## Objective of the Lab/Program

The program will first print an unsorted array, then arrange them in descending order and finally print the assorted array

## **Assembly Source Codes**

```
.data
array: .word 10, 22, 45, 80, 60, 82, 77, 63, 25, 93
arraysort: .word
size: .word 10
unsort: .asciiz "Unsorted array: "
sort: .asciiz "\nSorted array: "
space: .asciiz " "
.text
#defining variables
move $t4, $0
                               #printing counter
la $t0, array
                               #Contains the array
lw $t1, 0($t0)
                               #temp 1
lw $t2, 4($t0)
                               #temp2
li $t3, 0
                               #inside counter
li $t5, 0
                               #outside counter
#printing the unsorted array
la $a0, unsort
li $v0, 4
syscall
fake_print:
beq $t4, 10, start
                               #check if all numbers in the array are printed
                               #pointer pointing to a specific index of an array
lw $a0, ($t0)
li $v0, 1
syscall
la $a0, space
li $v0, 4
syscall
addi $t4, $t4, 1
addi $t0, $t0, 4
```

```
j fake_print
start:
subi $t0, $t0, 40
move $t4, $0
loop:
beq $t3, 10, iterdone
       blt $t1, $t2, swap
       addi $t0,$t0,4
       lw $t1,0($t0)
       lw $t2,4($t0)
       addi $t3, $t3, 1
       j loop
swap:
sw $t1, 4($t0)
                                                                            \#array[x+1] =
$t1
sw $t2, 0($t0)
                                                                            \#array[x] =
$t2
addi $t0, $t0, 4
                                                                            #increase
index of array by 1
lw $t1, 0($t0)
                                                                            #$t1=
array[counter]
lw $t2, 4($t0)
       #$t1=array[counternum+1]
addi $t3, $t3, 1
                                                                            #add 1 to the
counter.
j loop
#Excute after an entire 10 loops occur
iterdone:
subi $t0, $t0, 40
                                                                            #Reset array
to index 0
lw $t1, 0($t0)
                                                                            #set $t1 back
to array[1]
lw $t2, 4($t0)
                                                                            #set $t2 back
to array[2]
move $t3, $0
                                                                            #set inner
counter to 0
beq $t5, 10, printing_loop
                                                                     #stops looping and
prints array if it had looped 10 times
addi $t5, $t5,1
                                                                            #add 1 to
outer coutner
```

```
j loop
#print string
printing_loop:
la $a0, sort
li $v0, 4
syscall
real_print:
beq $t4, 10, exit
                               #check if all numbers in the array are printed
lw $a0, ($t0)
                                #pointer pointing to a specific index of an array
li $v0, 1
syscall
la $a0, space
li $v0, 4
syscall
addi $t4, $t4, 1
addi $t0, $t0, 4
j real_print
exit:
li $v0, 10 #terminate program
syscall
```

## Screen shot of the results

```
-- program is finished running --

Unsorted array: 10 22 45 80 60 82 77 63 25 93

Sorted array: 93 82 80 77 63 60 45 25 22 10

-- program is finished running --
```

## **Conclusion and References**

The program uses the code created from lab 4 to print the array and then utilizes bubble sorting to sort the array.