

$$L_1: -G_2G_3H_1$$

$$L_2: -G_3G_4H_2$$

$$L_3: -G_1G_2G_3G_4H_3$$

$$\text{前向} P_1: G_1G_2G_3G_4 \quad \Delta_1 = 1$$

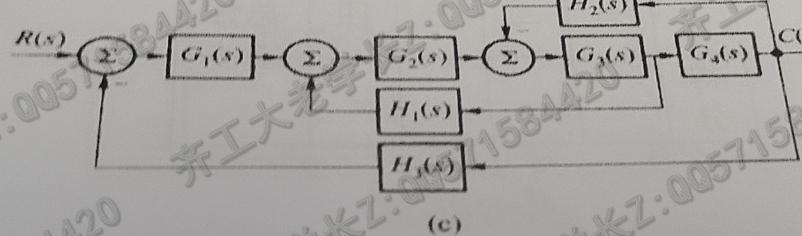
$$\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{G_1G_2G_3G_4}{1 + G_2G_3H_1 + G_3G_4H_2 + G_1G_2G_3G_4H_3}$$

3. 已知单位反馈系统的开环传递函数为 $G(s) = \frac{4}{s(s+2)}$ ，确定系统的(共 10 分)
并求最大超调量 $\sigma\%$ 和调整时间 $t_{(5\%)}$ (共 10 分)

2. 已知系统传递函数 $G(s) = \frac{1}{5s + 1}$, $r(t) = 6\sin(2t + 40^\circ)$, 要求 θ (英14分)

注释: $\tan(84.4^\circ) = 10.01$

1. 求下图所示系统的闭环传递函数 $\frac{C(s)}{R(s)}$ (结构图化简, 梅逊公式均可)。
(共 10 分)



$$3. G(s) = \frac{4}{s(s+2)}$$

$$\bar{G}(s) = \frac{G(s)}{1+G(s)} = \frac{4}{s^2+2s+4}$$

$$\begin{cases} 2\zeta\omega_n = 2 \\ \omega_n^2 = 4 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} \zeta = 0.5 \\ \omega_n = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$6\% = e^{\frac{-\pi\zeta}{\sqrt{1-\zeta^2}}} \times 100\% = 16.3\%$$

$$ts = \frac{3.5}{\zeta\omega_n} = 3.5$$

$$2. \quad A(w) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{25w^2 + 1}}$$

$$\varphi(w) = -\alpha \operatorname{ctan} 5w$$

$$A(w) \Big|_{w=2} = 0.1$$

$$\varphi(w) \Big|_{w=2} = -84.3^\circ$$

$$C(t) = 0.65 \sin(2t - 44.3^\circ)$$

4.

$$(1) G(s) = \frac{K}{s} \cdot \frac{1}{s^2 + 2s + 2}$$

开环极点: $p_1 = 0, p_{2,3} = -1 \pm j$

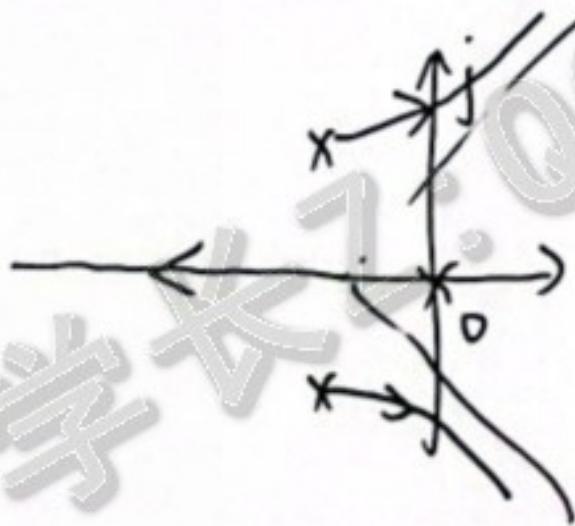
无开环零点

实轴: $(-\infty, 0]$

$$\text{渐近线: } \theta_a = \frac{0 - 1 - 1}{3} = -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\theta_a = \frac{\pm(2k+1)\pi}{3} = \pm 60.180^\circ$$

与虚轴交点: $\begin{cases} -w^3 + 2w = 0 \\ -2w^2 + K = 0 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} w^2 = 2 \\ K = 4 \end{cases}$



(2) $0 < K < 4$

稳定

4. 已知系统结构图为下图所示,

(1) 绘制该系统以根轨迹增益 K_r 为变量的根轨迹;

(2) 确定使系统满足稳定的开环增益 K 的取值范围。 (共 10 分)

