### 6、Spring源码

**笔记本:** spring

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```
1、Spring-IOC-AOP (动态代理) ; 多层代理
        LogAspectpRroxy{
             try{
                @Before
                method.invoke()//pjp.procced(args){
                      BAspectProxy{
                              @Before
                              method.invoke()//---目标方法
                               @AfterReturning
                              //xxxxxxxx
                                 //修改了返回值
                     }
                @AfterReturning
             }catch(e){
                 @AfterThrowing
             }finally{
                 @After
             }
       }
```

#### IOC:

- 1、IOC是一个容器
- 2、容器启动的时候创建所有单实例对象
- 3、我们可以直接从容器中获取到这个对象

#### SpringIOC:

- 1) 、ioc容器的启动过程? 启动期间都做了什么(什么时候创建所有单实例bean)
- 2) 、ioc是如何创建这些单实例bean,并如何管理的;到底保存在了那里?

#### 思路:

从HelloWorld开始,调试每个方法的作用;

1、ClassPathXMLApplicationContext构造器

ApplicationContext ioc = new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext("ioc.xml")

# this(new String[] {configLocation}, true, null);

```
BeanFactory - org.springframework.beans.factory

    SimpleJndiBeanFactory - org.springframework.jndi.support

    Quality AutowireCapableBeanFactory - org.springframework.beans.factory.config

▼ GA AbstractAutowireCapableBeanFactory - org.springframework.beans.factory.support

▼ G DefaultListableBeanFactory - org Imjingframework.beans,factory.support

                  XmlBeanFactory - org.springframework.beans.factory.xml
       ▼ OnfigurableListableBeanFactory - org.springframework.beans.factory.config

    DefaultListableBeanFactory - org.springframework.beans.factory.support

                  XmlBeanFactory - org.springframework,beans.factory.xml

    HierarchicalBeanFactory - org.springframework.beans.factory

       ✓ ■ ApplicationContext - org.springframework.context
             ConfigurableApplicationContext - org.springframework.context

    GA AbstractApplicationContext - org.springframework.context.support

        OA AbstractRefreshableApplicationContext - org.springframework.context.support

        OA AbstractRefreshableConfigApplicationContext - org.springframework.context

                          ▼ GA AbstractXmlApplicationContext - org.springframework,context.support

    ClassPathXmlApplicationContext - org.springframework.context.supp

    FileSystemXmlApplicationContext - org.springframework.context.sup

    GenericApplicationContext - org.springframework.context.support

    AnnotationConfigApplicationContext - org.springframework.context.annotatic

                          GenericGroovyApplicationContext - org.springframework.context.support

    GenericXmlApplicationContext - org.springframework.context.support

                          G StaticApplicationContext - org.springframework.context.support
BeanFactory: Bean工厂;
refresh();实现; Spring; BeanFactory的流程; 也是ioc容器的创建流程
 @Override
      public void refresh() throws BeansException, IllegalStateException {
```

```
synchronized (this.startupShutdownMonitor) {
           // Prepare this context for refreshing.
           prepareRefresh();
           // Tell the subclass to refresh the internal bean factory.
              //Spring解析xml配置文件将要创建的所有bean的配置信息保存起来,观看
Spring对xml的解析
           ConfigurableListableBeanFactory beanFactory =
obtainFreshBeanFactory();
           // Prepare the bean factory for use in this context.
           prepareBeanFactory(beanFactory);
           try {
                // Allows post-processing of the bean factory in context
subclasses.
               postProcessBeanFactory(beanFactory);
               // Invoke factory processors registered as beans in the
context.
               invokeBeanFactoryPostProcessors(beanFactory);
               // Register bean processors that intercept bean creation.
               registerBeanPostProcessors(beanFactory);
               // Initialize message source for this context.
               //支持国际化功能的;
               initMessageSource();
               // Initialize event multicaster for this context.
               initApplicationEventMulticaster();
               // Initialize other special beans in specific context
subclasses.
              //留给子类的方法
               onRefresh();
               // Check for listener beans and register them.
               registerListeners();
```

```
// Instantiate all remaining (non-lazy-init) singletons.
               //初始化所有单实例bean的地方
                finishBeanFactoryInitialization(beanFactory);
                // Last step: publish corresponding event.
                finishRefresh();
            }
            catch (BeansException ex) {
                // Destroy already created singletons to avoid dangling
resources.
                destroyBeans();
                // Reset 'active' flag.
                cancelRefresh(ex);
                // Propagate exception to caller.
                throw ex;
            }
       }
   }
```

#### finishBeanFactoryInitialization(beanFactory);实现 AbstractApplicationContext:

```
protected void
finishBeanFactoryInitialization(ConfigurableListableBeanFactory beanFactory)
        // Initialize conversion service for this context.
        if (beanFactory.containsBean(CONVERSION SERVICE BEAN NAME) &&
                beanFactory.isTypeMatch(CONVERSION SERVICE BEAN NAME,
ConversionService.class)) {
            beanFactory.setConversionService(
                    beanFactory.getBean(CONVERSION SERVICE BEAN NAME,
ConversionService.class));
        }
        // Initialize LoadTimeWeaverAware beans early to allow for
registering their transformers early.
        String[] weaverAwareNames =
beanFactory.getBeanNamesForType(LoadTimeWeaverAware.class, false, false);
        for (String weaverAwareName : weaverAwareNames) {
            getBean(weaverAwareName);
        // Stop using the temporary ClassLoader for type matching.
        beanFactory.setTempClassLoader(null);
        // Allow for caching all bean definition metadata, not expecting
further changes.
        beanFactory.freezeConfiguration();
        // Instantiate all remaining (non-lazy-init) singletons. 初始化所有单实
例
        beanFactory.preInstantiateSingletons();
   }
```

#### DefaultListableBeanFactory: bean工厂; 创建bean

```
@Override
   public void preInstantiateSingletons() throws BeansException {
      if (this.logger.isDebugEnabled()) {
            this.logger.debug("Pre-instantiating singletons in " + this);
      }

      //拿到所有要创建的bean的名字
      List<String> beanNames;
      synchronized (this.beanDefinitionMap) {
            // Iterate over a copy to allow for init methods which in turn register new bean definitions.
```

```
// While this may not be part of the regular factory bootstrap,
it does otherwise work fine.
           beanNames = new ArrayList<String>(this.beanDefinitionNames);
         //按顺序创建bean
       for (String beanName : beanNames) {
            //根据beandid获取到bean的定义信息;
           RootBeanDefinition bd = getMergedLocalBeanDefinition(beanName);
              //判断bean是单实例的,并且不是抽象的,并且不是懒加载的
           if (!bd.isAbstract() && bd.isSingleton() && !bd.isLazyInit()) {
                  //是否是一个实现了FactoryBean接口的bean
               if (isFactoryBean(beanName)) {
                   final FactoryBean<?> factory = (FactoryBean<?>)
getBean(FACTORY_BEAN_PREFIX + beanName);
                   boolean isEagerInit;
                   if (System.getSecurityManager() != null && factory
instanceof SmartFactoryBean) {
                       isEagerInit = AccessController.doPrivileged(new
PrivilegedAction<Boolean>() {
                           @Override
                           public Boolean run() {
                               return ((SmartFactoryBean<?>)
factory).isEagerInit();
                       }, getAccessControlContext());
                   }
                   else {
                       isEagerInit = (factory instanceof SmartFactoryBean
ጴጴ
                               ((SmartFactoryBean<?>)
factory).isEagerInit());
                   if (isEagerInit) {
                       getBean(beanName);
               }
               else {
                   getBean(beanName);
           }
       }
   }
```

## getBean(beanName);创建bean的细节

#### AbstractBeanFactory: doGetBean(name, null, null, false);

```
"' that is not fully initialized yet - a
consequence of a circular reference");
                else {
                   logger.debug("Returning cached instance of singleton
bean '" + beanName + "'");
            bean = getObjectForBeanInstance(sharedInstance, name, beanName,
null);
        else {
            // Fail if we're already creating this bean instance:
            // We're assumably within a circular reference.
            if (isPrototypeCurrentlyInCreation(beanName)) {
                throw new BeanCurrentlyInCreationException(beanName);
            // Check if bean definition exists in this factory.
            BeanFactory parentBeanFactory = getParentBeanFactory();
            if (parentBeanFactory != null &&
!containsBeanDefinition(beanName)) {
                // Not found -> check parent.
                String nameToLookup = originalBeanName(name);
                if (args != null) {
                    // Delegation to parent with explicit args.
                    return (T) parentBeanFactory.getBean(nameToLookup,
args);
                else {
                    // No args -> delegate to standard getBean method.
                    return parentBeanFactory.getBean(nameToLookup,
requiredType);
            }
            if (!typeCheckOnly) {
                markBeanAsCreated(beanName);
            }
            try {
                final RootBeanDefinition mbd =
getMergedLocalBeanDefinition(beanName);
                checkMergedBeanDefinition(mbd, beanName, args);
                // Guarantee initialization of beans that the current bean
depends on.
               //拿到创建当前bean之前需要提前创建的bean。depends-on属性;如果有就
循环创建
                String[] dependsOn = mbd.getDependsOn();
                if (dependsOn != null) {
                    for (String dependsOnBean : dependsOn) {
                        if (isDependent(beanName, dependsOnBean)) {
                            throw new BeanCreationException("Circular
depends-on relationship between '" +
                                   beanName + "' and '" + dependsOnBean +
"'");
                        registerDependentBean(dependsOnBean, beanName);
                        getBean(dependsOnBean);
                    }
                }
                // Create bean instance.创建bean实例
                if (mbd.isSingleton()) {
                    sharedInstance = getSingleton(beanName, new
ObjectFactory<Object>() {
                        @Override
                        public Object getObject() throws BeansException {
                            try {
                                return createBean(beanName, mbd, args);
```

```
catch (BeansException ex) {
                                // Explicitly remove instance from singleton
cache: It might have been put there
                                // eagerly by the creation process, to allow
for circular reference resolution.
                                // Also remove any beans that received a
temporary reference to the bean.
                                destroySingleton(beanName);
                                throw ex;
                    });
                    bean = getObjectForBeanInstance(sharedInstance, name,
beanName, mbd);
                else if (mbd.isPrototype()) {
                    // It's a prototype -> create a new instance.
                    Object prototypeInstance = null;
                    try {
                        beforePrototypeCreation(beanName);
                        prototypeInstance = createBean(beanName, mbd, args);
                    finally {
                        afterPrototypeCreation(beanName);
                    bean = getObjectForBeanInstance(prototypeInstance, name,
beanName, mbd);
                else {
                    String scopeName = mbd.getScope();
                    final Scope scope = this.scopes.get(scopeName);
                    if (scope == null) {
                        throw new IllegalStateException("No Scope registered
for scope '" + scopeName + "'");
                    try
                        Object scopedInstance = scope.get(beanName, new
ObjectFactory<Object>() {
                            public Object getObject() throws BeansException
{
                                beforePrototypeCreation(beanName);
                                try {
                                    return createBean(beanName, mbd, args);
                                finally {
                                    afterPrototypeCreation(beanName);
                            }
                        });
                        bean = getObjectForBeanInstance(scopedInstance,
name, beanName, mbd);
                    catch (IllegalStateException ex) {
                        throw new BeanCreationException(beanName,
                                "Scope '" + scopeName + "' is not active for
the current thread; " +
                                "consider defining a scoped proxy for this
bean if you intend to refer to it from a singleton",
                                ex);
                    }
                }
            catch (BeansException ex) {
                cleanupAfterBeanCreationFailure(beanName);
                throw ex;
            }
        }
        // Check if required type matches the type of the actual bean
instance.
```

# DefaultSingletonBeanRegistry:

```
/** Cache of singleton objects: bean name -->
bean instance */
private final Map < String, Object>
singletonObjects = new
ConcurrentHashMap < String, Object>(64);
```

getSingleton方法;

```
public Object getSingleton(String beanName, ObjectFactory<?>
singletonFactory) {
        Assert.notNull(beanName, "'beanName' must not be null");
        synchronized (this.singletonObjects) {
               //先从一个地方将这个beanget出来
            Object singletonObject = this.singletonObjects.get(beanName);
            if (singletonObject == null) {
                if (this.singletonsCurrentlyInDestruction) {
                    throw new BeanCreationNotAllowedException(beanName,
                            "Singleton bean creation not allowed while the
singletons of this factory are in destruction " +
                            "(Do not request a bean from a BeanFactory in a
destroy method implementation!)");
                if (logger.isDebugEnabled()) {
                   logger.debug("Creating shared instance of singleton bean
'" + beanName +
                beforeSingletonCreation(beanName);
                boolean recordSuppressedExceptions =
(this.suppressedExceptions == null);
                if (recordSuppressedExceptions) {
                    this.suppressedExceptions = new LinkedHashSet<Exception>
();
                try {
                    //创建bean
                    singletonObject = singletonFactory.getObject();
                catch (BeanCreationException ex) {
                    if (recordSuppressedExceptions) {
                        for (Exception suppressedException :
this.suppressedExceptions) {
                            ex.addRelatedCause(suppressedException);
                    }
```

```
throw ex;
}
finally {
    if (recordSuppressedExceptions) {
        this.suppressedExceptions = null;
    }
        afterSingletonCreation(beanName);
}
//添加创建的bean
    addSingleton(beanName, singletonObject);
}
return (singletonObject != NULL_OBJECT ? singletonObject :
null);
}
```

创建好的对象最终会保存在一个map中;

ioc容器之一:保存单实例bean的地方;

ioc就是一个容器, 单实例bean保存在一个map中;

```
Default Singlet on Bean Registry \hbox{-} singlet on Objects
```

----

BeanFactory和ApplicationContext的区别;

ApplicationContext是BeanFactory的子接口;

BeanFactory: bean工厂接口;负责创建bean实例;容器里面保存的所有单例bean其实是一个map;

Spring最底层的接口;

ApplicationContext: 是容器接口; 更多的负责容器功能的实现; (可以基于beanFactory 创建好的对象之上完成强大的容器)

容器可以从map获取这个bean,并且aop。di。在ApplicationContext接口的下的这些类里面;

BeanFactory最底层的接口,ApplicationContext留给程序员使用的ioc容器接口; ApplicationContext是BeanFactory的子接口; ApplicationContext

Spring里面最大的模式就是工厂模式;

<bean class=""></bean>

BeanFactory: bean工厂; 工厂模式; 帮用户创建bean