

Assignment

NED University of Engineering & Tech.
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Computers & Programming (EE-163)

Department of Electrical Engineering
FE-EE

Assignment Solution

Name	Umer Ahmed
Roll Number	EE-20145
Section	D
Assignment No.	1

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Signature: _____

Q1: Write a program to print the following text on the console screen.

Welcome to C++

CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file of input output stream
2 using namespace std;
3 int main() //pre-defined function of c++
4 {
5
6
7 //console output
8 cout<<"Welcome to C++";
9
10
11 return 0;
12 }
```

OUTPUT:

```
Welcome to C++
-----
Process exited after 0.05088 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

By:
Hafiz Muhammad

Q2: Using escape sequences to print the text in following fashion.

Welcome
to
C++

CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file of input output stream
2 using namespace std;
3 int main() //pre-defined function of c++
4 {
5
6
7 //console output
8 cout<<"Welcome" << "\n" << "to" << "\nC++"; //using escape sequence
9
10
11 return 0;
12 }
```

OUTPUT:

```
Welcome
to
C++  
-----  
Process exited after 0.05207 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

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Q3: Write a program that takes two integer numbers from the user and print their sum on console screen.

CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file of input output stream
2 using namespace std;
3 int main() //pre-defined function of c++
4 {
5     //variable declaration
6     int num1, num2;
7
8
9     //input phase
10    cout << "Enter first integer ";
11    cin >> num1;
12    cout << "Enter second integer ";
13    cin >> num2;
14
15
16    //basic arithmetic operation
17    cout << "Sum of above two integer inputs are " << num1 + num2 << endl;
18
19    return 0;
20 }
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter first integer 5
Enter second integer 10
Sum of above two integer inputs are 15

-----
Process exited after 7.858 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

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Q4: What are Arithmetic operators? Write the rule of precedence for the Arithmetic operators.

ARITHMETIC OPERATORS:

Arithmetic operators are used to perform arithmetic operations on variables and data .Arithmetic operators compute the result of specific arithmetic operation and returns its result. The arguments are not modified. There are various arithmetic operators in C++.

- Addition(+)
- Sustration(-)
- Multiplication(*)
- Division(/)
- Modulo operator (%)

RULE OF PRECEDENCE IN ARITHMETIC OPERATORS:

The order of precedence of arithmetic operators in C++ is:

- Multiplication (*), division (/), modulus (%)
- Addition(+), subtraction(-)

Q5: How C++ program is compiled into an executable?

C++ COMPILED INTO AN EXECUTABLE:

The compilation of a c++ program involves three steps:

Preprocessing: the preprocessor takes a C++ source code file and deals with the #includes, #define s and other preprocessor directives. Linking: the linker takes the object files produced by the compiler and produces either a library or an executable file.

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Q6: Write a program that take two numbers and operation to perform on those numbers as input from the user and print the result of operation on console screen.
(Hint: Use if-statements to identify the required operation)

CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file of input output stream
2 using namespace std;
3 int main() //pre-defined function of c++
4 {
5     //variable declaration
6     double num1, num2;
7     char operation;
8
9
10    //input phase
11    cout<<"Enter first operand ";
12    cin>>num1;
13
14    cout<<"Enter second operand ";
15    cin>>num2;
16
17    cout<<"enter operation ";
18    cin>>operation;
19
20    //decision making for operation
21    //if-if construct
22    if(operation=='+' )
23    {
24        cout<<num1<<"+ "<<num2<<" = "<<num1+num2;
25    }
26
27    if(operation=='-' )
28    {
29        cout<<num1<<" - "<<num2<<" = "<<num1-num2;
30    }
31
32    if(operation=='/' )
33    {
34        cout<<num1<<"/ "<<num2<<" = "<<num1/num2;
35    }
36
37    if(operation=='*' )
38    {
39        cout<<num1<<" * "<<num2<<" = "<<num1*num2;
40    }
41
42
43    return 0;
44 }
```

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OUTPUT:

```
Enter first operand 5
Enter second operand 2
enter operation *
5*2=10
-----
Process exited after 6.772 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Q7: Write a program that asks user to enter two integers, obtains the numbers from the user,

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and then prints the larger number followed by the words "is larger." If the numbers are equal, print the message "These numbers are equal."

CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file of input output stream
2 using namespace std;
3 int main() //pre-defined function of c++
4 {
5     //variable declaration
6     int num1, num2;
7
8     //input phase
9     cout<<"Enter first integer ";
10    cin>>num1;
11    cout<<"Enter second integer ";
12    cin>>num2;
13
14    //decision making for larger number
15    //if-if construct
16    if(num1>num2)
17    {
18        cout<<num1<<" is Larger";
19    }
20
21    if(num2>num1)
22    {
23        cout<<num2<<" is Larger";
24    }
25
26
27    if(num1==num2)
28    {
29        cout<<"These Numbers Are Equal"; //for equal numbers
30    }
31
32
33    return 0;
34 }
```

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OUTPUT:

Output case 1:

```
Enter first integer 5
Enter second integer 9
9 is Larger
-----
Process exited after 4.938 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Output case 2:

```
Enter first integer 5
Enter second integer 5
These Numbers Are Equal
-----
Process exited after 3.687 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

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Q8: Write a program that inputs three integers from the keyboard and prints the sum, average, product, smallest and largest of these numbers. The screen dialog should appear as follows:

```
Input three different integers: 13 27 14
Sum is 54
Average is 18
Product is 4914
Smallest is 13
Largest is 27
```

CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file of input output stream
2 using namespace std;
3 int main() //pre-defined function of c++
4 {
5     //variable declaration
6     int num1, num2, num3;
7
8
9     //input phase
10    cout<<"Input three different integers: ";
11    cin>>num1>>num2>>num3;
12
13
14     //Basic Arithmetic operation
15    cout<<"Sum is "<<num1+num2+num3<<endl;
16    cout<<"Average is "<<float(num1+num2+num3)/2<<endl;
17    cout<<"Product is "<<num1*num2*num3<<endl;
18    //if-if construct
19
20    if(num1<num2&&num1<num3)
21    {
22        cout<<"Smallest is "<<num1<<endl;
23
24    }
25
26    if(num2<num1&&num2<num3)
27    {
28        cout<<"Smallest is "<<num2<<endl;
29
30    }
31
32    if(num3<num1&&num3<num2)
33    {
34        cout<<"Smallest is "<<num3<<endl;
35    }
```

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```
36 }  
37  
38 if(num1>num2&&num1>num3)  
39 {  
40 cout<<"Largest is "<<num1;  
41 }  
42  
43  
44 if(num2>num1&&num2>num3)  
45 {  
46 cout<<"Largest is "<<num2;  
47 }  
48  
49  
50 if(num3>num1&&num3>num2)  
51 {  
52 cout<<"Largest is "<<num3;  
53 }  
54 }  
55 return 0;  
56 }
```

OUTPUT:

```
Input three different integers: 13 27 14  
Sum is 54  
Average is 27  
Product is 4914  
Smallest is 13  
Largest is 27  
-----  
Process exited after 16.9 seconds with return value 0  
Press any key to continue . . .
```

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Q9: Write a program that reads an integer and determines and prints whether its odd or even.

CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file of input output stream
2 using namespace std;
3 int main() //pre-defined function of c++
4 {
5     //variable declaration
6     int num1;
7
8
9     //input phase
10    cout<<"Enter Any integer ";
11    cin>>num1;
12
13
14    //if-if construct
15
16    if(num1%2==0)
17    {
18        cout<<num1<<" is Even Number";
19    }
20
21
22    if(num1%2!=0)
23    {
24        cout<<num1<<" is Odd Number";
25    }
26
27
28    return 0;
29 }
```

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OUTPUT:

Output case 1:

```
Enter Any integer 5
5 is Odd Number
-----
Process exited after 3.177 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Output case 2:

```
Enter Any integer 2
2 is Even Number
-----
Process exited after 3.881 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

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Q10: Write a program that inputs a five digit integer, separates the integer into its digit and prints them separated by three spaces each. For example, if the user types in 42339, the program should print:

4 2 3 3 9

CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file for input output stream
2 using namespace std;
3 int main()
4 {
5     //variable declaration
6     int a;
7
8     //input phase
9     cout<<"Enter five digit integer ";
10    cin>>a;
11
12    //algorithm
13    cout<<a/10000<<"    ";
14    a=a%10000;
15    cout<<a/1000<<"    ";
16    a=a%1000;
17    cout<<a/100<<"    ";
18    a=a%100;
19    cout<<a/10<<"    ";
20    a=a%10;
21    cout<<a;
22
23 }
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter five digit number: 42339
4 2 3 3 9
-----
Process exited after 34.87 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

Q11: Develop a C++ program that uses a while statement to determine the gross pay for each of several employees. The company pays "straight time" for the first 40 hours worked by each

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employee and pays "time-and-a-half" for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours. You are given a list of the employees of the company, the number of hours each employee worked last week and the hourly rate of each employee.

Your program should input this information for each employee and should determine and display the employee's gross pay.

Sample Output:

Enter hours worked (-1 to end): 39
Enter hourly rate of the employee: 10.00 Salary is
390.00 Rs.

Enter hours worked (-1 to end): 40
Enter hourly rate of the employee: 10.00 Salary is
400.00 Rs.

Enter hours worked (-1 to end): 41
Enter hourly rate of the employee: 10.00 Salary is
415.00 Rs.

Enter hours worked (-1 to end): -1

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CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file of input output stream
2 #include<iomanip> //header file for formatting
3 #include<conio.h>
4 using namespace std;
5 int main() //pre-defined function of c++
6 {
7     //variable declaration
8     double hoursworked, rate, pay;
9
10    //input phase
11    cout<<"Enter hours worked (-1 to end): ";
12    cin>>hoursworked;
13
14    //while loop
15    while(hoursworked>=0)
16    {
17        cout<<"Enter hourly rate of the employee: ";
18        cin>>rate;
19
20        //if-if construct
21
22        if(hoursworked<=40)
23        {
24            pay=(hoursworked*rate);
25        }
26
27        if(hoursworked>40)
28        {
29            pay=(40*rate)+((hoursworked-40)*(rate*1.5));
30        }
31        //showing result
32
33        cout<<"Salary is " <<fixed<<setprecision(2)<<pay<< " Rs" <<endl;
34        cout<<"\nEnter hours worked (-1 to end): "; //manipulation
35        cin>>hoursworked;
36    }
37    getch(); //to pause the program
38    return 0;
39 } //end of main function
```

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OUTPUT:

```
Enter hours worked <-1 to end>: 39
Enter hourly rate of the emolyee: 10.00
Salary is 390.00 Rs

Enter hours worked <-1 to end>: 40
Enter hourly rate of the emolyee: 10.00
Salary is 400.00 Rs

Enter hours worked <-1 to end>: 41
Enter hourly rate of the emolyee: 10.00
Salary is 415.00 Rs

Enter hours worked <-1 to end>: -1
```

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Q12: Write a program that ask user to enter an integer number and evaluates its factorial. Your program should print the output as below,

```
Enter an integer : 5
5 x 4 x 3 x 2 x 1 = 120
```

CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file for input output stream
2 using namespace std;
3 int main() //pre-defined function of C++
4 {
5
6     //variable declaration
7     int x, product;
8
9
10    //variable initialization
11    product=1;
12
13
14    //input phase
15    cout<<"Enter an integer : ";
16    cin>>x;
17
18
19    //factorial of an integer
20    //for loop
21    for(int i=x; i>=1; i--)
22    {
23        product=product*i;
24        cout<<i<<" * ";
25    }
26
27    cout<<"\b\b= "<<product;
28    return 0;
29 } //end of main function
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter an integer : 5
5 * 4 * 3 * 2 * 1 = 120
Process exited after 2.682 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

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Q13: Write a program that ask user to input the number of elements in a Fibonacci sequence and then generates a Fibonacci sequence up-to the given number of elements.
(Hint: In Fibonacci sequence, the next element is the sum of two previous values)

Sample Output:

```
Enter number of elements: 10 0 1 1 2  
3 5 8 13 21 34
```

CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file for input output stream
2 using namespace std;
3 int main() //pre-defined function of C++
4 {
5     //variable declaration
6     int sum, newterm, prevterm, x;
7
8     //variable initialization
9     newterm=1;
10    prevterm=0;
11
12    //input phase
13    cout<<"Enter number of elements : ";
14    cin>>x;
15
16    //generating fibonacci series
17    cout<<prevterm<< " ";
18
19    //for loop
20    for(int i=2; i<=x; ++i)
21    {
22        cout<<newterm<< " ";
23        sum=newterm+prevterm;
24        prevterm=newterm;
25        newterm=sum;
26    }
27    return 0;
28 }
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter number of elements : 10
0 1 1 2 3 5 8 13 21 34
Process exited after 2.604 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

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Q14: Write a program that reads three non-zero double values and determines and prints whether they could represent sides of triangle.

[Hint: a, b and c represent sides of triangle if following criteria is met,
 $a + b > c$
 $a + c > b$
 $b + c > a$]

Sample Output:

Enter length of three sides: 3 4 5 They are
sides of triangle.

Enter length of three sides: 2 2 5 They are not
sides of triangle.

Enter length of three sides: 2.4 3.8 5.5 They are sides
of triangle.

CODE:

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```
1 #include <iostream> //header file for input output stream
2 using namespace std;
3 int main () //pre-defined function of C++
4 {
5     //variable declaration
6     double a,b,c;
7     //for loop
8     for(int i=1;i<=3;++i)
9     {
10
11     //input phase
12     cout<<"Enter length of three sides: ";
13     cin>>a>>b>>c;
14
15     //decision making
16     if(((a+b)>c)&&((b+c)>a)&&((a+c)>b))
17     {
18         cout<<"They are sides of triangle.\n" << endl << endl;
19     }
20     else
21     {
22         cout<<"They are not sides of triangle.\n" << endl << endl;
23     }
24
25 }
26
27
28
29 return 0;
30 } //end of main function
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter length of three sides: 3 4 5
They are sides of triangle.
```

```
Enter length of three sides: 2 2 5
They are not sides of triangle.
```

```
Enter length of three sides: 2.4 3.8 5.5
They are sides of triangle.
```

```
Process exited after 21.05 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

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Hafiz Muhammad

Q15: Write a program that reads three non-zero double values and determines and prints whether they are sides of right triangle. The program should verify the results up to 4 decimal places.

[Hint: Use Pythagoras theorem to determine whether the three sides form right triangle.]

Sample Output:

Enter length of three sides: 3 4 5 The sides
represents right triangle.

Enter length of three sides: 4 5 6.403
The sides don't represents right triangle.

Enter length of three sides: 4 5 6.4031 The sides
represents right triangle.

CODE:

```
1 #include <iostream> //header file for input output stream
2 #include<cmath> //header file for advanced arithmetic functions
3 using namespace std;
4 int main ()//pre-defined function of C++
5 {
6     //variable declaration
7     double a,b,c;
8
9     //for Loop
10    for(int i=1;i<=3;++i)
11    {
12        //input phase
13        cout<<"Enter length of three sides: ";
14        cin>>a>>b>>c;
15
16        //decision making
17        if((pow(a,2)==pow(b,2)+pow(c,2))||(pow(c,2)==pow(b,2)+pow(a,2))||(pow(b,2)==pow(a,2)+pow(c,2)))
18        {
19            cout<<"The sides represents right triangle.\n" << endl << endl;
20        }
21        else
22        {
23            cout<<"The sides don't represents right triangle.\n" << endl << endl;
24        }
25
26    }
27
28
29
30    return 0;//end of main function
31 }
```

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OUTPUT:

```
Enter length of three sides: 3 4 5
The sides represents right triangle.
```

```
Enter length of three sides: 4 5 6.403
The sides don't represents right triangle.
```

```
Enter length of three sides: 4 5 6.4031
The sides don't represents right triangle.
```

```
Process exited after 39.98 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

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Q16: Write a program that ask user to input a floating point number and computes exponential of that number using Taylor series as below,

$$e^x = 1 + \frac{x}{1!} + \frac{x^2}{2!} + \frac{x^3}{3!} + \dots$$

Also, prompt the user for desired accuracy of e (i.e., the number of terms in summation).

Sample Output:

```
Enter a value whose exponential needs to be evaluated: 1 Enter number of
terms for evaluation: 20
Result is: 2.71828
```

CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file for input output stream
2 #include<cmath> //header file for advanced arithmetic functions
3 using namespace std;
4 int main() //pre-defined function of C++
5 {
6     //variable declaration
7     double x;
8     int n;
9     int fact;
10    double exp;
11
12
13    //variable initialization
14    fact=1;
15    exp=1.0;
16
17    //input phase
18    cout<<"Enter a value whose exponential needs to be evaluated: ";
19    cin>>x;
20    cout<<"Enter number of terms for evaluation: ";
21    cin>>n;
22
23
24    //processing using for loop
25    for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
26    {
27        fact=fact*i;
28        exp=exp+(pow(x,i))/fact;
29    }
30
31    //showing results
32    cout<<"Result is: "<<exp;
33
34    return 0;
35 }
```

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OUTPUT:

```
Enter a value whose exponential needs to be evaluated: 1
Enter number of terms for evaluation: 20
Result is: 2.71828
-----
Process exited after 45.72 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

By:

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Q17: Write a program that ask user to input angle in radians and computes its sine using Taylor series as below,

$$\sin(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{(2n+1)!} x^{2n+1}$$

Also, prompt the user for desired accuracy of *sine*. (i.e., the number of terms in summation).

Sample Output:

```
Enter a value for sin evaluation: 2
Enter number of terms in the summation: 10
Result is: 0.909297
```

CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file for input output stream
2 #include<cmath> //header file for advanced arithmetic functions
3 using namespace std;
4 int main()
5 {
6     //variable declaration
7     double x,a,b;
8     int n;
9     int fact;
10    double sinx;
11
12    //variable initialization
13    fact=1;
14    sinx=0.0;
15
16    //input phase
17    cout<<"Enter a value for sine evaluation: ";
18    cin>>x;
19    cout<<"Enter number of terms in the summation: ";
20    cin>>n;
21
22    //processing using for loop
23    for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
24    {
25        fact*=(2*i)+1;
26        a=pow(-1,i);
27        b=pow(x,((2*i)+1));
28        sinx=sinx+(a*b)/fact;
29    }
30
31    //showing results
32    cout<<"Result is: "<<sinx;
33
34
35    return 0;
```

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Hafiz Muhammad

OUTPUT:

```
Enter a value for sine evaluation: 2
Enter number of terms in the summation: 10
Result is: -1.35772
-----
Process exited after 13.15 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

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Q18: Write a program that prints the following pattern as shown below,

```
*          ****       *****      *
**         ***       ****       **
***        **       ***       ***
****       *       **       ***
*****      *       *       ****
*****      *       *       ****
*****      *       *       ****
*****      *       *       ****
*****      *       *       ****
*****      *       *       ****
```

You can make separate programs for all these four patterns. *Extra Credit*. If all the four patterns are printed in a single program.

[Hint: Use nested for loop].

FIRST PATTERN:

CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file for input output stream
2 using namespace std;
3 int main() //pre-defined function of C++
4 {
5     //variable declaration
6     char star;
7     //variable initialization
8     star='*';
9     //nested for loop
10    for(int i=1; i<=10; ++i) //for ten rows
11    {
12        for(int j=1; j<=i; ++j) //for ten columns
13        {
14            cout<<star;
15        }
16        cout<<endl;
17    }
18    return 0;
19 } //ending of main function
```

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OUTPUT:

```
*  
**  
***  
****  
*****  
*****  
*****  
*****  
*****  
*****  
*****  
-----  
Process exited after 0.04541 seconds with return value 0  
Press any key to continue . . .
```

SECOND PATTERN:

CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file for input output stream
2 using namespace std;
3 int main() //pre-defined function of C++
4 {
5     //variable declaration
6     char star;
7     //variable initialization
8     star='*';
9     //nested for loop
10    for(int i=10; i>=1; --i) //for rows
11    {
12        for(int j=1; j<=i; ++j) //for columns
13        {
14            cout<<star;
15        }
16        cout<<endl;
17    }
18    return 0;
19 }
```

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OUTPUT:

```
*****
*****
*****
*****
*****
*****
*****
*****
*****
*****
-----
Process exited after 0.07436 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

By:

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THIRD PATTERN:

CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file for input output stream
2 using namespace std;
3 int main() //pre-defined function of C++
4 {
5     //variable declaration
6     char star;
7
8     //variable initialization
9     star = '*';
10
11    //nested for loop
12    for(int i=10; i>=1; --i) //for rows
13    {
14        for(int j=1; j<=10-i; ++j) //spaces for ten rows
15        {
16            cout << " ";
17        }
18        for(int k=1; k<=i; ++k) //for columns
19        {
20            cout << star;
21        }
22        cout << endl;
23    }
24
25    return 0;
26 } //ending of main function
```

OUTPUT:

```
*****
 *****
 ****
 *****
 ****
 ***
 **
 *
Process exited after 0.03575 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

By:

Hafiz Muhammad

FOURTH PATTERN:

CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file for input output stream
2 using namespace std;
3 int main() //pre-defined function of C++
4 {
5     //variable declaration
6     char star;
7     //variable initialization
8     star = '*';
9     //nested for loop
10    for(int i=1; i<=10; ++i) //for rows
11    {
12        for(int j=1; j<=10-i; ++j) //for spaces in ten rows
13        {
14            cout << " ";
15        }
16        for(int k=1; k<=i; ++k) //for columns
17        {
18            cout << star;
19        }
20        cout << endl;
21    }
22
23    return 0;
24 } //ending of main function
```

OUTPUT:

```
*  
**  
***  
****  
*****  
*****  
*****  
*****  
*****  
*****  
-----  
Process exited after 0.06712 seconds with return value 0  
Press any key to continue . . .
```

By:

Hafiz Muhammad

FOUR PATTERNS IN SINGLE PROGRAM :

CODE:

```
1 #include <iostream>
2 #include <cmath>
3 using namespace std;
4 int main()
5 {
6     int row, column, space;
7
8     for ( row = 1; row <= 10; ++row ) {
9
10
11         for ( column = 1; column <= row; ++column )
12             cout << '*';
13
14         for ( space = 1; space <= 10 - row; ++space )
15             cout << ' ';
16
17         cout << '\t';
18
19
20         for ( column = 10; column >= row; --column )
21             cout << '*';
22
23         for ( space = 1; space < row; ++space )
24             cout << ' ';
25
26         cout << '\t';
27
28
29         for ( space = 10; space > row; --space )
30             cout << ' ';
31
32         for ( column = 1; column <= row; ++column )
33             cout << '*';
34
35         cout << '\t';
```

By:

Hafiz Muhammad

```
36
37
38     for ( space = 1; space < row; ++space )
39     cout << ' ';
40
41     for ( column = 10; column >= row; --column )
42     cout << '*' ;
43
44     cout << endl;
45 }
46 return 0;
47 }
```

OUTPUT:

By:

Hafiz Muhammad

Q19: Write a program that prints the following diamond shape.
[Hint: Use nested for loop].

```
*  
***  
*****  
*****  
*****  
****  
***  
*
```

CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file for input output stream  
2 using namespace std;  
3 int main() //pre-defined function of C++  
4 {  
5     //variable declaration  
6     char star;  
7  
8     //variable initialization  
9     star='*';  
10  
11    //nested for loop  
12    for(int i=1; i<=5; ++i) //for first five rows  
13    {  
14        for(int j=1; j<=9-i; ++j) //spaces for first five rows  
15        {  
16            cout<<" ";  
17        }  
18        for(int k=1; k<=2*i-1; ++k) //for columns(five rows)  
19        {  
20            cout<<star;  
21        }  
22        cout<<endl;  
23    }  
24  
25  
26    //nested for loop  
27    for(int i=4; i>=1; --i) //last four rows  
28    {  
29        for(int j=1; j<=9-i; ++j) //spaces for last four rows  
30        {  
31            cout<<" ";  
32        }  
33        for(int k=1; k<=2*i-1; ++k) //for columns  
34        {  
35            cout<<star;  
36        }  
37        cout<<endl;  
38    }  
39    return 0;  
40 }
```

By:
Hafiz Muhammad

OUTPUT:

```
*  
***  
*****  
*****  
*****  
*****  
****  
***  
*  
  
-----  
Process exited after 0.08134 seconds with return value 0  
Press any key to continue . . .
```

By:
Hafiz Muhammad

Q20: Modify the program in Q19 to read an odd number in the range of 1 to 19 to specify the number of rows in the diamond, then display a diamond of appropriate size.

CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file for input output stream
2 using namespace std;
3 int main() //pre-defined function of C++
4 {
5     //variable declaration
6     char star;
7     int totalrows;
8     int halfrows;
9
10    //input phase
11    cout<<"Enter total no of rows of diamond in odd number of range(1-19): ";
12    cin>>totalrows;
13
14    //variable initialization
15    star='*';
16    halfrows=(totalrows/2);
17
18    //nested for loop for half part of diamond
19    for(int i=1; i<=halfrows; i++) //for half rows of diamond
20    {
21        for(int j=1; j<=totalrows-i; ++j) //spaces for half rows of diamond
22        {
23            cout<<" ";
24        }
25        for(int k=1; k<=2*i-1; ++k) //for columns(half rows)
26        {
27            cout<<star;
28        }
29        cout<<endl;
30    }
31
32
33    //nested for loop for last half part of diamond
34    for(int i=totalrows-halfrows; i>=1; --i) //last half rows of diamond
35    {
36        for(int j=1; j<=totalrows-i; ++j) //spaces for last half rows of diamond
37        {
38            cout<<" ";
39        }
40        for(int k=1; k<=2*i-1; ++k) //for columns
41        {
42            cout<<star;
43        }
44        cout<<endl;
45    }
46    return 0;
47 } //end function main
```

By:

Hafiz Muhammad

OUTPUT:

Enter total no of rows of diamond in odd number of range(1-19): 19

```
Process exited after 2.714 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

By:

Hafiz Muhammad

Q21: A right triangle can have sides that are all integers. A set of three integer values for the sides of a right triangle is called a Pythagorean triple. These three sides must satisfy the relationship that the sum of the squares of two of the sides is equal to the square of the hypotenuse. Find all Pythagorean triples for side1, side2 and hypotenuse all no larger than 500. Use a triple-nested for loop that tries all possibilities.

CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file for input output stream
2 using namespace std; //header file for advanced arithmetic functions
3 int main() //pre-defined function of C++
4 {
5     //variable declaration
6     int hyptSquared;
7     int sidesSquared;
8
9
10    // triple nested-for loop for pythagorean triple
11    for(int side1=1; side1<500; side1++)
12    {
13        for(int side2=1; side2<500; side2++)
14        {
15            for(int hypt=1; hypt<500; hypt++)
16            {
17                hyptSquared=hypt*hypt;
18                sidesSquared=side1*side1+side2*side2;
19
20                if(hyptSquared==sidesSquared&&hypt<=500)
21                {
22                    cout<<side1<<"\t"<<side2<<"\t"<<hypt<<endl; //showing results
23                }
24            }
25        }
26    }
27
28
29
30 } //ending of main function
31
```

By:

Hafiz Muhammad

OUTPUT:

207	224	305
207	276	345
208	105	233
208	156	260
208	306	370
208	390	442
209	120	241
210	72	222
210	112	238
210	176	274
210	200	290
210	280	350
210	416	466
212	159	265
213	284	355
216	63	225
216	90	234
216	162	270
216	195	291
216	288	360
216	405	459
219	292	365
220	21	221
220	165	275
220	192	292
220	231	319
221	60	229
222	296	370
224	30	226
224	132	260
224	168	280
224	207	305
224	360	424
224	420	476
225	120	255
225	140	265
225	272	353
225	300	375
228	95	247
228	171	285
228	304	380
228	325	397
231	108	255
231	160	281
231	220	319
231	308	385
231	392	455
232	174	290
232	435	493
234	88	250
234	312	390
236	177	295
237	316	395
238	240	338
240	44	244
240	54	246
240	70	250
240	100	260
240	117	267
240	128	272
240	161	289
240	180	300
240	238	338
240	252	348
240	275	365
240	320	400
240	364	436
240	418	482

By:
Hafiz Muhammad

Q22: Write a program that asks user to enter a sequence of 10 elements and then use insertion sort algorithm to sort the sequence in ascending order. Create a function named `insertion_sort()` that takes unsorted sequence as an input and return a pointer that points to the sorted sequence.

CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file for input output stream
2 using namespace std;
3
4 // making insertion_sort function
5 void insertion_sort(double array[], int size)
6 {cout<<"\t UNSORTED SEQUENCE\n";
7
8 //taking input from user in unsorted sequence
9 for(int index=0;index<size;index++)
10 {
11 cout<<"\nenter element no:"<<index<<"=";
12 cin>>array[index];
13 }
14
15 //insertion_sort algorithm
16 int b=0;
17 int key;
18 for(int a=1; a<size; a++)
19 {
20 key=array[a];//picking the element
21 b=a-1;
22 while(b>=0 && array[b]>key)
23 {
24 array[b+1]=array[b];
25 b=b-1;
26 }
27 array[b+1]=key;
28 }
29
30 cout<<"\n\tSORTED SEQUENCE\n";
31
32 //displaying content of sorted array
33 for(int i=0; i<size; i++)
```

By:

Hafiz Muhammad

```
35 {  
36     cout<<"\nelement no:"<<i<<"="<<array[i]<<endl;  
37 }  
38 }  
39  
40 #define elements 10  
41  
42  
43 int main()//pre-defined function of C++  
44 {  
45 //declaration of array  
46 double my_array[elements];  
47  
48 //recalling insertion_sort function  
49 insertion_sort(my_array,elements);  
50  
51 return 0;  
}//ending of main function
```

By:
Hafiz Muhammad

OUTPUT:

```
    UNSORTED SEQUENCE
enter element no:0=5
enter element no:1=7
enter element no:2=9
enter element no:3=7
enter element no:4=4
enter element no:5=2
enter element no:6=8
enter element no:7=9
enter element no:8=7
enter element no:9=8
```

```
    SORTED SEQUENCE
element no:0=2
element no:1=4
element no:2=5
element no:3=7
element no:4=7
element no:5=7
element no:6=8
element no:7=8
element no:8=9
element no:9=9
```

```
Process exited after 8.8 seconds with return value 0
```

By:

Hafiz Muhammad

Q23: Write a program that asks user to enter a sequence of 10 elements and then use selection sort algorithm to sort the sequence in ascending order. Create a function named **selection_sort()** that takes unsorted sequence as an input and return a pointer that points to the sorted sequence.

CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file for input output stream
2 using namespace std;
3
4 // making selection_sort function
5 void selection_sort(double array[], int size)
6 {cout<<"\t UNSORTED SEQUENCE\n";
7
8 //taking input from user in unsorted sequence
9 for(int index=0;index<size;index++)
10 {
11 cout<<"\nenter element no:"<<index<<"=";
12 cin>>array[index];
13 }
14
15 //selection_sort algorithm
16 for(int a=0; a<size-1; a++)
17 {
18 int min=a;//set current element as minimum
19
20 //check the element to be minimum
21 for(int b=a+1; b<size; b++)
22 {
23 if(array[b]<array[min])
24 {
25 min=b;
26
27 }
28 }
29 //swap the minimum element and current element
30 if(min!=a)
31 {
32 int temp=array[min];
33 array[min]=array[a];
34 array[a]=temp;
```

By:

Hafiz Muhammad

```
35 }  
36 }  
37 cout<<"\n\tSORTED SEQUENCE\n";  
38  
39 //displaying content of sorted array  
40 for(int i=0; i<size; i++)  
41 {  
42 cout<<"\nelement no:"<<i<< "="<<array[i]<<endl;  
43 }  
44 }  
45  
46 #define elements 10  
47  
48  
49 int main()//pre-defined function of C++  
50 {  
51 //declaration of array  
52 double my_array[elements];  
53  
54 //recalling selection_sort function  
55 selection_sort(my_array,elements);  
56  
57 return 0;  
}//ending of main function
```

By:

Hafiz Muhammad

OUTPUT:

UNSORTED SEQUENCE

```
enter element no:0=9
enter element no:1=8
enter element no:2=7
enter element no:3=6
enter element no:4=5
enter element no:5=4
enter element no:6=3
enter element no:7=2
enter element no:8=1
enter element no:9=0
```

SORTED SEQUENCE

```
element no:0=0
element no:1=1
element no:2=2
element no:3=3
element no:4=4
element no:5=5
element no:6=6
element no:7=7
element no:8=8
element no:9=9
```

By:

Hafiz Muhammad

Q24: Write a program that asks user to enter a sequence of 10 elements and then use bubble sort algorithm to sort the sequence in ascending order. Create a function named bubble_sort() that takes unsorted sequence as an input and return a pointer that points to the sorted sequence.

CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file for input output stream
2 using namespace std;
3
4 //bubble sort function
5 void bubblesort(double arr[], int size)
6 {
7     cout<<"\t UNSORTED SEQUENCE\n"; //formatting
8     //taking input from user
9     //unsorted sequence
10    for(int index=0; index<size; index++)
11    {
12        cout<<"\nenter element no:"<<index<<"=";
13        cin>>arr[index];
14    }
15    //swapping numbers
16    for(int i=0; i<size; i++)
17    {
18        for(int j=0; j<(size-i-1); j++)
19        {
20            if(arr[j]>arr[j+1])
21            {
22                double temp=arr[j];
23                arr[j]=arr[j+1];
24                arr[j+1]=temp;
25            }
26        }
27        cout<<"\n\tSORTED SEQUENCE\n"; //formatting
28        //displaying sorted array
29        for(int i=0; i<size; i++)
30        {
31            cout<<"\nelement no:"<<i<<"="<<arr[i]<<endl;
32        }
33    }
34
35 #define max 10
36
37 int main() //pre-defined function of C++
38 {
39     //array declaration
40     double myarray[max];
41     //recalling bubblesort function
42     bubblesort(myarray, max);
43     return 0;
44 } //ending of main function
```

By:
Hafiz Muhammad

OUTPUT:

```
UNSORTED SEQUENCE
enter element no:0=56
enter element no:1=6
enter element no:2=87
enter element no:3=67
enter element no:4=5
enter element no:5=9
enter element no:6=87
enter element no:7=9
enter element no:8=76
enter element no:9=6
        SORTED SEQUENCE
```

```
element no:0=5
```

```
element no:2=6
element no:3=9
element no:4=9
element no:5=56
element no:6=67
element no:7=76
element no:8=87
element no:9=87
```

```
Process exited after 15.23 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

By:

Hafiz Muhammad

Q25: Write a program that inputs an integer, separates the integer into its digit and prints them separated by three spaces each. [Hint: Use vectors to store the separated digits]

CODE:

```
1 #include <iostream> //header file for input output stream
2 #include <vector> //header file of vector
3 using namespace std;
4 int main() //pre-defined function of C++
5 {
6     //variable declaration
7     int a, num1, num2, num3, num4; //INTEGER SEPARATOR FOR FOUR DIGIT INTEGER
8     //input phase
9     cout<<"Enter four digit integer ";
10    cin>>a;
11
12    //algorithm
13    num1=a/1000;
14    a=a%1000;
15    num2=a/100;
16    a=a%100;
17    num3=a/10;
18    a=a%10;
19    num4=a;
20
21    // Declaring Vector 'a' of integer type
22    vector<int> b; //Declaration of vector in C++
23    b.push_back(num1);
24    b.push_back(num2);
25    b.push_back(num3);
26    b.push_back(num4);
27
28    //printing digits separately
29    for (int i = 0; i < b.size(); i++)
30    {
31        cout<<b[i]<<"   ";
32    }
33
34    return 0;
35 } //end of main function
```

By:

Hafiz Muhammad

OUTPUT:

```
Enter four digit integer 4359
4   3   5   9
-----
Process exited after 6.104 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

By:

Hafiz Muhammad

Q26: Write a C++ program that creates a class Array having following member functions:

1. Constructor Array() for declaring array of specific size
2. insert_element() for inserting desired element in the array
3. index_element_replace() for replacing the element at the index with desired value
4. index_find_replace() that finds the specific value in the array and replace it with desired value
5. index_element_remove() for removing the value at the index
6. find_element() that finds the index of desired value if present in the array
7. display() for displaying the current content of the array

Execute following in the main() function:

- a. Declare an object of the class Array having size of 10 elements and insert the following data, 2, 4, 6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20

Also, display the content of array on console after inserting data.

- b. Replace the value 12 in the array with 30 and display the content of array on console.
- c. Replace the value at index 9 with 30 and display the content of the array on console.
- d. Find the index of the value 18 in an array and print the index on console.
- e. Remove the 5th element from the array and display the content of the array on console.

CODE:

```
1 #include<iostream> //header file for input output stream
2 using namespace std;
3
4 //insert_element function
5 void insert_element(int arr[],int size)
6 {
7     for(int i=0;i<size; i++)
8     {
9         cout<<"element no."<<i<<"=";
10        cin>>arr[i];
11        cout<<endl;
12    }
13    cout<<endl;
14 }
15
16 //index_element_replace function
17 void index_element_replace(int arr[],int size)
18 {
19     cout<<endl;
20     int index;
21     cout<<"enter index which you want to replace: ";
22     cin>>index;
23     cout<<endl;
24     cout<<"enter new value for index: ";
25     cin>>arr[index];
26     cout<<endl;
27 }
28
29
30 //index_find_replace function
31 void index_find_replace(int arr[],int size)
32 {
33     cout<<endl;
34     int flag;
35     int element;
```

```
36 cout<<"enter element to search and change its value: ";
37 cin>>element;
38 cout<<endl;
39 for(int i=0; i<size; i++)
40 {
41     if(arr[i]==element)
42     {
43         flag==1;
44         cout<<"number "<<element<<"found at index "<<i;
45         cout<<endl;
46         cout<<"\nnow enter new value for this index: ";
47         cin>>arr[i];
48     }
49     cout<<endl;
50 }
51 }
52
53 //index_element_remove function
54 void index_element_remove(int arr[],int size)
55 {
56     int index;
57     cout<<"enter index which you want to delete: ";
58     cin>>index;
59     for(int i=index; i<size; i++)
60     {
61         int temp=arr[i];
62         arr[i]=arr[i+1];
63         arr[i+1]=temp;
64     }
65 }
66
67 //find_element function
68 void find_element(int arr[],int size)
69 {
70     int flag;
71     int element;
```

```
71 cout<<"\nEnter element to search: ";
72 cin>>element;
73 cout<<endl;
74 for(int i=0; i<size; i++)
75 {
76     if(arr[i]==element)
77     {
78         cout<<"number "<<element<<"found at index "<<i;
79         cout<<endl;
80         break;
81     }
82 }
83
84 }
85
86
87
88 //display function
89 void display(int arr[],int size)
90 {
91     cout<<"\t\tCONTENTS OF ARRAY";
92     for(int i=0; i<size; i++)
93     {
94         cout<<"\nelement no."<<i<< "="<<arr[i]<<endl;
95     }
96 }
97
98
99 int main()//pre-defined function of C++
100 {
101     //array declaration
102     int myarray[elements];
103
104     //inserting desired elements
105     insert_element(myarray,elements);
```

```
106 //define elements 10 - 23.cpp (46) - Ctrl+Click for more info
107 //displaying content of array after inserted desired elements
108 display(myarray,elements);
109
110 //for replacing values
111 index_find_replace(myarray,elements);
112
113 //after replacing displaying contents of array
114 display(myarray,elements);
115
116 //now replace value of desired index with new desired value
117 index_element_replace(myarray,elements);
118
119 //after replacing showing content of array on console
120 display(myarray,elements);
121
122 //finding desired element
123 find_element(myarray,elements);
124
125 //removing element from array
126 index_element_remove(myarray,elements);
127
128 //after removing displaying content of array
129 display(myarray,elements-1);
130
131 return 0;
132 }//ending of main function
```

OUTPUT:

```
element no.0=2
element no.1=4
element no.2=6
element no.3=8
element no.4=10
element no.5=12
element no.6=14
element no.7=16
element no.8=18
element no.9=20
```

```
CONTENTS OF ARRAY
element no.0=2
element no.1=4
element no.2=6
element no.3=8
element no.4=10
element no.5=12
element no.6=14
element no.7=16
element no.8=18
element no.9=20
enter element to search and change its value: 12
number 12found at index 5
```

```
now enter new value for this index: 30
```

```
        CONTENTS OF ARRAY
```

```
element no.0=2
```

```
element no.1=4
```

```
element no.2=6
```

```
element no.3=8
```

```
element no.4=10
```

```
element no.5=30
```

```
element no.6=14
```

```
element no.7=16
```

```
element no.8=18
```

```
element no.9=20
```

```
enter index which you want to replace: 9
```

```
enter new value for index: 30
```

```
        CONTENTS OF ARRAY
```

```
element no.0=2
```

```
element no.1=4
```

```
element no.2=6
```

```
element no.3=8
```

```
element no.4=10
```

```
element no.5=30
```

```
element no.6=14
```

```
element no.7=16
```

```
element no.8=18
```

```
element no.9=30
```

```
number 18found at index 8
enter index which you want to delete: 4
      CONTENTS OF ARRAY
element no.0=2
element no.1=4
element no.2=6
element no.3=8
element no.4=30
element no.5=14
element no.6=16
element no.7=18
element no.8=30
-----
Process exited after 337.3 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```