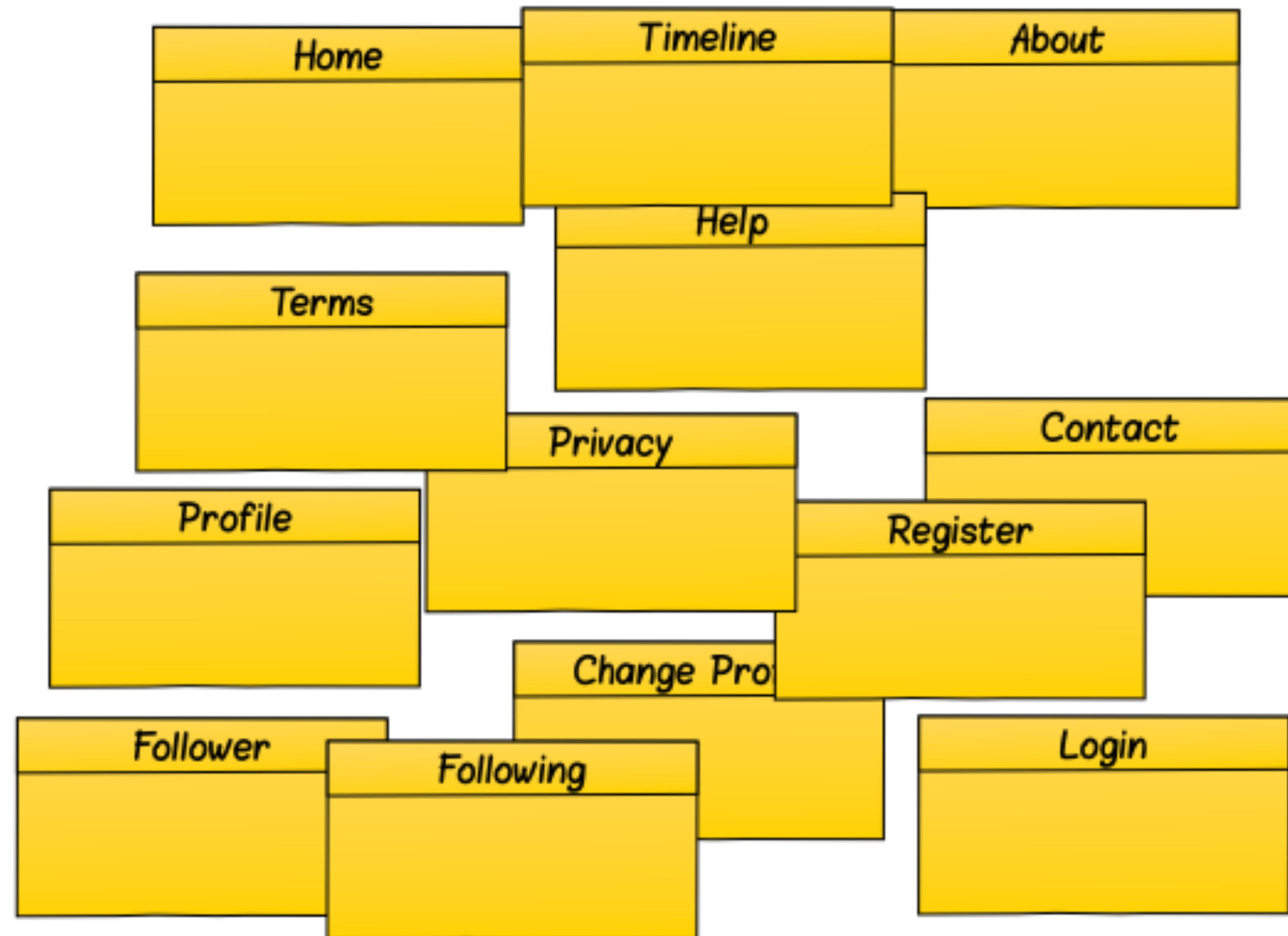


UI-ROUTER

“states” are the new “pages”



NOT SINGLE PAGE APPLICATION



Server



index.html

GET /



User clicks on link . . .



Server



settings.html

GET /settings



NOT SINGLE PAGE APPLICATIONS

- Views stored on the server, served up as HTML pages.
- When user goes to a new page, the browser navigates in totality, navigating, refreshing and retrieving a brand new HTML.
- Each page, since it is a new page, retrieves stylesheets, script files, etc.

SINGLE PAGE APPLICATION (SPA)



Server



index.html

GET /



User clicks on link . . .



Server

```
{  
  "billingInfo": {},  
  "notifyMe": true  
}
```

GET /user/1/settings



Instantiate settings state

SINGLE PAGE APPLICATIONS

- On page change, a new page is not loaded. The front-end application replaces elements on existing DOM to update view.
- AJAX plays a big part to fill in data that would normally be served up by the server (think swig).
- Browser History API allows for control of URL and back/forward button, even though pages are not visited.



WHAT IS UI-ROUTER?

- An Angular-specific tool for management of different views in a single page application.
- Ties into URL and history to allow for easy navigation to and between different parts of your application.
- Easily integrates nesting of views.

STATE = URL + VIEW + CONTROLLER

GETTING STARTED

1. `# in project root`
`npm install --save angular-ui-router`
2. `<!-- in index.html -->`
`...`
`<script src="/route/for/angular-ui-router.js"></script>`
`...`
3. `// in main app script`
`var theApp = angular.module('kittens', ['ui.router']);`

CONFIGURING A STATE

```
// main app script
theApp.config(function ($stateProvider) {
  // registers a 'home' state for the url '/'
  $stateProvider.state('home', {
    url: '/',
    template: '<p>Best landing page ever</p>'
  });
});
```

TWO STATES

```
theApp.config(function ($stateProvider) {
  $stateProvider.state('home', {
    url: '/',
    template: '<p>Best landing page ever</p>'
  });
});

theApp.config(function ($stateProvider) {
  $stateProvider.state('contact', {
    url: '/about',
    template: '<p>Just shout really loudly</p>'
  });
});
```

```
<!-- index.html -->
...
<div>
  <p>I am common to all state views</p>
  <div>
    <!-- ui-sref allows us to link to another state -->
    <a ui-sref="home"></a>
    <a ui-sref="contact"></a>
  </div>
</div>
<ui-view></ui-view>
...
```

user clicks first link

```
...
<ui-view>
  <p>Best landing page ever</p>
</ui-view>
...
```

user clicks second link

```
...
<ui-view>
  <p>Just shout really loudly</p>
</ui-view>
...
```


STATE CONTROLLER

```
theApp.config(function ($stateProvider) {  
  $stateProvider.state('contact', {  
    url: '/about',  
    template: '<p>Just shout {{ adjective }} loudly</p>',  
    controller: function ($scope) {  
      $scope.adjective = 'really';  
    }  
  });  
});
```

DYNAMIC STATE TRANSITION

```
theApp.config(function ($stateProvider) {  
  $stateProvider.state('contact', {  
    url: '/about',  
    template: '<p>Just shout really loudly</p>',  
    controller: function ($state) {  
      setTimeout(function () {  
        // $state.go allows us to trigger state change from javascript  
        $state.go('home');  
      }, 3000);  
    }  
  });  
});
```

TEMPLATE URL

```
theApp.config(function ($stateProvider) {  
  $stateProvider.state('gallery', {  
    url: '/kittens',  
    template: '<div ng-repeat="kitten in kittens"><p>{{ kitten.name }}</p></div>',  
    controller: function ($scope, KittenFactory) {  
      KittenFactory.fetchAll(function (kittens) {  
        $scope.kittens = kittens;  
      });  
    }  
  });  
});
```

<!-- kitten-gallery.html -->
<div ng-repeat="kitten in kittens">
 <p>{{ kitten.name }}</p>
</div>

```
theApp.config(function ($stateProvider) {  
  $stateProvider.state('gallery', {  
    url: '/kittens',  
    templateUrl: '/route/for/kitten-gallery.html',  
    controller: function ($scope, KittenFactory) {  
      KittenFactory.fetchAll(function (kittens) {  
        $scope.kittens = kittens;  
      });  
    }  
  });  
});
```

PARAMETERIZED STATES

register state

```
theApp.config(function ($stateProvider) {
  $stateProvider.state('detail', {
    // specifying a state parameter 'kittenId'
    url: '/kittens/:kittenId',
    template: '',
    controller: function ($scope, KittenFactory, $stateParams) {
      var theId = $stateParams.kittenId;
      KittenFactory.fetchById(theId, function (theKitten) {
        $scope.kitten = theKitten;
      });
    }
  });
});
```

create link to state in html

```
<a ui-sref="detail({kittenId: someKitten.id})"></a>
```

transition to state in javascript

```
$state.go('detail', {kittenId: someKitten.id});
```

"PROBLEM"

currently at /kittens route

```
<html>
  <head>...</head>
  <body>
    <div>I am common to all state views</div>
    <ui-view>
      <div ng-repeat="kitten in kittens">
        <p>
          <a ui-sref="detail({kittenId: kitten.id})">
            {{ kitten.name }}
          </a>
        </p>
      </div>
    </ui-view>
  </body>
</html>
```

when user clicks on a kitten

```
theApp.config(function ($stateProvider) {
  $stateProvider.state('detail', {
    url: '/kittens/:kittenId',
    template: '',
    controller: function ($scope, KittenFactory, $stateParams) {
      var theId = $stateParams.kittenId;
      KittenFactory.fetchById(theId, function (theKitten) {
        $scope.kitten = theKitten;
      });
    }
  });
});
```

``

Kitten list gets replaced by single image...

Instead how could we show the image off to the right?

CHILD STATES

```
...  
<ui-view>  
  <div ng-repeat="kitten in kittens">  
    <p>  
      <a ui-sref="detail({kittenId: kitten.id})">  
        {{ kitten.name }}  
      </a>  
    </p>  
  </div>  
</ui-view>  
<div style="position:fixed; right:0;">  
  ... <ui-view></ui-view> ← nested ui view!  
  </div>  
</ui-view>  
...
```

CHILD STATES

```
theApp.config(function ($stateProvider) {  
  $stateProvider.state('gallery', {...});  
});
```

now detail is a child state of gallery

```
theApp.config(function ($stateProvider) {  
  $stateProvider.state('gallery', {  
    state: 'detail',  
    ...  
  });  
});
```

"SOLUTION"

currently at /kittens route

```
...  
<ui-view>  
  <div ng-repeat="kitten in kittens">  
    <p>  
      <a ui-sref="gallery.detail({kittenId: kitten.id})">  
        {{ kitten.name }}  
      </a>  
    </p>  
  </div>  
  <div style="position:fixed; right:0;">  
    <ui-view></ui-view>  
  </div>  
</ui-view>  
...
```

when user clicks on a kitten

```
theApp.config(function ($stateProvider) {  
  $stateProvider.state('gallery.detail', {  
    url: '/:kittenId',  
    templateUrl: 'kitten.html',  
    controller: function ($scope, KittenFactory, $stateParams) {  
      var theId = $stateParams.kittenId;  
      KittenFactory.fetchById(theId, function (theKitten) {  
        $scope.kitten = theKitten;  
      });  
    }  
  });  
});  
  
<ui-view>  
  <div ng-repeat="kitten in kittens">  
    <p>  
      <a ui-sref="gallery.detail({kittenId: kitten.id})">  
        {{ kitten.name }}  
      </a>  
    </p>  
  </div>  
  <div style="position:fixed; right:0;">  
    <ui-view>  
        
    </ui-view>  
  </div>  
</ui-view>  
...
```


STATES

- state = URL + view + controller
- states must be registered during in app.config
- state views “fill” the ui-view directive
- ui-sref is a directive that creates links from states
- \$state.go is a method that can trigger transition to a state
- states can be parameterized
- child states “nest” into parent’s ui-view directive
- all of this is FRONTEND ONLY

ANGULAR SUMMARY

