

第二量子化 計算

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$$\begin{aligned} |\mathbf{r}_1\sigma_1, \dots, \mathbf{r}_N\sigma_N\rangle &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{N!}} \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_1}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}_1) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}_N) |\text{vac}\rangle \\ \hat{\psi}_\sigma(\mathbf{r}) |\text{vac}\rangle &= 0 \\ \left[\hat{\psi}_\sigma(\mathbf{r}), \hat{\psi}_{\sigma'}(\mathbf{r}') \right]_s &= 0 \\ \left[\hat{\psi}_\sigma^\dagger(\mathbf{r}), \hat{\psi}_{\sigma'}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}') \right]_s &= 0 \\ \left[\hat{\psi}_\sigma(\mathbf{r}), \hat{\psi}_{\sigma'}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}') \right]_s &= \delta(\mathbf{r} - \mathbf{r}') \delta_{\sigma, \sigma'} \end{aligned}$$

を前提として。

$$\langle \mathbf{r}_1\sigma_1, \dots, \mathbf{r}_N\sigma_N | \mathbf{r}'_1\sigma'_1, \dots, \mathbf{r}'_{N'}\sigma'_{N'} \rangle = \frac{\delta_{N, N'}}{N!} \sum_P s^P \delta(\mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{r}'_{p_1}) \delta_{\sigma_1, \sigma'_{p_1}} \cdots \delta(\mathbf{r}_N - \mathbf{r}'_{p_N}) \delta_{\sigma_N, \sigma'_{p_N}}$$

を示そう。

まずは $N = N'$ の場合について考える。

$P(i_1, \dots, i_K)$ は $1, \dots, N$ が $i_1, \dots, i_K, 1, \dots, \underbrace{\hspace{1cm}}_{i_1, \dots, i_K}, \dots, N$ になるように並べ替えたときに偶置換で入れ替

える場合は 0, 奇置換で入れ替わる場合は 1 とした値とする。

$$\begin{aligned}
\langle \mathbf{r}_1 \sigma_1, \dots, \mathbf{r}_N \sigma_N | \mathbf{r}'_1 \sigma'_1, \dots, \mathbf{r}'_N \sigma'_N \rangle &= \frac{1}{N!} \langle \text{vac} | \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}(\mathbf{r}_N) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_1}(\mathbf{r}_1) \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_1}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_1) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_N) | \text{vac} \rangle \\
&= \frac{1}{N!} \langle \text{vac} | \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}(\mathbf{r}_N) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_2}(\mathbf{r}_2) \delta(\mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{r}'_1) \delta_{\sigma_1, \sigma'_1} \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_2}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_2) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_N) | \text{vac} \rangle \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{N!} s \langle \text{vac} | \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}(\mathbf{r}_N) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_2}(\mathbf{r}_2) \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_1}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_1) \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_1}(\mathbf{r}_1) \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_2}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_2) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_N) | \text{vac} \rangle \\
&= \frac{1}{N!} \langle \text{vac} | \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}(\mathbf{r}_N) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_2}(\mathbf{r}_2) \delta(\mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{r}'_1) \delta_{\sigma_1, \sigma'_1} \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_2}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_2) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_N) | \text{vac} \rangle \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{N!} s \langle \text{vac} | \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}(\mathbf{r}_N) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_2}(\mathbf{r}_2) \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_1}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_1) \delta(\mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{r}'_2) \delta_{\sigma_1, \sigma'_2} \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_3}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_3) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_N) | \text{vac} \rangle \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{N!} s^2 \langle \text{vac} | \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}(\mathbf{r}_N) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_2}(\mathbf{r}_2) \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_1}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_1) \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_2}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_2) \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_1}(\mathbf{r}_1) \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_3}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_3) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_N) | \text{vac} \rangle \\
&= \frac{1}{N!} \sum_{i_1} s^{P(i_1)} \delta(\mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{r}'_{i_1}) \delta_{\sigma_1, \sigma'_{i_1}} \\
&\quad \times \langle \text{vac} | \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}(\mathbf{r}_N) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_2}(\mathbf{r}_2) \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_1}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_1) \cdots \underbrace{\cdots}_{i_1} \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_N) | \text{vac} \rangle \\
&= \frac{1}{N!} \sum_{i_1 \neq i_2} s^{P(i_1, i_2)} \delta(\mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{r}'_{i_1}) \delta_{\sigma_1, \sigma'_{i_1}} \delta(\mathbf{r}_2 - \mathbf{r}'_{i_2}) \delta_{\sigma_2, \sigma'_{i_2}} \\
&\quad \times \langle \text{vac} | \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}(\mathbf{r}_N) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_3}(\mathbf{r}_3) \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_1}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_1) \cdots \underbrace{\cdots}_{i_1, i_2} \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_N) | \text{vac} \rangle \\
&= \frac{1}{N!} \sum_P s^P \delta(\mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{r}'_{p_1}) \delta_{\sigma_1, \sigma'_{p_1}} \cdots \delta(\mathbf{r}_N - \mathbf{r}'_{p_N}) \delta_{\sigma_N, \sigma'_{p_N}} \langle \text{vac} | \text{vac} \rangle \\
&= \frac{1}{N!} \sum_P s^P \delta(\mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{r}'_{p_1}) \delta_{\sigma_1, \sigma'_{p_1}} \cdots \delta(\mathbf{r}_N - \mathbf{r}'_{p_N}) \delta_{\sigma_N, \sigma'_{p_N}}
\end{aligned}$$

てか、交換子の法則を用いればもっと分かりやすく求まりそう。

$$\left[\hat{A}, \hat{B}_1 \cdots \hat{B}_n \right]_{s^n} = \sum_{i=1}^n s^{i-1} \hat{B}_1 \cdots \hat{B}_{i-1} \left[\hat{A}, \hat{B}_i \right]_s \hat{B}_{i+1} \cdots \hat{B}_n$$

が成り立つので示す。

$$\begin{aligned}
\sum_{i=1}^n s^{i-1} \hat{B}_1 \cdots \hat{B}_{i-1} \left[\hat{A}, \hat{B}_i \right]_s \hat{B}_{i+1} \cdots \hat{B}_n &= \sum_{i=1}^n s^{i-1} \hat{B}_1 \cdots \hat{B}_{i-1} \hat{A} \hat{B}_i \cdots \hat{B}_n - \sum_{i=1}^n s^i \hat{B}_1 \cdots \hat{B}_i \hat{A} \hat{B}_{i+1} \cdots \hat{B}_n \\
&= \sum_{i=1}^n s^{i-1} \hat{B}_1 \cdots \hat{B}_{i-1} \hat{A} \hat{B}_i \cdots \hat{B}_n - \sum_{i=2}^{n+1} s^{i-1} \hat{B}_1 \cdots \hat{B}_{i-1} \hat{A} \hat{B}_i \cdots \hat{B}_n \\
&= \hat{A} \hat{B}_1 \cdots \hat{B}_n - s^n \hat{B}_1 \cdots \hat{B}_n \hat{A} \\
&= \left[\hat{A}, \hat{B}_1 \cdots \hat{B}_n \right]_{s^n}
\end{aligned}$$

これを用いて

$$\begin{aligned}
\langle \mathbf{r}_1 \sigma_1, \dots, \mathbf{r}_N \sigma_N | \mathbf{r}'_1 \sigma'_1, \dots, \mathbf{r}'_N \sigma'_N \rangle &= \frac{1}{N!} \langle \text{vac} | \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}(\mathbf{r}_N) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_1}(\mathbf{r}_1) \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_1}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_1) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_N) | \text{vac} \rangle \\
&= \frac{1}{N!} \langle \text{vac} | \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}(\mathbf{r}_N) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_1}(\mathbf{r}_1) \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_1}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_1) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_N) | \text{vac} \rangle \\
&\quad - \frac{1}{N!} s^n \langle \text{vac} | \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}(\mathbf{r}_N) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_2}(\mathbf{r}_2) \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_1}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_1) \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_2}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_2) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_N) \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_1}(\mathbf{r}_1) | \text{vac} \rangle \\
&= \frac{1}{N!} \langle \text{vac} | \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}(\mathbf{r}_N) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_2}(\mathbf{r}_2) \left[\hat{\psi}_{\sigma_1}(\mathbf{r}_1), \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_1}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_1) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_N) \right]_{s^n} | \text{vac} \rangle \\
&= \frac{1}{N!} \sum_{i_1} s^{i_1-1} \langle \text{vac} | \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}(\mathbf{r}_N) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_2}(\mathbf{r}_2) \\
&\quad \times \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_1}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_1) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_{i_1-1}}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}_{i_1-1}) \left[\hat{\psi}_{\sigma_1}(\mathbf{r}_1), \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_{i_1}}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}_{i_1}) \right]_s \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_{i_1+1}}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}_{i_1+1}) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_N) | \text{vac} \rangle \\
&= \frac{1}{N!} \sum_{i_1} s^{P(i_1)} \delta(\mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{r}'_{i_1}) \delta_{\sigma_1, \sigma'_{i_1}} \\
&\quad \times \langle \text{vac} | \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}(\mathbf{r}_N) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_2}(\mathbf{r}_2) \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_1}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_1) \cdots \underbrace{\cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_N)}_{i_1} | \text{vac} \rangle \\
&= \frac{1}{N!} \sum_{i_1 \neq i_2} s^{P(i_1, i_2)} \delta(\mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{r}'_{i_1}) \delta_{\sigma_1, \sigma'_{i_1}} \delta(\mathbf{r}_2 - \mathbf{r}'_{i_2}) \delta_{\sigma_2, \sigma'_{i_2}} \\
&\quad \times \langle \text{vac} | \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}(\mathbf{r}_N) \cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_3}(\mathbf{r}_3) \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_1}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_1) \cdots \underbrace{\cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_N}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_N)}_{i_1, i_2} | \text{vac} \rangle \\
&= \frac{1}{N!} \sum_P s^{P(i_1, \dots, i_N)} \delta(\mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{r}'_{p_1}) \delta_{\sigma_1, \sigma'_{p_1}} \cdots \delta(\mathbf{r}_N - \mathbf{r}'_{p_N}) \delta_{\sigma_N, \sigma'_{p_N}} \langle \text{vac} | \text{vac} \rangle \\
&= \frac{1}{N!} \sum_P s^P \delta(\mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{r}'_{p_1}) \delta_{\sigma_1, \sigma'_{p_1}} \cdots \delta(\mathbf{r}_N - \mathbf{r}'_{p_N}) \delta_{\sigma_N, \sigma'_{p_N}}
\end{aligned}$$

交換子を用いると、計算自体は追いやすいか³、なぜ s^P になるかを追いにいくくなる。

$N < N'$ については

$$\begin{aligned}
\langle \mathbf{r}_1 \sigma_1, \dots, \mathbf{r}_N \sigma_N | \mathbf{r}'_1 \sigma'_1, \dots, \mathbf{r}'_{N'} \sigma'_{N'} \rangle &= \frac{1}{N!} \sum_P s^P \delta(\mathbf{r}_1 - \mathbf{r}'_{p_1}) \delta_{\sigma_1, \sigma'_{p_1}} \cdots \delta(\mathbf{r}_N - \mathbf{r}'_{p_N}) \delta_{\sigma_N, \sigma'_{p_N}} \\
&\quad \times \langle \text{vac} | \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_1}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_1) \cdots \underbrace{\cdots \hat{\psi}_{\sigma_{N'}}^\dagger(\mathbf{r}'_{N'})}_{i_1, \dots, i_N} | \text{vac} \rangle \\
&= 0
\end{aligned}$$

$N > N'$ も同様にできる。