

NED UNIVERSITY OF ENGINEERING & TECHNOLOGY
SECOND YEAR FALL SEMESTER (ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING)
EXAMINATIONS 2019
BATCH 2018

Time: 3 Hours

Dated: 03-02-2020

Max. Marks: 60

Data Structures and Algorithms - EE-264**Instructions:**

1. Attempt all Questions.
2. In case, if you find any missing information, assume by yourself and properly mention it.
3. All questions carry equal (10) Marks.

Question 1:**[CLO1]**

Perform a detailed analysis of SELECTION SORT algorithm including general expression of running time, best case and worst case running times. Also, express the running time in θ -notation.

Pseudo Code:**SELECTION SORT**

1. For $i = 1$ to n :
2. $\text{min_index} = i$
3. For $j = i+1$ to n :
4. If $A[\text{min_index}] > a[j]$:
5. $\text{min_index} = j$
6. Swap ($A[i], A[\text{min_index}]$)

Question 2:**[CLO1]**

Perform the time complexity analysis under worst case for Merge Sort Algorithm (based on Divide and Conquer approach). Also, express your answer in relevant asymptotic notation.

Pseudo Code:**MERGESORT(A):**

1. $n = \text{length}(A)$
2. if $n < 2$:
3. return
4. $\text{mid} = n/2$
5. left = array of size (mid)
6. right = array of size (n-mid)
7. for $i = 0$ to $\text{mid}-1$:
8. $\text{left}[i] = A[i]$
9. for $j = \text{mid}$ to $n-1$:
10. $\text{right}[j-\text{mid}] = A[j]$
11. MERGESORT(left)
12. MERGESORT(right)
13. MERGE(left, right, A)

MERGE(L,R,A):

1. $nL = \text{length}(L)$
2. $nR = \text{length}(R)$
3. $i = j = k = 0$
4. while $i < nL$ and $j < nR$:
5. if $L[i] < R[j]$:
6. $A[k] = L[i]$
7. $i = i + 1$
8. else:
9. $A[k] = R[j]$
10. $j = j + 1$
11. $k = k + 1$
12. while $i < nL$:
13. $A[k] = L[i]$
14. $i = i + 1$
15. $k = k + 1$
16. while $j < nR$:
17. $A[k] = R[j]$
18. $j = j + 1$
19. $k = k + 1$

Question 3:

[CLO1]

Explain the following Asymptotic Notations by considering an example.

1. O Notation
2. Ω Notation
3. Θ Notation

Question 4:

[CLO2]

Demonstrate the mechanism of maintaining data in *stacks* and *queues*. What are their typical operations and policy? Write a python class named *Queue* that uses list structure to store the data inside of it. Also define all the functions, which Queue data structure typically offers, in *Queue* class.

Question 5:

[CLO2]

You have been asked to develop a system which maintains data of employees in an organization. What would be your preference at implementation level (Traditional Procedural-Oriented programming -TPOP or Object-Oriented programming - OOP)? Take the fundamental components of OOP such as Class, use pseudo-code or C++ or Python and implement some of the following basic tasks related to this application.

- a) Create an *Employee* class to store basic information of an employee like name, pay and job.
- b) Write a method in *Employee* class to increase the salary of a person with desired percentage.
- c) Create a sub-class of *Employee* named *Manager* which replaces the inherited method to increase the salary of a person by including an additional bonus of 10% added in the percentage input of a function.

Question 6:

[CLO2]

Describe the following functions applied on Dynamic Sets:

- 1) SEARCH (S, k)
- 2) INSERT (S, x)
- 3) DELETE (S, x)
- 5) MAXIMUM (S)
- 6) PREDECESSOR (S, x)

————— X —————