**Exercise: Defining Classes**

Problems for exercise and homework for the ["C# Advanced" course @ Software University](https://softuni.bg/courses/csharp-advanced).  
You can check your solutions here: <https://judge.softuni.bg/Contests/1479/Defining-Classes-Exercise>

* **Define a Class Person**

**NOTE**: You need a **StartUp** class with the namespace **DefiningClasses**.

Define a class **Person** with **private** fields for **name** and **age** and **public** properties **Name** and **Age**.

**Bonus\***

Try to create a few objects of type Person:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Name** | **Age** |
| Peter | 20 |
| George | 18 |
| Sam | 43 |

Use both the inline initialization and the default constructor.

* **Creating Constructors**

**NOTE**: You need a **StartUp** class with the namespace **DefiningClasses**.

Add **3** constructors to the **Person** class from the last task. Use constructor chaining to reuse code:

* The **first** should take **no arguments** and produce a person with name "**No name**" and **age** **= 1**.
* The **second** should accept only an integer **number** for the **age** and produce a person with name "**No name**" and **age** equal to the passed **parameter**.
* The **third** one should accept a **string** for the **name** and an integer for the **age** and should produce a person with the given **name** and **age**.
* **Oldest Family Member**

Use your **Person** **class** from the previous tasks. Create a class **Family**. The class should have a **list of people**, a method for adding members - **void AddMember(Person member)** and a method returning the oldest family member– **Person GetOldestMember()**. Write a program that reads the names and ages of **N** people and **adds them to the family**. Then **print** the **name** and **age** of the oldest member.

**Examples**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| 3  Peter 3  George 4  Annie 5 | Annie 5 |
| 5  Steve 10  Christopher 15  Annie 4  Ivan 35  Maria 34 | Ivan 35 |

* **Opinion Poll**

Using the **Person** class, write a program that reads from the console **N** lines of personal information and then prints all people, whose **age** is **more than 30** years, **sorted in alphabetical order**.

**Examples**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| 3  Peter 12  Sam 31  Ivan 48 | Ivan - 48  Sam - 31 |
| 5  Niki 33  Yord 88  Teo 22  Lily 44  Stan 11 | Lily - 44  Niki - 33  Yord - 88 |

* **Date Modifier**

Create a class **DateModifier**, which stores the difference of the days between two dates. It should have a method which takes **two string parameters** **representing a date** as strings and **calculates** thedifference in the days between them.

**Examples**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| 1992 05 31  2016 06 17 | 8783 |
| 2016 05 31  2016 04 19 | 42 |

* **Speed Racing**

Write a program that keeps track of **cars** and their **fuel** and supports methods for **moving** the cars. Define a class **Car**. Each Car has the following properties:

* **string Model**
* **double FuelAmount**
* **double FuelConsumptionPer**K**ilometer**
* **double Travelled distance**

A car’s model is **unique** - there will never be 2 cars with the same model. On the first line of the input, you will receive a number **N** – the **number** of **cars** you need to track. On each of the next **N** lines, you will receive information about a car in the following format:

**"{model} {fuelAmount} {fuelConsumptionFor1km}"**

All **cars start at 0 kilometers traveled**. After the **N** lines, until the command **"End"** is received, you will receive commands in the following format:

"**Drive {carModel} {amountOfKm}**"

Implement a method in the **Car** class to calculate whether or not a car can **move** that **distance**. If it can, the car’s **fuel amount** should be **reduced** by the amount of **used** **fuel** and its **traveled** **distance** should be increased by the number of the **traveled kilometers**. Otherwise, the car should not move (its fuel amount and the traveled distance should stay the same) and you should print on the console:

"**Insufficient fuel for the drive**"

After the "**End**" command is received, print **each car** and its **current fuel amount** and the **traveled** **distance** in the format:

**"{model} {fuelAmount} {distanceTraveled}**"

Print the fuel amount formatted **two digits** after the decimal separator.

**Examples**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| 2  AudiA4 23 0.3  BMW-M2 45 0.42  Drive BMW-M2 56  Drive AudiA4 5  Drive AudiA4 13  End | AudiA4 17.60 18  BMW-M2 21.48 56 |
| 3  AudiA4 18 0.34  BMW-M2 33 0.41  Ferrari-488Spider 50 0.47  Drive Ferrari-488Spider 97  Drive Ferrari-488Spider 35  Drive AudiA4 85  Drive AudiA4 50  End | Insufficient fuel for the drive  Insufficient fuel for the drive  AudiA4 1.00 50  BMW-M2 33.00 0  Ferrari-488Spider 4.41 97 |

* **Raw Data**

Write a program that tracks **cars** and their **cargo**. Define a class **Car** that holds an information about **model, engine, cargo** and a **collection of exactly 4 tires**. The **engine**, **cargo** and **tire** shouldbe **separate classes**. Create a **constructor** that receives all of the information about the **Car** and creates and **initializes** its inner **components** (**engine**, **cargo** and **tires**).

On the first line of input, you will receive a number **N** - the number of cars you have. On each of the next **N** lines, you will receive an information about each car in the format:

"**{model} {engineSpeed} {enginePower} {cargoWeight} {cargoType} {tire1Pressure} {tire1Age} {tire2Pressure} {tire2Age} {tire3Pressure} {tire3Age} {tire4Pressure} {tire4Age}"**

The **speed**, **power**, **weight** and **tire age** are **integers** and **tire** **pressure** is a **double.**

After the **N** lines, you will receive a single line with one of the following commands:

* "**fragile**" - print all cars whose **cargo** is **"fragile"** with **a tire**, whose **pressure is** **< 1**
* "**flamable**" - print all of the cars, whose **cargo** is **"flamable"** and have **engine power > 250**

The cars should be printed in order of appearing in the input.

**Examples**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| 2  ChevroletAstro 200 180 1000 fragile 1.3 1 1.5 2 1.4 2 1.7 4  Citroen2CV 190 165 1200 fragile 0.9 3 0.85 2 0.95 2 1.1 1  fragile | Citroen2CV |
| 4  ChevroletExpress 215 255 1200 flamable 2.5 1 2.4 2 2.7 1 2.8 1  ChevroletAstro 210 230 1000 flamable 2 1 1.9 2 1.7 3 2.1 1  DaciaDokker 230 275 1400 flamable 2.2 1 2.3 1 2.4 1 2 1  Citroen2CV 190 165 1200 fragile 0.8 3 0.85 2 0.7 5 0.95 2  flamable | ChevroletExpress  DaciaDokker |

* **Car Salesman**

Define two classes **Car** and **Engine.**

**Car** has the following properties:

* **Model**
* **Engine**
* **Weight**
* **Color**

Engine has the following properties:

* **Model**
* **Power**
* **Displacement**
* **Efficiency**

A Car’s **weight** and **color** and its Engine’s **displacement** and **efficiency** are **optional**.

On the first line, you will read a number **N,** which will specify how many lines of engines you will receive. On each of the next **N** lines, you will receive information about an **Engine** in the following format:

**"{model} {power} {displacement} {efficiency}"**

After the lines with engines, you will receive a number **M**. On each of the next **M** lines, an information about a **Car** will follow in the format:

**"{model} {engine} {weight} {color}"**

The engine will be the **model of an existing** **Engine**. When creating the object for a **Car**, you should keep a **reference to the real engine** in it, instead of just the engine’s model. Note that the optional properties **might be missing** from the formats.

Your task is to **print** all the **cars** in the order they were received and their information in the format defined bellow. If any of the optional fields is missing, print "**n/a**" in its place:

**{CarModel}:  
 {EngineModel}:  
 Power: {EnginePower}  
 Displacement: {EngineDisplacement}  
 Efficiency: {EngineEfficiency}  
 Weight: {CarWeight}  
 Color: {CarColor}**

**Bonus\***

Override the classes’ **ToString()** methods to have a reusable way of displaying the objects.

**Examples**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| 2  V8-101 220 50  V4-33 140 28 B  3  FordFocus V4-33 1300 Silver  FordMustang V8-101  VolkswagenGolf V4-33 Orange | FordFocus:  V4-33:  Power: 140  Displacement: 28  Efficiency: B  Weight: 1300  Color: Silver  FordMustang:  V8-101:  Power: 220  Displacement: 50  Efficiency: n/a  Weight: n/a  Color: n/a  VolkswagenGolf:  V4-33:  Power: 140  Displacement: 28  Efficiency: B  Weight: n/a  Color: Orange |
| 4  DSL-10 280 B  V7-55 200 35  DSL-13 305 55 A+  V7-54 190 30 D  4  FordMondeo DSL-13 Purple  VolkswagenPolo V7-54 1200 Yellow  VolkswagenPassat DSL-10 1375 Blue  FordFusion DSL-13 | FordMondeo:  DSL-13:  Power: 305  Displacement: 55  Efficiency: A+  Weight: n/a  Color: Purple  VolkswagenPolo:  V7-54:  Power: 190  Displacement: 30  Efficiency: D  Weight: 1200  Color: Yellow  VolkswagenPassat:  DSL-10:  Power: 280  Displacement: n/a  Efficiency: B  Weight: 1375  Color: Blue  FordFusion:  DSL-13:  Power: 305  Displacement: 55  Efficiency: A+  Weight: n/a  Color: n/a |

* **SoftUni Parking**

**Preparation**

Download the skeleton provided in Judge. **Do not** change the **StartUp** class or its **namespace**.

**Problem Description**

Your task is to create a repository, which stores cars by creating the classes described below.

First, write a C# class **Car** with the following properties:

* **Make: string**
* **Model: string**
* **HorsePower: int**
* **RegistrationNumber: string**

|  |
| --- |
| **public class** Car  {   *//* ***TODO: implement this class*** } |

The class' **constructor** should receive **make, model, horsePower** and **registrationNumber** and override the **ToString()** method in the following format:

**"Make: {make}"**

**"Model: {model}"**

**"HorsePower: {horse power}"**

**"RegistrationNumber: {registration number}"**

Write a C# class **Parking** that has **Cars** (a collection which stores the entity **Car**). All entities inside the class have the **same properties**.

|  |
| --- |
| **public class** Parking  {  *//* ***TODO: implement this class*** } |

The class' **constructor** should initialize the **Cars** with a new instance of the collection and accept **capacity** as a parameter**.**

Implement the following fields:

* Field **cars** – a **collection** that holds added cars.
* Field **capacity** – accessed only by the base class (responsible for the parking capacity).

Implement the following **methods**:

**AddCar(Car Car)**

The method first checks if there is already a car with the provided car registration number and if there is, the method returns the following message:

"Car with that registration number, already exists!"

Next checks if the count of the cars in the parking is more than the capacity and if it is returns the following message:

"Parking is full!"

Finally if nothing from the previous conditions is true it just adds the current car to the cars in the parking and returns the message:

"Successfully added new car {Make} {RegistrationNumber}"

**RemoveCar(string RegistrationNumber)**

Removes a car with the given registration number. If the provided registration number does not exist returns the message:

"Car with that registration number, doesn't exist!"

Otherwise, removes the car and returns the message:

"Successfully removed {registrationNumber}"

**GetCar(string RegistrationNumber)**

Returns the **Car** with the provided registration number.

**RemoveSetOfRegistrationNumber(List<string> RegistrationNumbers)**

A void method, which removes all cars that have the provided registration numbers. Each car is removed only if the registration number exists.

And the following **property**:

* **Count** **-** Returns the number of stored cars.

**Examples**

This is an example how the **Parking** class is **intended to be used**.

|  |
| --- |
| **Sample code usage** |
| var car = new Car("Skoda", "Fabia", 65, "CC1856BG");  var car2 = new Car("Audi", "A3", 110, "EB8787MN");  Console.WriteLine(car.ToString());  //Make: Skoda  //Model: Fabia  //HorsePower: 65  //RegistrationNumber: CC1856BG  var parking = new Parking(5);  Console.WriteLine(parking.AddCar(car));  //Successfully added new car Skoda CC1856BG  Console.WriteLine(parking.AddCar(car));  //Car with that registration number, already exists!  Console.WriteLine(parking.AddCar(car2));  //Successfully added new car Audi EB8787MN  Console.WriteLine(parking.GetCar("EB8787MN").ToString());  //Make: Audi  //Model: A3  //HorsePower: 110  //RegistrationNumber: EB8787MN    Console.WriteLine(parking.RemoveCar("EB8787MN"));  //Successfullyremoved EB8787MN  Console.WriteLine(parking.Count); //1 |

**Submission**

Zip all the files in the project folder except **bin** and **obj** folders.