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Final Report

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I. Introduction

This report concerns the final project for the course Principles of Software Development, for the University of Luxembourg. The main idea of the project is to create an application for android-type devices (smartphones), named City Rally. We did the project by using Google Maps API, and creating 3 mini games for the challenges. There are a total of 6 places to go to, therefore each puzzle to be solved twice. The puzzles are : a Tic-tac-toe game played against an AI; a Memory game where the size of the memory and the places of the cards are random; and a Millionnaire game where you have to answer 4 out of 5 questions correctly using the helplines proposed.

II. City Rally : the app

1. Classes

A. Activity Classes

Before telling you about the individual classes, there are a couple of things that are true for all classes :

- When calling the database, we call the worker class to do it in the background in order to not freeze the app while the app is loading or saving.
- There are a couple of functions which have the same name and called for every activity :
 - initUIFields : initializes the layout fields
 - linkNavigationButtons : creates onclicklisteners for the buttons
 - initDatabase : (only for classes which use the database) initializes the database, sometimes loads the contents of it
 - makeText : creates a toaster message (This app relies heavily on toasters as we found it was the simplest and most convenient way to return a result from something

a/ Main Activity

This is the activity when the app starts. Here we have nothing special : a background image showing Luxembourg, and a couple of buttons, which link you to other activities : Play game launches either How to play activity or GoogleMapAppActivity depending if you already have a save file or not. Delete local database simply creates your save game and you'll start off from the beginning again. (This is good if you want to replay the game, or if you want to show other people the app and start over).

b/ GoogleMapApp Activity

This is the main interface of the game. Here you have the google maps API, that shows where you are (with the “man with the map” icon, where you have to go with the “puzzle” icon, and a line between you two); and the buttons that link you to other activities : “Solve a puzzle” links you to one of the 3 puzzle activities depending on which place you are at; “What's here” calls InfoActivity to display information about the place; and “Show hints” show the hints you've already discovered from the puzzle games.

When this activity is launched, it loads a save game or starts a new game depending on the save file; initializes google maps and draws the Puzzle icon. Please note that your location will update only when you start moving, therefore when you start the app and aren't moving, only the puzzle icon where you have to go will be visible.

c/ How to play activity

This activity is launched automatically if no save file was found; or if the user clicks on the how to play button in the main menu.

It simply displays the instructions to play the game and the only button to be clicked launches the main

interface.

d/ Info Activity

This activity is called from the GoogleMapAppActivity, and displays simply information about the place you have to visit currently. GoogleMapAppActivity sends information to it regarding which current place to show, using a Bundle.

e/ PuzzleMillionnaireActivity

This puzzle plays a game of “Who wants to be a millionaire” where you have 3 helplines in total to help you answer 4 out of 5 questions correctly. Note that with the helpline “Ask the public”, the computer randomly generates an answer (since we have no public) : 7/10 times it will tell you the correct answers (so you never know for sure...).

f/ PuzzleMemory Activity

This puzzle lets you play a game of memory; where you have to solve a puzzle in a number of turns (depending on the size of the puzzle). The size of the puzzle is random from 4*4 to 6*6 and the location of the cards are also random.

g/ Puzzle TicTacToe Activity

This puzzle lets you play a game of tic-tac-toe against the computer. The computer is really good and therefore there's only one way to win : Start from the left-upper corner, then the right-down corner, then the left-down corner and you can win by choosing one of the two solutions.

h/ Hints Activity

This activity is called from GoogleMapApp activity, and shows you the current hints you've already discovered from the puzzles. This is where you can solve the final question as well and win the game. The color of the words of the hints change as you discover more and more hints.

i/ TestActivity

This activity is called from the MainActivity and lets you test each feauture separately (to see if they work on their own). There's also a new feauture not included in the main game : TestDatabaseActivity

j/ DatabaseTestActivity

This activity lets you add any words you want to the database. This is made purely for debugging reasons (to show that the database works on its own); and is not included in the main game.

B. Communication Classes

These classes are about the communication between the database and the activities.

a/ OpenHelper

This class implements the following functions : create, flushTable, onCreate (calls create), onUpgrade; This activity creates the database, creates the tables, deletes them and upgrades them.

b/NumberPoints database

This class specifies the nature of the NumberPoints table in the database : it has a Primary key, a String

text and an Integer. The integer is not used; it is only there if we want to continue in this project and implement other puzzles where we might need an integer : for example, a High Score implementation of a specific puzzle, or a Score number for the hints, ...

c/ SQLiteNumberPointsDataSource

This is the class that the activities call upon if they want to use the database. Its functions are : Open (open database), Close (close database), DeleteTable (delete a table), CreateNumberPoints (create a new NumberPoints (see earlier) type input in the database), cursorToNumberPoints (used by this class to retrieve the information of the cursor), deleteNumberPoints (delete a row in the NumberPoints table), and getAllNumberPoints (which returns an array List of <NumberPoints> containing all the elements of the database. We didn't implement a function which returns only one element in the database because we don't use it in the database.

C. Database Classes

The SQLite database has been done very generically (every portion can be reused later if we want to add more things to the App later on, such as MySQL (online database), or other databases).

a/ SQLiteTableInterface and SQLiteColumnInterface

These are Interfaces for SQLiteTable and SQLiteColumns and just specify the type of functions they have to have.

b/ SQLiteColumn and SQLiteTable

These classes implement the interface functions and create Columns and Tables, validating the syntax of the queries and checking for errors in the syntax (and using SQLiteVerifier)

c/ SQLiteVerifier

This class verifies if everything is correct, without errors. SQLiteColumn and SQLiteTable use this class for verifying usual errors in the syntax of the queries.

d/ EmptyTableException

This is a custom exception class thrown when SQLite has an empty table.

D. Item Classes

a/ Card

This class is the basic representation of a card, for the memory puzzle game. It has x, y, the coordinate (position) of the card on the game; and the button for it.

b/ NumberPoints

This is the basic representation of NumberPoints, which is only a class with a String and an Int , to be saved in the database in the NumberPointsTable.

2. Content of the drawable folder

Here we have all the images we used to create the app ; which are :

- All the card images for the memory game
- The background for a couple of activities
- The main background (the City of Luxembourg as seen in MainActivity)
- x and o for the tic-tac-toe puzzle game
- different icons for the location markers (where you are and where you have to go)
- icons for a couple of puzzles

3. The android manifest

The android manifest had to be modified in order to install the Google API. We had to add the following permissions :

```
"com.pearsonarticles.googlemapapp.permission.MAPS_RECEIVE"  
"android.permission.INTERNET"  
"android.permission.WRITE_EXTERNAL_STORAGE"  
"com.google.android.providers.gsf.permission.READ_GSERVICES"  
"android.permission.ACCESS_NETWORK_STATE"  
"android.permission.ACCESS_COARSE_LOCATION"  
"android.permission.ACCESS_FINE_LOCATION"
```

Get the gms version (which for us is 6171000)

```
android:value="6171000"
```

And get a Google Account API key :

```
"com.google.android.maps.v2.API_KEY"
```

4. Layout

The layout has been created to work on a virtual device running on a computer with a resolution of 1980x1020, therefore on a smaller computer some positions for the buttons and/or text may be slightly misplaced.

5. Unit tests

By clicking on the Test button in the main menu, you can already test every feature individually; from saving and loading to the database to playing the puzzles and loading google maps.

III. How to play / possible errors

Once in the main interface (GoogleMapAppActivity), you are proposed a marker (Puzzle icon) to go to. The "Solve a puzzle" button is not enabled unless you are in the very close proximity of the place. Every time you move it updates your location marker (Man with a map icon) and updates the line between you and the puzzle. On the top right corner you can see the place you are supposed to go to (they are all famous places from Luxembourg), and you can check what's there by clicking the button below it : it will give you a brief summary of that place's interesting points. Once you have arrived to the destination, the "Solve a puzzle" becomes clear; you have to solve this puzzle in order to get the next marker and advance in the game. Every time you solve a puzzle, you get a word or two for the final question. The aim of the game is to answer the final question correctly, however you can most likely only know the purpose of the final question once you've visited all or most of the places. If you answer to the final question correctly, you win the game. There are in total 3 puzzles to be solved and 6 places to go to. Once you solve a puzzle, the marker updates itself and the Solve a puzzle button becomes disabled again.

Possible errors while trying to launch might be :

- the android GMS version for us is 6171000 but it is highly probable that you have a different version (in that case Logcat will tell you which version was expected, once the API crashes).
- For the Google API key, we used a key from our eclipse account, which most probably won't work if you try to launch on your computer. This is because in order to launch Google maps on a virtual device, you need to have Google account give you a special key, unique for your application on the computer and we need to get a new one every time we try to install it on a different computer.
- Google maps not showing : this might be an error of the virtual device not correctly installed or its version not supported by the application (We ran it on version 4.4)

IV. Conclusion

In this project we did a lot of things and learnt lots of important android-related principles, as well as Java principles, such as bundles and intents to be passed to other activities; SQLite databases, calling and saving in the database, "Worker" class, how to install Google maps API, and use it, how to create simple-graphical games; and most importantly how to organize a big application-project so as to not get lost in the code.

We didn't include GPS in the Google Maps API (We only draw lines from source to destination), because, working with Eclipse, the GPS library is completely independent from Google Maps. We would have to draw all the lines ourselves for every instruction from the GPS library, onto Google Maps; furthermore we don't know if the person is in a car, or on foot; which would require a lot of time to code and we don't think that was the objective of this project.