









SLUSC16B - NOVEMBER 2015 - REVISED MARCH 2019

bq76200

bq76200 high-voltage battery pack front-end charge/discharge high-side NFET driver

Features

- CHG and DSG high-side NMOS FET drivers for battery protection fast FET turn-on and turn-off times
- Pre-charge PFET driver (for current-limited precharge of significantly depleted cell-pack)
- Independent digital enable control for charging and discharging
- Minimal external components needed
- Scalable external capacitor-based charge pump to accommodate a different range of FETs in parallel
- High-voltage tolerant (100-V absolute maximum)
- Internal switch to enable pack-voltage sensing
- Common and separate charge and discharge path configuration support
- Designed to work directly with bq76940, bq76930, and bq76920 battery monitors
- Current consumption:

NORMAL mode: 40 µA

SHUTDOWN: < 10 μA maximum

Applications

- eBikes, eScooters, and eMotorcycles
- Energy storage systems and uninterruptible power supplies (UPS)
- Portable medical systems
- Wireless base-station battery systems
- Lead acid (PbA) replacement batteries
- 12-V to 48-V battery packs

3 Description

The bq76200 device is a low-power, high-side, Nchannel system. A high-side protection avoids ground disconnection in the system and also allows continuous communication between the battery pack and host system. The device has additional P-Channel FET control to allow low-current pre-charge to a deeply depleted battery, and a PACK+ voltage monitor control for the host to sense the PACK+ voltage.

The independent enable inputs allow CHG and DSG FETs to be turned on and off separately, offering great implementation flexibility in battery systems.

The bq76200 device can be used with a companion analog front end (AFE) device such as the bq76920/30/40 family, a 3-series to 15-series Cell Analog Front End Monitoring, and microcontroller or dedicated state-of-charge (SOC) tracking gas gauge device.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	BODY SIZE (NOM)	
bq76200	TSSOP (16)	5.00 × 4.40 × 1.00 mm

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Simplified Schematic

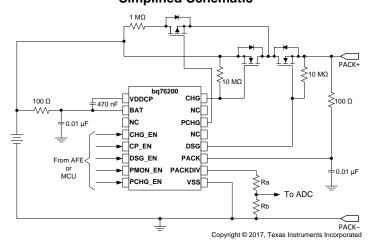




Table of Contents	
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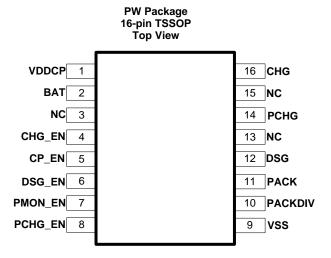
1	Features 1		7.3 Feature Description	9
2	Applications 1		7.4 Device Functional Modes	11
3	Description 1	8	Application and Implementation	12
4	Revision History2		8.1 Application Information	12
5	Pin Configuration and Functions		8.2 Typical Applications	17
6	Specifications4	9	Power Supply Recommendations	19
U	6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings	10	Layout	
	6.2 ESD Ratings		10.1 Layout Guidelines	
	6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions		10.2 Layout Example	19
	6.4 Thermal Information	11	Device and Documentation Support	
	6.5 Electrical Characteristics 5		11.1 Documentation Support	
	6.6 Timing Requirements		11.2 Community Resources	21
	6.7 Typical Characteristics		11.3 Trademarks	21
7	Detailed Description 8		11.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution	21
•	7.1 Overview 8		11.5 Glossary	21
	7.2 Functional Block Diagram	12	Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information	21

4 Revision History

Cł	nanges from Revision A (September 2018) to Revision B	Page
•	Added application note references to Related Documentation, as well as to sections throughout the data sheet	2
CI	nanges from Original (November 2015) to Revision A	Page
•	Changed the predischarge FET symbol in Figure 10	14



5 Pin Configuration and Functions



Pin Functions

ı	PIN	TYPE ⁽¹⁾	DECODIDATION	
NAME	NO.	1/0	DESCRIPTION	
BAT	2	Р	Top of battery stack	
CHG ⁽²⁾	16	0	Gate drive for charge FET	
CHG_EN ⁽³⁾	4	I	Charge FET enable	
CP_EN ⁽³⁾	5	I	Charge pump enable (internally logic OR'ed with CHG_EN and DSG_EN signals)	
DSG ⁽²⁾	12	0	Gate drive for discharge FET	
DSG_EN ⁽³⁾	6	I	Discharge FET enable	
NC	3, 13, 15	_	No connect. Leave the pin floating	
PACK	11	Р	Analog input from PACK+ terminal	
PACKDIV ⁽²⁾	10	0	PACK voltage after internal switch (Connect to MCU ADC via resistor divider.)	
PCHG ⁽²⁾	14	0	Gate drive for precharge FET	
PCHG_EN ⁽³⁾	8	I	Precharge FET enable	
PMON_EN ⁽³⁾	7	I	Pack monitor enable (allows connection of internal switch between PACK and PACKDIV)	
VDDCP	1	0	Charge pump output. Connect a capacitor to BAT pin. Do not load this pin.	
VSS	9	Р	Ground reference	

- (1) P = Power Connection, O = Digital Output, AI = Analog Input, I = Digital Input, I/OD = Digital Input/Output
- 2) Leave the pin float if the function is not used.
- (3) It is recommended to connect the pin to ground if the function is not used.

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Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
Innut voltage range V	BAT, PACK (both under charge pump disabled condition)	-0.3	100	V
Input voltage range, V _{IN}	CHG_EN, DSG_EN, PCHG_EN, PMON_EN, CP_EN ⁽²⁾	-0.3	15	V
Output voltage range, VO	CHG, DSG, PCHG, PACKDIV, VDDCP	-0.3	100	V
T _{FUNC}	Functional Temperature	-40	110	°C
Storage temperature, T _{stg}		- 65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, which do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under *Recommended* Operating Conditions. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
		Human-body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±2000	V
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged-device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101 (2)	±500	

JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process. JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

Typical values stated where $T_A = 25$ °C and VBAT = 48.8 V, Min/Max values stated where $T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C and BAT = 8 V to 75 V (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V_{BAT}	Battery cell input sup	oply voltage range	8		75	V
V_{PACK}	Charger/Load voltag	e range	0		75	V
V_{IN}	Input voltage range	CHG_EN, DSG_EN, PCHG_EN, PMON_EN, CP_EN	0		14	V
C _{VDDCP}	Capacitor Between VDDCP and BAT			470		nF
T _{OPR}	Operating free-range temperature		-40		85	°C

6.4 Thermal Information

	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	TSSOP (PW)	LINUT
	THERMAL METRIC***	16 PINS	UNIT
R _{θJA, High K}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	106.8	°C/W
$R_{\theta JC(top)}$	Junction-to-case(top) thermal resistance	41.5	°C/W
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	51.8	°C/W
ΨЈТ	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	3.8	°C/W
ΨЈВ	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	51.3	°C/W
R ₀ JC(bot)	Junction-to-case(bottom) thermal resistance	n/a	°C/W

For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

Product Folder Links: bq76200

The enable inputs need to be current limited with the max current not exceeding 5 mÅ.



6.5 Electrical Characteristics

Typical values stated at $T_A = 25$ °C and $V_{(BAT)} = 48$ V. MIN/MAX values stated with $T_A = -40$ °C to 85°C and $V_{(BAT)} = 8$ to 75 V unless otherwise noted.

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	TEST CONDITION	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
SUPPLY AND L	EAKAGE CURRENT				<u>'</u>	
	NODMAL made accuracy (1)	$C_{(VDDCP)} = 470 \text{ nF}, V_{(BAT)} = 8V$ $C_L = 10 \text{ nF}$		40	60	μΑ
I(BAT)	NORMAL mode current ⁽¹⁾	$C_{(VDDCP)} = 470 \text{ nF}, V_{(BAT)} \ge 48V$ $C_L = 10 \text{ nF}$		40	52	uA
Ishut	Sum of current into BAT and PACK pin	Shutdown Mode, PACK = 0 V, BAT = 8 V		6	9.5	μΑ
CHARGE PUMP					·	
V _(VDDCP)	Charge pump voltage	No Load, $CP_EN = hi$, $V_{(VDDCP)} - V_{(BAT)}$	9		14	V
t _{CPON}	Charge pump start up time from zero volt	$C_{\text{(VDDCP)}} = 470 \text{ nF}, 10\% \text{ to } 90\% \text{ of}$ V _(VDDCP)		100		ms
INPUT ENABLE	CONTROL SIGNALS				·	
V _{IL}	Digital low input level for CHG_EN, DSG_EN, PCHG_EN, CP_EN, PMON_EN				0.6	V
V_{IH}	Digital high input level for CHG_EN, DSG_EN, PCHG_EN, CP_EN, PMON_EN		1.2			V
R _{PD}	Internal Pull down	VIN = 5 V	0.6	1	4	МΩ
CHARGE FET D	RIVER					
V _(CHGFETON)	CHG gate drive voltage (on)	C_L = 10 nF, CHG_EN = Hi, $V_{(BAT)}$ = $V_{(PACK)}$, $V_{(CHG)}$ - $V_{(BAT)}$	9	12	14	V
R _(CHGFETON)	CHG FET driver on resistance	$V_{(VDDCP)} - V_{(BAT)} = 12 \text{ V, CHG_EN} = \text{Hi,}$ $V_{(BAT)} = V_{(PACK)}$		1.1		kΩ
R _(CHGFETOFF)	CHG FET driver off resistance	$V_{(VDDCP)} - V_{(BAT)} = 12 \text{ V, CHG_EN} = \text{Lo,}$ $V_{(BAT)} = V_{(PACK)}$		0.3		kΩ
DISCHARGE FE	T DRIVER					
V _(DSGFETON)	DSG gate drive voltage (on)	C_L = 10 nF, DSG_EN = Hi, $V_{(BAT)}$ = $V_{(PACK)}$, $V_{(DSG)}$ - $V_{(PACK)}$	9	12	14	V
R _(DSGFETON)	DSG FET driver on resistance	$V_{(VDDCP)} - V_{(BAT)} = 12 \text{ V, DSG_EN} = \text{Hi,}$ $V_{(BAT)} = V_{(PACK)}$		3.5		kΩ
R _(DSGFETOFF)	DSG FET driver off resistance	$V_{(VDDCP)} - V_{(BAT)} = 12 \text{ V, DSG_EN} = \text{Lo,}$ $V_{(BAT)} = V_{(PACK)}$		1		kΩ
PRECHARGE FI	ET DRIVER					
V _(PCHGFETON)	PCHG gate drive voltage (on)	$V_{(PACK)} > 17 \text{ V}, V_{(BAT)} < V_{(PACK)}, V_{(PACK)} - V_{(PCHG)}$	5	12	14	V
PACK MONITOR	R (PACK_DIV)					
R _(PMONFET)	On resistance of internal FET (R between PACK and PACKDIV)	PMON_EN = hi	1.5	2.5	3.5	kΩ

⁽¹⁾ NORMAL mode is defined as CHG_EN = Hi, DSG_EN = Hi, CP_EN = Hi, PCHG_EN = Lo, PMON_EN = Lo. Current value is averaged out over time.

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6.6 Timing Requirements

Parameter	Description	TEST CONDITION	MIN TYP	MAX	UNIT
^t CHGFETON	CHG on rise time + propagation delay	C_L = 10 nF, (20% of CHG_EN from Lo to Hi) to (80% of V _(CHGFETON)), CP_EN = Hi, (CP is already on)	27	45	μs
^t CHGFETOFF	CHG off fall time + propagation delay	C_L = 10 nF, (80% of CHG_EN from Hi to Lo) to (20% of $V_{(CHGFETON)}$), CHG_EN = Hi to Lo	7	20	μs
t _{PROP _CHG}	CHG EN to CHG output	C _L = 10 nF, CP_EN = Hi, (CP is already on), see timing diagram	0.5		μs
t _{DSGFETON}	DSG on rise time + propagation delay	C_L = 10 nF, (20% of DSG_EN from Lo to Hi) to (80% of V _(DSGFETON)), CP_EN = Hi, (CP is already on)	24	50	μs
t _{DSGFETOFF}	DSG off fall time + propagation delay	C_L = 10 nF, (80% of DSG_EN from Hi to Lo) to (20% of V _(DSGFETON))	7	20	μs
t _{PROP_DSG}	DSG EN to DSG output propagation delay	C _L = 10 nF, CP_EN = Hi, (CP already on), see timing Diagram	0.5		μs
^t PCHGOFF	PCHG turn off time + propagation delay	C _L = 1 nF, (20% of PCHG_EN from Hi to Lo) to (80% of V _{PCHGFETON})	30	60	μs
t _{PCHGON}	PCHG turn on time + propagation delay	C _L = 1 nF, (80% of PCHG_EN from Lo to Hi) to (20% of V _(PCHGFETON))	34	55	μs
t _{PROP_PCHG}	PCH_EN to PCHG propagation delay	C _L = 1 nF	0.5		μs
t _{PROP_PMON}	PMON_EN and PACKDIV = PACK propagation delay		0.5		μs

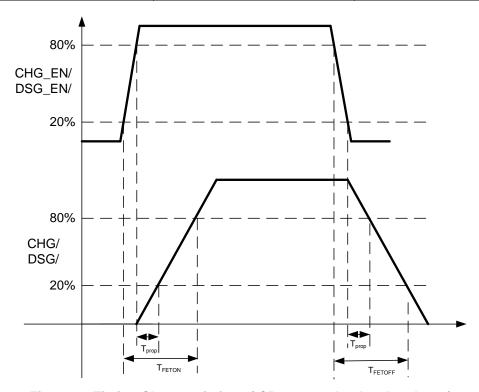
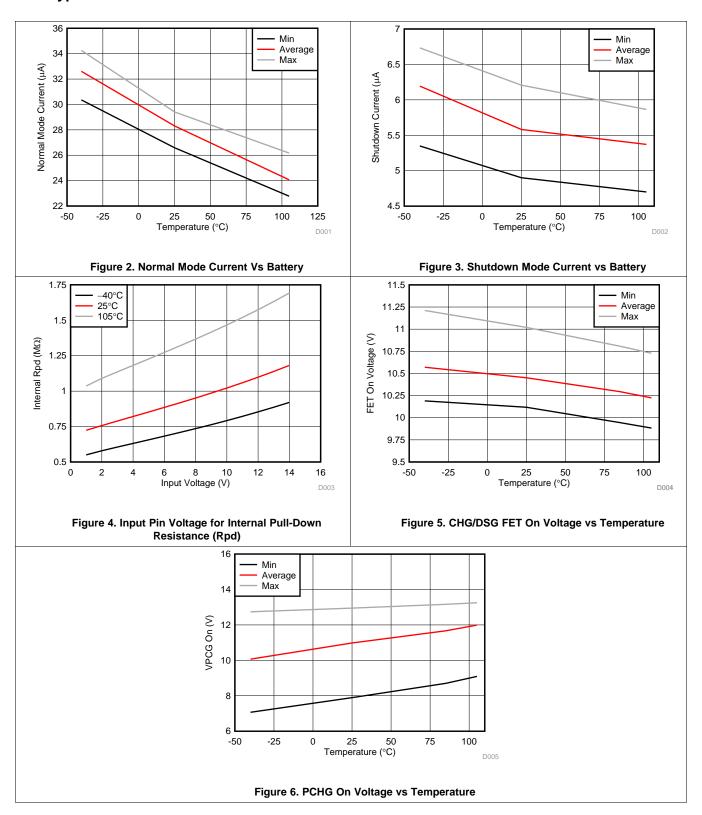


Figure 1. Timing Characteristics - (CP assumed to be already On)



6.7 Typical Characteristics



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7 Detailed Description

7.1 Overview

The bq76200 device is a low-power, high-side, N-Channel MOSFET driver for battery-pack protection systems, allowing a low-side battery-protection system to be implemented into a high-side protection system.

High-side charge/discharge FETs offer a huge advantage versus their low-side counterparts; with high-side implementation, a system-side processor can always communicate with the monitor or micro-controller (MCU) within the battery pack, regardless of whether the FETs are on or off — this is not easily supported in a low-side switching architecture due to the lack of a shared ground reference. One key benefit of an ever-present communication link is the ability to read out critical pack parameters despite safety faults, thereby enabling the system to assess pack conditions before determining if normal operation may resume.

The device allows independent control on charging and discharge via the digital enable pins. The device has integrated charge pump which is enabled by the CP_EN pin. The enable inputs, CHG_EN, DSG_EN, and PCHG_EN control the CHG, DSG, and PCHG FET gate drivers, respectively. The enable inputs can be connected to low-side FET driver outputs of an Analog Front End (AFE) such as Texas Instruments bq769x0 series, a general purpose microcontroller, or dedicated battery pack controller such as the bq783xx series.

In normal mode, the AFE or MCU enables the CHG_EN and DSG_EN, turning on the CHG and DSG FET drivers to connect the battery power to the PACK+ terminal. When a fault is detected by the AFE or the microcontroller, it can disable the CHG_EN and/or DSG_EN to open the charge or discharge path for protection. Note that when either the CHG_EN or DSG_EN is enabled, the charge pump will be automatically enabled even if the CP_EN is in the disable state. It is recommended to enable the charge pump via CP_EN pin during system start-up to avoid adding the t_{CPON} time into the FET switching time during normal operation.

A lower charging current is usually applied to a deeply depleted battery pack. The bq76200 PCHG_EN input provides an option to implement a P-Channel MOSFET precharge path (current-limited path) in the battery pack.

An AFE usually provides individual cell voltages and/or battery stack voltage measurements, but it is not necessary to have PACK+ voltage measurement. The bq76200 PMON_EN pin, when enabled, will connect the PACK+ voltage onto the PACKDIV pin, which is connected to an external resistor divider to scale down the PACK+ voltage. This scaled down PACK+ voltage can be connected to a microcontroller's ADC input for voltage measurement. The system can use this information for charger detection or to implement advanced charging control.

For safety purposes, all the enable inputs are internally pulled down. If the AFE or microcontroller is turned off, or if the PCB trace is damaged, the internal pull down of the enable inputs will keep CHG, DSG, PCHG in an off state and the PACK+ voltage does not switch onto the PACKDIV pin.



7.2 Functional Block Diagram

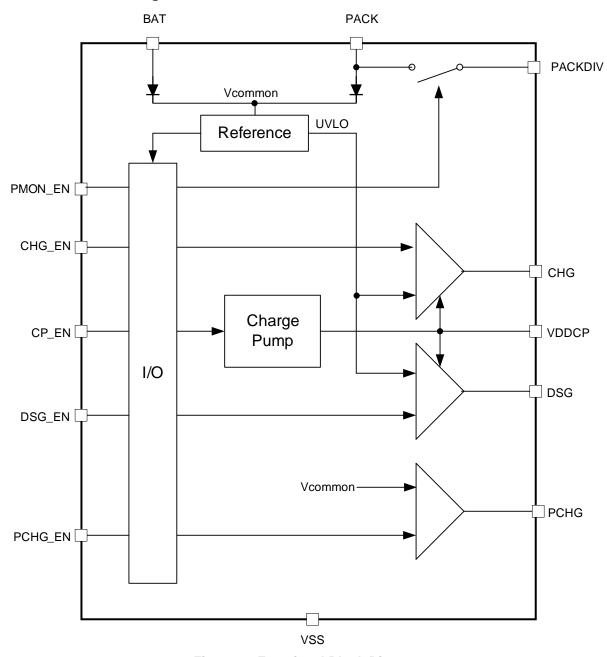


Figure 7. Functional Block Diagram

7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 Charge Pump Control

The bq76200 device has an integrated charge pump. A minimum of 470-nF capacitor is required on the $V_{(VDDCP)}$ pin to the BAT pin to ensure proper function of the charge pump. If the $V_{(VDDCP)}$ capacitor is disconnected, a residual voltage could reside at the CHG and/or DSG output if CHG_EN and/or DSG_EN are enabled. Such a fault condition can put the external FETs in high Rdson state and result in FET damage.

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Feature Description (continued)

The $V_{(VDDCP)}$ capacitor can be scaled up to support more FETs in parallel (such as high-total FET-gate capacitance) than the value specified in the electrical characteristics table. A higher VDDCP capacitance results in longer t_{CPON} time. See the *Application Information* section for more information. Note that probing the VDDCP pin may increase the loading on the charge pump and result in lower measurement value than the $V_{(VDDCP)}$ specification. Using higher impedance probe can reduce such effect on the measurement.

The charge pump is controlled by CP_EN and also OR'ed with the CHG_EN and DSG_EN inputs. This means by enabling CHG_EN or DSG_EN alone, the charge pump will automatically turn on even if the CP_EN pin is disabled. The PCHG_EN controls the PCHG pin, which is a P-channel FET driver and does not require the function of the charge pump. The charge pump is turned off by default. When CP_EN is high, the charge pump turns on regardless of the status of the CHG_EN and DSG_EN inputs.

When CP_EN is enabled, the charge pump voltage starts to ramp up. Once the voltage is above an internal UVLO level, about 9-V typical above V_{BAT} , the charge pump is considered on. The charge pump voltage should continuously ramp to the $V_{(VDDCP)}$ level. If the CHG_EN and/or DSG_EN is enabled, the CHG and/or DSG voltage will starts to turn on after the charge pump voltage is above the UVLO level, and ramp up along the charge pump voltage to the $V_{(VDDCP)}$ level. Otherwise, the CHG and DSG do not turn on if the charge pump voltage fails to ramp up above UVLO. For example, if the $C_{(VDDCP)}$ is not scaled properly to support the number of FETs in parallel, the heavy loading would prevent the charge pump to ramp up above UVLO. CHG and DSG would not be turned on in this case.

When CHG_EN and/or DSG_EN is enabled after the charge pump is fully turned on, the CHG_EN-enable to CHG-on delay (or DSG_EN-enable to DSG-on delay) is simply the sum of (tprop + FET rise time). A system configuration example for this scenario will be connecting the CP_EN to the host MCU, enable CP_EN at system start-up and keep the CP_EN enabled during normal operation. This is the recommended configuration, because the charge pump ramp-up time, t_{CPON} , becomes part of the system start-up time and does not add onto the FET switch delay during normal operation.

If CP_EN is not used (it is highly recommended to connect the CP_EN to ground), the charge pump on- and off-state is controlled by CHG_EN or DSG_EN. The CHG or DSG output will only be on after the charge-pump voltage is ramped up above UVLO. This means the CHG_EN-enable to CHG-on delay (or DSG_EN-enable to DSG-on delay) will be (t_{CPON} + t_{CPON}

The charge pump is turned off when CP_EN AND CHG_EN AND DSG_EN signals are all low. The charge pump is not actively driven low and the voltage on the $V_{(VDDCP)}$ capacitor bleeds off passively. If any of the CP_EN, CHG_EN, or DSG_EN signals is switched high again while the $V_{(VDDCP)}$ capacitor is still bleeding off its charge, the charge pump start up time, t_{CPON} , will be shorter.

7.3.2 Pin Enable Controls

The bq76200 has four digital enable inputs that control the state of associated output signals as defined in the following table. The V_{IH} and VIL levels of these enable pins are low enough to work with most MCUs. At the same times, the pins have high enough tolerant to allow direct control from an AFE FET driver. This gives system maker a flexible option to architect the battery pack configuration.

INPUT PIN	ASSOCIATED OUTPUT PIN	DESCRIPTION
CHG_EN	CHG Charge FET con	
DSG_EN	DSG Discharge FET control	
PCHG_EN	PCHG Precharge FET control	
PMON_EN	PACKDIV Pack monitor control	

Product Folder Links: bq76200



7.3.2.1 External Control of CHG and DSG Output Drivers

The CHG_EN and DSG_EN pins provide direct control of the CHG and DSG FET driver. Table 1 summarizes the CHG and DSG statute with respect to the CP_EN, CHG_EN and DSG_EN inputs.

CP_EN DSG_EN **CHARGE PUMP CHG DSG** CHG_EN OFF (default) Lo (default) Lo (default) Lo (default) OFF (default) OFF (default) OFF Lo Lo Hi ON ON OFF Lo Lo ON ON Lo Hi Hi ON ON ON OFF Hi Lo Lo ON OFF Hi Lo Hi ON **OFF** ON OFF Hi Hi Lo ON ON Hi Ηi Hi ON ON ON

Table 1. CHG and DSG with Respect to CP EN, CHG EN, and DSG EN

7.3.2.2 External Control of PCHG Output Driver

The PCHG output driver is designed to drive a P-channel FET and is controlled by the PCHG_EN pin. The PCHG driver provides an option to implement a separate charging path with a P-channel FET to charge the battery when the cells are deeply depleted. A resistor should be added in series to the P-channel precharge FET to limit the charging current. A precharge current is usually at or less than 1/20 of the normal charge current if the charger does not support lower current precharge. Refer to the battery cell specification from the cell manufacturer charging for the appropriate current limit.

PCHG_EN	PCHG				
Lo (default)	OFF (default)				
Hi	ON				

7.3.2.3 Pack Monitor Enable

The bq76200 device provides an internal-switch control to post the PACK+ voltage on to the PACKDIV pin. A resistor divider can be connected to the PACKDIV pin externally to divide down the PACK+ voltage into a measurable range of an MCU. The PMON_EN controls the internal switch between PACK pin and PACKDIV pin. The internal switch has an on resistance of $R_{(PMONFET)}$. The external resistor divider for PACKDIV pin should be selected to avoid exceeding the absolute maximum of the PACKDIV pin and should also keep the loading current < 500 μ A. If this function is not used, the PACKDIV pin should leave floating. To reduce power consumption, the PMON_EN should be enabled only when PACK+ voltage measurement is needed.

PMON_EN	PACKDIV				
Lo (default)	DISABLED (default)				
Hi	ENABLED				

7.4 Device Functional Modes

- In NORMAL mode, the bq76200 charge pump is turned on by enabling either CP_EN, CHG_EN, or DSG_EN.
 In this mode, typically the CHG and DSG outputs are driven to V_(BAT) + V_(VDDCP).
- In SHUTDOWN mode, the bq76200 is completely powered down. When CHG_EN, DSG_EN, and CP_EN are driven low, the device enters SHUTDOWN mode, and the outputs are driven low.

DEVICE MODES	CONDITION
NORMAL	CHG_EN = Hi, DSG_EN = Hi, CP_EN = Hi, PCHG_EN = don't care, PMON_EN = don't care
SHUTDOWN	CHG_EN = Lo, DSG_EN = Lo, CP_EN = Lo, PCHG_EN = Lo, PMON_EN = Lo

Product Folder Links: bq76200



8 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

The bq76200 device is a high-side NMOS FET driver with integrated charge pump. The device can convert a low-side battery protection system into a high-side protection system, allowing the battery monitor device or battery MCU to always maintain communication to the host system regardless if the protection FETs are on or off. The device provides independent enables to control charge and discharge of a battery pack.

The following section highlights several recommended implementations when using this device. See the FET Configurations for the bq76200 High-Side N-Channel FET Driver Application Note (SLVA729).

8.1.1 Recommended System Implementation

8.1.1.1 bq76200 Slave Device

The bq76200 is a FET driver. It controls the output pins (CHG, DSG, PCHG, and PACKDIV) according to the input pin (CHG_EN, DSG_EN, PCHG_EN, CP_EN, and PMON_EN) status. The device does not validate if the inputs should or should not be turned on or off. For example, if both CHG_EN and PCHG_EN are enabled, bq76200 will turn on both CHG and PCHG simultaneously, enabling two charging paths to the system. The system designer should avoid undesirable enable combinations via the schematic, AFE, or host MCU implementation.

8.1.1.2 Flexible Control via AFE or via MCU

The bq76200 device has simple-logic input pins (CHG_EN, DSG_EN, PCHG_EN, CP_EN, and PMON_EN) that can accept a control signal from any MCU I/O. At the same time, the input pins are designed to tolerate high voltage signal such as the FET driver output from an AFE. This flexibility allows a mix of control input driving from AFE and/or MCU to optimize the system design.

For example, it is recommended to control the CP_EN pin via MCU which the system can turn on the charge pump at system start-up, excluding the extra FET delay due to charge pump voltage ramping. On the other hand, the CHG_EN and DSG_EN can be driven by the AFE FET driver output, especially if the AFE has hardware protection features (such as the bq76920/30/40 family), to optimize the FET reaction time.

All the input pins have internal pull-down resistor. The outputs are default to be off if any of the input pins are at high-Z state.

8.1.1.3 Scalable VDDCP Capacitor to Support Multiple FETs in Parallel

The bq76200 requires a minimum 470-nF capacitor to be connected between the VDDCP pin and BAT pin in order to turn on the integrated charge pump. The Electrical Characteristics Specification of this document specified the device performance based on 10 nF loading with 470-nF VDDCP capacitor. The loading capacitance varies with FET choices, number of FETs in use, and in parallel and simultaneous switching versus sequential switching of CHG and DSG FET.

The more FETs that are in parallel, the higher the loading capacitance. Similarly, simultaneously switching of the CHG and DSG FET loads down the charge pump more than sequentially switching both FETs. Eventually, the loading capacitance can exceed the supported range of a 470-nF VDDCP capacitor. A > 470-nF VDDCP capacitor can be used to support higher-loading capacitance.

Product Folder Links: *bq*76200

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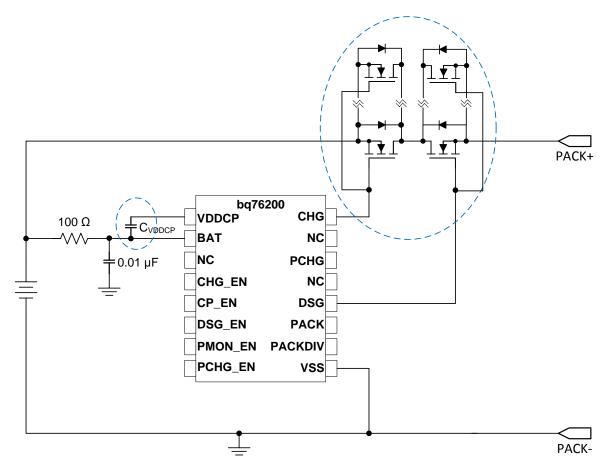


Figure 8. Scale C_{VDDCP} to Support Multiple FETs in Parallel (Partial Schematic Shown)

Based on test results, 470-nF VDDCP capacitor can support up to approximately 30-nF loading capacitance. Using a 470-nF/20-nF ratio (to include some design margin), a 2.1-µF VCCDP capacitor can support up to ~90-nF loading capacitance. Note that a larger VDDCP capacitor increases the charge pump start up time; a higher loading capacitance increases the FET on and off time. System designers should test across the operation range to ensure the design margin and system performance. Refer to the FET Configurations for the bq76200 High-Side N-Channel FET Driver Application Note (SLVA729) for more test results.

Also notice that any damage or disconnection of the VDDCP capacitor during operation can leave a residual voltage on the FET driver output if the inputs are enabled. This can result in putting the external FETs in a high-Rdson state and cause FET damage.

8.1.1.4 Precharge and Predischarge Support

For a deeply depleted battery pack, a much lower charging current, for example, a C/10 rate, is usually used to precharge the battery cells. This allows the passivating layer of the cell to be recovered slowly (the passivating layer might be dissolved in the deep discharge state).

The bq76200 has a PCHG output to drive an external P-channel FET to support battery precharge. In this scenario, the external P-channel FET is placed in parallel with the CHG FET and a power resistor can be connected in series of the P-channel FET to limit the charging current during the precharge state. The MCU can be used to control the PCHG_EN pin to determine the entry and exit of the precharge mode.

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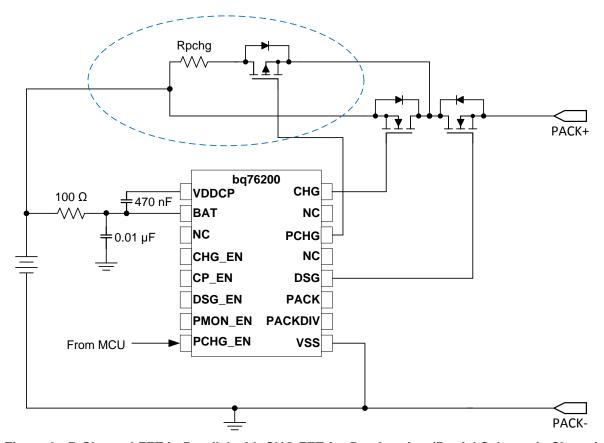


Figure 9. P-Channel FET in Parallel with CHG FET for Precharging (Partial Schematic Shown)

Alternatively, the CHG pin can also be used to precharge a battery pack given if the charging current is controlled by the system (that is, does not require external component to limit the charging current such as a smart charger) and the battery stack voltage is higher than minimum operation voltage of the bq76200 (that is, the charge pump can start to turn on the CHG FET). PCHG should leave floating if it is not used in the application.

The PCHG output can be used to predischarge a high-capacitive system. For example, a load removal can be one of the recovery requirements after a discharge related fault has been detected. In a high-capacitive system, the residual voltage at the system side can take a significant time to bleed off. This results in an additional delay in fault recovery. The PCHG output can be used to control an external P-channel FET placed in parallel with the DSG FET to predischarge the residual voltage in order to speed up the fault recovery process.



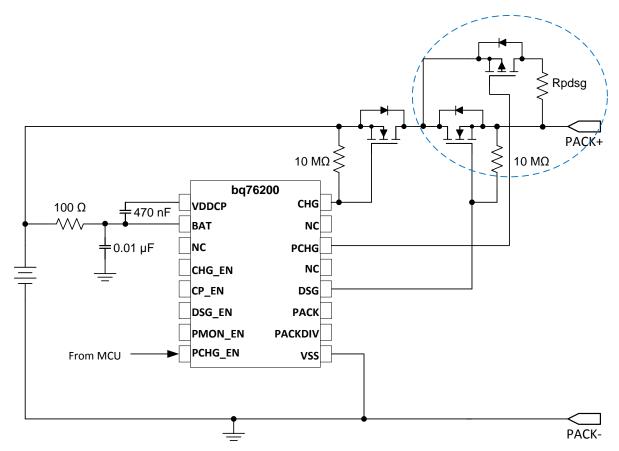


Figure 10. P-Channel FET in Parallel with DSG FET for Predischarging (Partial Schematic Shown)

8.1.1.5 Optional External Gate Resistor

The CHG and DSG have certain internal on and off resistance. However, an optional external gate resistor can be added to CHG and/or DSG FET to slow down the FET on and off timing.

8.1.1.6 Separate Charge and Discharge paths

In some systems, the charging current might be significantly lower than the discharge current. In such systems, the system designer may prefer to implement a separate charge and discharge paths in which the number of FET in parallel for charge and discharge can be different to reduce to BOM cost.

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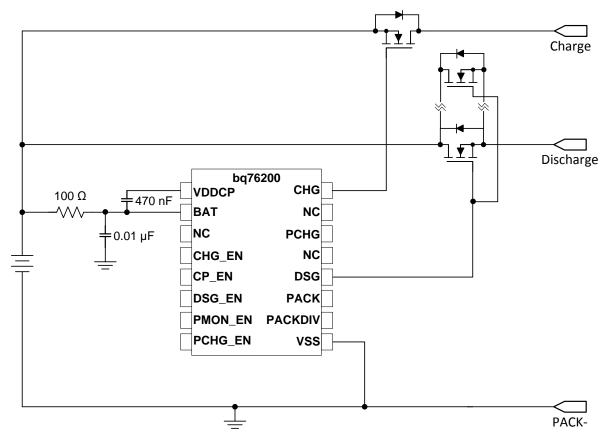
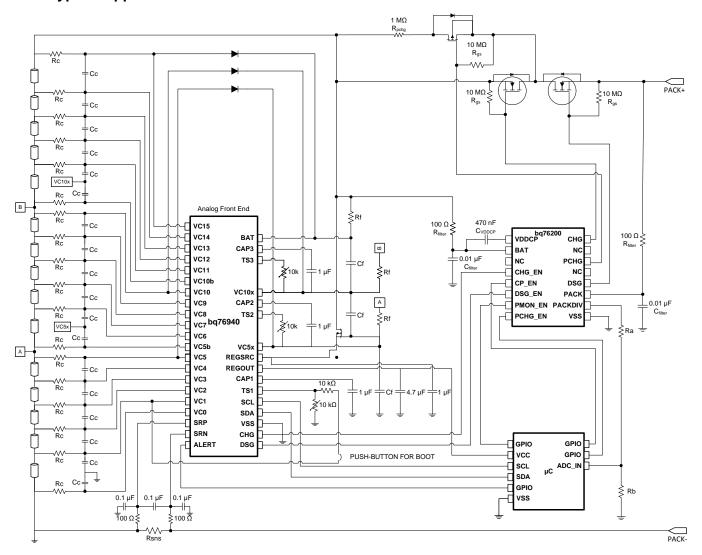


Figure 11. Separate Charge and Discharge Paths (Partial Schematic Shown)



8.2 Typical Applications



8.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in Table 2.

Table 2. Design Parameters

PARAMETER	EXTERNAL COMPONENT	NOTE						
BAT and PACK Filters	Rfilter and Cfilter	Recommended to use 100 Ω and 0.01 μF						
VDDCP capacitor	C _{VDDCP}	A minimum of 470 μF is required. A higher value can be used to support higher-loading capacitance. See the Recommended Implementation and the <i>FET Configurations for the bq76200 High-Side N-Channel FET Driver Application Note</i> (SLVA729).						
PACKDIV resistor divider	Ra and Rb	Based on the max PACK voltage of the application, calculate the total value of (Ra + Rb) that can keep the PACKDIV current below 500 μA.						
CHG, DSG, PCHG gate-source resistor	Rgs	Recommended to use 10 $M\Omega.$ A different Rgs value may change the loading level of the charge pump. System designer should perform thorough system testing if a different Rgs is used.						

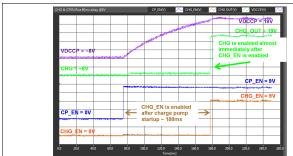
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8.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

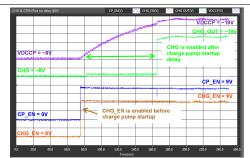
- 1. Determine if CP_EN pin will be driven by MCU. It is highly recommended to use CP_EN to turn on the charge pump at system start-up. However, it is not a must to operate the bq76200 to switch on CHG and DSG pins. System designer should ensure the FET's turn on time is acceptable during normal operation if CP_EN is not enabled at system startup.
- Select the correct VDDCP capacitance. Scaling up the VDDCP capacitance allows support for a higher number of FETs in parallel. This test result of various parallel FETs versus VDDCP capacitance in the bq76200 application is for general reference only. System designer should always validate their design tolerant across operation temperature range.
- 3. If the PMON_EN is used, the PACKDIV resistor divider, Ra and Rb, must be selected to satisfy (Ra+Rb) < $500~\mu\text{A}$, AND [Rb/(Ra + Rb)] < (max ADC input range)/(max PACK+ voltage). For example, In a 48V system, if the max charger voltage is 50.4~V and a MCU's max ADC input is 3~V. To meet both (Ra + Rb) < $500~\mu\text{A}$, AND [Rb/(Ra + Rb)] < (3~V/50.4~V) requirements, the Ra value might be $100~\text{k}\Omega$ or less and Rb value might be $6~\text{K}\Omega$ or less.
- 4. Follow the application schematic (see *Typical Applications*) to connect the device.

8.2.3 Application Curves



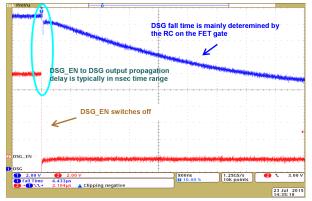
CHG output reacts to the CHG_EN signal immediately. Similar behavior applies to the DSG pin.

Figure 12. CHG_EN Switched On After Charger Pump
Turns On and Is Stable



CHG output reacts to the CHG_EN signal after charge pump startup delay. Similar behavior applies to the DSG pin.

Figure 13. CHG_EN Enabled Before Charge Pump is Turned On



With 10-nF loading and no Rgs on DSG output. Note the time scale was 800 ns/div; thus, the DSG waveform above is basically the DSG FET fall time.

Figure 14. DSG_EN to DSG Output Propagation Delay



9 Power Supply Recommendations

The maximum recommended operation voltage on the BAT and PACK pins is 75 V. The charge pump, when it turns on, will add 14 V maximum voltage on top of the BAT or PACK voltage to the device, pushing the total device voltage to approximately 89 V.

The bq76200 has high voltage (100 V) tolerant pins, but system designer should take into account the worse-case transient voltage and the maximum charge pump on voltage to determine the maximum voltage applying to BAT and PACK pins.

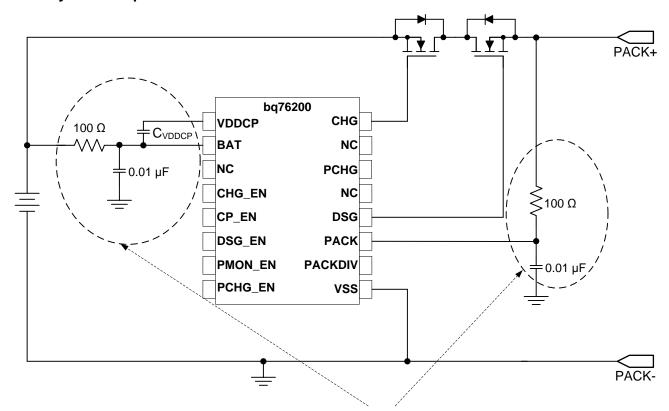
10 Layout

10.1 Layout Guidelines

For the following procedure, see Figure 15 and Figure 16.

- 1. Place C_{VDDCP} capacitor close to the device.
- 2. Place BAT and PACK RC filters close to the device.
- 3. Generally, a typical system using an AFE, MCU, and bq76200 usually have a high-current ground trace/plane and low-current ground plane in the PCB layout. If so, the bq76200 ground should be connected to the low-current ground plane of the PCB layout to remove noise affecting the ENABLE signals.

10.2 Layout Example



Place these components close to the device pins

Figure 15. Place C_{VDDCP} and Filter Components Close to Device

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Layout Example (continued)

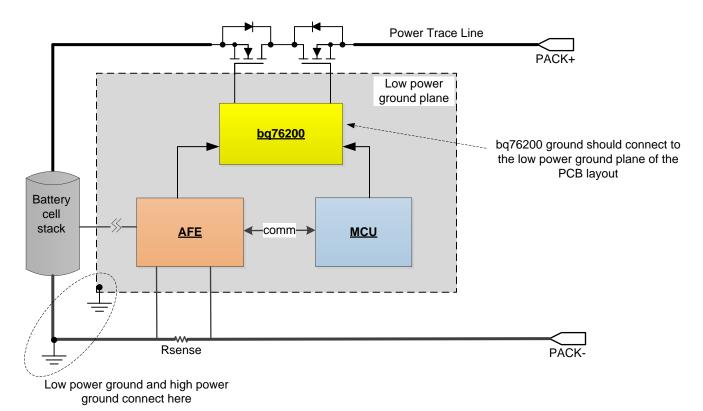


Figure 16. Connect bq76200 to Low Power Ground Plane on PCB Layout

Product Folder Links: bq76200



11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Documentation Support

11.1.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation, see the following:

- bg76200 Reverse Voltage Considerations Application Note (SLUA796).
- FET Configurations for the bq76200 High-Side N-Channel FET Driver Application Note (SLVA729)
- Minimizing Shutdown Current of the bg76200 Application Note (SLUA795)

11.2 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

TI E2E™ Online Community TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community. Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.

Design Support *TI's Design Support* Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.

11.3 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments.

11.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

11.5 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical packaging and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

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PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable part number	Status	Material type	Package Pins	Package qty Carrier	RoHS	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL rating/ Peak reflow	Op temp (°C)	Part marking (6)
						(4)	(5)		
BQ76200PW	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 16	90 TUBE	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	BQ7620B
BQ76200PWR	Active	Production	TSSOP (PW) 16	2000 LARGE T&R	Yes	NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	BQ7620B

⁽¹⁾ Status: For more details on status, see our product life cycle.

Multiple part markings will be inside parentheses. Only one part marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a part. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire part marking for that device.

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⁽²⁾ Material type: When designated, preproduction parts are prototypes/experimental devices, and are not yet approved or released for full production. Testing and final process, including without limitation quality assurance, reliability performance testing, and/or process qualification, may not yet be complete, and this item is subject to further changes or possible discontinuation. If available for ordering, purchases will be subject to an additional waiver at checkout, and are intended for early internal evaluation purposes only. These items are sold without warranties of any kind.

⁽³⁾ RoHS values: Yes, No, RoHS Exempt. See the TI RoHS Statement for additional information and value definition.

⁽⁴⁾ Lead finish/Ball material: Parts may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

⁽⁵⁾ **MSL rating/Peak reflow:** The moisture sensitivity level ratings and peak solder (reflow) temperatures. In the event that a part has multiple moisture sensitivity ratings, only the lowest level per JEDEC standards is shown. Refer to the shipping label for the actual reflow temperature that will be used to mount the part to the printed circuit board.

⁽⁶⁾ Part marking: There may be an additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category of the part.

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





	-
A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
BQ76200PWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	330.0	12.4	6.9	5.6	1.6	8.0	12.0	Q1

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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*All dimensions are nominal

Ì	Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)	
ı	BQ76200PWR	TSSOP	PW	16	2000	350.0	350.0	43.0	

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 5-Dec-2023

TUBE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Name	Package Type	Pins	SPQ	L (mm)	W (mm)	T (µm)	B (mm)
BQ76200PW	PW	TSSOP	16	90	530	10.2	3600	3.5



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. This dimension does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not
- exceed 0.15 mm per side.
- 4. This dimension does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.25 mm per side.
- 5. Reference JEDEC registration MO-153.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

6. Publication IPC-7351 may have alternate designs.

7. Solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads can vary based on board fabrication site.



SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: (continued)

- 8. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.
- 9. Board assembly site may have different recommendations for stencil design.



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