Operating Systems

Lecture 3

September 16, 2019

Linux Introduction

- Multi user OS
- It's just the kernel
- Actually GNU/Linux

Command structure

- <command> <flags> <args>
- Example: 1s -al dir
- cat filename: puts stdin into filename

Piping

- Write stdout to file: >
- Write stdout to file (Append): >>
- Take stdin from file: <

Commands

- 1s -R: list recursively
- tee: Read from stdin and write to stdout and files at the same time. Example: echo 'cone' | tee file
- chmod u+x: u means user