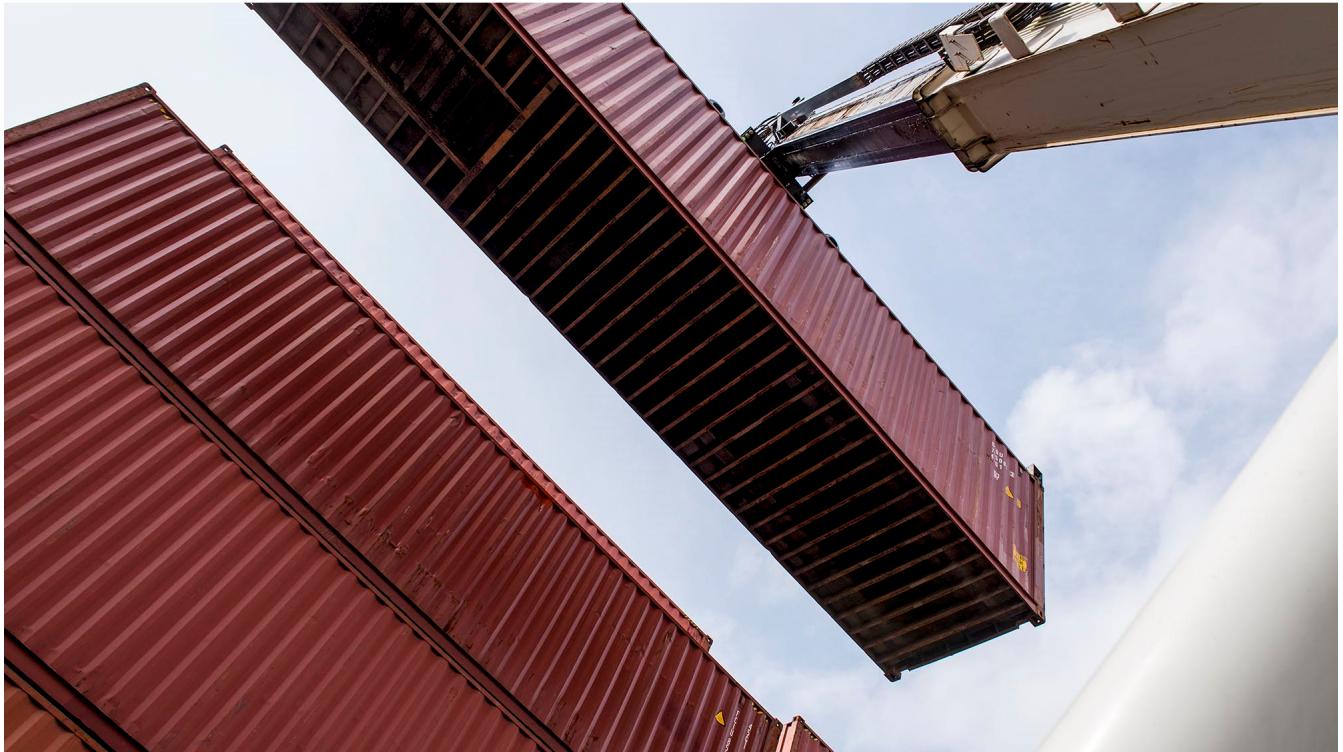


Lab Module 5a: Azure DevOps: Application Deployment to Kubernetes



Estimated Duration: 120 minutes

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[Exercise: Configure Azure DevOps](#)

[Exercise: Create Basic CI/CD Pipeline with Azure DevOps](#)

[Exercise: Create Complex Microservices CI/CD Pipelines Using Helm and Azure Key Vault](#)

Exercise: Configure Azure DevOps

Use this configuration to prepare Azure DevOps for either one of the following exercises.

Use the same ACR and AKS cluster you created for Lab 4.

Task 1 - Azure DevOps: Create an Azure DevOps account and Math Trick 3 project

1. If you don't already have access to an Azure DevOps account, navigate to: <http://dev.azure.com>
2. Click the **Start free** button.
3. Use the same email you used to create the **Azure Pass subscription** to create an account.
4. Login to your new account

Task 2 - Configure Billing



1. Select gear icon () **Organization settings**.

The screenshot shows the Azure DevOps 'Projects - Home' interface. On the left, there's a sidebar with organization navigation. A red box highlights the 'Organization settings' link under the 'What's new' section. The main area displays the 'FabrikamFiber01' organization, showing its projects: 'FabrikamFiber01', 'fabrikamfiber02', and 'fabrikamffiber'. Below these are links for '14 more organizations' and 'New organization'. At the bottom of the sidebar, another 'Organization settings' link is also highlighted with a red box.

2. Select **Billing**.

Azure DevOps

Organization Settings

Search Settings

General

- Overview
- Projects
- Users
- Billing**
- Auditing
- Global notifications
- Usage
- Extensions
- Azure Active Directory

3. Select **Set up billing**.

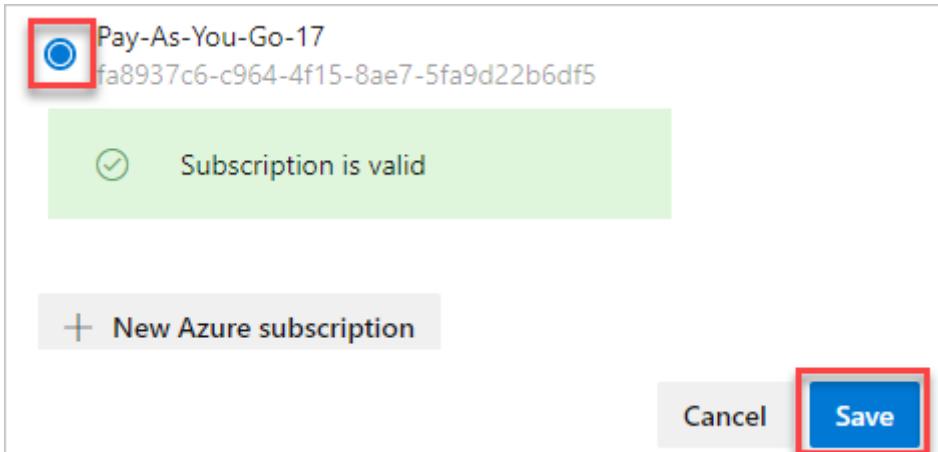
Billing

Billing has not been set up for this organization. Access will be available up to free tier limits.

[Set up billing](#)

Pipelines for private projects	Free	Paid parallel jobs
MS Hosted CI/CD <small>↗</small>	1800 minutes	0
Self-Hosted CI/CD <small>↗</small>	1	0
Visit parallel jobs for full details on free pipelines and public concurrency		
Boards, Repos and Test Plans	Free	
Basic users <small>↗</small>	5	
Basic + Test Plans <small>↗</small>	Start free trial	

4. Select your **Azure Pass Subscription**, and then select **Save**.



Task 3 - Create local git repo and ssh key

1. Open a shell and change into the **C:\k8s\Labs\MathTrick\Chained\MT3Chained-Web** folder.

```
cd C:\k8s\Labs\MathTrick\Chained\MT3Chained-Web
```

2. Initialize git and check in the source code.

```
git init  
git add .  
git commit -m "Initial check-in"
```

The shell should look like this:

```
PS C:\k8s\Labs\MathTrick\Chained\MT3Chained-Web> git init  
Initialized empty Git repository in C:/k8s/Labs/MathTrick/Chained/MT3Chained-Web/.git/  
PS C:\k8s\Labs\MathTrick\Chained\MT3Chained-Web> git add .  
PS C:\k8s\Labs\MathTrick\Chained\MT3Chained-Web> git commit -m "Initial check-in"  
[master (root-commit) 81ca456] Initial check-in  
 70 files changed, 40665 insertions(+)  
 create mode 100644 .dockerignore
```

3. Generate an SSH key (use your email)

```
ssh-keygen -C "myemail@mycompany.com"
```

```
PS C:\k8s\Labs\MathTrick\Chained\MT3Chained-Web> ssh-keygen -C "scubakiz@outlook.com"  
Generating public/private rsa key pair.  
Enter file in which to save the key (C:\Users\makizhne\.ssh/id_rsa):  
C:\Users\makizhne\.ssh/id_rsa already exists.  
Overwrite (y/n)? y  
Enter passphrase (empty for no passphrase):  
Enter same passphrase again:  
Your identification has been saved in C:\Users\makizhne\.ssh/id_rsa.  
Your public key has been saved in C:\Users\makizhne\.ssh/id_rsa.pub.  
The key fingerprint is:  
SHA256:fTfRG0xp49eGZ5NB/KefBkajsCF16zCcqVuzf8dJl/8 scubakiz@outlook.com  
The key's randomart image is:  
-----[RSA 3072]----+  
|          .o   |  
|     . . .*  |  
|    o + ..+.o |  
|   . X . o=oo |  
|    S @ +o++* |  
|   . = + ++*B |  
|    o . . +** |  
|   . . . *o  |  
|      . o E |  
-----[SHA256]-----+
```

Task 4 - Configure your Azure DevOps connection and create the project

1. Login to your Azure DevOps account.

The screenshot shows the Azure DevOps interface. At the top left is the 'Azure DevOps' logo. To its right is the project navigation bar with 'clusterinfo', 'Math Trick 3 - Chained', 'Overview', and 'Summary'. Below this is a card for 'Math Trick 3 - Chained' with a teal 'MC' icon. To the left of the main content area is a sidebar with a 'Math Trick 3 - Chained' card and an 'Overview' card. The main content area displays the title 'Math Trick 3 - Chained' in large bold letters.

2. Open your security settings by selecting your avatar in the upper right of the user interface. Select SSH public keys in the menu that appears.

The screenshot shows the user profile settings menu. At the top left is a search bar with a magnifying glass icon. To its right are icons for a grid, a shopping bag, a question mark, and a user profile with a gear icon. The user profile icon is highlighted with a red box. The menu items listed are: 'Preview features', 'Profile', 'Time and Locale', 'Notifications', 'Theme', 'Usage', 'Personal access tokens', 'SSH public keys' (which is highlighted with a red box), and 'Alternate credentials'.

3. Select + New Key.

Azure DevOps

User settings

- General
- About
- Time and Locale
- Notifications
- Theme
- Usage
- Security**
- Personal access tokens
- Alternate credentials
- SSH public keys**
- Authorizations

SSH Public Keys

Connect to your Git repos through SSH Public Keys when you can't use the recommended Git Credential Managers or Personal Access Tokens to securely connect to Azure DevOps. [Learn more.](#)

Compare the server fingerprint when you connect via Git to ensure you've connected to Azure DevOps. The fingerprint should match one of the following:

Server MD5 Fingerprint 97:70:33:82:fd:29:3a:73:39:af:6a:07:ad:f8:80:49 (RSA)
 Server SHA256 Fingerprint ohD8VZEXGWo6Ez8GSEJQ9WpafgLfsOfLOTGGQCQo6Og (RSA)



There are no SSH public keys added to your account on this organization.

Visit the [documentation](#) to learn how to generate your first SSH Key and select New Key to add it to your account.

4. Copy the contents of the public key (for example, id_rsa.pub) that you generated into the Public Key Data field. For example:

```
cat /home/mark/.ssh/id_rsa.pub
```

```
PS C:\k8s\Labs\MathTrick\Chained\MT3Chained-Web> cat C:\Users\makizhne\.ssh/id_rsa.pub
ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAQABAAQgQDJRqd613Tt9H39MxtSLT1vwrSygV8+HhtYazqrp9T5hWawBNA0Puy98sxeNJwx2OYWibIJ6oQlgPDRMq9P
6Nx+aD3CAhziYOnUK40qYlcXqHSNGTxUN5elt+p/+4MXVKLQyHBi0915uCw7Nh/19pCcCIppi88MrKkmOpZTfruu2f01/N7+Cs0eSjNaArs3j+GcrbwSwyg
qLUi6yfcEk+7Bv0GXdQj0aTkSpvofP2965xNpzTB2ufFm6PJLxsy02dgNsuitSVBjb7skw9FOJwthB6qadfhnacCjqCk0546aNasdtWyix3XpNeoLf7pfHi
OWaOLDs5R23GUSFJ6TS5hFyy591zPh5iKXl0+ALLzMaQNgnQw5kcYw8HRBnA25/avba8y6erLz+k3XRrl1jpmuQru2a3ZdYow1Z0TbUK1bK3d/PQX34DKQU
3eAFQFSsudq0fqabbM/EnTrxQZPr51F1FXBrHvP2DwnAeVbz+KSYd34cwGzoye/yslg02MM= scubakiz@outlook.com
```

Add New SSH Key

Name

Public Key Data

```
ssh-rsa  
AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAQABAAAQVwJf36apFBBCIcbrQGbB
```

Cancel **Add**

5. Return to the Project page by clicking on the Azure DevOps logo. Click the **+ New Project** button to create a new project. Call the project "Math Trick 3 - Chained". Select **Private** for visibility and keep all the other defaults.

The screenshot shows the Azure DevOps interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with the Azure DevOps logo, the current clusterinfo, and the project name 'Math Trick 3 - Chained' followed by links for Overview and Summary. Below this, on the left, is a sidebar with a 'Math Trick 3 - Chained' section containing a 'Overview' link. The main content area is titled 'Math Trick 3 - Chained' and displays various project details and metrics.

Task 5 - Create the Service Connection to ACR

1. On your Azure DevOps page, **Project setting** at the bottom of the side menu.
2. Select **Service connections** from the side menu. Click the **Create service connection** button.
3. Select **Docker Registry** from the available connection types
4. Select **Azure Container Registry** as the Registry type and login to your Azure account. Call the connection "**ACR Connection**" and save it.

New Docker Registry service connection X

Registry type

Docker Hub Others Azure Container Registry

Subscription

Visual Studio Enterprise (aa82959a-e39b-4359-97f5-39dc8ea1... ▾)

Azure container registry

kizsamples ▾

Task 6 - Create the Service Connection to AKS

1. On your Azure DevOps page, **Project setting** at the bottom of the side menu.
2. Select **Service connections** from the side menu. Click the **New service connection** button.
3. Select **Kubernetes**.
4. You can select Azure Subscription and login to your Azure account
5. Select your AKS cluster.
6. Select the **default** namespace.
7. As alternative, you can also copy and paste your **KubeConfig** file and select your context from there. This is useful if your Kubernetes cluster is not hosted in Azure.
8. Call the connection "**AKS Connection**" and save it.

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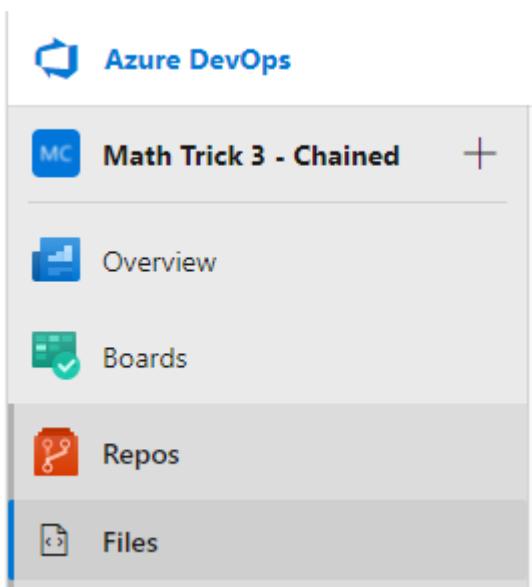
[List of Modules](#)

Exercise: Create Basic CI/CD Pipeline with Azure DevOps

This exercise will go through the basics of Azure DevOps and how to create CI/CD Pipelines for Docker containers and deploy them to an AKS cluster.

Task 1 - Create the repos for the source code

1. Select **Repos** from the side menu.



2. From the top Repos menu, click the down arrow and click "Manage Repositories".

A screenshot of the "Math Trick 3 - Chained" repository management interface. At the top left is the repository name "Math Trick 3 - Chained" with a dropdown arrow. To its right is a search bar containing the placeholder "Search". Below the search bar is a "Filter repositories" input field with a magnifying glass icon. A list of repositories is shown below, with one entry selected: "Math Trick 3 - Chained" (marked with a checkmark). Below this list are three buttons: "+ New repository", "Import repository", and "Manage repositories" (which is highlighted with a blue border).

3. Click the + Create button. Create a new repository called "MT3Chained-Web". **UNCHECK "Add a README"!**

Create a repository

X

Repository type

Git

Repository name *

MT3Chained-Web

Add a README

Add a .gitignore: None

4. Ensure that the new repo is selected

scubakiz-poc / Math Trick 3 - Chained / Repos / Files /  MT3Chained-Web

5. Select Repos again from the side menu.

6. Look for the **Push and existing repository from command line** section. Change to the **SSH** tab and copy the commands in that section by clicking the copy button:

Push an existing repository from command line

HTTPS SSH

git remote add origin git@ssh.dev.azure.com:v3/scubakiz-poc/Math%20Trick%203%20-%20Chained/MTChained-Step0



7. Go back to your Bash shell and paste those contents.

```
PS C:\k8s\Jobs\MathTrick\Chained\MT3Chained-Web> git push -u origin --all
Enumerating objects: 91, done.
Counting objects: 100% (91/91), done.
Delta compression using up to 8 threads
Compressing objects: 100% (87/87), done.
Writing objects: 100% (91/91), 904.40 KiB | 2.48 MiB/s, done.
Total 91 (delta 14), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
remote: Analyzing objects... (91/91) (1020 ms)
remote: Storing packfile... done (199 ms)
remote: Storing index... done (47 ms)
To ssh.dev.azure.com:v3/scubakiz-poc/Math%20Trick%203%20-%20Chained/Math%20Trick%203%20-%20Chained
 * [new branch]      master -> master
Branch 'master' set up to track remote branch 'master' from 'origin'.
```

8. On your Azure DevOps page, select Repos again from the side menu. You should see your files check in.

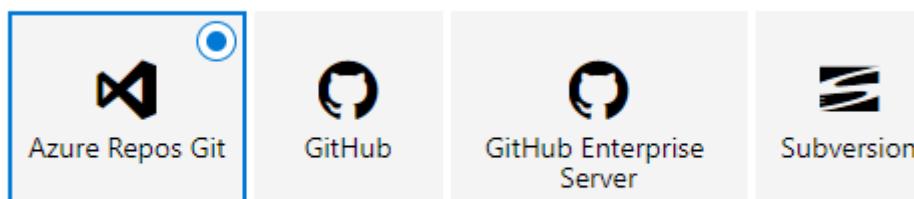
The screenshot shows the Azure DevOps repository interface for the 'MT3Chained-Web' repository. The left sidebar lists project structure: .vs, Pages, Properties, Services, and wwwroot. Below these are several files: .dockerignore, appsettings.Development.json, appsettings.json, Dockerfile, Dockerfile.original, and Dockerfile1.original. The right panel displays the 'Files' tab, which shows a list of files and folders in the 'master' branch. The list includes .vs, Pages, Properties, Services, wwwroot, .dockerignore, and appsettings.Development.json. The files are sorted by name.

Name
.vs
Pages
Properties
Services
wwwroot
.dockerignore
appsettings.Development.json
appsettings.json
Dockerfile
Dockerfile.original
Dockerfile1.original

Task 2 - Create the Build Pipeline

1. On your Azure DevOps page, select **Pipelines** from the side menu. Click the **Create Pipeline** button.
2. Select the **Use the classic editor to create a pipeline without YAML** option at the bottom.
3. Ensure the correct project and repo are selected and click **Continue**

Select a source



Team project

▼

Repository

▼

Default branch for manual and scheduled builds

▼

4. Select **Empty job** for the template.

5. Select **ubuntu-18.04** for the **Agent Specification**

Name *

Math Trick 3 - Chained-Web-CI

Agent pool [\(i\)](#) | [Pool information](#) | [Manage](#) [\[edit\]](#)

Azure Pipelines

Agent Specification *

ubuntu-18.04

6. Change the name of the pipeline to "Math Trick 3 - Chained-Web-CI"

7. Click on the **Variables** option at the top.

8. Add a new variable called **imagename** and set its value to "mt3chained-web"

Name ↑	Value
system.collectionId	0ff7482c-0545-4d48-8f58-687207d0c092
system.debug	false
system.definitionId	< No pipeline ID yet >
system.teamProject	Math Trick 3 - Chained
imagename	mt3chained-web

9. Click on the **Tasks** option at the top.
10. Click the + sign next to agent to add a task to the pipeline.
11. Search for "Docker" and select the **Docker** task.
12. Select the Service Connection you created earlier for you ACR in the **Container registry** field.
13. Enter "\$(imagename)" in the **Container repository** field
14. Change the *Command* to **build**.
15. Click the + sign again and search for the same **Docker** task.
16. Select the Service Connection you created earlier for you ACR in the **Container registry** field.
17. Enter "\$(imagename)" in the **Container repository** field
18. Change the *Command* to **push**
19. Click on the **Save & queue** button to run the pipeline
20. If everything worked correctly, your pipeline should complete successfully.

Pipelines

Recent All Runs

Recently run pipelines

Pipeline	Last run
 Math Trick 3 - Chained-Web-CI	#123 • Initial check-in Manually triggered for  master

21. Open the Azure portal. Go to your Container Registry.
22. Select **Repositories** and click on the image name you specified in your pipeline. You should see your newly created image in the repository:

mt3chained-web

...

Repository

 Refresh  Delete repository

^ Essentials

Repository : mt3chained-web

Last updated date : 9/5/2021, 5:21 PM MDT

 Search to filter tags ...

Tags ↑↓

123

23. It's best practice to always create an image tagged as "latest" whenever you build/push an image. This can be done in the same pipeline, at the same time, without any additional steps. All you have to do is specify an extra tag.

24. Return to your pipeline. Click the **Edit** button

25. Add "latest" to the list of tags for BOTH the *build* and *push* tasks.

Tags 

`$(Build.BuildId)`
latest

26. Before saving the pipeline, select **Triggers** on top menu.

27. Check "Enable continuous integration" checkbox. Leave all the other defaults in place

◀ MT3Chained-Web

- Enable continuous integration
- Batch changes while a build is in progress

Branch filters

Type	Branch specification
Include	 master

[+ Add](#)

Path filters

[+ Add](#)

28. Select "Save" (NOT Save & Queue) from the top menu.
29. Return to the shell of the MT3Chained-Web folder.
30. Create a simple file just to trigger a change

```
echo "Hello" > text.txt
```

31. Commit and push your changes.

```
git add .
git commit -m "Added test file"
git push
```

32. Back in Azure DevOps, your pipeline should start running automatically.



Math Trick 3 - Chained-Web-Cl

33. Wait a few minutes (without doing anything) and check you ACR in the Azure portal.
34. A new image with an updated build number should be there, along with the an image tagged as "latest"

mt3chained-web

...

Repository

Refresh Delete repository

^ Essentials

Repository : mt3chained-web

Last updated date : 9/5/2021, 5:44 PM MDT

Search to filter tags ...

Tags ↑↓

latest

125

124

123

You now have a complete Docker image build pipeline, that triggers automatically when you update your code.

Task 5 - Update the Deployment manifest in the Build Pipeline

Now that you have an image in your Azure Container Registry, it's time to create a Release pipeline to push it to AKS.

1. Go to your code folder on your local machine and open a file called **k8s-deployment.yaml** and examine the *containers:* section.

```
spec:  
  containers:  
    - name: mt3chained-web  
      image: somecontainerrepo/mt3chained-web:latest
```

Notice that a placeholder has been placed for the name of the container registry. This is likely not a valid registry, but it will be easy to find and replace with the name of a real one.

2. Edit your previous build pipeline.
3. Click the + sign next to the Agent and search for the **replace** task. Notice the "RegEx Match & Replace" task. This may be in the Marketplace section at the bottom if it's not already installed. Go ahead and click the **Get it free** button and install it.

The screenshot shows a task card for 'RegEx Match & Replace'. The title is 'RegEx Match & Replace' with a green '(*)' icon. Below the title is a description: 'Visual Studio Team Services Task to replace file content with a regex match'. A large 'Add' button is at the bottom right.

4. Click the ... in the **Path to File** field and select the k8s-deployment.yaml file from your code.
5. Enter "**somecontainerrepo**" in the **Regular Expression to use** field.
6. Enter the full name of your container registry (ie. kizacr.azurecr.io) in the **Replacement value** field.
7. In addition to the registry name, you need to replace the tag number in the yaml with the build id that was generated during the build.
8. Add another "RegEx Match & Replace" task. Select the same file. Set the following field values, without quotes, but include starting ":"
 - **Regular Expression to use** -> ":latest"
 - **Replacement value** -> "":\$(Build.BuildId)"
9. Now that the file has been updated, it needs to be saved as an *Artifact* so the Release pipeline can use it.
10. Click the + sign again and search for the **copy** task.
11. Select **Copy files** task.
12. Enter "\$(Build.SourcesDirectory)" in the **Source Folder** field.
13. Enter "*.yaml" in the **Contents** field. This will include all .yaml files in the root folder of your source code.
14. Enter "\$(Build.ArtifactStagingDirectory)" in the **Target Folder** field.
15. Click the + sign again and search for **publish build** task.
16. Select the "Publish build artifacts" task. You can accept all the default options.
17. Click the "Save & queue" button to launch a build.
18. When the build finishes, click on the build details

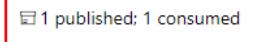
The screenshot shows the build history. The first build is highlighted with a red border. It has the following details:

- Description: #127 Added k8s yaml files
- Stages: One stage completed successfully.
- Trigger: Manually triggered by [user]
- Branch: master
- Commit: aec40053
- Timestamps: Started 4m ago, Completed 1m 10s ago

19. Look for a published artifact and click on it

Summary

Manually run by  Mark Kizhnerman

Repository and version	Time started and elapsed	Related	Tests and coverage
MT3Chained-Web master → aec40053	Today at 11:43 PM 1m 10s	0 work items  1 published: 1 consumed	

20. You should see the yaml files in the drop zip file.

← Artifacts

Published Consumed

Name
drop
k8s-deployment.yaml
k8s-service.yaml

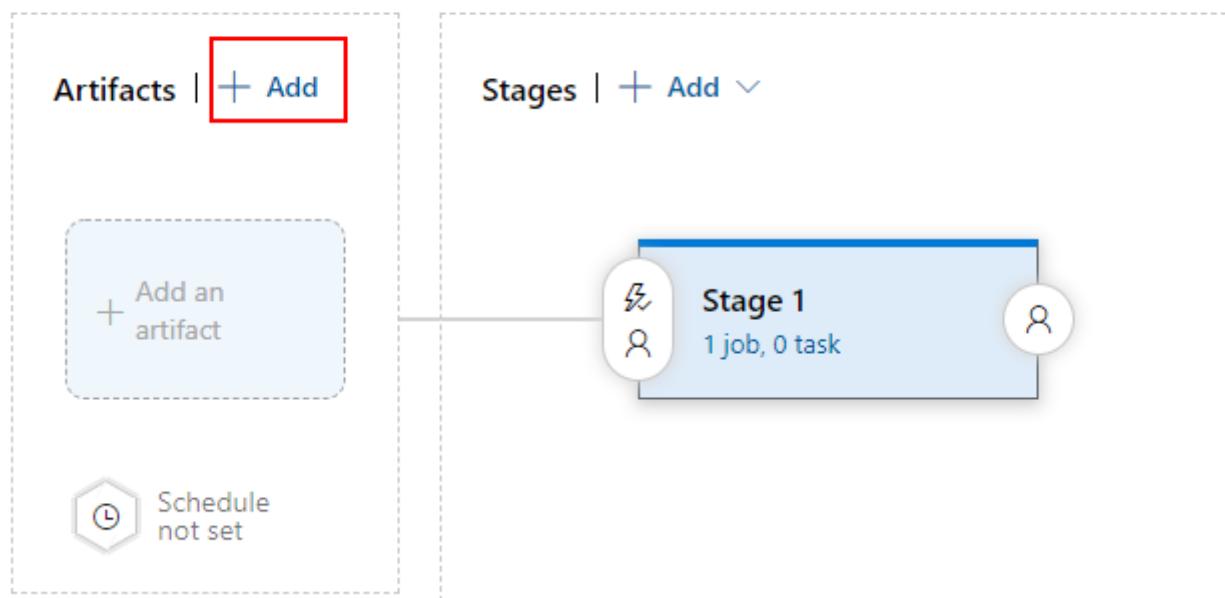
This *drop.zip* file is now available for the Release pipeline to apply to the Kubernetes cluster.

Task 6 - Create the Release Pipeline

1. Select **Pipelines** from the side menu.
2. Select **Releases** under it on the side menu.
3. Click the **New Pipeline** button.
4. Select the **Empty job** template.
5. Give the pipeline a meaningful name and click the **+ Add** button in the *Artifacts** section.

All pipelines > Math Trick 3 - Chained-Web-CD

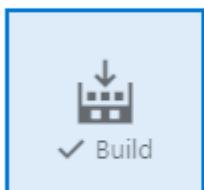
Pipeline Tasks ▾ Variables Retention Options History



6. Select the **Source (build pipeline)**. The other fields should automatically populate. Click the Add button.

Add an artifact

Source type



[5 more artifact types ▾](#)

Project * (i)

Math Trick 3 - Chained

Source (build pipeline) * (i)

Math Trick 3 - Chained-Web-CI

Default version * (i)

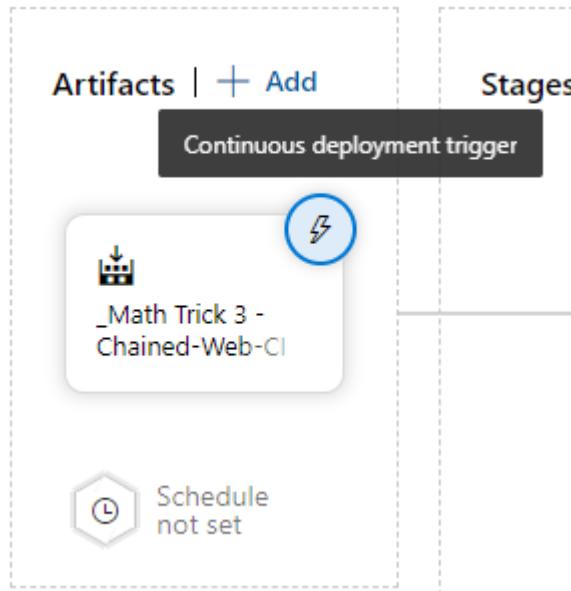
Latest

Source alias * (i)

_Math Trick 3 - Chained-Web-CI

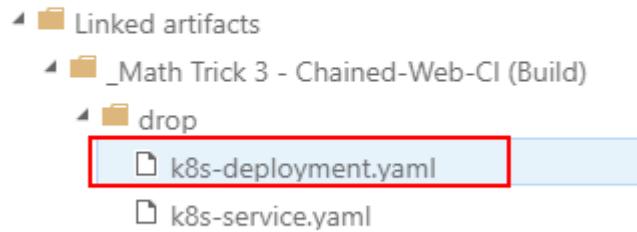
(i) The artifacts published by each version will be available for deployment in release pipelines. The latest successful build of **Math Trick 3 - Chained-Web-CI** published the following artifacts:
drop.

7. Click the lightning bolt in the upper-right corner of the artifact box to enable the "Continuous deployment trigger".



8. Enable the trigger. This will generate a release whenever the artifacts have been updated. Those artifacts are updated when the build pipeline completes. That pipeline triggers when code is updated. This completes the CI/CD sequence.
9. Under **Stage 1**, click the "1 job, 0 task" link.
10. Click the + button next to *Agent job*. Search for "kubectl". Select the **Kubectl** task.
11. Select your new service connection in the **Kubernetes service connection** dropdown.
12. Enter **default** in the **Namespace** field
13. Select **apply** from the **Command** dropdown
14. Check the **Use configuration** checkbox
15. Select "File path". Click "..." and pick the "k8s-deployment.yaml" file in from your drop artifact.

Select a file or folder



16. Your parameters should something like this:

Command (i)

apply

Use configuration (i)

Configuration type (i)

File path Inline configuration

File path * (i)

Browse File path ...

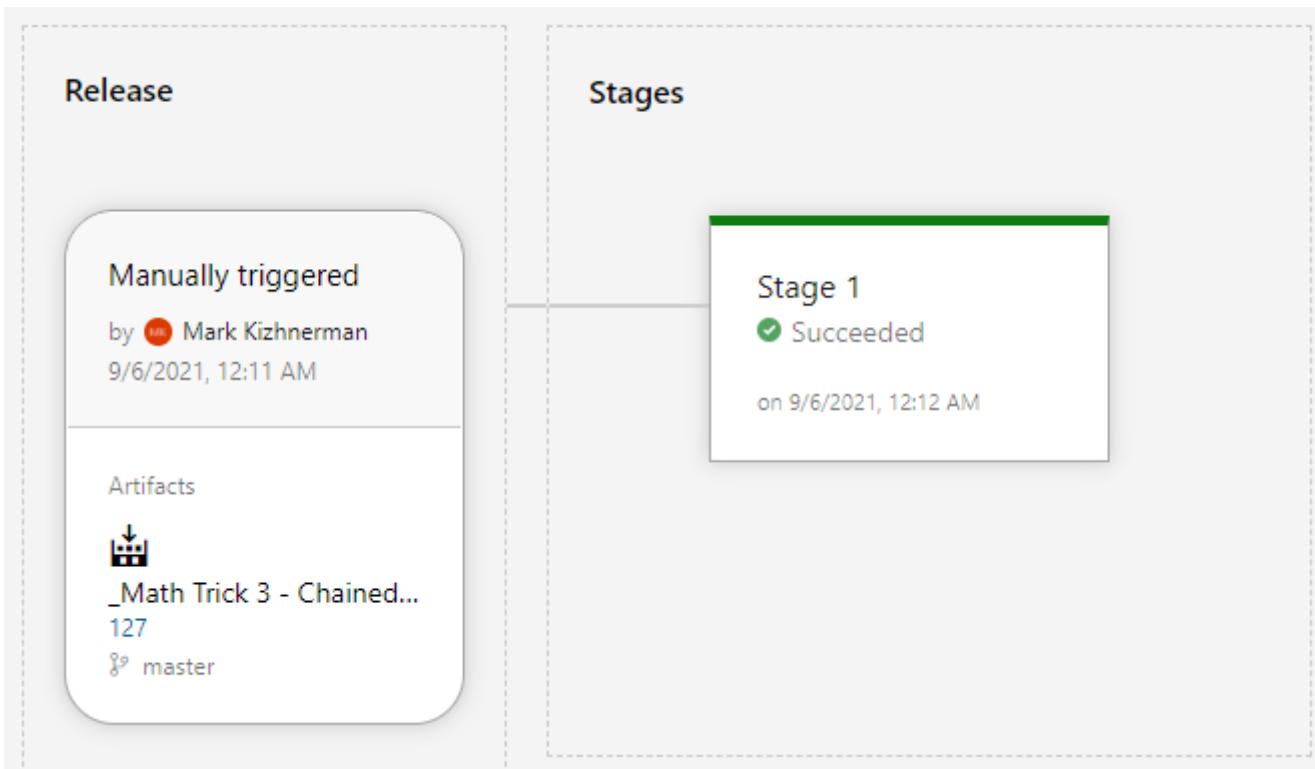
`$(System.DefaultWorkingDirectory)/_Math Trick 3 - Chained-Web-Cl/drop/k8s-deployment.yaml`

17. Click the + button again next to *Agent job*. Search for "kubectl". Select the **Kubectl** task.

18. Repeat the process above for the "k8s-service.yaml" file.

19. Save the pipeline. Click the **Create release** button.

20. If everything was set correctly, your release pipeline should look like this:



21. Open a shell and check your cluster for the expected resources:

```
kubectl get all
```

22. The results should look something like this:

PS C:\Users\makizhne> kubectl get all						
NAME		READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE	
pod/mt3chained-web-54bb58fdd-nbr8c		1/1	Running	0	3m15s	
NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE	
service/kubernetes	ClusterIP	10.0.0.1	<none>	443/TCP	30d	
service/mt3chained-web	LoadBalancer	10.0.216.53	20.81.48.177	80:30244/TCP	3m13s	
NAME		READY	UP-TO-DATE	AVAILABLE	AGE	
deployment.apps/mt3chained-web		1/1	1	1	3m15s	
NAME		DESIRED	CURRENT	READY	AGE	
replicaset.apps/mt3chained-web-54bb58fdd		1	1	1	3m15s	

23. Once the **EXTERNAL-IP** for the "service/mt3chained-web" has been assigned a value (you may have to wait a few minutes), open a browser and enter that IP address in your address bar:

Always Ends with 3 Math Trick



You pick a number and then perform the calculation steps below. After all the calculations have completed, your final result will always be 3, regardless of the number you picked.

Process:

Start by picking a number between 1 and 10.

Calculation Steps:

- Double the number.
- Add 9 to result.
- Subtract 3 from the result.
- Divide the result by 2.
- Subtract the original number from result.

Final result will always be 3.

Try it Yourself:

Final Result: **X**

Perform Calculations: **Start** Failure Rate: **5%**

Calculation Actions Performed:

Platform	Step	Calculation	Result

24. Verify that the correct image was deployed

```
kubectl get pods -o jsonpath=".items[*].spec.containers[*].image"
```

You should see the full name of the image:

```
kizacr.azurecr.io/mt3chained-web:129
```

25. Update the test text file you created earlier and check it. Wait a few minutes and verify the deployed container in AKS has automatically updated.

CONGRATULATIONS!!! You just built a full CI/CD pipeline from code to Kubernetes.

[Module 5a Table of Contents](#)

[List of Modules](#)

Exercise: Create Complex Microservices CI/CD Pipelines Using Helm and Azure Key Vault

Background

Before creating the Git repos for the calculation step microservices, it's important to understand how the code projects of these microservices are structured. Most of the .Net microservices access a common library called **MathTrickCore**. This is a separate solution, but is referenced by .Net "step" projects (except the NodeJS and Python microservices).

The file structure contains the following hierarchy:

```
..\MathTrick
  \Chained
    \MT3Chained-Step1
      \MT3Chained-Step1.csproj
    \MT3Chained-Step2
      \MT3Chained-Step2.csproj
    ...
  \Gateway
    \MT3Gateway-Step1
      \MT3Gateway-Step1.csproj
    \MT3Gateway-Step2
      \MT3Gateway-Step2.csproj
    ...
  \MathTrickCore
    \MathTrickCore.csproj
```

Notice how the **MathTrickCore** is located 2 levels higher than any of the microservices projects. This is an important consideration when working with the **Dockerfile**. Docker files cannot access folder higher up in a hierarchy than the current folder (ie. Dockerfiles do not support references like\file). That means for build process to work, the Dockerfile has to be run at the parent level (**\MathTrick**) so it can use that parent folder as its *context*:

```
# Executed in the parent folder: ..\Labs\MathTrick>

docker build -t "myacr.azurecr.io/mt3chained-step1:latest" --file "./Chained/MT3Chained-Step1/Dockerfile" .
```

To facilitate this type of build, the **Dockerfile** is setup to copy all of its files from the parent folder:

```
...

FROM mcr.microsoft.com/dotnet/sdk:5.0 AS build
WORKDIR /src
COPY ["./Chained/MT3Chained-Step1/MT3Chained-Step1.csproj", "./Chained/MT3Chained-Step1/"]
COPY ["./MathTrickCore/MathTrickCore.csproj", "./MathTrickCore/"]
RUN dotnet restore "./Chained/MT3Chained-Step1/MT3Chained-Step1.csproj"
COPY . .

FROM build AS publish
WORKDIR "/src/."
```

```
RUN dotnet publish "./Chained/MT3Chained-Step1/MT3Chained-Step1.csproj" -c Release -o /app/publish  
...
```

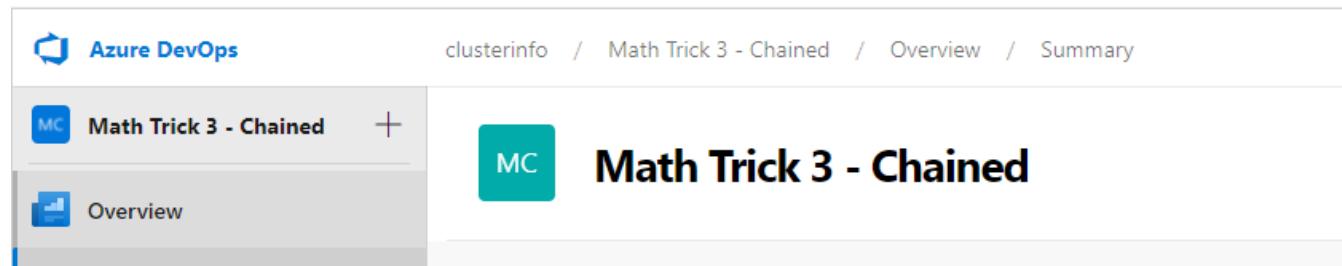
When you add all of these microservices to your Azure DevOps projects, the services will be in different repos, but most will reference the shared project. You'll have to keep this file structure in mind when you check out multiple repos when building the Docker images.

NOTE: This structure does not apply to the Web UI project and the non-.Net microservices. Those projects are self-contained.

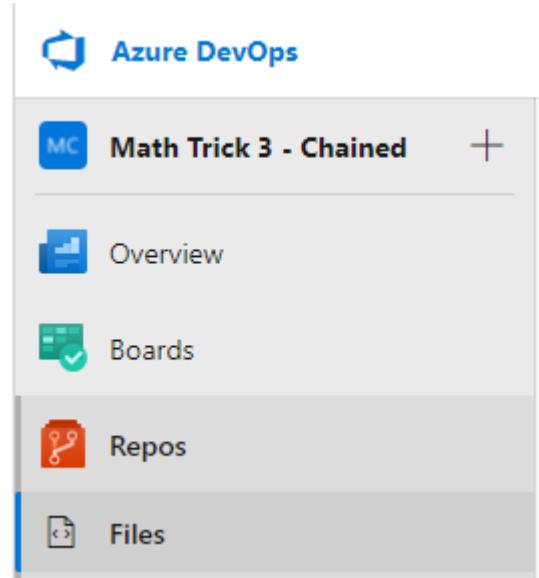
Task 1 - Create repos for the remaining microservices

In the previous exercise, you created an Azure DevOps Project and a repository for the Web microservice. In this exercise, you'll expand that same project and create repositories for each of the remaining services.

1. Open Azure DevOps and click on the project you created previously.



2. Select **Repos** from the side menu.



3. From the top Repos menu, click the down arrow and click "**Manage Repositories**".

4. Click the **+ Create** button. Create a new repository called "MT3Chained-Step1". **UNCHECK "Add a README"!**

Create a repository

X

Repository type



Git



Repository name *

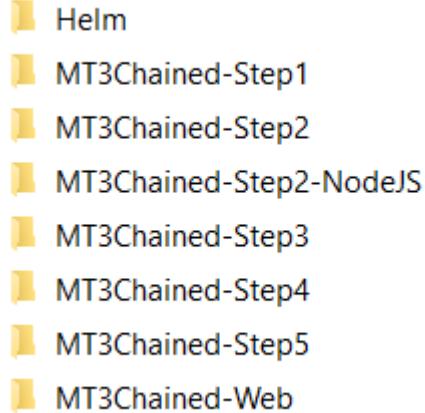
MT3Chained-Step1

Add a README

Add a .gitignore: None



5. Repeat the process for the other services, including the Node JS service, but excluding the *Helm* folder (for now).



6. Create an additional repo called "**MathTrickCore**". While you won't build this project directly, many of the other projects will need to reference it, so it should be in its own repo.

7. When you're done, your list should look like this:

All Repositories

Repositories Settings Policies Security

Math Trick 3 - Chained

MathTrickCore

MT3Chained-Step1

MT3Chained-Step2

MT3Chained-Step2-NodeJS

MT3Chained-Step3

MT3Chained-Step4

MT3Chained-Step5

MT3Chained-Web

8. Open a shell and change into the **C:\k8s\Lab\MathTrick\Chained\MT3Chained-Step1** folder.

```
cd C:\k8s\Lab\MathTrick\Chained\MT3Chained-Step1
```

9. Initialize git and check in the source code.

```
git init  
git add .  
git commit -m "Initial check-in"
```

10. Return back to the project. Select **Repos** from the side menu.

11. Ensure that the **MT3Chained-Step1** repo is selected at the top.

12. Look for the **Push and existing repository from command line** section. Change to the **SSH** tab and copy the commands in that section by clicking the copy button:

 Repos in your region may be impacted by a live site incident. Check the status here.

MT3Chained-Step1 is empty. Add some code!

Clone to your computer

HTTPS

SSH

git@ssh.dev.azure.com:v3/scubakiz-poc/Math%20Trick%203%20-%20Chained/MT3Chained-Step1



 Manage SSH Keys | Learn more about SSH

ⓘ Having problems authenticating in Git? Be sure to get the latest version [Git for Windows](#) or our [plugins for IntelliJ](#),

Push an existing repository from command line

HTTPS

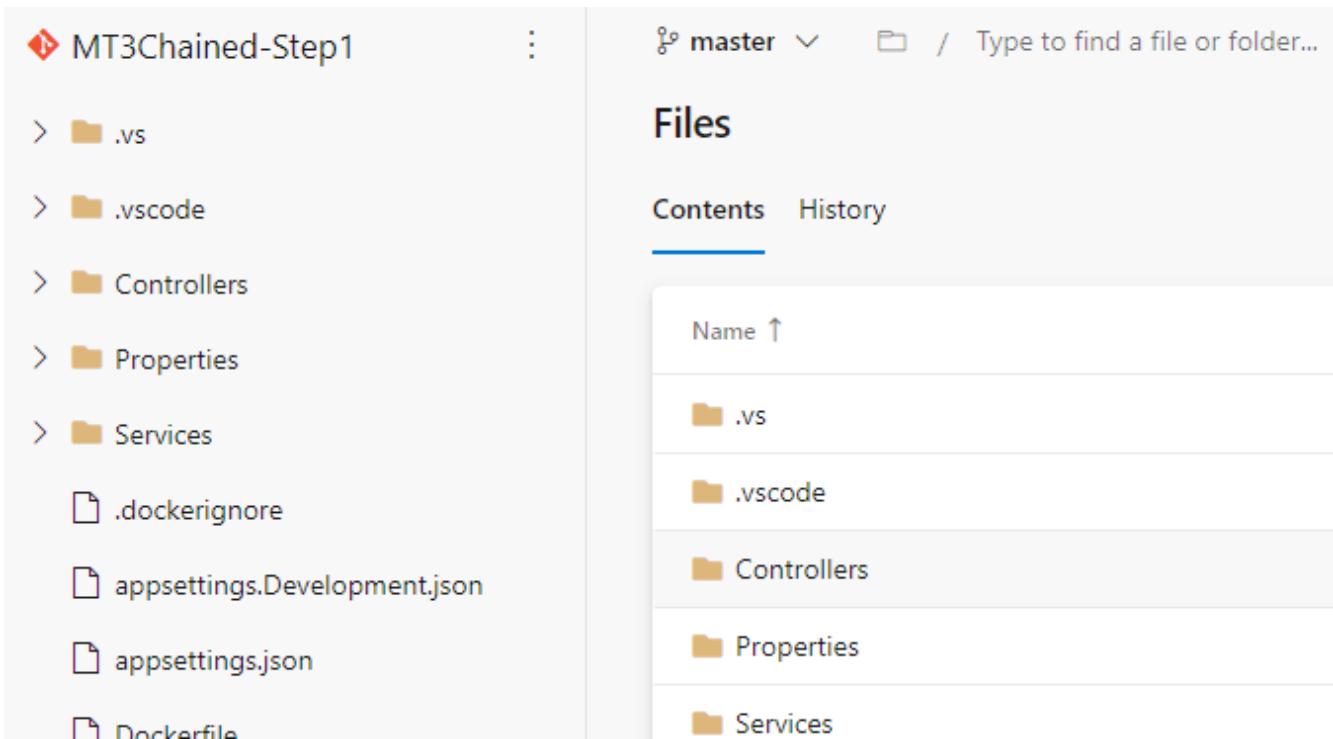
SSH

```
git remote add origin git@ssh.dev.azure.com:v3/scubakiz-poc/Math%20Trick%203%20-%20Chained/MT3Chained-Step1
```

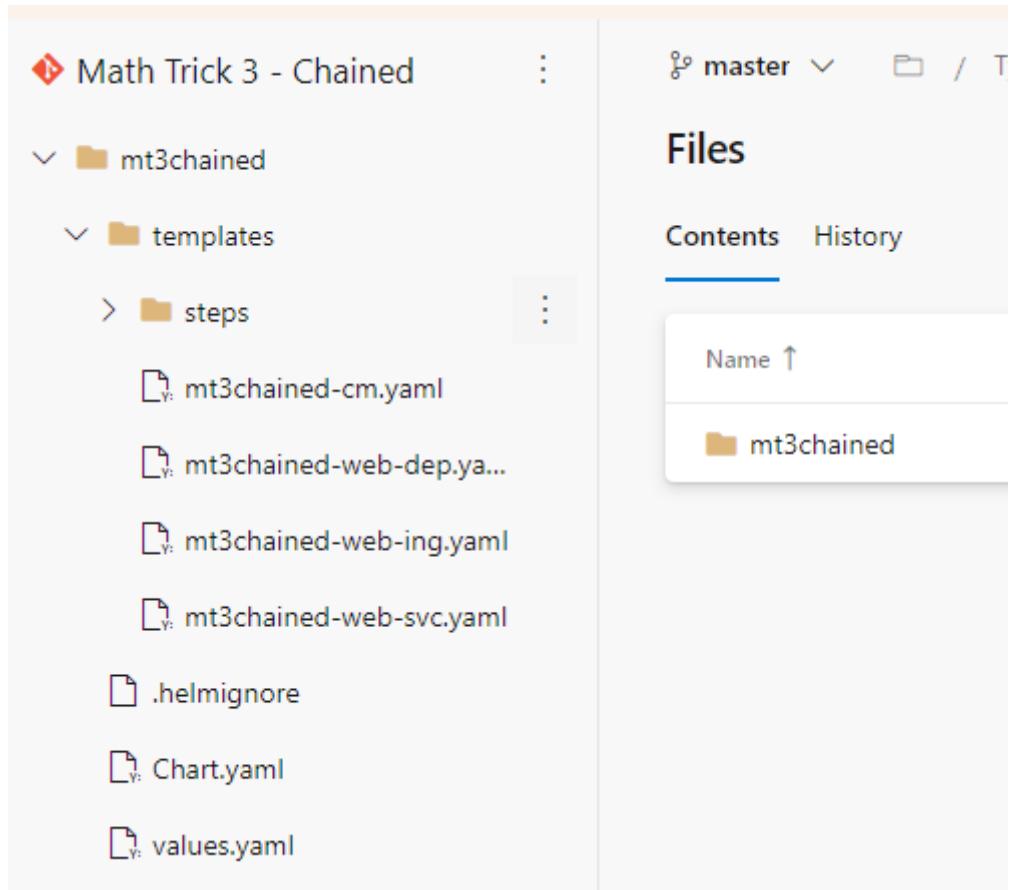


13. Go back to your Bash shell and paste those contents.

14. On your Azure DevOps page, select Repos again from the side menu. You should see your files check in.



15. Repeat the process for all the microservices.
16. When you created the project, there was a new repo created with the same name as the project: "**Math Trick 3 - Chained**". Use this repo to store the contents of the "**Helm**" folder.



17. Change the folder to **C:\k8s\Lab\MathTrick\MathTrickCore**.

```
cd C:\k8s\Lab\MathTrick\MathTrickCore
```

18. Repeat the check in/push process from above to get the code into the **MathTrickCore** repo.

Task 2 - Create Build Pipeline using YAML

1. On your Azure DevOps page
2. Select **Pipelines** from the side menu. Click the **New Pipeline** button.
3. Select the **Azure Repo Git (YAML)** option.
4. Select the **MT3Chained-Step1** repo from the list
5. Select the "Docker" pipeline template with a description of "Build and push an image to Azure Container Registry".

The screenshot shows the Azure DevOps pipeline creation interface. It displays two pipeline templates under the 'Docker' category. The first template is 'Docker' with the description 'Build a Docker image'. The second template is also 'Docker' but with the description 'Build and push an image to Azure Container Registry'. A red box highlights the second template, indicating it is the one to be selected.

6. Select your subscription. Login to Azure if prompted.

7. Select your container registry.
8. Enter "mt3chained-step1" as the image name.
9. Click the "Validate and Continue" button.
10. You're going to replace the contents of the pipeline yaml with a template included in this lab. Open the file **C:\k8s\Jobs\Module5\pipelines\build-pipeline-step1.yaml** in an editor.
11. The first part of the file lists which branch triggers the build.

```
trigger:
- master
```

12. The **resources** section defines which repos to use in the build. Since this pipeline will reference **step1** and **MathTrickCore** repos, both have to be defined here.

```
resources:
repositories:
- repository: self
- repository: MathTrickCore
  name: MathTrickCore
  type: git
```

13. The **variables** section lists all the setting used later in the build. Update the variables below based on your settings.

```
variables:
dockerRegistryServiceConnection: 'ACRConnection'
imageRepository: 'mt3chained-step1'
containerRegistry: 'kizsamples.azurecr.io'
dockerfilePath: '$(Agent.BuildDirectory)/Chained/MT3Chained-Step1/Dockerfile'
selfRepoPath: 'Chained/MT3Chained-Step1'
tag: 'v$(Build.BuildId)'
```

*Notice the dockerfilePath variable is set to a folder containing the file relative to the root. In this case, the root will be **\$(Agent.BuildDirectory)**.*

14. The **vmImageName** indicates the image to use for the build agent.

```
vmImageName: 'ubuntu-latest'
```

15. The **stages** define the stages of the pipeline. In this case, it will only contain the **build** stage.

```
stages:
- stage: Build
  displayName: Build and push stage
  jobs:
  - job: Build
    displayName: Build
    pool:
      vmImage: $(vmImageName)
```

16. The `steps` section is where most of the work takes place in a pipeline. The first two steps will checkout code from the two repositories and place them in specific folders, relative to the root.

```
steps:  
- checkout: MathTrickCore  
  path: MathTrickCore  
- checkout: self  
  path: Chained/MT3Chained-Step1
```

Remember that the **MathTrickCore** folder has to be at the top level, which is where the Docker build context will be set. Look at the folder structure of the source files in your local labs folder to confirm that this structure matches.

17. The `tasks` section execute the Docker **Build** and **Push** commands, using the variables defined previously.

```
- task: Docker@2  
  displayName: Build and push an image to container registry  
  inputs:  
    command: buildAndPush  
    repository: $(imageRepository)  
    buildContext: $(Agent.BuildDirectory)  
    dockerfile: $(dockerfilePath)  
    containerRegistry: $(dockerRegistryServiceConnection)  
    tags: |  
      $(tag),latest
```

Notice that there are multiple tags. This will ensure that 2 images are built and pushed in the pipeline: current build and latest.

18. Update the ACR name, the image repo and folder names in the file and copy its contents into the pipeline text in Azure DevOps.

19. Save and run the pipeline.

20. The first time the pipelines run it needs permission to access the **MathTrickCore** repo.

 This pipeline needs permission to access a resource before this run can continue to Build and push stage

21. Click the **View** button then **Permit**, then **Permit** again.

Waiting for review 

Build and push stage

Permission
Permission needed



MathTrickCore
Repository

Permit

22. Assuming all the settings are correct, you should see 2 images in you Azure Container Registry

mt3chained-step1

...

Repository



Refresh



Delete repository

Essentials

Repository

mt3chained-step1

Last updated date

9/19/2021, 12:21 PM MDT



Search to filter tags ...

Tags ↑↓

latest

v185

22. Repeat this entire task for all the **step** repos (excluding the NodeJS step). Before you start, here are some tips to make the process easier:

- Edit the Release Pipeline for Step 1 and copy its contents into an editor. Edit the imagename and folder. Use the version in the editor as the source of the yaml for each subsequent pipeline yaml.
- When you create a new pipeline, choose "Starter pipeline" from the list of template. This will come up much fast then the **Docker** template, which is nice since you'll simply replace all its yaml with the contents from the editor.



Starter pipeline

Start with a minimal pipeline that you can customize to build and deploy your code.

23. Do not create Build Pipelines for *MathTrickCore* and the *Helm* repos, as those projects are not built.

24. After all the builds have completed, verify all the images have been created in the ACR.



Search to filter repositories ...

Repositories ↑↓

[mt3chained-step1](#)

[mt3chained-step2](#)

[mt3chained-step3](#)

[mt3chained-step4](#)

[mt3chained-step5](#)

Task 3 - Configure Key Vault created in Lab 4, Exercise 1, Task 2 to be used by your project

You created an Azure Key Vault in the previous module and set its name in the **\$KV_NAME** variable.

1. On your Azure DevOps page, **Project setting** at the bottom of the side menu.
2. Select **Service connections** from the side menu. Click the **Create service connection** button.
3. Select **Azure Resource Manager** from the available connection types.
4. Select **Service principal (automatic)** for the Authentication Method.
5. Select **Subscription** for the Scope level. Login into your subscription.
6. Select your subscription and Resource Group.
7. Call the service connection "**Azure Connection**" and save it.
8. When the service connection was created in Azure DevOps, it created a service principal in Azure to use during the connection.
You'll now need to give that service principal writes to update secrets in your key vault.
9. When the service connection has been created, click on it to view its details
10. Click on the "**Manage Service Principal**" link.

[Overview](#) [Usage history](#)

Details

Service connection type



Azure Resource Manager

using service principal authentication

[Manage service connection roles](#)

[Manage Service Principal](#)

11. This action will ask you to login to Azure and take you to the newly create service principal. Take note of the Application ID of the service principal.

Display name : scubakiz-poc-Math Trick 3 - Chained-aa82959a-e39b-4359-...
Application (client) ID : 2d6ed14c-e59a-4891-95f5-88e6de8f53ca

12. Save the value to a variable (replace with your Application ID)

```
$SP_ID="2d6ed14c-e59a-4891-95f5-88e6de8f53ca"
```

13. Create an Access Policy to allow Azure DevOps to read and write secrets to the Key Vault

```
$OBJ_ID=$(az ad sp show --id $SP_ID --query objectId -o tsv)  
az keyvault set-policy --name $KV_NAME `  
    --resource-group $AKS_RESOURCE_GROUP `  
    --object-id $OBJ_ID `  
    --secret-permissions delete get list set
```

14. Open the Azure Portal, go to the Key Vault and click on **Access policies** to verify the access policy was created

Name	Email	Key Permissions	Secret Permissions
scubakiz-poc-Math Tr...		0 selected	4 selected

15. Create the default image tags secrets for all the images. Set the default tags to *latest* so you can use them until they're replaced with the build numbers in the pipelines

```
az keyvault secret set --vault-name $KV_NAME --name "mt3chained-step1-tag" --value "latest"  
az keyvault secret set --vault-name $KV_NAME --name "mt3chained-step2-tag" --value "latest"  
az keyvault secret set --vault-name $KV_NAME --name "mt3chained-step2-nodejs-tag" --value "latest"  
az keyvault secret set --vault-name $KV_NAME --name "mt3chained-step3-tag" --value "latest"  
az keyvault secret set --vault-name $KV_NAME --name "mt3chained-step4-tag" --value "latest"  
az keyvault secret set --vault-name $KV_NAME --name "mt3chained-step5-tag" --value "latest"  
az keyvault secret set --vault-name $KV_NAME --name "mt3chained-web-tag" --value "latest"
```

16. On the Key Vault in the Azure Portal, click on **Secrets** to verify they were all created (you may need to click *Refresh*)

Secrets ...

The screenshot shows the 'Secrets' blade in the Azure portal. At the top, there are navigation icons: a back arrow, a plus sign for 'Generate/Import', a refresh icon, an upward arrow for 'Restore Backup', and a trash can for 'Manage deleted secrets'. Below the header is a table with three columns: 'Name', 'Type', and 'Status'. The table lists seven secrets, all of which are enabled:

Name	Type	Status
mt3chained-step1-tag		✓ Enabled
mt3chained-step2-nodejs-tag		✓ Enabled
mt3chained-step2-tag		✓ Enabled
mt3chained-step3-tag		✓ Enabled
mt3chained-step4-tag		✓ Enabled
mt3chained-step5-tag		✓ Enabled
mt3chained-web-tag		✓ Enabled

Task 4 - Update the Build Pipeline to store image tags in Azure Key Vault

1. Edit the build pipeline create in Task 2.
2. Add 2 variables after the *tag*. Replace the *vaultName* with your Key Vault name.

```
tag: 'v$(Build.BuildId)'  
vaultName: 'kvkizdsafjdsg'  
secretTagName: 'mt3chained-step1-tag'
```

Notice the *secretTagName* matches the secret name created in the previous task.

3. Add another task to the end of your pipeline. The pipeline will execute the same **az keyvault secret set** command that you executed above, except the *value* will be set to the current build tag.

```
- task: AzureCLI@2  
inputs:  
  azureSubscription: 'Azure Connection'  
  scriptType: 'bash'  
  scriptLocation: 'inlineScript'  
  inlineScript: |  
    az keyvault secret set --vault-name "$(vaultName)" --name "$(secretTagName)" --value  
    "$(tag)"
```

4. Your pipeline should look very similar to the complete version in **C:\k8s\Jobs\Module5\pipelines\build-pipeline-step1-complete.yaml**.
5. Save and run the pipeline.
6. When the build completes successfully, go to the Azure Portal and look up the secrets in the key vault.
7. Click on the link below the **CURRENT VERSION** of the secret. Click the **Show Secret Value** button
8. The latest build tag should be in the value of the secret.

Secret

Content type (optional)

Hide Secret Value

Secret value

v196

9. Which should match the latest tag in the ACR repository

mt3chained-step1 ...

Repository

 Refresh  Delete repository

^ Essentials

Repository
mt3chained-step1

Last updated date
9/19/2021, 1:12 PM MDT 

 Search to filter tags ...

Tags ↑↓

[latest](#)

[v196](#)

10. Repeat the previous steps for all the .Net **step** microservices (not Web or NodeJS), specifying the correct tag name in each pipeline. You can do this quickly by coping your completed pipeline into an editor and simply changing the variables that are specific to each step. All the others (*containerRegistry*, *serviceConnection*, etc.) will remain the same.

Task 5 - Build the Pipelines for the Web and NodeJS microservice

1. To avoid confusion, **delete** the Build and Release pipelines created for the *MT3Chained Web* project in the first exercise of this lab: [Exercise: Create Basic CI/CD Pipeline with Azure DevOps](#)
2. Repeat the process you followed in Task 2 above, by creating a new Build pipeline for *MT3Chained Web* project, but this time use the **C:\k8s\Labs\Module5\pipelines\build-pipeline-web-complete.yaml** file as your starting template.
3. Notice this file is much simpler than the microservices ones because it only uses a single repo. Since the default paths are used, the root folder is defined by a different variable called **\$(Build.SourcesDirectory)**
4. Update the variables section with your setting:

```
variables:  
  dockerRegistryServiceConnection: 'ACR Connection'  
  imageRepository: 'mt3chained-web'  
  containerRegistry: 'kizsamples.azurecr.io'  
  dockerfilePath: '$(Build.SourcesDirectory)'  
  tag: 'v$(Build.BuildId)'  
  vaultName: 'kvkizdsafjdsg'  
  secretTagName: 'mt3chained-web-tag'
```

4. Save and run the pipeline.
5. When complete, verify the images in your Azure Container Registry and the tags in your Azure Key Vault.
6. Repeat the process for the NodeJS project by using the **C:\k8s\Labs\Module5\pipelines\build-pipeline-step2-nodejs-complete.yaml** as your template.
7. When all the pipeline have run at least once, you can verify their status by selecting "Pipelines" and clicking the *All* link on top.

Pipelines

Recent All Runs

All pipelines

Name

-  Math Trick 3 - Chained-Web-CI #202 • Update azure-pipelines.yml for Azure Pipelines
-  MT3Chained-Step1 #20210919.66 • Update azure-pipelines.yml for Azure Pipelines
-  MT3Chained-Step2-NodeJS #20210919.1 • Set up CI with Azure Pipelines
-  MT3Chained-Step2 #20210919.1 • Set up CI with Azure Pipelines
-  MT3Chained-Step3 #20210919.1 • Set up CI with Azure Pipelines
-  MT3Chained-Step4 #20210919.1 • Set up CI with Azure Pipelines
-  MT3Chained-Step5 #20210919.1 • Set up CI with Azure Pipelines
-  MT3Chained-Web #20210919.5 • Update azure-pipelines.yml for Azure Pipelines

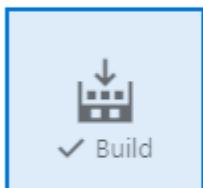
Task 6 - Build a single Release Pipelines that uses Helm to update the AKS cluster

Now that all of the microservice images are automatically built, push and their tags are saved, it's time to build a release pipeline that triggers automatically and updates the AKS cluster when **ANY** microservice is updated.

1. On your Azure DevOps page, select **Pipelines** from the side menu. Click the **Releases** button.
2. Click the **+ New** button then select **New release pipeline**.
3. Select the **Empty job** template
4. Change the name of the pipeline to "**Deploy Math Trick 3 Chained App to AKS**"
5. In the artifacts section, add the build you created for the microservices

Add an artifact

Source type



5 more artifact types ▾

Project * (i)

Math Trick 3 - Chained

Source (build pipeline) * (i)

MT3Chained-Step1

Default version * (i)

Latest

Source alias * (i)

_MT3Chained-Step1

(i) No version is available for **MT3Chained-Step1** or the latest version has no artifacts to publish.
Please check the source pipeline.

Add

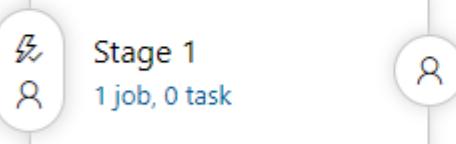
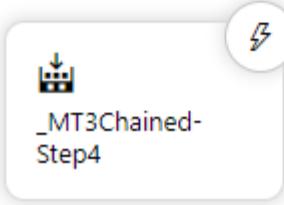
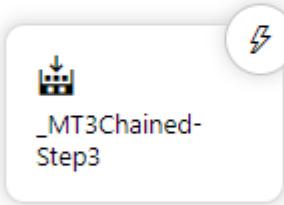
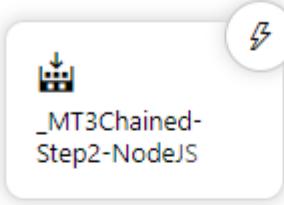
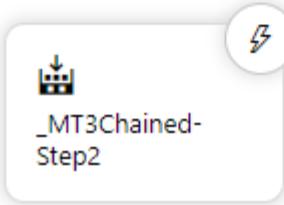
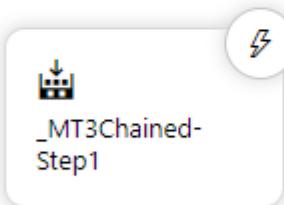
6. Repeat the process for all the builds.

All pipelines > Deploy Math Trick 3 Chained App to AKS

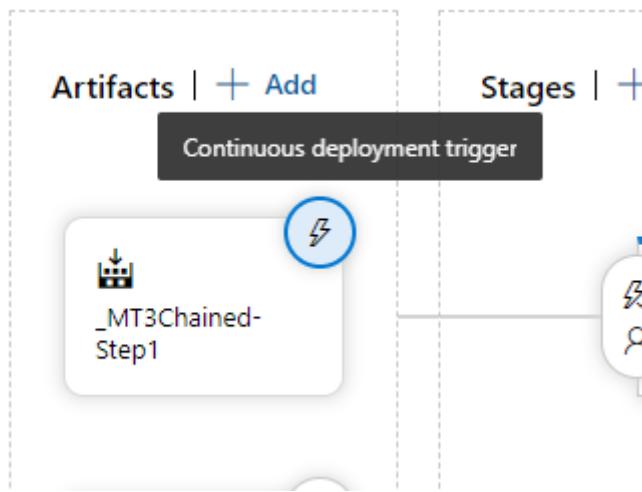
Pipeline Tasks Variables Retention Options History

Artifacts | + Add

Stages | + Add ▾



7. Click the lightning bolt to set the *Continuous deployment trigger*



8. Enable the trigger.

Continuous deployment trigger

Build: [_MT3Chained-Step1](#)

Enabled

Creates a release every time a new build is available.

Build branch filters [\(i\)](#)

No filters added.

[+ Add](#) | [▼](#)

Pull request trigger

Build: [_MT3Chained-Step1](#)

Disabled

[\(i\)](#) Enabling this will create a release every time a selected artifact is available as part of a pull request workflow

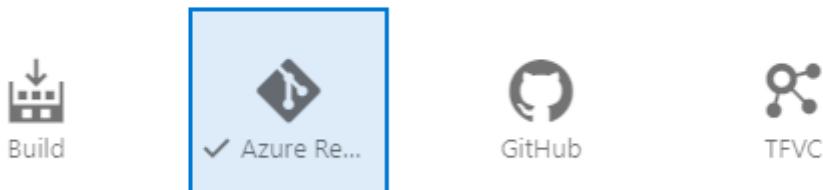
9. Repeat the process for all the artifacts. This means your release pipeline will fire when **ANY** microservice is updated.

10. You now need a copy of the Helm chart files in order to deploy them. You can pull those files directly from the repo without creating a Build Pipeline first.

11. Add the Helm chart as another Artifact. Select *Azure Repo* as the *Source type* and pick the repo matching the project name, which is where the Helm chart was added.

Add an artifact

Source type



[5 more artifact types](#) ▾

Project * ⓘ

Math Trick 3 - Chained

Source (repository) * ⓘ

Math Trick 3 - Chained

Default branch * ⓘ

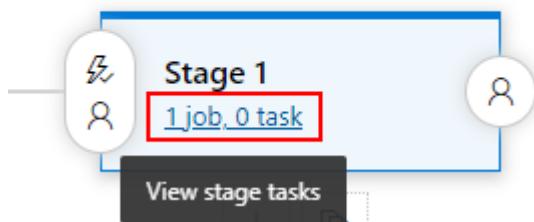
master

Default version * ⓘ

Latest from the default branch

12. Enable *Continuous deployment trigger* in the lightning bolt. This means all changes to the Helm chart (new files added/removed/modified) will also trigger a deployment.

13. In the *Stages* section, click on the link that under the **Stage 1** label



14. Click on the *Agent Job* line and update the *Agent Specification* to use an **ubuntu-18.04** OS

Agent job (i)

Display name *

Agent job

Agent selection (^)

Agent pool (i) | Pool information | Manage (i)

Azure Pipelines▼

Agent Specification *

ubuntu-18.04▼

Demands (i)

Name	Condition	Value

16. Click the + and add the **Azure Key Vault** task.

Add tasks | Refresh

+ Azure Key Vault
Download Azure Key Vault secrets Add

17. Select the **Azure Connection** you created earlier and then select your Key vault

18. Leave "*" for the *Secrets filter*. Click the *Make secrets available to whole job* checkbox.

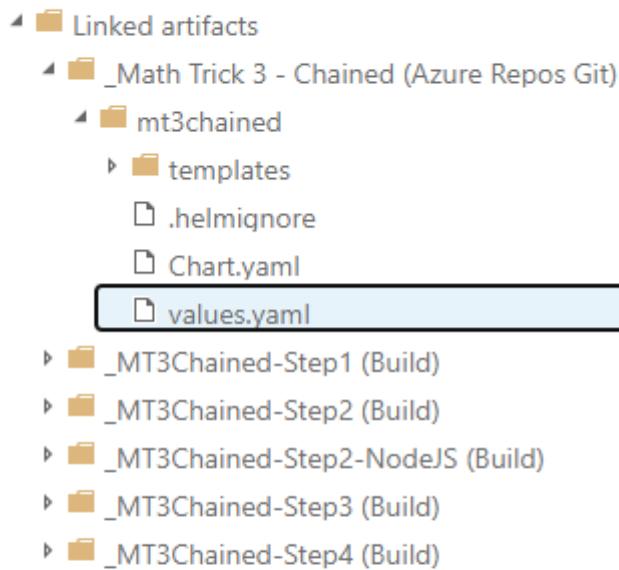
This task will import all the secrets that match the filter into variables available to the job. Those variables will have the same name as the secrets.

19. Click the + and add the **RegEx Match & Replace** task.

20. In the *Path to File* field, select the **values.yaml** file in the main repo.

Select a file or folder

X



The artifacts published by each version will be available for deployment in release pipelines. The last successful version of **_Math Trick 3 - Chained (Azure Repos Git)** published the following artifacts: **mt3chained**.

Location `_Math Trick 3 - Chained/mt3chained/values.yaml`

OK

Cancel

21. Remember the **values.yaml** file contains placeholders for all the microservice tags

Original **values.yaml**:

```
tags:
  mt3chainedweb: latest
  mt3chainedstep1: latest
  mt3chainedstep2: latest
  mt3chainedstep2nodejs: latest
  mt3chainedstep3: latest
  mt3chainedstep4: latest
  mt3chainedstep5: latest
```

The goal of this task is to replace all those placeholders with the real tags.

22. In the *Regular Expression to use* field enter "**mt3chainedweb: latest**"
23. In the *Replacement value* field enter "**mt3chainedweb: \$(mt3chained-web-tag)**"
24. Right-click on the **RegEx Match & Replace** task and select "Clone task(s)"

25. Repeat the process for all the microservices by replacing the tags with their variable values, that were automatically created by the **Azure Key Vault** task.

HINT: If you right-click on the **RegEx Match & Replace** task, you'll see the option to **clone task(s)**. This will make the duplicating process much faster.

26. Add an extra task to replace "**repo: kizacr.azurecr.io**" with the name of your ACR repo.
27. The final step in the process is to update/install the Helm chart in your cluster.
28. Click the + and add the **Package and deploy Helm Charts** task.
29. Select the same **Azure Connection** you created earlier. Select the Resource Group and Kubernetes Cluster.
30. Enter "**default**" in the **Namespace** field. The Helm chart will take care of installing the services in the correct namespace.
31. Select **upgrade** in the **Command** field.
32. Set "**File Path**" for the **Chart Type** field.
33. Select the folder of the chart in the **Chart Path** field.

Chart Path * 

`$(System.DefaultWorkingDirectory)/_Math Trick 3 - Chained/mt3chained`

34. Enter "**chained**" in the **Release Name** field.
35. Enter "**--install**" in the **Arguments** field.
36. Save the pipeline and click the *Create release* link.
37. Assuming the pipeline succeeds, check the cluster to verify everything has been deployed and is running.

```
kubectl.exe get all -n chained
```

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
pod/mt3chained-step1-dep-5cb745cf97-ps27m	1/1	Running	0	55s
pod/mt3chained-step2-dep-5d45b897f5-2x45b	1/1	Running	0	55s
pod/mt3chained-step3-dep-6766ff8577-jk2wm	1/1	Running	0	55s
pod/mt3chained-step4-dep-766bfc59bb-7wmfx	1/1	Running	0	55s
pod/mt3chained-step5-dep-5f88bfc7f5-9zhw8	1/1	Running	0	55s
pod/mt3chained-web-dep-8557cd5678-wbmrg	1/1	Running	0	55s

NAME	TYPE	CLUSTER-IP	EXTERNAL-IP	PORT(S)	AGE
service/mt3chained-step1-svc	ClusterIP	10.0.148.93	<none>	5010/TCP	56s
service/mt3chained-step2-svc	ClusterIP	10.0.161.3	<none>	5020/TCP	56s
service/mt3chained-step3-svc	ClusterIP	10.0.55.17	<none>	5030/TCP	56s
service/mt3chained-step4-svc	ClusterIP	10.0.10.34	<none>	5040/TCP	56s
service/mt3chained-step5-svc	ClusterIP	10.0.121.174	<none>	5050/TCP	56s
service/mt3chained-web-svc	LoadBalancer	10.0.76.173	20.75.234.116	80:30643/TCP	56s

38. Open a browser and enter the EXTERNAL-IP address listed for the Load Balancer service.
39. Click the Start button to ensure all the services are connected.

Always Ends with 3 Math Trick

Chained

[View System Diagram](#)

You pick a number and then perform the calculation steps below. After all the calculations have completed, your final result will always be 3, regardless of the number you picked.

Process:

Start by picking a number between 1 and 10.

Calculation Steps:

1. Double the number.
2. Add 9 to result.
3. Subtract 3 from the result.
4. Divide the result by 2.
5. Subtract the original number from result.

Final result will always be **3**.

Try it Yourself:

Pick a number:

Final Result: **3**

Perform Calculations:

Failure Rate: **5%**

Calculation Actions Performed:

Platform	Step	Calculation	Result
.NET Core	1	5 x 2	10
.NET Core	2	10 + 9	19
.NET Core	3	19 - 3	16
.NET Core	4	16 / 2	8
.NET Core	5	8 - 5	3

40. Verify that the Helm pipeline used all the tags from the Key Vault and replaced all the tags successfully, including the ACR.

```
helm get values chained -a
```

COMPUTED VALUES:
namespace: chained
platform: dotnet
repo: k8stb.azurecr.io
tags:
 mt3chainedstep1: v235
 mt3chainedstep2: v237
 mt3chainedstep2nodejs: v245
 mt3chainedstep3: v238
 mt3chainedstep4: v239
 mt3chainedstep5: v241
 mt3chainedweb: v246

41. Finally, confirm that the entire process is working correctly by adding a test file in any microservice and check it in.

NOTE: Make sure to pull before pushing, as the pipeline yaml will be added to your repo.

```
# Change into any of the microservice folders.
```

```
echo "Test" > pipeline.txt
```

```

git add .
git commit -m "Pipeline test"
git pull

```

```

PS C:\k8s\Labs\MathTrick\Chained\MT3Chained-Step3> echo "Test" > pipeline.txt
PS C:\k8s\Labs\MathTrick\Chained\MT3Chained-Step3> git add .
PS C:\k8s\Labs\MathTrick\Chained\MT3Chained-Step3> git commit -m "Pipeline test"
On branch master
Your branch is ahead of 'origin/master' by 1 commit.
  (use "git push" to publish your local commits)

nothing to commit, working tree clean
PS C:\k8s\Labs\MathTrick\Chained\MT3Chained-Step3> git pull
remote: Azure Repos
remote: Found 9 objects to send. (51 ms)
Unpacking objects: 100% (9/9), 3.56 KiB | 37.00 KiB/s, done.
From ssh.dev.azure.com:v3/scubakiz-poc/Math%20Trick%203%20-%20Chained/MT3Chained-Step3
  b7f0a7f..3721070  master      -> origin/master
Merge made by the 'recursive' strategy.
 azure-pipelines.yml | 53 ++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++
 1 file changed, 53 insertions(+)
 create mode 100644 azure-pipelines.yml
PS C:\k8s\Labs\MathTrick\Chained\MT3Chained-Step3> git push
Enumerating objects: 7, done.
Counting objects: 100% (7/7), done.
Delta compression using up to 8 threads
Compressing objects: 100% (4/4), done.
Writing objects: 100% (5/5), 573 bytes | 573.00 KiB/s, done.
Total 5 (delta 2), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
remote: Storing packfile... done (94 ms)
remote: Storing index... done (46 ms)
To ssh.dev.azure.com:v3/scubakiz-poc/Math%20Trick%203%20-%20Chained/MT3Chained-Step3
  3721070..42ba736  master -> master
PS C:\k8s\Labs\MathTrick\Chained\MT3Chained-Step3> |

```

42. Wait a few minutes to ensure that **ONLY** that effected Pod was automatically replaced with the new version.

```
kubectl.exe get all -n chained
```

NAME	READY	STATUS	RESTARTS	AGE
pod/mt3chained-step1-dep-5cb745cf97-ps27m	1/1	Running	0	19m
pod/mt3chained-step2-dep-5d45b897f5-2x45b	1/1	Running	0	19m
pod/mt3chained-step3-dep-d9467bbc9-q6ptc	1/1	Running	0	63s
pod/mt3chained-step4-dep-766bfc59bb-7wmfx	1/1	Running	0	19m
pod/mt3chained-step5-dep-5f88bfc7f5-9zhw8	1/1	Running	0	19m
pod/mt3chained-web-dep-8557cd5678-wbmrg	1/1	Running	0	19m

CONGRATULATIONS!!! You now have a "practical" pipeline you can use as a template for complex microservices applications.

[List of Modules](#)