Online Appointment Scheduling System

1. Real-World Scenario and Business Logic

The system models a real-world online appointment scheduling service. It can be used by businesses like clinics, salons, and consulting firms to manage customer bookings.

Key Features:

- Users (customers) can create, view, update, and cancel their appointments.
- Admins (service providers) can view and manage all appointments.
- Appointment data includes customer information (name, contact), appointment date/time, and service type.
- Simple login functionality to differentiate between Admin and User.

Business Logic:

- Customers can schedule available time slots.
- Double-booking for the same time slot is not allowed.
- Admins can open or block specific time slots.
- All appointment information is stored persistently.

2. OOP Design (Interface, Abstract Class, Inheritance)

Class Structure:

- Interface: Schedulable
 - Defines common methods for scheduling (e.g., bookAppointment(), cancelAppointment()).
- Abstract Class: Person
 - Attributes: name, email
 - Common methods: getName(), getEmail()
- Concrete Classes:
 - Customer (extends Person)
 - Admin (extends Person)
- Other Classes:
 - Appointment
 - Attributes: appointmentID, customer, serviceType, date, time
 - AppointmentManager
 - Manages the list of all appointments (ArrayList)
 - Handles CRUD operations

- Custom Exceptions
 - DoubleBookingException (extends Exception)
 - InvalidAppointmentException (extends Exception)

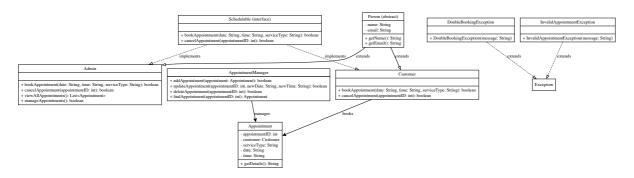
• Polymorphism:

- Customer and Admin are treated as Person type.
- bookAppointment() method behavior varies between Customer and Admin.

• Method Overloading and Overriding:

- Overloading in AppointmentManager (e.g., findAppointment(int id), findAppointment(String email))
- Overriding toString() in Appointment, Customer, etc.

UML Diagram



3. GUI Window Design and Features

The system will use **Java Swing** to build a user-friendly interface.

Main Window Components:

• Tabs:

- Customer Portal
- Admin Portal

• Input Fields:

- Name (JTextField)
- Email (JTextField)
- Date (JTextField)
- Time (JTextField)
- Service Type (JComboBox)

Buttons:

- Create Appointment (JButton)
- Update Appointment (JButton)
- Cancel Appointment (JButton)
- View Appointments (JButton)

• Display Area:

JTable listing all scheduled appointments.

Temporary Dialogs:

• For updating appointment information.

User Experience Features:

- Input validation with pop-up error messages (e.g., empty fields, invalid time format).
- Confirmation messages after successful operations.
- Exception handling for double bookings and invalid data.



4. File I/O Design

Data Storage:

- Use a text file (appointments.txt) to store all appointment data.
- Each appointment saved in a line (e.g., CSV format).

Loading Data:

• When the program starts, AppointmentManager will read from appointments.txt and populate the ArrayList.

Saving Data:

• When the program exits, AppointmentManager writes the current state of appointments back into appointments.txt.

Sample Line Format:

1, John Doe, john@example.com, Haircut, 2025-05-01, 14:00

Error Handling:

- Catch file not found and IO exceptions.
- Validate data integrity during file loading.