



91

90

Performance

Accessibility

Best Practices **SEO**



Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The performance score is calculated directly from these metrics. See calculator.

50-89 0-49

90-100



METRICS

First Contentful Paint

0.8 s

Total Blocking Time

0 ms

Speed Index

0.8 s

Largest Contentful Paint

0.8 s

Cumulative Layout Shift

0.016

View Treemap



Show audits relevant to: All FCP LCP TBT CLS







Expand view

▲ Eliminate render-blocking resources — Potential savings of 350 ms

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. Learn how to eliminate render-blocking resources. FCP LCP

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (5)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
Google CDN Cdn	30.4 KiB	300 ms
3.5.1/jquery.min.js (ajax.googleapis.com)	30.4 KiB	300 ms
GitHub Utility 1st Party	19.1 KiB	120 ms
/HRNet_original/jquery.datetimepicker.full.min.js (tourniermaxime.github.io)	19.1 KiB	120 ms
Cloudflare CDN Cdn	4.1 KiB	490 ms
0.9.1/jquery.modal.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	1.9 KiB	230 ms
0.9.1/jquery.modal.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	2.1 KiB	260 ms
jQuery CDN Cdn	130.0 KiB	420 ms
1.12.1/jquery-ui.js (code.jquery.com)	121.7 KiB	210 ms
base/jquery-ui.css (code.jquery.com)	8.3 KiB	210 ms

▲ Page prevented back/forward cache restoration — 1 failure reason

Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or forwards again. The back/forward cache (bfcache) can speed up these return navigations. <u>Learn more about the bfcache</u>

Failure reason Failure type

Pages that use WebAuthentication API are not eligible for back/forward cache.

Pending browser support

/HRNet_original/ (tourniermaxime.github.io)

▲ Does not have a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale No`<meta name="viewport"> tag found ∧

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag.

■ Minify JavaScript — Potential savings of 86 KiB

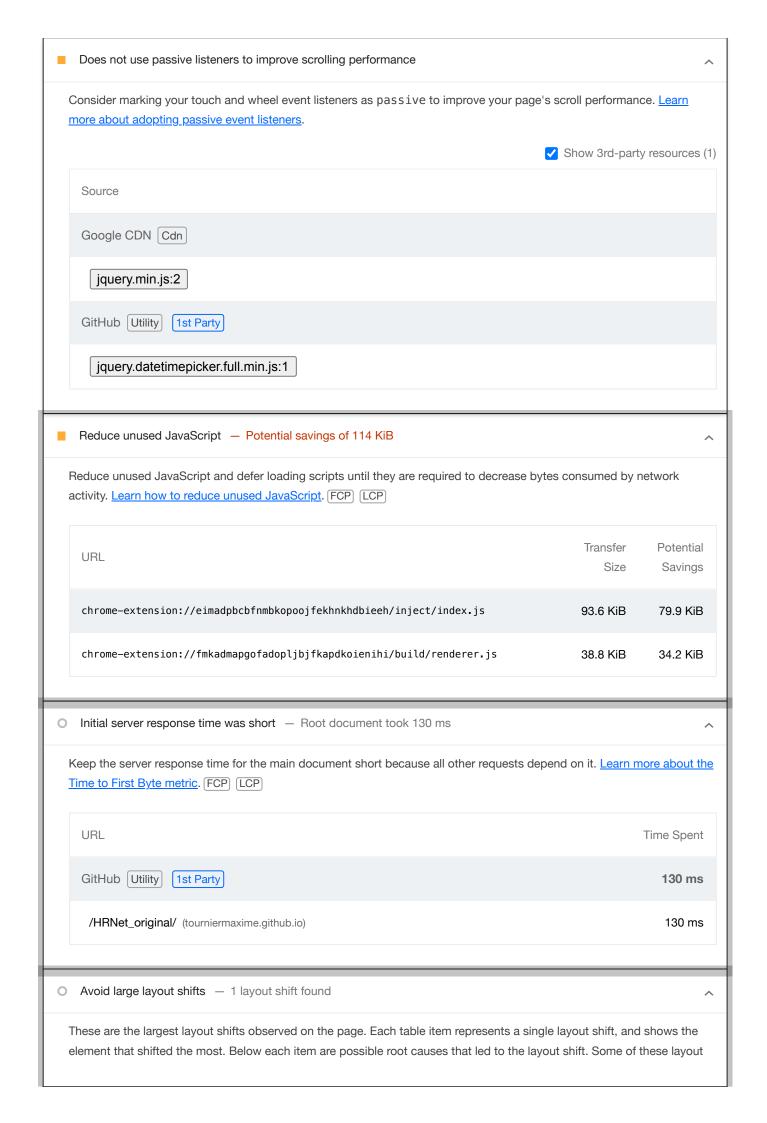
Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn how to minify JavaScript. [FCP] [LCP]

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
<pre>chrome-extension://eimadpbcbfnmbkopoojfekhnkhdbieeh/inject/index.js</pre>	93.6 KiB	38.6 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://nngceckbapebfimnlniiiahkandclblb/content/bootstrap- autofill.js</pre>	32.4 KiB	15.4 KiB
<pre>chrome- extension://nngceckbapebfimnlniiiahkandclblb/content/notificationBar.js</pre>	18.7 KiB	11.6 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://cjpalhdlnbpafiamejdnhcphjbkeiagm/js/contentscript.js</pre>	14.7 KiB	7.7 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://nngceckbapebfimnlniiiahkandclblb/content/fido2-content- script.js</pre>	7.8 KiB	3.7 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://nngceckbapebfimnlniiiahkandclblb/content/fido2-page- script.js</pre>	8.5 KiB	3.6 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://eimadpbcbfnmbkopoojfekhnkhdbieeh/inject/proxy.js</pre>	7.4 KiB	2.9 KiB
<pre>chrome-extension://mdjbgnpehbhpibonmjjjbjaoechnlcaf/content-scripts/link- detector.js</pre>	7.8 KiB	2.8 KiB

■ Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 4 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. <u>Learn more about efficient cache policies</u>.

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
GitHub Utility 1st Party		26 KiB
/HRNet_original/jquery.datetimepicker.full.min.js (tourniermaxime.github.io)	10m	19 KiB
/HRNet_original/jquery.datetimepicker.css (tourniermaxime.github.io)	10m	5 KiB
/HRNet_original/app.js (tourniermaxime.github.io)	10m	1 KiB
/HRNet_original/app.css (tourniermaxime.github.io)	10m	0 KiB



shifts may not be included in the CLS metric value due to windowing. Learn how to improve CLS CLS Element Layout shift score form#create-employee 0.016 A late network request adjusted the page /HRNet_original/app.js (tourniermaxime.github.io) layout A late network request adjusted the page /HRNet_original/jquery.datetimepicker.css (tourniermaxime.github.io) layout /HRNet_original/jquery.datetimepicker.full.min.js (tourniermaxime.git A late network request adjusted the page layout hub.io) A late network request adjusted the page /HRNet_original/app.css (tourniermaxime.github.io) layout A late network request adjusted the page ...0.9.1/jquery.modal.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) layout A late network request adjusted the page ...1.12.1/jquery-ui.js (code.jquery.com) layout A late network request adjusted the page ...base/jquery-ui.css (code.jquery.com) layout A late network request adjusted the page ...0.9.1/jquery.modal.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) layout A late network request adjusted the page ...3.5.1/jquery.min.js (ajax.googleapis.com) layout User Timing marks and measures — 1 user timing Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. Learn more about User Timing marks. Name Start Time Duration Type 0.00 ms __v3 Mark Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 198 KiB Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. Learn how to reduce payload sizes. ✓ Show 3rd-party resources (6)

			_
	URL		Transfer Size
	jQuery CDN Cdn		136.9 KiB
	1.12.1/jquery-ui.js (code.jquery.com)		121.7 KiB
	base/jquery-ui.css (code.jquery.com)		8.3 KiB
	images/ui-icons_777777_256x240.png (code.jque	ery.com)	7.0 KiB
	Google CDN Cdn		30.4 KiB
	3.5.1/jquery.min.js (ajax.googleapis.com)		30.4 KiB
	GitHub Utility 1st Party		26.5 KiB
	/HRNet_original/jquery.datetimepicker.full.min.js (to	urniermaxime.github.io)	19.1 KiB
	/HRNet_original/jquery.datetimepicker.css (tourniern	naxime.github.io)	5.1 KiB
	/HRNet_original/app.js (tourniermaxime.github.io)		1.3 KiB
	/HRNet_original/ (tourniermaxime.github.io)		1.1 KiB
	Cloudflare CDN Cdn		4.1 KiB
	0.9.1/jquery.modal.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)		2.1 KiB
	0.9.1/jquery.modal.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)		1.9 KiB
0	Avoids an excessive DOM size — 607 elements		^
	A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer avoid an excessive DOM size. TBT	style calculations, and produce costly layo	ut reflows. Learn how to
	Statistic	Element	Value
	Total DOM Elements		607
	Maximum DOM Depth	div	9
	Maximum Child Elements	div	101

Avoid chaining critical requests — 9 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. <u>Learn how to avoid chaining critical requests</u>.

Maximum critical path latency: 410.721 ms

Initial Navigation

/HRNet_original/ (tourniermaxime.github.io)

- /HRNet_original/jquery.datetimepicker.css (tourniermaxime.github.io) - 207.666 ms, 5.07 KiB

...0.9.1/jquery.modal.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) - 127.253 ms, 2.11 KiB

- ...base/jquery-ui.css (code.jquery.com) - 125.555 ms, 8.26 KiB

/HRNet_original/app.css (tourniermaxime.github.io) - 175.827 ms, 0.32 KiB

...3.5.1/jquery.min.js (ajax.googleapis.com) - 129.575 ms, 30.37 KiB

/HRNet_original/jquery.datetimepicker.full.min.js (tourniermaxime.github.io) - 190.491 ms, 19.05 KiB

...0.9.1/jquery.modal.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com) - 135.981 ms, 1.95 KiB

...1.12.1/jquery-ui.js (code.jquery.com) - 130.145 ms, 121.71 KiB

/HRNet_original/app.js (tourniermaxime.github.io) - 177.175 ms, 1.33 KiB

○ JavaScript execution time - 0.3 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time</u>. TBT

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
Google CDN Cdn	181 ms	149 ms	9 ms
3.5.1/jquery.min.js (ajax.googleapis.com)	181 ms	149 ms	9 ms
GitHub Utility 1st Party	141 ms	52 ms	38 ms
/HRNet_original/ (tourniermaxime.github.io)	141 ms	52 ms	38 ms
Unattributable	72 ms	3 ms	0 ms
Unattributable	72 ms	3 ms	0 ms
jQuery CDN Cdn	68 ms	54 ms	14 ms
1.12.1/jquery-ui.js (code.jquery.com)	68 ms	54 ms	14 ms

○ Minimizes main-thread work - 0.5 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to minimize main-thread work [TBT]

Category	Time Spent
Script Evaluation	296 ms
Other	106 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	80 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	22 ms
Style & Layout	19 ms
Rendering	6 ms
Garbage Collection	2 ms

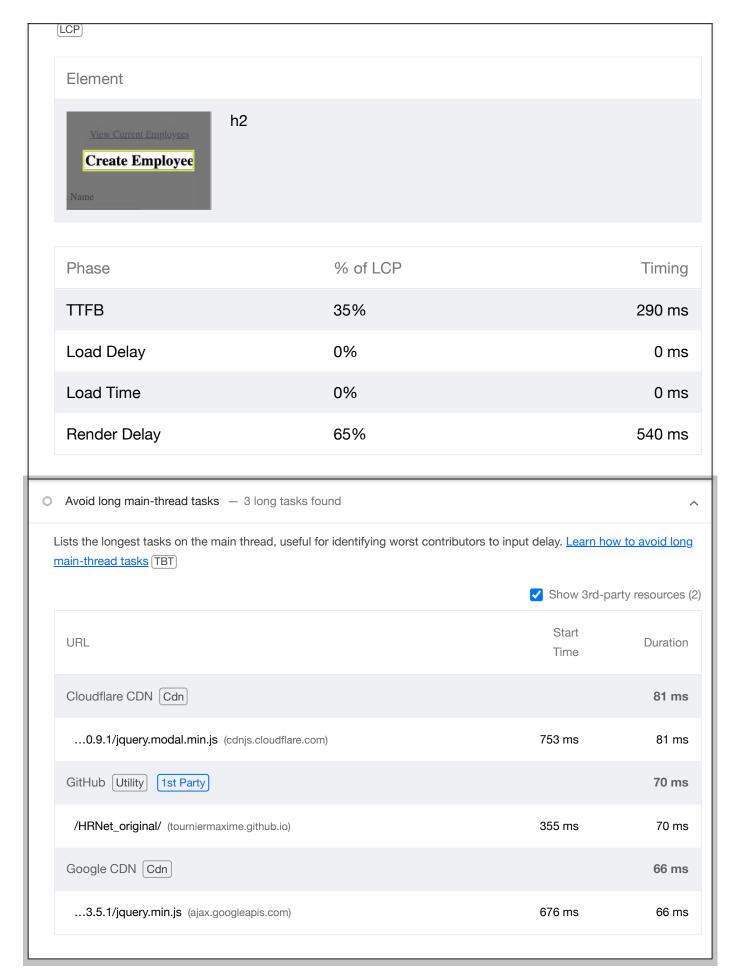
O Minimize third-party usage — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 60 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. Learn how to minimize third-party impact. (TBT)

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
Google CDN Cdn	30 KiB	62 ms
3.5.1/jquery.min.js (ajax.googleapis.com)	30 KiB	62 ms
jQuery CDN Cdn	137 KiB	3 ms
1.12.1/jquery-ui.js (code.jquery.com)	122 KiB	3 ms
base/jquery-ui.css (code.jquery.com)	8 KiB	0 ms
images/ui-icons_777777_256x240.png (code.jquery.com)	7 KiB	0 ms
Cloudflare CDN Cdn	4 KiB	0 ms
0.9.1/jquery.modal.min.css (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	2 KiB	0 ms
0.9.1/jquery.modal.min.js (cdnjs.cloudflare.com)	2 KiB	0 ms

○ Largest Contentful Paint element — 820 ms

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. Learn more about the Largest Contentful Paint element



More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't directly affect the Performance score.

PASSED AUDITS (20)

	^
Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn how to size images. FCP LCP	
Defer offscreen images	^
Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. Learn how to defer offscreen images. FCP LCP	
Minify CSS	^
Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn how to minify CSS. FCP LCP	
Reduce unused CSS	^
Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed network activity. Learn how to reduce unused CSS. FCP LCP	by
Efficiently encode images	^
Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. <u>Learn how to efficiently encode images</u> . FCP (LCP)	
Serve images in next-gen formats	^
Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. Learn more about modern image formats. FCP LCP	5
	\$
and less data consumption. Learn more about modern image formats. FCP LCP	\$
and less data consumption. Learn more about modern image formats. FCP LCP • Enable text compression Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. Learn	^
and less data consumption. Learn more about modern image formats. FCP LCP Enable text compression Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. Learn more about text compression. FCP LCP	^
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Use video formats for animated content	
Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. Learn more about efficient video formats FCP LCP	
Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles	
Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. FCP LCP	
Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers	\
Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn how to use modern JavaScript FCP LCP	
O Preload Largest Contentful Paint image	
If the LCP element is dynamically added to the page, you should preload the image in order to improve LCP. <u>Learn more about preloading LCP elements</u> . <u>LCP</u>	
All text remains visible during webfont loads	`
Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. Learn more about font-display.	
O Lazy load third-party resources with facades	\
Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. Learn how to defer third-parties with a facade. TBT	
Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded	`
Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint. <u>Learn more about optimal lazy loading</u> . <u>LCP</u>	
Avoids document.write()	`
For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load by tens of seconds. Learn how to avoid document.write().	3
O Avoid non-composited animations	
Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Learn how to avoid non-composited animations CLS	

Image elements have explicit width and height
 Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. <u>Learn how to set image</u>

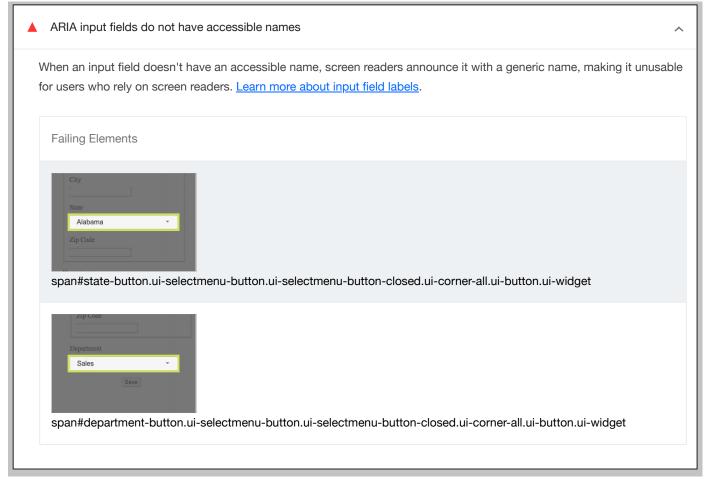


Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Automatic detection can only detect a subset of issues and does not guarantee the accessibility of your web app, so manual testing is also encouraged.

ARIA

dimensions (CLS)

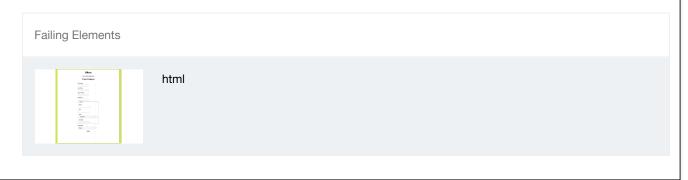


These are opportunities to improve the usage of ARIA in your application which may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.

INTERNATIONALIZATION AND LOCALIZATION



If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute.



These are opportunities to improve the interpretation of your content by users in different locales.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (10) Hide Interactive controls are keyboard focusable Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. Learn how to make custom controls focusable. Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints. The page has a logical tab order Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. Learn more about logical tab ordering. Visual order on the page follows DOM order DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. Learn more about DOM and visual ordering. User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. Learn how to avoid focus traps. The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. Learn how to direct focus to new content. HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation

Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assistive technology. Learn more about landmark elements.</nav></main>	
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn how to properly hide offscreen content.	
Custom controls have associated labels	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more about custom controls and labels</u> .	
O Custom controls have ARIA roles	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn how to add roles to custom controls</u> .	
These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on conducting an accessi review.	<u>bility</u>

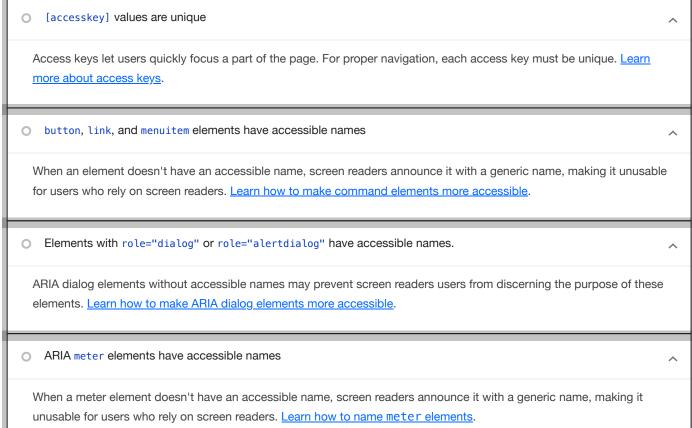
Hide

PASSED AUDITS (19)

attributes.

Buttons have an accessible name	^
When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to make buttons more accessible.	
ARIA attributes are used as specified for the element's role	^
Some ARIA attributes are only allowed on an element under certain conditions. Learn more about conditional ARIA attributes.	
[aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents	^
Focusable descendents within an [aria-hidden="true"] element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn how aria-hidden affects focusable elements.	
Elements use only permitted ARIA attributes	^
Using ARIA attributes in roles where they are prohibited can mean that important information is not communicated to us of assistive technologies. Learn more about prohibited ARIA roles.	sers
• [role] values are valid	^
ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more about valid ARIA roles.</u>	<u>A</u>
Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio	^
Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn how to provide sufficient color contrast.	
Document has a <title> element</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Form elements have associated labels</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. Learn more about form element labels.</td><td><u>out</u></td></tr><tr><td>Links have a discernible name</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn how to make links accessible.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0</td><td>^</td></tr></tbody></table></title>	

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more about the tabindex attribute. Touch targets have sufficient size and spacing. Touch targets with sufficient size and spacing help users who may have difficulty targeting small controls to activate the targets. Learn more about touch targets. Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. Learn more about heading order. Uses ARIA roles only on compatible elements Many HTML elements can only be assigned certain ARIA roles. Using ARIA roles where they are not allowed can interfere with the accessibility of the web page. Learn more about ARIA roles. Deprecated ARIA roles may not be processed correctly by assistive technology. Learn more about deprecated ARIA roles. Deprecated ARIA roles may not be processed correctly by assistive technology. Learn more about deprecated ARIA roles. NOT APPLICABLE (36) Hide Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more about access keys.		
Touch targets with sufficient size and spacing help users who may have difficulty targeting small controls to activate the targets. Learn more about touch targets. Heading elements appear in a sequentially-descending order Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. Learn more about heading order. Uses ARIA roles only on compatible elements Many HTML elements can only be assigned certain ARIA roles. Using ARIA roles where they are not allowed can interfere with the accessibility of the web page. Learn more about ARIA roles. Deprecated ARIA roles were not used Deprecated ARIA roles may not be processed correctly by assistive technology. Learn more about deprecated ARIA roles. NOT APPLICABLE (36) Hide I accesskey1 values are unique		
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Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn	NOT APPLICABLE (36)	Hide
	[accesskey] values are unique	^



 ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names 	^
When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to label progressbar elements.	
Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children.	^
Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more about roles and required children elements</u> .	
[role]s are contained by their required parent element	^
Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility function Learn more about ARIA roles and required parent element.	ions.
Elements with the role=text attribute do not have focusable descendents.	^
Adding role=text around a text node split by markup enables VoiceOver to treat it as one phrase, but the element's focusable descendents will not be announced. Learn more about the role=text attribute.	
ARIA toggle fields have accessible names	^
When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unus	able
for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about toggle fields.	
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for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about toggle fields.	^
for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about toggle fields. O ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it	^
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for users who rely on screen readers. Learn more about toggle fields. ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to name tooltip elements. ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names When a treeitem element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making	^
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O Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements</dl>	^
Definition list items (<dt> and <dd>) must be wrapped in a parent <dl> element to ensure that screen readers can properly announce them. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.</dl></dd></dt>	
ARIA IDs are unique	^
The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. Le how to fix duplicate ARIA IDs.	<u>arn</u>
No form fields have multiple labels	^
Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use either the first, the last, or all of the labels. <u>Learn how to use form labels</u> .	
<frame/> or <iframe> elements have a title</iframe>	^
Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. <u>Learn more about frame titles</u> .	
<html> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute</html>	^
Specifying a valid <u>BCP 47 language</u> helps screen readers announce text properly. <u>Learn how to use the lang attribute</u> .	
<html> element has an [xml:lang] attribute with the same base language as the [lang] attribute.</html>	^
If the webpage does not specify a consistent language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute.	
Image elements have [alt] attributes	^
Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.	/ alt
Image elements do not have [alt] attributes that are redundant text.	^
Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternative text. Alternative text that is exactly the same as the te adjacent to the link or image is potentially confusing for screen reader users, because the text will be read twice. Learn more about the alt attribute .	
O Input buttons have discernible text.	^
Adding discernable and accessible text to input buttons may help screen reader users understand the purpose of the ir button. Learn more about input buttons.	nput
<pre>o <input type="image"/> elements have [alt] text</pre>	^

When an image is being used as an <input/> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand the purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text.
Links are distinguishable without relying on color.
Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Link text that is discernible improves the experience for users with low vision. Learn how to make links distinguishable.
Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>).</td></tr><tr><td>Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. <u>Learn</u> more about proper list structure.</td></tr><tr><td> List items () are contained within , or <menu> parent elements </td></tr><tr><td>Screen readers require list items () to be contained within a parent , or <menu> to be announced properly. <u>Learn more about proper list structure</u>.</td></tr><tr><td>The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"></td></tr><tr><td>Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. Learn more about the refresh meta tag.</td></tr><tr><td>[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute is not less than 5.</td></tr><tr><td>Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see the contents of a web page. Learn more about the viewport meta tag.</td></tr><tr><td>O <object> elements have alternate text</td></tr><tr><td>Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers convey meaning to users. Learn more about alt text for object elements.</td></tr><tr><td>Select elements have associated label elements.</td></tr><tr><td>Form elements without effective labels can create frustrating experiences for screen reader users. Learn more about the select element.</td></tr><tr><td>O Skip links are focusable.</td></tr><tr><td>Including a skip link can help users skip to the main content to save time. Learn more about skip links.</td></tr><tr><td>Tables have different content in the summary attribute and <caption>.</td></tr><tr><td></td></tr></tbody></table></script>

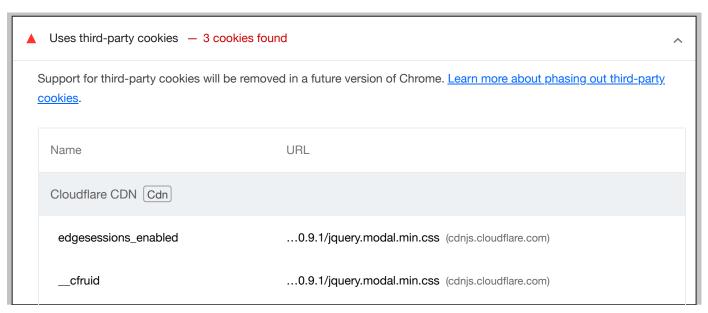
Γ

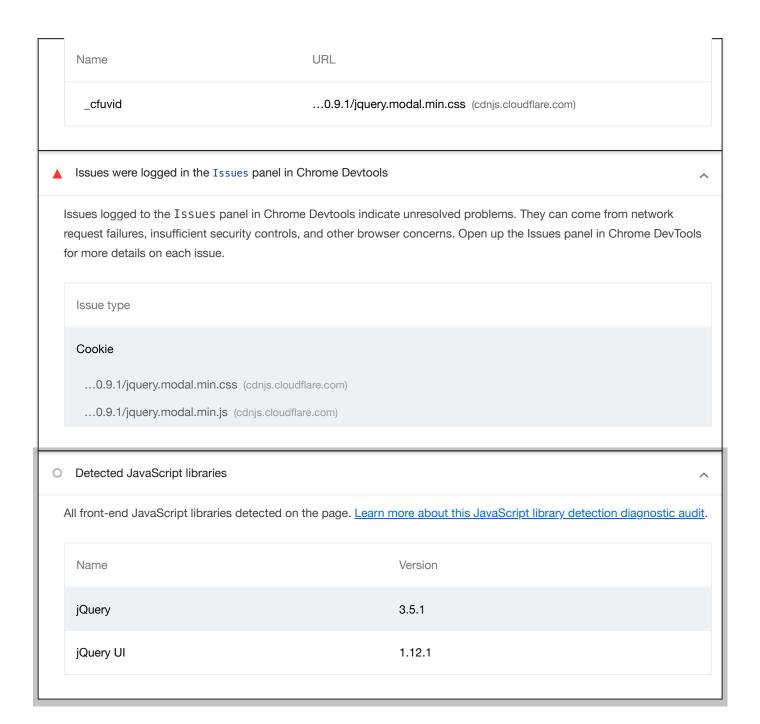
The summary attribute should describe the table structure, while <caption> should have the onscreen title. Accurate table mark-up helps users of screen readers. Learn more about summary and caption. Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring cells using the [headers] attribute only refer to other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about the headers attribute. elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe. Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about table headers. [lang] attributes have a valid value ^ Specifying a valid BCP 47 language on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. Learn how to use the lang attribute. <video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"] When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more about video captions.



Best Practices

GENERAL





USER EXPERIENCE

Does not have a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale No `<meta name="viewport"> tag found 🔍

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond</u> <u>delay to user input</u>. <u>Learn more about using the viewport meta tag</u>.

BROWSER COMPATIBILITY

▲ Page lacks the HTML doctype, thus triggering quirks-mode Document must contain a doctype

Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. <u>Learn more about the doctype declaration</u>.

0	Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks			^
	A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk a CSP to prevent XSS	of cross-site scripting (XSS) at	tacks. <u>Learn how to u</u>	<u>use</u>
	Description	Directive	Severity	
	No CSP found in enforcement mode		High	
PAS	SED AUDITS (10)			Hide
•	Uses HTTPS			^
<u>!</u> 	All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't hand content, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the inprevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs.	nitial request being served over ne communications between yo	HTTPS. HTTPS	rs,
•	Avoids deprecated APIs			^
	Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn	n more about deprecated APIs.		
•	Allows users to paste into input fields			^
l	Preventing input pasting is a bad practice for the UX, and weakens about user-friendly input fields.	security by blocking password	managers. <u>Learn more</u>	<u>e</u>
•	Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load			^
	Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location user action instead. Learn more about the geolocation permission.	on without context. Consider ty	ring the request to a	
•	Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load			^
	Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send no to user gestures instead. Learn more about responsibly getting pern		nsider tying the reque	est
•	Displays images with correct aspect ratio			^
	Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn	more about image aspect ratio		
•	Serves images with appropriate resolution			^

Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. Learn how to provide responsive images.

Properly defines charset

A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. Learn more about declaring the character encoding.

No browser errors logged to the console

Page has valid source maps

more about source maps.

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. <u>Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit</u>

blowsel concerns. <u>Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic addit</u>

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. Learn

^

URL Map URL chromechromeextension://kpgebblcakogfmdkegcjadjpgfdonifa/con extension://kpgebblcakogfmdkegcjadjpgfdonifa/conte tentscript.js ntscript.js.map Error: Failed fetching source map (null) chromechromeextension://fmkadmapgofadopljbjfkapdkoienihi/bui extension://fmkadmapgofadopljbjfkapdkoienihi/build ld/installHook.js /installHook.js.map Warning: missing 3 items in `.sourcesContent`

NOT APPLICABLE (2) Hide

Redirects HTTP traffic to HTTPS
 Make sure that you redirect all HTTP traffic to HTTPS in order to enable secure web features for all your users. Learn more.
 Document uses legible font sizes
 Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. Learn more about legible font sizes.



These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on Core Web Vitals. Learn more about Google Search Essentials.

CONTENT BEST PRACTICES

▲ Document does not have a meta description

Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. Learn more about the meta description.

Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)

Hide

Structured data is valid

^

Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more about Structured Data</u>.

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

PASSED AUDITS (6)

Page isn't blocked from indexing

Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. Learn more about crawler directives.

Document has a <titte> element

The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles.

Page has successful HTTP status code

Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. Learn more about HTTP status codes.

Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. <u>Learn how to make links more accessible</u> .	
Links are crawlable	^
Search engines may use href attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the href attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn how to make links crawlable	
Document has a valid hreflang	^
hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. <u>Learn more about hreflang.</u>	

Hide

NOT APPLICABLE (3)

o robots.txt is valid

If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. Learn more about robots.txt.

Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.

Document has a valid rel=canonical

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more about canonical links.

Captured at Oct 9, 2024, 10:16

Emulated Desktop with

AM GMT+2

Lighthouse 12.1.0

Initial page load

Custom throttling

Using Chromium 128.0.0.0

with devtools

Generated by Lighthouse 12.1.0 | File an issue