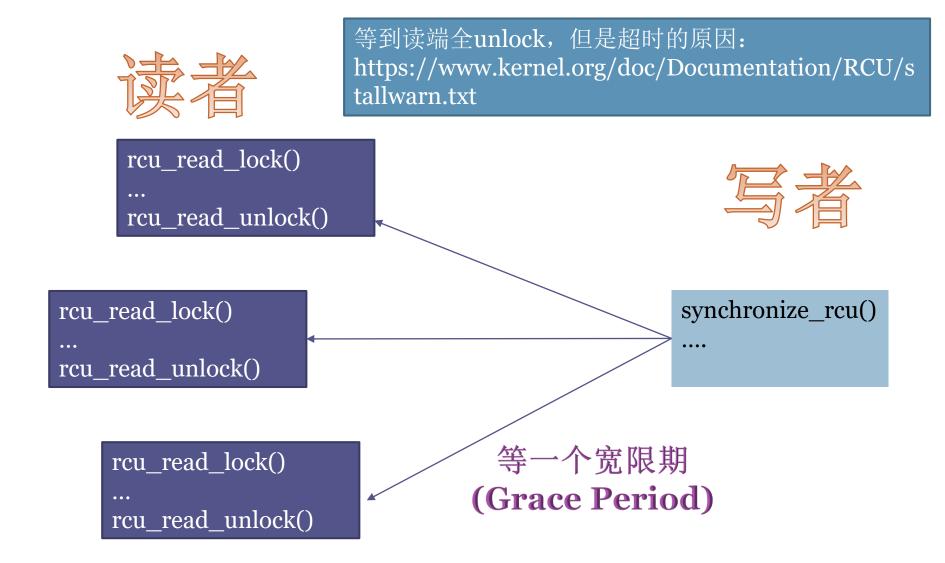
```
启动参数:
                                         static ssize t globalfifo rea
  slub_debug root=/dev/mmcblkd {
                                                int ret;
                                                 struct globalfifo dev *dev = filp->private data;
  rootwait
                                                DECLARE WAITQUEUE(wait, current);
                                                 char * tbuf = kmalloc(32,GFP KERNEL);
                                                 if(tbuf) {
                                                        memset(tbuf,0x00,32);
                                                        kfree(tbuf);
                                                        printk("%s\n", "free buf" );
                                                        kfree(tbuf);//重复释放内存
cat /dev/globalfifo
  73.5760341 free buf
  73.5791171 ======
  73.580048] BUG kmalloc-64 (Not tainted) Object already free
  73.580495]
  73.5804951
  73.581313] Disabling lock debugging due to kernel taint
```

```
73.583059] INFO: Allocated in globalfifo read+0x54/0x244 age=0 cpu=1 pid=776
73.583731] globalfifo read+0x54/0x244
73.584130]
              vfs read+0x18/0x4c
73.584459]
          vfs read+0x7c/0x100
73.584871] SyS read+0x40/0x8c
73.585196]
            ret fast syscall+0x0/0x40
73.585638] INFO: Freed in globalfifo read+0x1c4/0x244 age=2 cpu=1 pid
73.586186]
              vfs read+0x18/0x4c
73.586526]
            vfs read+0x7c/0x100
           SVS read+0x40/0x8c
73.5868481
```

kmemleak

```
static int globalfifo open(
                                                 filp->private data = globalfifo devp;
               sub Land
                                                 files = get files struct(current);
excluded <M> module < > module capable
 [ ] Extend memmap on extra space for more information
                                                 char * tbuf = kmalloc(32,GFP KERNEL);
    Debug page memory allocations
                                                 if(tbuf) {
    Debug object operations
    SLUB debugging on by default
                                                         memset(tbuf, 0x00, 32);
  ] Enable SLUB performance statistics
 [*] Kernel memory leak detector
                                                         tbuf = kmalloc(32,GFP KERNEL); //memory leak
 (400) Maximum kmemleak early log entries (NEW)
    Simple test for the kernel memory leak detector
    Default kmemleak to off
   1 Stack utilization instrumentation
                                                 return 0;
 [ ] Debug VM
 [ ] Debug access tq
                backtrace:
                  [<802c5e98>] globalfifo open+0x54/0x64
                  [<800e8ad4>] chrdev open+0xdc/0x1b0
                  [<800e2e6c>] do dentry open.isra.12+0xec/0x30c
                  [<800efe48>] do last.isra.38+0x128/0xb8c
                  [<800flea0>] path openat+0x7c/0x5cc
                  [<800f31a0>] do filp open+0x2c/0x80
                  [<800e3fa4>] do sys open+0x110/0x1cc
                  [<8000e720>] ret fast syscall+0x0/0x40
                  [<ffffffff] 0xffffffff</pre>
               preferenced object 0x9e7f2a00 (size 64):
                comm "cat", pid 780, jiffies 4294947210 (age
                hex dump (first 32 bytes):
                  backtrace:
                  [<802c5e7c>] globalfifo open+0x38/0x64
                  [<800e8ad4>] chrdev open+0xdc/0x1b0
                  [<800e2e6c>] do dentry open.isra.12+0xec/0x30c
```

RCU Stall



Lockup detector

- kernel/watchdog.c
- ✓ NMI中断 + 定时器中断+高优先级RT线程
- ✓ 用定时器中断,检测高优先级线程有无机会执行->soft lockup
- ✓ 用NMI, 检测定时器中断有无机会执行 -> hard lockup

```
Symbol: HARDLOCKUP_DETECTOR [=n]
Type : boolean
   Defined at lib/Kconfig.debug:704
   Depends on: LOCKUP_DETECTOR [=y] && !HAVE_NMI_WATCHDOG [=n] && PERF_EVENTS [=y] &&

Symbol: LOCKUP_DETECTOR [=y]
Type : boolean
Prompt: Detect Hard and Soft Lockups
   Location:
    -> Kernel hacking
(3)   -> Debug Lockups and Hangs
   Defined at lib/Kconfig.debug:680
   Depends on: DEBUG_KERNEL [=y] && !S390
```

Lockup detector 案 例

100.291611] NMI watchdog: BUG: soft lockup - CPU#0 stp for 22s! [cat:716]

```
100.292121] Modules linked in: globalmem
100.292924] CPU: 0 PID: 716 Comm: cat Tainted: G
                                                            L 4.0.0-rc1+ #47
100.293417] Hardware name: ARM-Versatile Express
100.293784] task: 9f7cdf00 ti: 9ed32000 task.ti: 9ed32000
100.294172] PC is at loop delay+0x0/0x10
100.294499] LR is at globalmem read+0x48/0x114 [globalmem]
                                                     psr: 20000013
100.294907 pc : [<8023dc38>]
                                lr : [<7f0001d0>1
100.294907] sp : 9ed33f28 ip : 8023dc08 fp : 00000000
100.295607] r10: 7ee15fa0 r9 : 00001000 r8 : 00001000
100.295959] r7 : 9ecda000 r6 : 9ed33f80 r5 : 80659a38 r4 : 00002136
100.296375] r3 : 00000000 r2 : 00000e92 r1 : ffffffff r0 : 0000e856
100.296936] Flags: nzCv IRQs on FIQs on Mode SVC 32 ISA ARM Segment user
100.297397] Control: 10c5387d Table: 7ed7806a DAC: 00000015
100.297865] CPU: 0 PID: 716 Comm: cat Tainted: G
                                                            L 4.0.0-rc1+ #47
100.298301] Hardware name: ARM-Versatile Express
100.298667] [<80015790>] (unwind backtrace) from [<80011a10>] (show stack+0x10/0x14)
100.299162] [<80011a10>] (show stack) from [<804848e4>] (dump stack+0x74/0x90)
100.299652] [<804848e4>] (dump stack) from [<8008757c>] (watchdog timer fn+0x1a0/0x214)
100.300156] [<8008757c>] (watchdog timer fn) from [<80065d04>] ( run hrtimer.isra.19+0x54
100.300731] [<80065d04>] ( run hrtimer.isra.19) from [<80065fa8>] (hrtimer interrupt+0xd{
100.301440] [<80065fa8>] (hrtimer interrupt) from [<8001459c>] (twd handler+0x2c/0x40)
100.301964] [<8001459c>] (twd handler) from [<8005a6ac>] (handle percpu devid irq+0x68/0x8
100.302494] [<8005a6ac>] (handle percpu devid irq) from [<80056cd8>] (generic handle irq+6
100.303238] [<80056cd8>] (generic handle irg) from [<80056dd4>] ( handle domain irg+0x54/
100.304247] [<80056dd4>] ( handle domain irq) from [<80008670>] (gic handle irq+0x20/0x50
100.305211] [<80008670>] (gic handle irq) from [<80012500>] ( irq svc+0x40/0x54)
100.305725] Exception stack(0x9ed33ee0 to 0x9ed33f28)
```

更早课程

- 《Linux总线、设备、驱动模型》录播: http://edu.csdn.net/course/detail/5329
- 深入探究Linux的设备树 http://edu.csdn.net/course/detail/5627
- Linux进程、线程和调度 http://edu.csdn.net/course/detail/5995
- C语言大型软件设计的面向对象 https://edu.csdn.net/course/detail/6496

谢谢!