

189II/AN

True-rms Digital Multimeter

Service Manual

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Introduction

⚠️⚠️ Warning

To avoid shock or injury, do not perform the verification tests or calibration procedures described in this manual unless you are qualified to do so.

The information provided in this document is for the use of qualified personnel only.

⚠️ Caution

The 189II/AN True-rms Digital Multimeter contains parts that can be damaged by static discharge.

Follow the standard practices for handling static sensitive devices.

The information in this manual deals with the Fluke Model 189II/AN True-rms Digital Multimeter, (hereafter referred to as “the Meter”). Information provided includes:

- Precautions and safety information
- Specifications
- Basic maintenance (cleaning, replacing the battery and fuses)
- Performance test procedures
- Calibration and calibration adjustment procedures
- Accessories and replaceable parts

For complete operating instructions, refer to the *Model 189II/AN Users Manual* located on the *189II/AN CD ROM*.

Contacting Fluke

To order accessories, receive assistance, or locate the nearest Fluke distributor or Service Center, call:

USA: 1-888-44-FLUKE (1-888-443-5853)
Canada: 1-800-36-FLUKE (1-800-363-5853)
Europe: +31 402-678-200
Japan: +81-3-3434-0181
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Anywhere in the world: +1-425-446-5500

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Precautions and Safety Information

Warning

To avoid possible electric shock or personal injury, use this Meter only as specified in this manual or the protection provided by the equipment might be impaired.

Read the "Safety Information" page before servicing this product.

In this manual, a **Warning** identifies conditions and actions that pose hazard(s) to the user; a **Caution** identifies conditions and actions that may damage the Meter or the test instruments.

International Symbols

International symbols used on the Meter and in this manual are explained in Table 1.

Table 1. Symbols

Symbol	Description	Symbol	Description
~	AC (Alternating Current or Voltage)		Fuse
==	DC (Direct Current or Voltage)		Double Insulated
	Hazardous voltage		Important Information; refer to manual
	Battery (Low battery when shown on the display)		Earth ground
	Continuity test or continuity beeper tone		Conforms to relevant Canadian and US standards
	Conforms to European Union directives		Conforms to relevant Australian standards
	Underwriters Laboratory listed product		Inspected and licensed by TÜV Product Services
CAT III	IEC Measurement Category III – CAT III equipment is designed to protect against transients in equipment in fixed equipment installations, such as distribution panels, feeders and short branch circuits, and lighting systems in large buildings.	CAT IV	IEC Measurement Category IV – CAT IV equipment is designed to protect against transients from the primary supply level, such as an electricity meter or an overhead or underground utility service.
	Hazardous voltage present on input of Meter.		Do not dispose of this product as unsorted municipal waste. Go to Fluke's website for recycling information.

Safety Information

The Meter complies with:

- ANSI/ISA 82.02.01 (61010-1) 2004
- UL 61010-1:2004
- CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 61010-1-04
- IEC/EN 61010-1 2nd Edition Pollution Degree 2
- EMC EN 61326-1
- Measurement Category III, 1000V, Pollution Degree 2
- Measurement Category IV, 600 V, Pollution Degree 2

In this manual, a **Warning** identifies hazardous conditions and actions that could cause bodily harm or death. A **Caution** identifies conditions and actions that could damage the Meter, the equipment under test, or cause permanent loss of data.

Warning

To avoid possible electric shock or personal injury, follow these guidelines:

- **Use this Meter only as specified in this manual or the protection provided by the Meter might be impaired.**
- **Do not use the Meter if it is damaged. Before you use the Meter, inspect the case. Look for cracks or missing plastic. Pay particular attention to the insulation surrounding the connectors.**
- **Make sure the battery door is closed and latched before operating the Meter.**
- **Remove test leads from the Meter before opening the battery door.**
- **Inspect the test leads for damaged insulation or exposed metal. Check the test leads for continuity. Replace damaged test leads before using the Meter.**
- **Do not apply more than the rated voltage, as marked on the Meter, between the terminals or between any terminal and earth ground.**
- **Never operate the Meter with the cover removed or the case open.**
- **Use caution when working with voltages above 30 V ac rms, 42 V ac peak, or 60 V dc. These voltages pose a shock hazard.**
- **Use only the replacement fuses specified by the manual.**
- **Use the proper terminals, function, and range for measurements.**
- **Avoid working alone.**

- When measuring current, turn off circuit power before connecting the Meter in the circuit. Remember to place the Meter in series with the circuit.
- When making electrical connections, connect the common test lead before connecting the live test lead; when disconnecting, disconnect the live test lead before disconnecting the common test lead.
- Do not use the Meter if it operates abnormally. Protection may be impaired. When in doubt, have the Meter serviced.
- Do not operate the Meter around explosive gas, vapor, or dust.
- Use only 1.5 V AA batteries, properly installed in the Meter case, to power the Meter.
- When servicing the Meter, use only specified replacement parts.
- When using probes, keep fingers behind the finger guards on the probes.
- Only use test leads that have the same voltage, category, and amperage ratings as the meter and that have been approved by a safety agency.
- Use proper protective equipment, as required by local or national authorities, when working in hazardous areas.
- Comply with local and national safety requirements when working in hazardous locations.

 **Caution**

To avoid possible damage to the Meter or to the equipment under test, follow these guidelines:

- Disconnect circuit power and discharge all high-voltage capacitors before testing resistance, continuity, diodes, or capacitance.
- Use the proper terminals, function, and range for all measurements.
- Do not remove batteries while the Meter is turned on or a signal is applied to the Meter's input jacks.
- Before measuring current, check the Meter's fuses. (See "Testing the Fuses" in the Users Manual on the accompanying CD.)

General Specifications

Maximum voltage between any Terminal and Earth Ground: 1000 V

△ Fuse Protection for mA or μ A inputs 0.44 A (44/100 A, 440 mA), 1000 V FAST Fuse, Fluke specified part only

△ Fuse Protection for A input 11 A, 1000 V FAST Fuse, Fluke specified part only

Battery Type 6 AA Alkaline batteries, NEDA 15A IEC LR6

Battery Life 100 hours minimum. 200 hours in Logging mode

Temperature

Operating -20 °C to 55 °C

Storage -40 °C to 60 °C

Relative Humidity 0 % to 90 % (0 °C to 37 °C), 0 % to 65 % (37 °C to 45 °C), 0 % to 45 % (45 °C to 55°C)

Altitude

Operating 3,000 m

Storage 10,000 m

Temperature Coefficient 0.05 X (specified accuracy) /°C (<18 °C or >28 °C)

Vibration Random Vibration per MIL-PRF-28800F Class 2

Shock 1 meter drop per IEC/EN 61010-1 2nd Edition

Size (HxWxL) 22.2 cm x 10.2 cm x 6.0 cm (8.75 in x 4.03 in x 2.38 in)

Weight 28.0 oz (871 g)

Safety Standards

US ANSI Complies with ANSI/ISA 82.02.01 (61010-1) 2004

CSA CAN/CSA-C22.2 No 61010-1-04 to 1000 V Measurement Category III and 600 V Measurement Category IV, Pollution Degree 2

UL UL 61010-1:2004

CE European IEC/EN 61010-1 2nd Edition Pollution Degree 2

Electromagnetic Compatibility Standards (EMC)

European EMC EN61326-1

Australian EMC  N10140

US FCC FCC CFR47: Part 15 CLASS A

Certifications UL, CE, CSA, , 

Detailed Specifications

Accuracy:

Accuracy is specified for a period of one year after calibration, at 18 °C to 28 °C (64 °F to 82 °F), with relative humidity to 90 %. Accuracy specifications are given as: \pm ([% of reading] + [number of least significant digits]). Accuracy specification assumes ambient temperature is stable at ± 1 °C. For ambient temperature changes of ± 5 °C, rated accuracy applies after 2 hours.

True-rms:

AC mV, AC V, AC μ A, AC mA, and AC A specifications are ac-coupled, true rms, and are specified from 2 % of range to 100 % of range, except 10 A range is specified from 10 % to 100 % of range.

Crest Factor:

Accuracy is specified with AC crest factor ≤ 3.0 at full-scale, increasing linearly to 5.0 at half-scale, except the 1000 V range, where it is 1.5 at full scale, increasing linearly to 3.0 at half-scale and 500 mV and 5000 μ A, where it is ≤ 3.0 at 80 % of full scale, increasing linearly to 5.0 at half-scale. For non-sinusoidal waveforms add $\pm(0.3\% \text{ of range and } 0.1\% \text{ of reading})$.

AC Floor:

When the input leads are shorted together in the ac functions, the Meter may display a residual reading up to 200 counts. A 200 count residual reading will cause only a 20 count change for readings at 2 % of range. Using REL to offset this reading may produce a much larger constant error in later measurements.

AC+DC:

AC+DC is defined as $\sqrt{ac^2 + dc^2}$

AC Voltage Specifications

Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy				
			20 to 45 Hz	45 to 65 Hz	65 Hz to 10 kHz	10 to 20 kHz	20 to 100 kHz
AC mV	50 mV ^[1]	0.001 mV	1.5 % + 60	0.3 % + 25	0.4 % + 25	0.7 % + 40	3.5 % + 40 ^[3]
	500 mV	0.01 mV	1.5 % + 60	0.3 % + 25	0.4 % + 25	0.7 % + 40	3.5 % + 40
AC V	5 V ^[1]	0.0001 V	1.5 % + 60	0.3 % + 25	0.6 % + 25	1.5 % + 40	3.5 % + 40 ^[3]
	50 V ^[1]	0.001 V	1.5 % + 60	0.3 % + 25	0.4 % + 25	0.7 % + 40	3.5 % + 40
	500 V ^[1]	0.01 V	1.5 % + 60	0.3 % + 25	0.4 % + 25	Not Spec'd	Not Spec'd
	1000 V	0.1 V	1.5 % + 60	0.3 % + 25	0.4 % + 25	Not Spec'd	Not Spec'd
dBV	-70 to -62 dB ^[2]	0.01 dB	3 dB	1.5 dB	2 dB	2 dB	3 dB
	-62 to -52 dB ^[2]	0.01 dB	1.5 dB	1.0 dB	1 dB	1 dB	2 dB
	-52 to -6 dB ^[2]	0.01 dB	0.2 dB	0.1 dB	0.1 dB	0.2 dB	0.8 dB
	-6 to +34 dB ^[2]	0.01 dB	0.2 dB	0.1 dB	0.1 dB	0.2 dB	0.8 dB
	34 to 60 dB ^[2]	0.01 dB	0.2 dB	0.1 dB	0.1 dB	Not Spec'd	Not Spec'd

[1] Below 5 % of range, add 20 counts.

[2] dBm (600Ω) is specified by adding +2.2 dB to the dBV range values.

[3] Add 2.5 % above 65 kHz.

See Detailed Specifications introduction for additional information.

AC Current Specifications

Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy			
			20 to 45 Hz	45 to 1 kHz	1 to 20 kHz	20 to 100 kHz ^[4]
AC μ A ^[3]	500 μ A	0.01 μ A	1 % + 20	0.6 % + 20	0.6 % + 20	5 % + 40
	5000 μ A	0.1 μ A	1 % + 5	0.6 % + 5	0.6 % + 10	5 % + 40
AC mA ^[3]	50 mA	0.001 mA	1 % + 20	0.6 % + 20	0.6 % + 20	5 % + 40
	400 mA	0.01 mA	1 % + 5	0.6 % + 5	1.5 % + 10	5 % + 40
AC A ^[2]	5 A	0.0001 A	1.5 % + 20	0.8 % + 20	3 % + 40 ^[4]	Not Spec'd
	10 A ^[1]	0.001 A	1.5 % + 5	0.8 % + 5	3 % + 10 ^[4]	Not Spec'd

[1] 10 A range (10 % to 100 % of range).

[2] 20 A for 30 seconds on, 10 minutes off. >10 A not specified.

[3] 400 mA continuous; 550 mA for 2 minutes on, 1 minute off.

[4] Verified by design and type tests.

See Detailed Specifications introduction for additional information.

DC Voltage Specification

Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy				
			DC ^[2]	AC over DC, DC over AC, AC + DC ^[2]			
				20 to 45 Hz	45 Hz to 1 kHz	1 to 20 kHz	
DC mV	50 mV ^[3]	0.001 mV	0.05 % + 20 ^[4]	2 % + 80	0.5 % + 80	1.5 % + 40	5 % + 40
	500 mV	0.01 mV	0.025 % + 2 ^[5]			1.5 % + 40	5 % + 40
DC V ^[1]	5 V	0.0001 V	0.025 % + 2	2 % + 80	0.5 % + 80	1.5 % + 40	5 % + 40
	50 V	0.001 V	0.025 % + 2			1.5 % + 40	5 % + 40
	500 V	0.01 V	0.03 % + 2			Not Spec'd	Not Spec'd
	1000 V	0.1 V	0.03 % + 2			Not Spec'd	Not Spec'd

[1] Add 20 counts in dual display ac over dc, dc over ac or ac+dc.

[2] AC+DC ranges are specified from 2 % to 140 % of range, except 1000 V is specified from 2 % to 100 % of range.

[3] When using the relative mode (REL Δ) to compensate for offsets.

[4] Add 4 counts/10 mV AC in dual display ac over dc, dc over ac or ac + dc

[5] Add 10 counts/100 mV AC in dual display ac over dc, dc over ac or ac + dc.

DC Current Specifications

Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy			
			AC over DC, DC over AC, AC + DC ^[1]			
			DC ^{[1][3]}	20 to 45 Hz	45 Hz to 1 kHz	1 to 20 kHz
DC µA ^[4]	500 µA	0.01 µA	0.075 % + 20	1 % + 20	0.6 % + 20	0.6 % + 20
	5000 µA	0.1 µA	0.075 % + 2	1 % + 5	0.6 % + 5	0.6 % + 10
DC mA ^[4]	50 mA	0.001 mA	0.05 % + 10 ^[6]	1 % + 20	0.6 % + 20	0.6 % + 20
	400 mA	0.01 mA	0.15 % + 2	1 % + 5	0.6 % + 5	1.5 % + 10
DC A ^[2]	5 A	0.0001 A	0.3 % + 10	1.5 % + 20	0.8 % + 20	3 % + 40 ^[5]
	10 A	0.001 A	0.3 % + 2	1.5 % + 10	0.8 % + 10	3 % + 10 ^[5]

[1] AC+DC ranges are specified from 2 % to 140 % of range.
 [2] 20 A for 30 seconds on, 10 minutes off. >10 A not specified.
 [3] Add 20 counts in dual display ac over dc, dc over ac or ac+dc.
 [4] 400 mA continuous; 550 mA for 2 minutes on, 1 minute off.
 [5] Verified by design and type tests.
 [6] Temperature coefficient: 0.1 X (specified accuracy)/ °C (<18 °C or > 28 °C)

Resistance Specifications

Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy
Resistance	500 Ω ^[1]	0.01 Ω	0.05 % + 10
	5 kΩ ^[1]	0.0001 kΩ	0.05 % + 2
	50 kΩ ^[1]	0.001 kΩ	0.05 % + 2
	500 kΩ	0.01 kΩ	0.05 % + 15
	5 MΩ	0.0001 MΩ	0.15 % + 4
	30 MΩ	0.001 MΩ	1.5 % + 4
	50 MΩ	0.01 MΩ	1.5 % + 4
	50 MΩ up to 100 MΩ	0.1 MΩ	3.0 % + 2
	100 MΩ up to 500 MΩ	0.1 MΩ	8 % + 2
	Conductance	50 nS ^[2]	0.01 nS
[1] When using the relative mode (REL Δ) to compensate for offsets. [2] Add 20 counts above 33 nS in 50 nS range.			

Temperature Specifications

Temperature	Resolution	Accuracy ^[1,2]
-200 °C to +1350 °C	0.1 °C	1 % + 10
-328 °F to +2462 °F	0.1 °F	1 % + 18

[1] Does not include error of the thermocouple probe.
 [2] Accuracy specification assumes ambient temperature stable to ±1 °C. For ambient temperature changes of ±5 °C, rated accuracy applies after 2 hours.

Capacitance and Diode Test Specifications

Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy
Capacitance	1 nF ^[1]	0.001 nF	1 % + 5
	10 nF ^[1]	0.01 nF	1 % + 5
	100 nF ^[1]	0.1 nF	1 % + 5
	1 µF	0.001 µF	1 % + 5
	10 µF	0.01 µF	1 % + 5
	100 µF	0.1 µF	1 % + 5
	1000 µF	1 µF	1 % + 5
	10 mF	0.01 mF	1 % + 5
	100 mF	0.1 mF	2 % + 20
Diode Test	3.1 V	0.0001 V	1 % + 20

[1] With a film capacitor or better, using relative mode (REL Δ) to zero residual.

Frequency Counter Specifications

Function	Range	Resolution	Accuracy
Frequency (0.5 Hz to 999.99 kHz, pulse width >0.5 µs)	99.999 Hz	0.001 Hz	0.02 % + 5
	999.99 Hz	0.01 Hz	0.005 % + 5
	9.9999 kHz	0.0001 kHz	0.005 % + 5
	99.999 kHz	0.001 kHz	0.005 % + 5
	999.99 kHz	0.01 kHz	0.005 % + 5
Duty Cycle ^{[1][2][3]}	1.00 % to 99.00 %	0.01 %	0.2 % per kHz + 0.1 %
Pulse Width ^{[1][2]}	0.1000 ms	0.0001 ms	0.002 ms + 30 counts
	1.000 ms	0.001 ms	0.002 ms + 3 counts
	10.00 ms	0.01 ms	0.002 ms + 3 counts
	1999.9 ms	0.1 ms	0.002 ms + 3 counts

[1] For rise times <1 µs. Signals centered around trigger levels.
[2] 0.5 to 200 kHz, pulse width >2 µs. Pulse width range is determined by the frequency of the signal.
[3] For 10 µs < pulse width <25 µs add 1%. For 2 µs < pulse width ≤10 µs add 3.5 %.

Frequency Counter Sensitivity

Input Range	Approximate Voltage Sensitivity (rms sine wave) ^[1]	AC Bandwidth ^[2]	Approximate DC Trigger Levels	DC Bandwidth ^[2]
	15 Hz to 100 kHz			
50 mV	5 mV	1 MHz	5 mV & 20 mV	600 kHz
500 mV	25 mV	1 MHz	20 mV & 60 mV	1 MHz
5 V	0.25 V	700 kHz	1.4 V & 2.0 V	80 kHz
50 V	2.5 V	1 MHz	0.5 V & 6.5 V	1 MHz
500 V	25 V	300 kHz	5 V & 40 V	300 kHz
1000 V	50 V	300 kHz	5 V & 100 V	300 kHz
Input Range	Approximate Current Sensitivity (rms sine wave)	AC Bandwidth	Approximate DC Trigger Levels	DC Bandwidth
	15 Hz to 10 kHz			
500 µA	25 µA	100 kHz	NA	NA
5000 µA	250 µA	100 kHz		
50 mA	2.5 mA	100 kHz		
400 mA	25 mA	100 kHz		
5 A	0.25 A	100 kHz		
10 A	1.0 A	100 kHz		

[1] Maximum input = 10 x range (1000 V maximum, 2×10^7 V-Hz product maximum). Noise at low frequencies and amplitudes may affect accuracy.
[2] Typical frequency bandwidth with full scale (or maximum 2×10^7 V-Hz product) rms sine wave.

MIN MAX, Recording, and Peak Specifications

Function	Nominal Response	Accuracy
MIN MAX, Recording	200 ms to 80 % (dc function)	Specified accuracy ±12 counts for changes >425 ms in duration in manual range.
	350 ms to 80 % (ac function)	Specified Accuracy ±40 counts for changes >1.5 s in duration in manual range.
Peak	250 µS (peak) ^[1]	Specified accuracy ±100 counts ^[2] up to 5,000 count (full range) reading. For higher peak reading (to 12,000 counts), specified accuracy ±2 % ^[3] of reading.
Crest Factor	350 ms to 80 %	For periodic waveforms from 50 to 440 Hz ± (4 % + 1 count).

[1] For repetitive peaks; 2.5 ms for single events. Peak not specified for 500 µA DC, 50 mA DC, 5 A DC.
[2] 200 counts in 500 mV AC, 500 µA AC, 50 mA AC, 5 A AC.
[3] 3 % in 500 mV AC, 500 µA AC, 50 mA AC, 5 A AC.

Input Characteristics

Function	Overload Protection ^[1]	Input Impedance	Common Mode Rejection Ratio (1 kΩ unbalance)	Normal Mode Rejection								
⎓	1000 V	10 MΩ <100 pF	>120 dB at dc, 50 Hz or 60 Hz	>60 dB at 50 Hz or 60 Hz								
⎓ mV	1000 V ^[2]	10 MΩ <100 pF	>120 dB at dc, 50 Hz or 60 Hz	>60 dB at 50 Hz or 60 Hz								
⎓	1000 V	10 MΩ <100 pF (ac-coupled)	>60 dB, dc to 60 Hz									
Function	Overload Protection ^[1]	Open Circuit Test Voltage	Full Scale Voltage	Typical Short Circuit Current								
			To 500 kΩ	≥5 MΩ or 50 nS	500 Ω	5 kΩ	50 kΩ	500 kΩ	5 MΩ	50 MΩ	500 MΩ	
Ω	1000 V ^[2]	5 V dc	550 mV	<5 V	1 mA	100 μA	10 μA	1 μA	1 μA	0.3 μA	0.3 μA	
→	1000 V ^[2]	5 V dc	3.1 V dc		1 mA							

[1] Input is limited to the product of a V rms sinewave times frequency of 2×10^7 V-Hz.
 [2] For circuits <0.5 A short circuit. 660V for high energy circuits.

Burden Voltage (A, mA, μA)

Function	Range	Burden Voltage
mA, μA	500 μA	102 μV/ μA
	5000 μA	102 μV/ μA
	50.000 mA	1.8 mV/mA
	400.00 mA	1.8 mV/mA
A	5.0000 A	0.04 V/A
	10.000 A	0.04 V/A

Unpacking the Meter

Open the Multimeter box. Inside will be found a 189II/AN Digital Multimeter, one set of test leads, a Product Manuals CD, a 189II/AN Users Manual, and a 189II/AN Service Manual. Remove the Meter from its plastic wrapping.

Inspection

Inspect all contents for any visible shipping damage. Look for scratches or any other damage. If the Meter is damaged, contact Fluke immediately using the contact information listed in the “Contacting Fluke” section earlier in this manual. If it is necessary to return the Meter, place it in its original packaging and return.

Hazardous Voltage

To alert you to the presence of a potentially hazardous voltage, when the Meter detects a voltage ≥ 30 V or a voltage overload (**OL**), the symbol is displayed.

Required Equipment

Required equipment is listed in Table 2. If the recommended models are not available, equipment with equivalent specifications may be used.

Repairs or servicing should be performed only by qualified personnel.

Table 2. Required Equipment

Equipment	Required Characteristics	Recommended Model
Calibrator	AC Voltage Range: 0-1000 Vac Accuracy: $\pm 0.0875\%$ Frequency Range: 20 Hz – 100 kHz Accuracy: $\pm 3\%$ DC Voltage Range: 0-1000 Vdc Accuracy: $\pm 0.0075\%$ Current Range: 0-10A Accuracy: AC mA - $\pm 0.15\%$ AC A - $\pm 0.21\%$ Frequency range: 1 kHz – 30 kHz DC mA - $\pm 0.0175\%$ DC A - $\pm 0.08\%$ Frequency Source: 45 Hz-950 kHz Accuracy: $\pm 0.0026\%$ Amplitude: 600 mV Accuracy: $\pm 5\%$ Ohms Range: 0 Ω - 300 M Ω Accuracy: $\pm 0.0135\%$ Capacitance Range: 5 nF Accuracy: $\pm 0.55\%$ Temperature Range: 0 to 1000 °C Accuracy: 0.2 %	Fluke 5520A
Thermocouple Adapter Accessory	K-type	Fluke 80AK
K-type Thermocouple wire	K-type, mini-plug on both ends	N/A
Serial Cable, Infrared	Cable, Adapter, Fluke-Custom IRDA Optical to USB,2M	Fluke P/N 2166275

Theory of Operation

The Meter includes the following major modules: Case, Display Module, Batteries, Shields, and the Printed Circuit Assembly (PCA).

All the electrical processing is done on the PCA.

There are four main sections of the PCA: analog signal conditioning and conversion, measurement processor, memory, and power supply.

Analog Signal Conditioning

The Analog Signal Conditioning section converts all levels of voltage and currents, AC and DC, at the input terminals to a DC voltage that is read by the Analog to Digital Converter (ADC). It also provides the stimulus current and voltages for the Ohms, Continuity, Diode Test and Capacitance functions. This section provides protection against overloads on the input terminals.

The Analog Signal Conditioning section is controlled by the measurement processor. It gets the range and function from the master control section. It, in turn, sets up all the analog switches, starts the ADC, reads the ADC, and sends this back to the control processor. It has timers to count for the frequency functions. It monitors and reports back to the control processor the position of the rotary switch, the level of the battery, and the use of the current jacks.

Control Section

The Control Section contains a μ P and memory. It receives information on the position of the rotary selector switch, key presses, and measurement μ P data. It outputs range and function selection to the measurement μ P and data to the display module. It also reads from and writes to memory.

Power Supply

This section takes the battery voltage from the six AA cells, which can be from 6 to 9 volts, and creates 1.8 V, 2.5 V, 3 V, 5 V and 20 V which are switched on and off. It also creates a 3 V supply that is always on.

Block Diagram

A block diagram of the 189II/AN is shown in Figure 1.

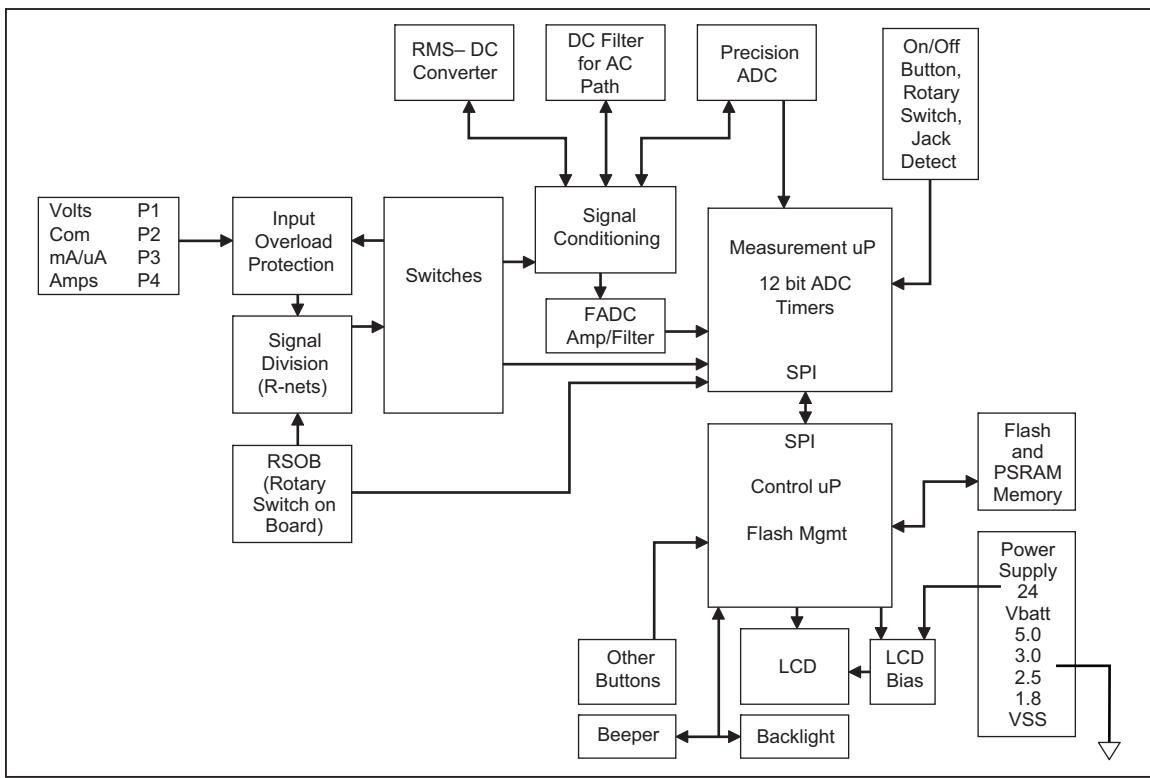


Figure 1. Fluke 189II/AN Block Diagram

Testpoint Locations

Not available for this Meter.

Fault Isolation Techniques

Not available for this Meter. If the Meter needs service, refer to the “Contacting Fluke” section.

Wear Tolerance

Not applicable for this Meter.

Trouble Symptoms

Not available for this Meter.

Logic

Not available for this Meter.

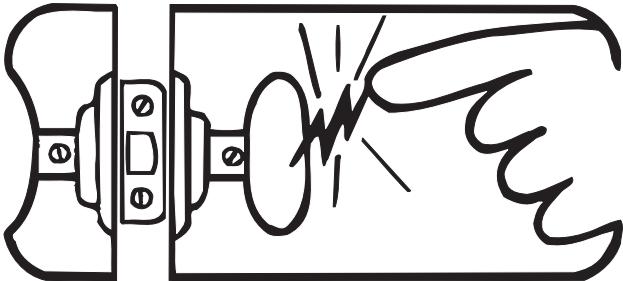
Restoration Actions

Refer to the “Performance Tests” section.



static awareness

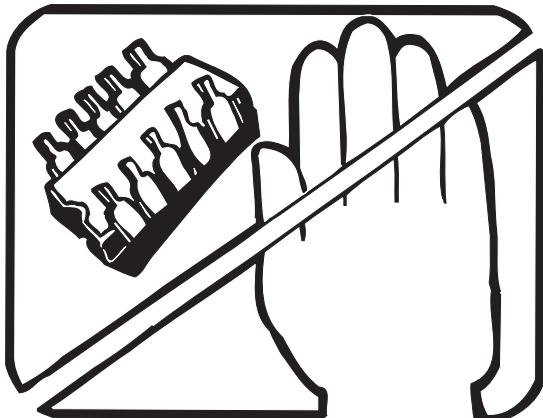
A Message From
Fluke Corporation



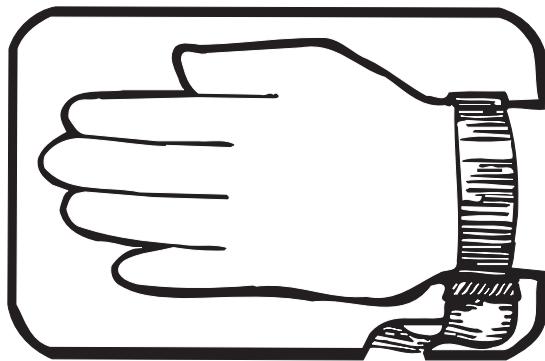
Some semiconductors and custom IC's can be damaged by electrostatic discharge during handling. This notice explains how you can minimize the chances of destroying such devices by:

1. Knowing that there is a problem.
2. Learning the guidelines for handling them.
3. Using the procedures, packaging, and bench techniques that are recommended.

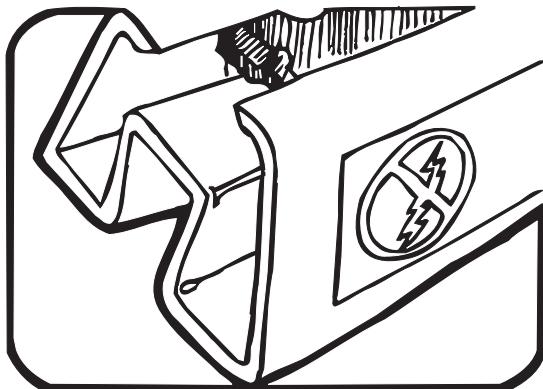
The following practices should be followed to minimize damage to S.S. (static sensitive) devices.



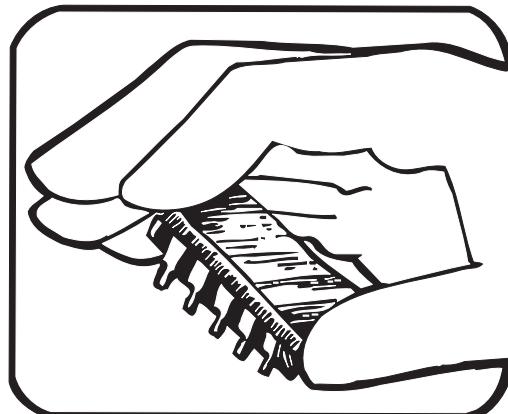
1. MINIMIZE HANDLING



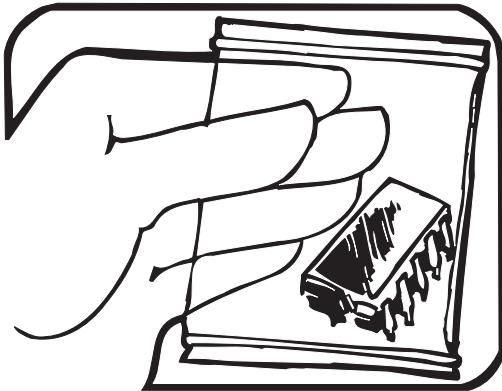
3. DISCHARGE PERSONAL STATIC BEFORE
HANDLING DEVICES. USE A HIGH RESIS-
TANCE GROUNDING WRIST STRAP.



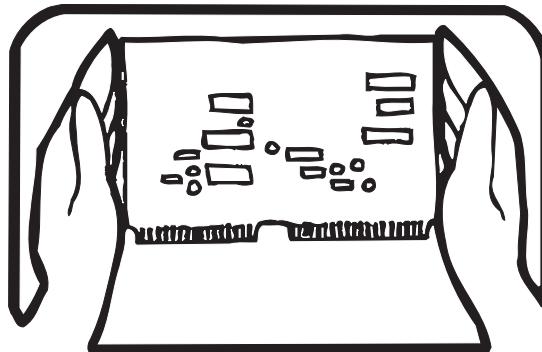
2. KEEP PARTS IN ORIGINAL CONTAINERS
UNTIL READY FOR USE.



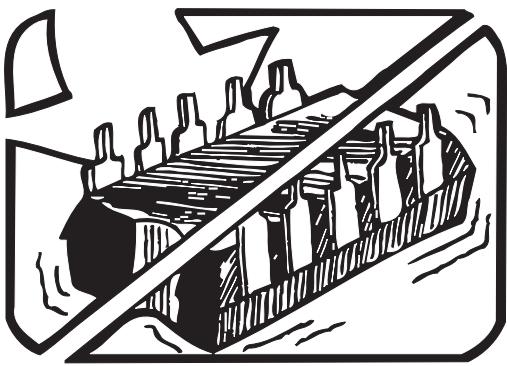
4. HANDLE S.S. DEVICES BY THE BODY.



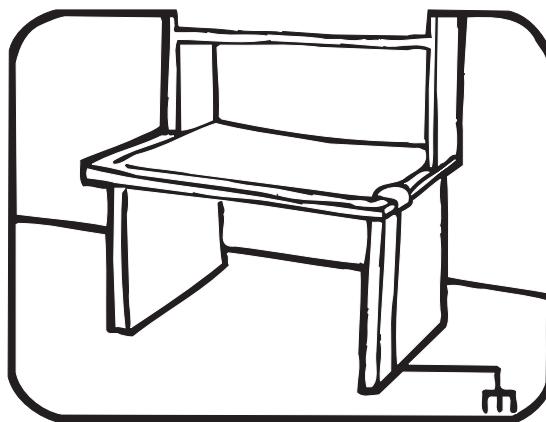
5. USE STATIC SHIELDING CONTAINERS FOR HANDLING AND TRANSPORT.



8. WHEN REMOVING PLUG-IN ASSEMBLIES HANDLE ONLY BY NON-CONDUCTIVE EDGES AND NEVER TOUCH OPEN EDGE CONNECTOR EXCEPT AT STATIC-FREE WORK STATION. PLACING SHORTING STRIPS ON EDGE CONNECTOR HELPS PROTECT INSTALLED S.S. DEVICES.



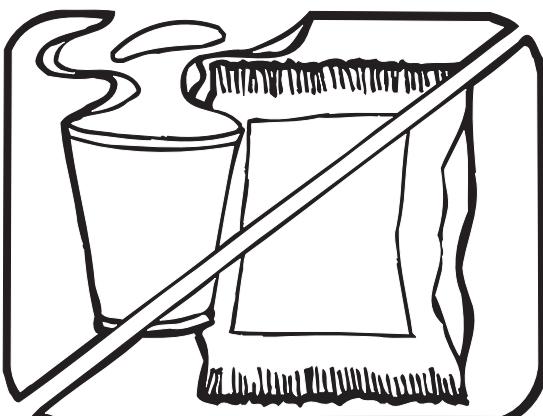
6. DO NOT SLIDE S.S. DEVICES OVER ANY SURFACE.



9. HANDLE S.S. DEVICES ONLY AT A STATIC-FREE WORK STATION.

10. ONLY ANTI-STATIC TYPE SOLDER-SUCKERS SHOULD BE USED.

11. ONLY GROUNDED-TIP SOLDERING IRONS SHOULD BE USED.



7. AVOID PLASTIC, VINYL AND STYROFOAM® IN WORK AREA.

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AND GERNER DYNAMICS, POMONA DIV.

Basic Maintenance

⚠️⚠️ Warning

To avoid electrical shock or personal injury, remove the test leads and any input signals before opening the case or replacing the battery or fuses. To prevent damage or injury, install ONLY batteries or fuses specified for this product.

Opening the Meter Case

⚠️ Caution

To avoid unintended circuit shorting, always place the uncovered Meter assembly on a protective surface. When the case of the Meter is open, circuit connections are exposed.

To open the Meter case, do the following:

1. Disconnect test leads from any live source, turn the Meter off, and remove the test leads from the input terminals.
2. Use a flat-blade screwdriver to turn the battery door fastener counterclockwise until the arrow points to unlock position.
3. Lift up on the bottom of the battery pack and slide it down to remove it as shown in Figure 3.
4. The case bottom is secured to the case top by six screws. Remove the screws with a Phillips-head screwdriver.
5. Pull the case bottom and cast top apart.

Removing and Reinserting the Printed Circuit Assembly

The circuit board assembly (PCA) must be removed to access and replace the LCD. Refer to Figure 6 while performing the following procedure.

⚠️ Caution

The PCA is extremely susceptible to contamination. Handle it by the fuse clips or edges of the PCA only. Use clean surgical gloves to help avoid contamination.

The LCD cable is very delicate. Use extreme caution and do not exert excess force or strain on the cable or mating connector when removing them.

1. Put the Meter's rotary switch knob in the $\overline{\text{mV}}$ position.
2. Refer to the "Opening the Meter Case" section and remove the case bottom to access the PCA.
3. Remove six Phillips-head screws securing the PCA to the case top and input terminals.
4. Remove the bottom shield.
5. Before lifting out the PCA, very carefully remove the fragile LCD cable from the LCD connector without excessive bending of the cable or connector. Remove the PCA.
6. Remove the top shield.
7. The LCD is now accessible and may be easily removed.

Reassembling the Meter Case

To reassemble the Meter case, do the following:

1. Verify the rotary switch knob is in the  position (arrow on the rotary switch detent points straight up to the LCD).
2. Install the display bezel, LCD, and top shield into the top case.
3. On the PCA, align the RSOB (Rotary Switch On-Board) housing so that the arrow is in the same orientation as the rotary switch knob (arrow points straight up to the LCD).
4. Place the PCA onto the top shield, making sure the RSOB alignment holes mate with the rotary switch detent alignment studs.
5. Very carefully insert the LCD cable stiffener vertically into the mating PCA connector.
6. Replace the bottom shield.

⚠ Caution

To avoid damage to the Meter, do not over-torque the six Phillips-head screws when attaching the PCA and shields to the case top. Use 5 to 7 inch-lb of torque.

7. Carefully replace the six Phillips-head screws that secure the PCA and shields to the case top and input terminals.
8. Hold the Meter face down and place the case bottom onto the case top. Make sure the LCD cable is not caught between the case halves.

⚠ Caution

Do not over-torque the six Phillips-head case screws when attaching the case bottom. Use 5 to 7 inch-lb of torque.

9. Reinstall the six case screws and the battery door.
10. Secure the battery door by turning the battery door fastener clockwise to the lock position.
11. Go to the “Performance Test” section in this document, and perform the procedures described.

Testing Fuses (F1 and F2)

Before measuring current, using Figure 2 as a reference, test the fuses by following the instructions below.

⚠⚠ Warning

To avoid electrical shock or personal injury, remove the test leads and any input signals before replacing the battery or fuses. To prevent damage or injury, install ONLY specified replacement fuses with the amperage, voltage, and speed ratings shown in the specifications.

With the Meter in the Ω function, insert a test lead into the V/ Ω jack and place the probe tip at the other end of the test lead against the metal at the top of the current input jack. If the message “Leads Connected Incorrectly” should appear, the tip of the probe is inserted too far into the jack and is activating the input alert. The resistance value should be between 0.00 and 0.50 Ω for the A jack and 10.00 ± 0.05 k Ω for the mA/ μ A jack. If the tests give readings other than those shown, have the Meter serviced.

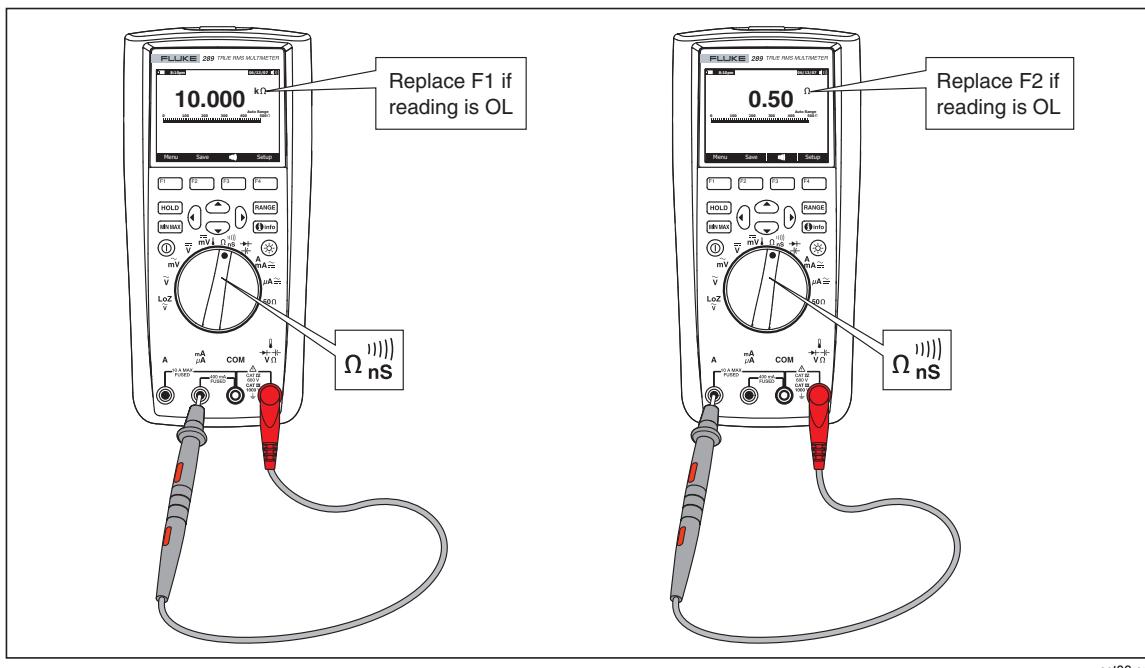


Figure 2. Testing the Current Fuses

est33.eps

Replacing Fuses

⚠️⚠️ Warning

To avoid electrical shock, remove the test leads and any input signals before replacing the battery or fuses. To prevent damage or injury, install ONLY specified fuses and batteries.

To replace the fuses, refer to Figure 3 and do the following:

1. Turn the meter off and remove test leads from the input terminals
2. Remove the battery door by using a standard-blade screwdriver to turn the battery door fastener to the unlock position.
3. Remove either fuse by gently prying one end loose, then lifting the fuse out of the fuse contacts.
4. Install only Fluke specified replacement fuses with the amperage, voltage, and interrupt ratings shown in the replacement parts list (see Table 9).
5. Replace the battery door and secure it by turning the battery door fastener to the lock position.

Replacing the Batteries

The Meter is powered by six AA batteries (NEDA 15A or IEC LR6).

⚠️ Caution

**Be sure to observe proper polarity when replacing batteries.
Incorrect battery polarity may seriously damage the Meter.**

To replace the batteries, refer to Figure 3 and do the following:

1. Turn the meter off and remove test leads from the input terminals.
2. Remove the battery door by using a standard-blade screwdriver to turn the battery door fastener to the unlock position.

3. Replace the batteries, observing proper polarity. Replace the battery door and secure it by turning the fastener to the lock position.

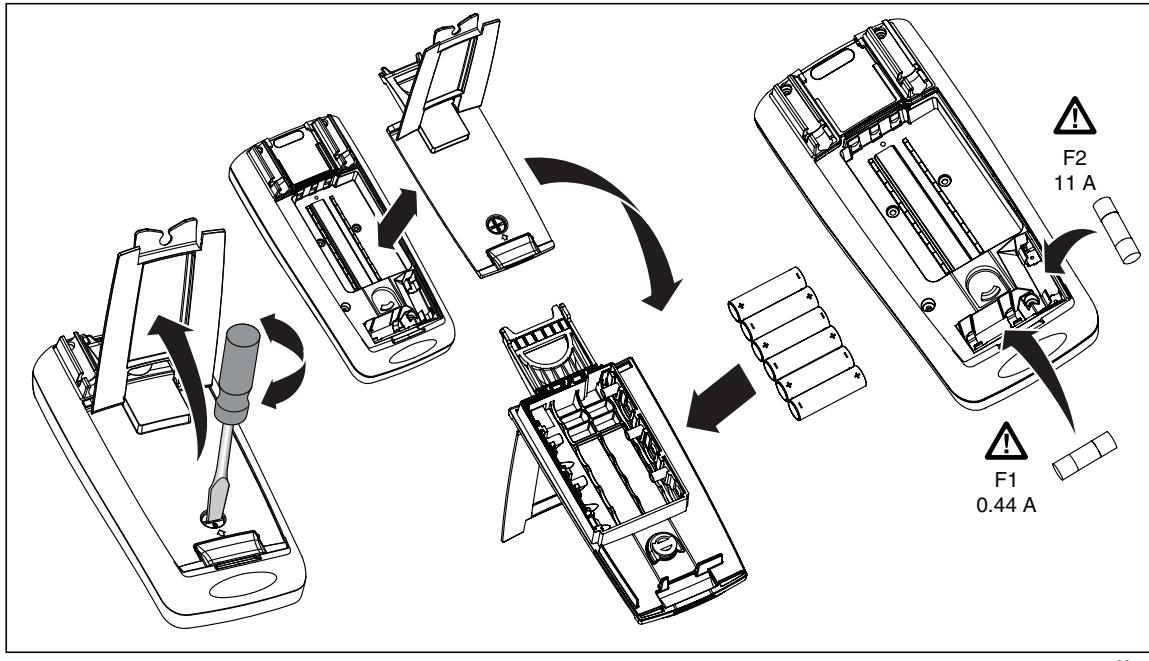


Figure 3. Battery and Fuse Replacement

est32.eps

Cleaning

Periodically wipe the case with a damp cloth and mild detergent. Do not use abrasives, isopropyl alcohol, or solvents.

⚠️⚠️ Warning

To avoid electrical shock or damage to the Meter, never allow water inside the case. To avoid damaging the housing, never apply solvents to the Meter.

Dirt or moisture in the input terminals can affect readings and can falsely activate the Input Alert feature. Clean the terminals as follows:

1. Turn the Meter off and remove all test leads.
2. Shake out any dirt that may be in the terminals.
3. Soak a clean swab with mild detergent and water. Work the swab around in each terminal. Dry each terminal using canned air to force the water and detergent out of the terminals.

Performance Tests

The following performance tests will ensure that the Meter is in proper operating condition and will check the accuracy of each meter function against its specifications. To perform the tests you will need the equipment listed in Table 2. Prior to beginning the accuracy tests, allow the Meter to stabilize to room temperature. Depending on temperature gradient this could take up to several hours.

If the Meter fails any of these tests, it needs calibration adjustment or repair.

Factory Default

Prior to completing the Performance tests reset the Meter to the factory defaults as follows:

1. Power the Meter on in any function.
2. Press F4 (Setup) and select Reset using arrow keys.
3. Press F3 (Meter).
4. Press F1 (OK). The Meter should go through power up routine.

Power LED Test

The Meter's power button has an LED backlight. To test the LED, power on the meter, and verify that the power button lights for approximately 4 seconds, and then extinguishes.

Backlight Test

To test the backlight, press the  button twice. Note that the backlight comes on at two different intensity levels.

Current Terminal Sensing Test

This test determines whether or not the Input Alert™ is functioning properly.

Note

Before conducting this test, make sure the beeper is not disabled in setup.

1. Turn the Meter on.
2. Install a test lead in the mA/ μ A input terminal.
3. Turn the rotary switch to all functions, except current functions. Note that the beeper Chirps continuously and the LCD displays a warning.
4. Turn the rotary switch to the A/mA position. Note that the beeper does not chirp and the leads warning is not displayed.
5. Remove the test lead and install it into the A terminal. Repeat steps 3 and 4.

Keypad Test

Note

Before conducting this test, make sure the beeper is not disabled in setup mode.

To test that the keypad buttons are active Turn the Meter on and push each button separately. Each button push should cause the Meter to beep.

LCD Test

The Meter uses a dot matrix LCD. To best test the LCD pixels, use the following procedure.

1. Turn the rotary switch knob to  and turn on the Meter.
2. Push F4 for Setup and select contrast.
3. Push the Backlight button twice for max brightness and use the F1 and F2 softkeys to adjust Contrast for the brightest display.
4. Push the “i Info” button and scroll the text with F1 and F2. Inspect the LCD display for missing pixels or areas of the display that may be unreadable due to pixel defects.

IR Port Verification

Note

When using MET/CAL to do performance testing over the Meter's IR port, it is not necessary to perform this verification test.

1. Connect the Infrared Serial Cable to the USB port of a PC, with windows 98 or later, and the Meter's IR port at the top of the Meter.
2. Turn the Meter on, and set the rotary switch to any function.
3. On the PC, go to Start, and under Programs, Accessories, open HyperTerminal.
4. Setup the following:

Name: 189II IR Port Test

Connect using: ComX

Bits per second: 115200

Data bits: 8

Parity: None

Stop bits: 1

Flow control: None

5. Go to the Properties ICON on the tool bar.
6. Click on the Settings tab and leave the default settings.
7. Select ASCII Setup:
8. Set the following:

Send line ends with line feed

Echo typed characters locally

Append line feeds to incoming line ends

Wrap lines that exceed terminal width

9. Enter the identification command <ID> followed by carriage return (Enter)
10. The Meter should return the response: FLUKE 189II, VX.XX, X, indicating the model, software version, and serial number.

Note

If the PC indicates that the Meter is not connected, ensure that the COM port is correct and that the IR Serial Cable is properly connected to the Meter's IR window.

Temperature Accuracy Test

Note

Prior to performing the following tests, the meter must be allowed to stabilize to within $\pm 1^{\circ}\text{C}$ of the ambient temperature. This could take several hours depending on temperature gradient.

Connect K-type thermocouple and Fluke 80AK to the temperature input on the Meter. Connect the other end to the 5520A TC output. Allow connections to stabilize for two minutes before proceeding.

1. Turn the Meter on, set the rotary switch to $\overline{\text{mV}}$, and select the temperature function. Select the degrees C function key.
2. On the Meter, select Offset. Adjust the offset to 000.0 using keypad edit buttons.
3. Close the Offset window.
4. Set the 5520A for K-type thermocouple and an output of 0 °C.
5. Perform the measurement steps in Table 3.

Table 3. Temperature Test Input and Display

Input	Display	
	Lower Limit	Upper Limit
0.0 °C	-1.0 °C	1.0 °C
100.0 °C	98.0 °C	102.0 °C
1000.0 °C	989.0 °C	1011.0 °C

Accuracy Tests for Volts, Current, Ω , Hz , and MHz Test Functions

To verify the accuracy of Meter functions, do the following:

1. Connect the Calibrator Normal terminals to the Meter's V and COM input terminals.
2. Turn on the Meter.
3. Set the rotary switch to $\overline{\text{mV}}$.

Note

The DC mV measurements in Table 4 are subject to offsets caused by thermals due to temperature gradients between connecting materials. After connecting the calibrator to the Meter terminals, allow time (could be several minutes) for the thermals to dissipate. When readings are stable, perform a REL and record the Meter reading.

4. Apply the Input Level and frequency for step 1 of table 4.
5. Compare the Meter's display reading with the Display Limits in Table 4.
6. If the display reading falls outside of the Display Reading Limits shown in Table 4, the Meter does not meet specification and requires adjustment or repair.
7. Complete the remaining test steps for each function listed in Table 4.

Table 4. 189II/AN Performance Test Steps

Step	Function	Range	Input Level	Frequency or Model	Display Reading ^[1]	
					Lower Limit	Upper Limit
1.	DC mV	50.000 mV	0 mV		Allow reading to stabilize	
	REL Offsets					
2.	DC mV	50.000 mV	0 mV ^[2]		-0.020	0.020
3.	DC mV	50.000 mV	0.025 mV ^[2]		0.005	0.045
4.	DC mV	50.000 mV	-0.025 mV ^[2]		-0.045	-0.005

Table 4. 189II/AN Performance Test Steps (cont.)

Step	Function	Range	Input Level	Frequency or Model	Display Reading ^[1]	
					Lower Limit	Upper Limit
5.	DC mV	50.000 mV	50 mV ^[2]		49.955	50.045
Discontinue REL Offsets						
6.	DC mV	500.00 mV	500 mV		499.85	500.15
7.	DC mV	500.00 mV	-250 mV		-250.08	-249.92
8.	mV DC/AC	500.00 mV	50 mV	0 Hz	49.97	50.03
9.	mV AC/DC	500.00 mV	250 mV	35 kHz	237.10	262.90
Set 5520A for 2-Wire COMP and Connect in 4-Wire configuration						
10.	Ohms	500.00 Ω	0 Ω		-0.10	0.10
REL Offset						
11.	Ohms	500.00 Ω	0.2 Ω ^[2]		0.10	0.30
12.	Ohms	500.00 Ω	500 Ω ^[2]		499.65	500.35
Discontinue REL Offsets						
13.	Ohms	5.0000 kΩ	5 kΩ		4.9973	5.0027
14.	Ohms	50.000 kΩ	50 kΩ		49.973	50.027
Set 5520A for COMP OFF and Remove Auxiliary Test Cable						
15.	Ohms	500.00 kΩ	500 kΩ		499.73	500.27
16.	Ohms	5.0000 MΩ	5 MΩ		4.9921	5.0079
17.	Ohms	30.000 MΩ	30 MΩ		29.546	30.454
18.	Ohms	500.0 MΩ	300 MΩ		275.8	324.2
19.	AC mV	50.000 mV	5 mV	20 Hz	4.865	5.135
20.	AC mV	50.000 mV	50 mV	65 kHz	48.210	51.790
21.	AC mV	500.00 mV	50 mV	100 kHz	47.85	52.15
22.	AC mV	500.00 mV	250 mV	65 kHz	240.85	259.15
23.	AC mV	500.00 mV	500 mV	45 Hz	498.25	501.75
24.	AC mV, Hz	500.00 mV	500 mV	45 Hz	44.986	45.014
25.	AC mV, Hz	500.00 mV	600 mV	950 kHz	949.90	950.10
26.	VAC	5.0000 V	0.1 V	60 Hz	0.0952	0.1048
27.	VAC	5.0000 V	0.5 V	10 kHz	0.4945	0.5055
28.	VAC	5.0000 V	3 V	100 kHz	2.8160	3.1840
29.	VAC, HZ, % (Duty Cycle)	5.0000 V	5 V p-p, Sq. wave @15 %	50 kHz	1.40	28.60
30.	VAC	50.000 V	15 V	100 kHz	14.435	15.565

Table 4. 189II/AN Performance Test Steps (cont.)

Step	Function	Range	Input Level	Frequency or Model	Display Reading ^[1]	
					Lower Limit	Upper Limit
31.	VAC	500.00 V	500 V	10 kHz	497.75	502.25
32.	VAC	1000.0 V	1000 V	10 kHz	993.5	1006.5
33.	DC V	5.0000 V	4 V		3.9988	4.0012
34.	DC V	50.000 V	-40 V		-40.0120	-39.988
35.	DC V	500.00 V	400 V		399.86	400.14
36.	DC V	1000.0 V	600 V		599.6	600.4
37.	DC V, AC/DC	5.0000 V	200 mV	0 Hz	0.1977	0.2023
38.	DC V, AC/DC	5.0000 V	2 V	5 kHz	1.9640	2.0360
39.	ACV, Peak	5.000 V	4 V p-p, Sq. wave, +1 V offset	2 kHz	1.863	2.137
Put Meter's rotary switch to Capacitance function						
Remove Test Leads from 5520A and REL offset						
Reconnect Test Leads to 5520A						
40	Capacitance	10.00 nF ^[3]	5 nF		4.90	5.10
41	Diode Test	3.1000 V	3.5 kΩ		2.0000	3.1000
42	Diode Test	3.1000 V	0 Ω		N/A	N/A
Connect 5520A Auxiliary Output to Meter's mA/µA and COM Input Terminals						
43	µA AC	500.00 µA	500 µA	60 Hz	496.80	503.20
44	µA AC	500.00 µA	500 µA	30 kHz	492.85 ^[4]	507.15 ^[4]
45	µA AC	5000.0 µA	5000 µA	30 kHz	4928.5 ^[4]	5071.5 ^[4]
46	µA DC	500.00 µA	500 µA		499.42	500.58
47	µA DC	5000.0 µA	5000 µA		4996.0	5004.0
48	mA AC	50.000 mA	4 mA	20 Hz	3.940	4.060
49	mA AC	50.000 mA	30 mA	30 kHz	29.375 ^[4]	30.625 ^[4]
50	mA AC	400.00 mA	300 mA	30 kHz	284.60	315.40
51	mA AC	400.00 mA	400 mA	60 Hz	397.55	402.45
52	mA DC	50.000 mA	0.1 mA		0.090	0.110
53	mA DC	50.000 mA	50 mA		49.965	50.035
54	mA DC	400.00 mA	400 mA		399.38	400.62

Table 4. 189II/AN Performance Test Steps (cont.)

Step	Function	Range	Input Level	Frequency or Model	Display Reading ^[1]	
					Lower Limit	Upper Limit
Connect 5520A, Auxiliary 20A output, to Meter's A and COM Input Terminals						
55	AAC	5.0000 A	5 A	1 kHz	4.9580	5.0420
56	AAC	10.000 A	5 A	1 kHz	4.955	5.045
57	ADC	5.0000 A	5 A		4.9840	5.0160
58	ADC	10.000 A	10 A		9.968	10.032

[1] Must allow for source and Meter settling before recording reading.
 [2] When using the relative mode (RELΔ) to compensate for offsets.
 [3] With a film capacitor or better, using relative mode (REL Δ) to zero residual.
 [4] Test limits are mathematically guard banded to ensure performance, at 20 kHz and lower.

Calibration Adjustment

Perform the Calibration Adjustment Procedure when the Meter fails any performance test steps listed in Table 4.

The Meter features closed-case calibration adjustment using known reference sources. The Meter measures the applied reference source, calculates correction factors and stores the correction factors in nonvolatile memory.

The following sections present the features and Meter pushbutton functions that can be used during the Calibration Adjustment Procedure.

Before you begin the adjustment procedure, the Meter must be allowed to reach the ambient temperature of the lab environment. Depending on temperature gradient, this could take up to several hours.

Operation

Calibration adjustment is started by pressing the F1 [Setup] softkey, and then navigating to Calibration on the Setup menu.

Note

The Meter will not allow calibration a low battery condition.

When Calibration is selected in the Setup menu, the F1-F4 softkeys function as shown in Table 5.

Table 5. Calibration Entry Softkeys

Key	Function	Description
F1	Calibrate	Starts calibration after successful password entry.
F2	Password	Change the calibration password after successful password entry.
F4	Close	Return to Setup Screen.

Entering the Password

A four digit numeric password is required to access the Meter calibration adjustment procedure. The default password is 1234.

When Calibrate [F1 key] is selected from the Calibration Setup menu, a dialog box titled Enter Password is displayed.

The Meter's arrow keys are used to edit each of the 4 digits to arrive at the correct password.

To enter the password, the F1 [OK] key is pressed:

To abort the password attempt, the F4 [Cancel] key is pressed.

If an incorrect password is entered then Incorrect password entered message is displayed. Press OK to return to the Enter Password screen.

Changing the Password

When F2 key Password is selected from the Calibration Setup menu, a dialog box titled Enter Password, is displayed.

Enter the current password using the same method described in the Entering the Password section above.

After the current password is entered, a dialog box titled Enter New Password is displayed. Entering the new password is done using the same dialog described in the Entering the Password section above.

When the new password is accepted then the message Password changed is displayed.

The F1 key [OK] is used to return to the measurement mode.

Restoring Factory Default Password

To restore the factory default password [1234] do the following:

1. Remove the Meter's case bottom as described under "Disassembly".
2. Locate the PCA Battery Terminals as shown in Figure 4. Observing correct polarity, use an external lab supply or battery to apply 9 volts to the PCA battery terminals. TP8 and TP10 can also be used to apply power to the PCA.
3. Power the Meter on using the front panel power button.

4. Locate the PCA CAL key pad as shown in Figure 3.
5. Short the CAL key pad terminals to reset the password. When the password is reset, the Meter beeps to indicate that the action is complete.

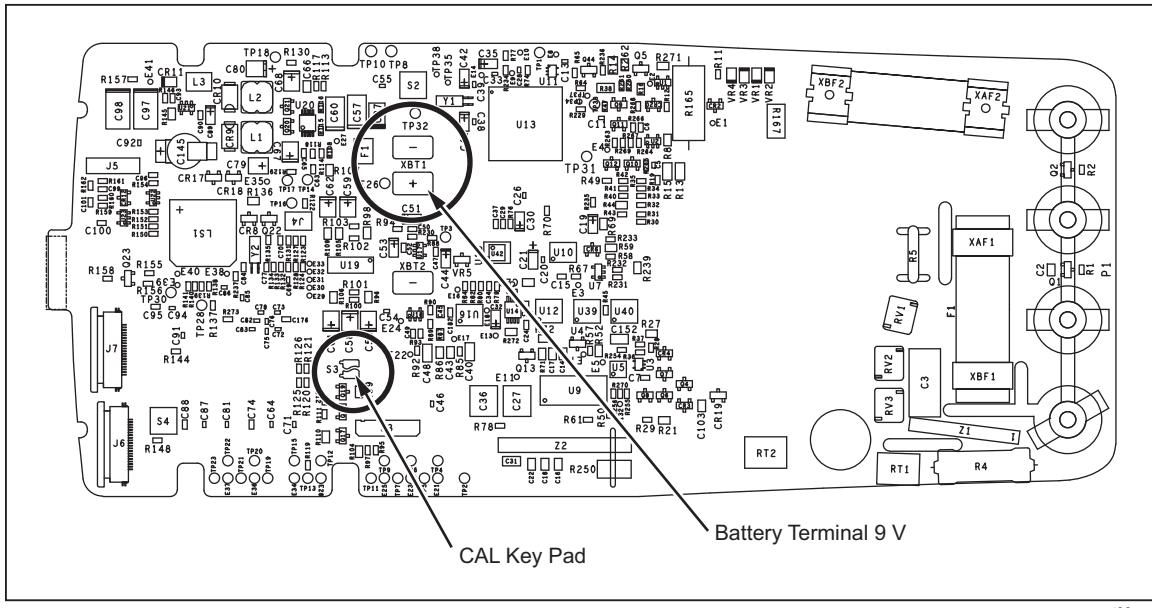
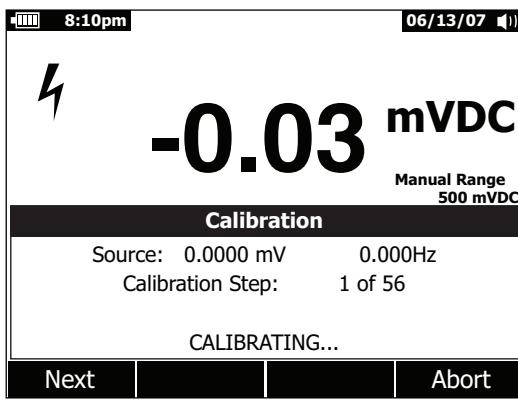


Figure 4. PCA Component Location

est90.eps

Calibration Adjustment Procedure

The Meter will prompt the user through the steps in the calibration adjustment procedure with screens showing the live reading, source value for the step, and the calibration step number. Figure 5 shows a screen shot of the first step of the calibration adjustment procedure.



est91.eps

Figure 5. Calibration Adjustment Screenshot

Screenshot Description

The following describes the Meter dialog shown in Figure 5 Screenshot.

- Live Reading measurement shown in the Primary display is using default calibration constants. The measurement is likely to be slightly different from the applied signal, because it is an uncalibrated measurement.
- **Bolt** icon is shown at all times during the calibration procedure.
- **Source-** value for Calibrator shown in the Secondary measurement portion of the

screen.

- **Calibration Step** progress indicator.
- **Calibration status message**. Usually blank, but displays one of the following messages when the given condition occurs:
 - **Calibrating...** is shown while measurements are being made after Next is pressed. All softkeys except for ABORT are disabled during this time.
 - An error message is shown if the rotary switch is in an incorrect position for the present step.
 - An error message is shown if the source jacks are in an incorrect position for the present step.

Softkeys

Table 6 describes the Meter's softkey functions during the calibration adjustment routine.

Table 6. Softkey Functions during Calibration

Key	Function	Description
F1	Next	Used to go to next calibration step if present reading is validated. Otherwise shows error message if invalid measurement. Disabled during calibration computation or with an error message
F4	Abort	Return to Measurement Screen without changing stored calibration constants. This softkey is always available during the calibration procedure.

Navigation Buttons

The UP and DOWN Arrow buttons can be used to adjust display contrast while in the calibration mode. The RIGHT and LEFT Arrow buttons are disabled.

Mode Buttons

The mode buttons (**HOLD**, **MIN MAX**, **RANGE**, and **INFO**) are disabled during calibration adjustment.

Description of Calibration Adjustment Steps

The general calibration procedure is as follows:

1. Move the rotary switch to the function that you are calibrating as indicated by the calibration procedure.
2. Apply the source value indicated by the secondary display.
3. Wait for the measurement on the primary display to settle to its final value. There is no internal control or wait time. It is up to the user to determine that the measurement is settled.
4. Press the NEXT softkey to calculate calibration constants for the current step. During calculation of calibration constants the secondary display will show Calibrating.... Some calibration measurements take longer to execute than others (up to 115 seconds). If the measurement is within calibration tolerance the Meter records the new constant(s) and proceeds to the next calibration step, giving a single beep to prompt the user to proceed.

Note

The frequency value for AC functions will not be validated.

If the measurement is not within calibration tolerance then after pressing NEXT, an error message will be shown and the calibration step will not proceed. The operator can adjust input signal if needed and attempt NEXT again.

If the meter continues to give an error message after the source is validated, the calibration procedure will not proceed and the meter will need service. Select the Abort softkey to exit the calibration procedure. Any calculated calibration constants will be discarded.

5. If there are more functions to be calibrated, set the rotary switch to the appropriate function, and continue from step one.
6. Repeat steps 1 through 5 until the secondary display shows the **Cal Complete** message. This indicates that the calibration procedure is complete and the new calibration constants will be saved. The new constants will be used after selecting F1 softkey [OK] and the Meter restarts.

A counter records the number of completed calibrations that have been performed. The counter is updated at the end of the calibration procedure. To review the calibration adjustment counter go to the Setup Meter Info screen.

Power Cycle

If the Meter power is turned off during calibration the procedure will be aborted, and any calibration constants calculated during the procedure will be discarded. Previously stored calibration constants will be used after power-on.

Calibration Adjustment Steps

Table 7 shows the calibration adjustment steps and the corresponding Meter settling/calibrating time for a Meter with version 1.00 firmware. Refer to Table 8 for firmware version 1.10.

Note

Before starting the adjustment procedure, set the present time and date, so, the stored calibration date is accurate. The calibration date can be found in the Setup menu under Meter Info.

The Meter must be allowed to reach the ambient temperature of the lab environment before you begin the adjustment procedure. Depending on temperature gradient, this could take up to several hours.

Table 7. Calibration Adjustment Steps for Firmware Version 1.00

Step	Rotary Switch Position	Source Value	Settling Time (seconds)	Calibrating Time^[1] (seconds)
1	mV DC	0.0 V, 0 Hz	2	10
2	mV DC	500.0 mV, 0 Hz	2	15
3	mV DC	50.0 mV, 0 Hz	2	2
4	mV DC	0.0 V, 0 Hz	7	15
5	mV AC	5.0 mV, 60 Hz	4	4
6	mV AC	50.0 mV, 60 Hz	4	2
7	mV AC	500.0 mV, 60 Hz	4	5
8	mV AC	50.0 mV, 60 Hz	10	5

Table 7. Calibration Adjustment Steps for Firmware Version 1.00 (cont.)

Step	Rotary Switch Position	Source Value	Settling Time (seconds)	Calibrating Time^[1] (seconds)
9	mV AC	0.0 V, 0 Hz	10	5
10	VAC	0.0 V, 0 Hz	4	10
11	VAC	5.0000 V, 60 Hz	10	5
12	VAC	5.0000 V, 65 kHz ^[2]	5	35
13	VAC	50.000 V, 60 Hz	6	10
14	VAC	50.000 V, 100 kHz	6	120
15	VAC	250.00 V, 60 Hz	8	2
16	VAC	500.00 V, 60 Hz	6	5
17	VAC	1000.0 V, 60 Hz	7	4
18	VDC	0.0 V, 0 Hz	3	30
19	VDC	5.0000 V, 0 Hz	3	5
20	VDC	5.0 V, 60.0 Hz	4	5
21	VDC	5.0 V, 20.0 kHz	3	35
22	VDC	50.000 V, 0 Hz	3	8
23	VDC	50.0 V, 60.0 Hz	5	15
24	VDC	50.0 V, 20.0 kHz	7	115
25	VDC	500.00 V, 0 Hz	3	7
26	VDC	500.0 V, 60.0 Hz	4	5
27	VDC	1000.0 V, 0 Hz	2	5
28	VDC	1000.0 V, 60.0 Hz	4	5
29	mV DC	50.0 mV, 60.0 Hz	4	3
30	mV DC	500.0 mV, 60.0 Hz	5	3
Connect the 5520A in a 4-Wire configuration and select COMP2-Wire				
31	Ω	0 Ω , zcomp wire2	4	20
32	Ω	500 Ω , zcomp wire2	5	2
33	Ω	5 k Ω , zcomp wire2	5	2
34	Ω	50 k Ω , zcomp wire2	5	2
Disconnect 5520A 4-Wire configuration and turn COMP off				
35	Ω	500 k Ω	5	5
36	Ω	5.0 M Ω	5	5
37	Ω	50.0 M Ω	5	5
38	Ω	500.0 M Ω	5	2

Table 7. Calibration Adjustment Steps for Firmware Version 1.00 (cont.)

Step	Rotary Switch Position	Source Value	Settling Time (seconds)	Calibrating Time ^[1] (seconds)
Connect the 5520A in a 4-Wire configuration and select COMP 2-Wire				
39	Diode Test	0 Ω, zcomp wire2	2	2
40	Diode Test	3.1 V, 0 Hz	2	2
41	μA DC	500.0 μA, 0 Hz	3	4
42	μA DC	5000.0 μA, 0 Hz	3	4
43	μA AC	500.0 μA, 60 Hz	10	4
44	μA AC	5000.0 μA, 60 Hz	10	3
45	mA DC	50.0 mA, 0 Hz	5	4
46	mA AC	400.0 mA, 0 Hz	3	4
47	mA AC	50.0 mA, 60 Hz	10	3
48	mA AC	400.0 mA, 60 Hz	10	4
49	ADC	5.0 A, 0 Hz	8	4
50	ADC	10.0 A, 0 Hz	3	2
51	AAC	5.0 A, 60 Hz	10	4
52	AAC	10.0 A, 60 Hz	9	4
[1] Meter is "Calibrating" after "Next" is pressed.				
[2] For software version 1.00, the instrument display indicates 60 kHz. Use 65 kHz.				

Table 8. Calibration Adjustment Steps for Firmware Version 1.10

Step	Rotary Switch Position	Source Value	Settling Time (seconds)	Calibrating Time ^[1] (seconds)
1	mV DC	0.0 V, 0 Hz	2	7
2	mV DC	500.0 mV, 0 Hz	3	6
3	mV DC	0 mV, 0 Hz	2	8
4	mV DC	50.0 V, 0 Hz	2	1
5	mV DC	100.0 mV, 0 Hz	2	1
6	mV DC	500.0 mV, 0 Hz	2	1
7	mV AC	5.0 mV, 700 Hz	4	2
8	mV AC	50.0 mV, 700 Hz	3	3
9	mV AC	500.0 mV, 700 Hz	3	2
10	mV AC	500.0 mV, 55 Hz	2	3
11	mV AC	50.0 mV, 55 Hz	10	6
12	mVAC	0.0 V, 0 Hz	2	6
13	VAC	0.0 V, 0 Hz	2	15

Table 8. Calibration Adjustment Steps for Firmware Version 1.10 (cont.)

Step	Rotary Switch Position	Source Value	Settling Time (seconds)	Calibrating Time^[1] (seconds)
14	VAC	5.0 V, 55 Hz	3	7
15	VAC	5.0000 V, 60 kHz	3	42
16	VAC	50.0 V, 55 Hz	2	10
17	VAC	50.000 V, 100 kHz	4	94
18	VAC	500.0 V, 55 Hz	5	2
19	VAC	1000.0 V, 55 Hz	3	2
20	VDC	0.0 V, 0 Hz	2	8
21	VDC	5.0 V, 0 Hz	2	1
22	VDC	50.0 V, 0 Hz	2	1
23	VDC	500.0 V, 0 Hz	2	1
24	VDC	1000.0 V, 0 Hz	3	1
25	VDC	5.0 V, 55 Hz	3	12
26	VDC	5.0 V, 20.0 kHz	3	13
27	VDC	50.0 V, 55 Hz	5	16
28	VDC	50.0 V, 20.0 kHz	5	32
29	VDC	1000.0 V, 55 Hz	5	7
30	mV DC	500.0 mV, 55 Hz	5	8
Connect the 5520A in a 4-Wire configuration and select COMP 2-Wire				
31	Ω	0 Ω , zcomp wire2	2	15
32	Ω	500 Ω , zcomp wire2	3	1
33	Ω	5 k Ω , zcomp wire2	3	1
34	Ω	50 k Ω , zcomp wire2	2	1
Disconnect 5520A 4-Wire configuration and turn COMP off				
35	Ω	500 k Ω	2	13
36	Ω	5.0 M Ω	2	9
37	Ω	50.0 M Ω	2	9
38	Ω	500.0 M Ω	2	2
Connect the 5520A in a 4-Wire configuration and select COMP 2-Wire				
39	Diode Test	0.0 Ω , zcomp wire2	2	1
40	Diode Test	3.1 V, 0 Hz	2	1
41	μ A DC	5000 μ A, 0 Hz	2	1
42	μ A AC	5000 μ A, 55 Hz	2	1

Table 8. Calibration Adjustment Steps for Firmware Version 1.10 (cont.)

Step	Rotary Switch Position	Source Value	Settling Time (seconds)	Calibrating Time ^[1] (seconds)
43	mA DC	400.0 mA, 0 Hz	2	1
44	mA AC	400.0 mA, 55 Hz	2	1
45	ADC	10.0 A, 0 Hz	2	1
46	AAC	10.0 A, 55 Hz	2	2
Connect the 5520A in a 4-Wire configuration and select COMP 2-Wire				
To reduce settling time, apply 10 ohms to Meter before setting Rotary Switch to LoΩ				
47	LoΩ (289)	10.000 Ω	2	2
48	LoΩ (289)	50.000 Ω	2	2
Disconnect 5520A 4-Wire configuration and turn COMP off				
49	LoZ (289)	10.0 V, 0 Hz	2	1
50	mV AC (289)	500.00 mV, 55 Hz	2	5
[1] Meter is "Calibrating" after "Next" is pressed.				

Parts

Table 9 lists the available replacement parts shown in Figure 6.

Table 9. Replacement Parts

Ref Des.	Description	Fluke Part No.
MP1	PCA MAIN	Not Available
MP2	SKIN, PADXFER	2798429
MP3	CASE TOP	2578178
MP4	CASE BOTTOM	2578184
MP5	MASK, LCD, PADXFER	3106840
MP6	SHIELD, UPPER	2578252
MP7	KNOB, PADXFER	2798434
MP8	HOUSING, RSOB, UPPER	2578283
MP9	HOUSING, RSOB, LOWER	2578290
MP12	SPRING DETENT	2723772
MP16	KEYPAD	2578234
F1	△ FUSE,.440A,1000V,FAST, Interrupt rating 10 kA	943121
F2	△ FUSE,11A,1000V,FAST, Interrupt rating 20 kA	803293
XBT1	BATTERY CONTACT, POSITIVE, BOTTOM CASE	2578353
XBT2-3	BATTERY CONTACT,NEGATIVE,BOTTOM CASE	2578375
DS1	LCD MODULE	2734828
H15-18	SCREW,M3X0.5,6MM,PAN,PHILLIPS	2743764
H7-14	SCREW,4-14,.510,PAN,PHILLIPS,STEEL	853668
H1-6	BATTERY, 1.5V, 15A, ALKALINE,AA	376756
MP30	O-RING	2740185
TM6	USER MANUAL,FLUKE-189-II/AN ^[1]	3270441
TM7	CD,FLUKE-189-II/AN CDROM, MANUAL ^[1]	3270452
TM8	SERVICE MANUAL,FLUKE-189-II/AN ^[1]	3270465
MP41	TEST LEAD SET,600V/1KV,PROBE-R/A PLUG,BLACK/RED ^[1]	802980
MP42-44	SHOCK ABSORBER, LCD	2793516
MP49	SHIELD, LOWER	2578265
MP45	SHOCK ABSORBER, BATTERY COMPARTMENT	2793525
MP46	BATTERY DOOR ASSEMBLY	2824477
MP47	ALLIGATOR CLIP,600/1000V,2MM JACK,BLACK BOOT ^[1]	1670652
MP48	ALLIGATOR CLIP,600/1000V,2MM JACK,RED BOOT ^[1]	1670641

[1] Not shown

△ To ensure safety, use exact replacement only.

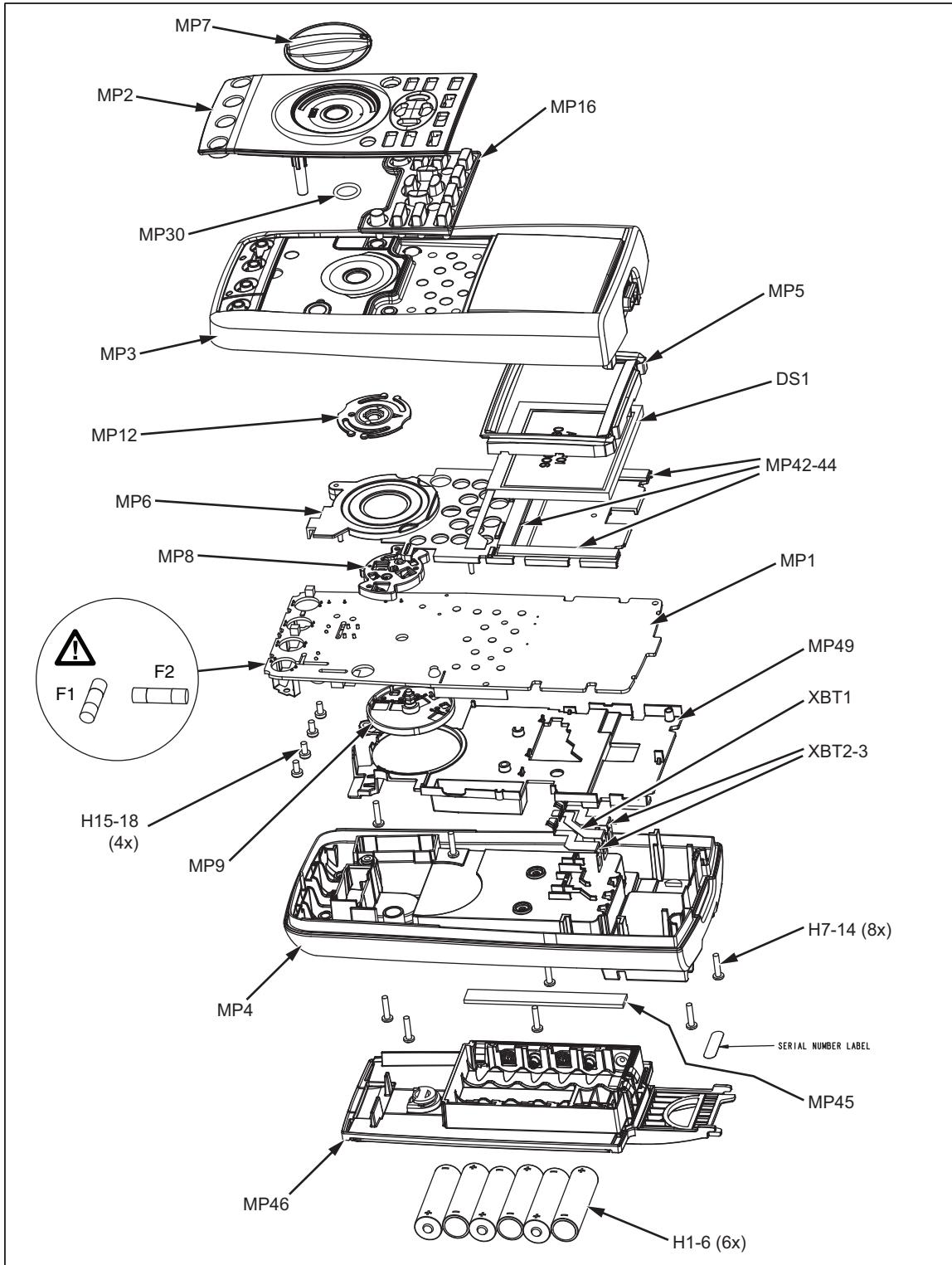


Figure 6. Replacements Parts

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Schematic Diagrams

The schematic diagrams for the 189II/AN are shown in Figure 7.

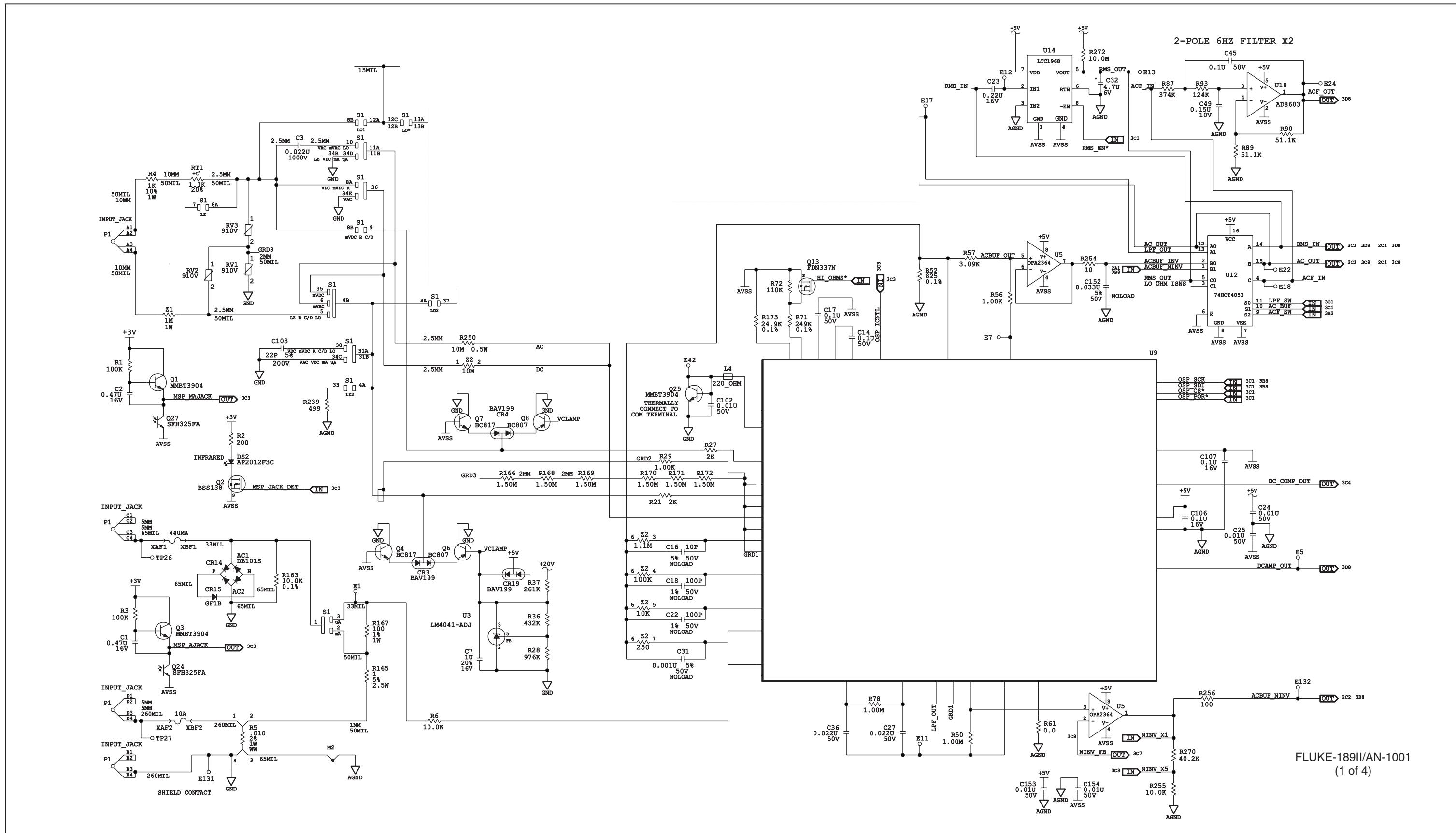


Figure 7. 189 II/AN System PCA

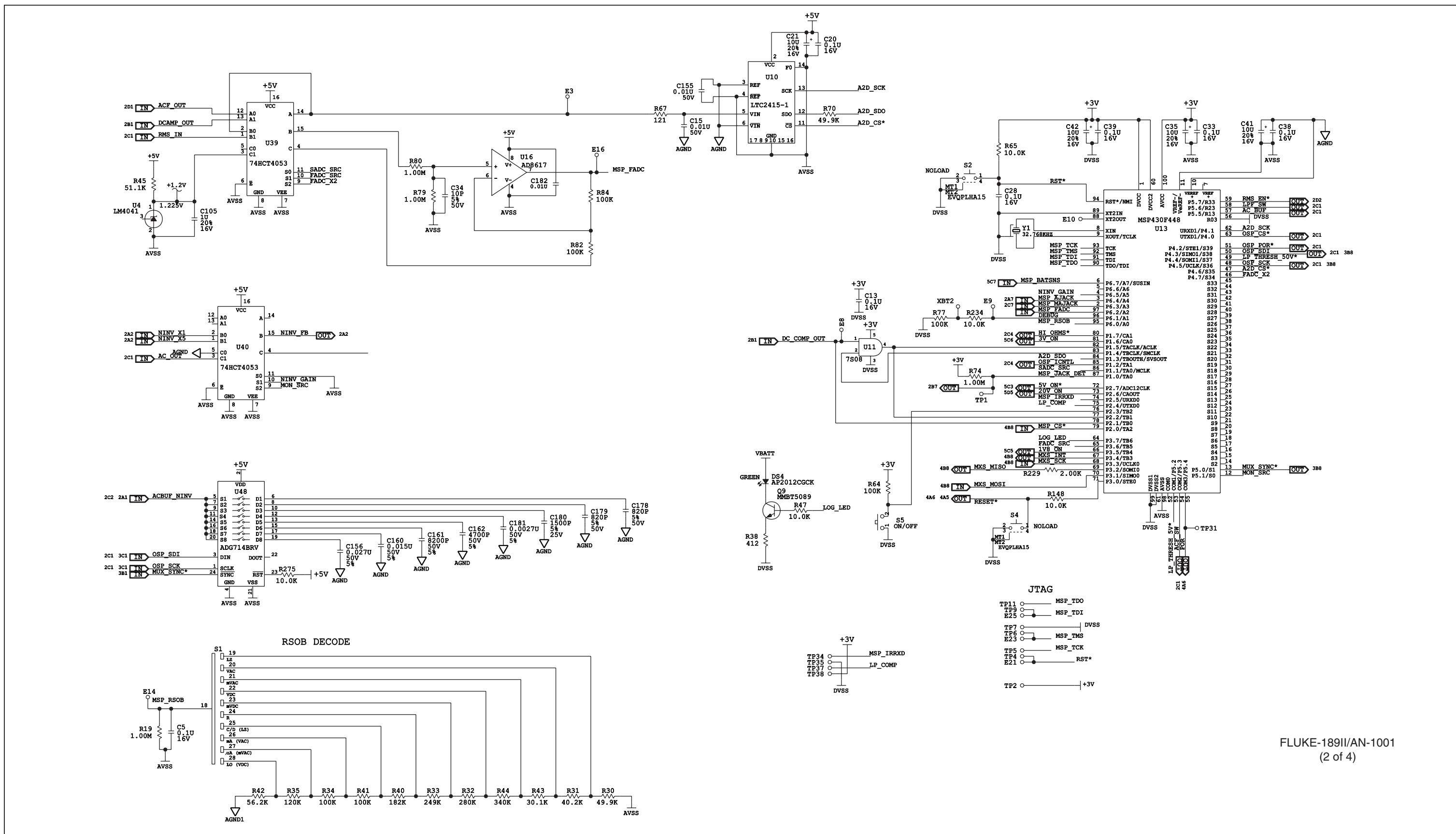


Figure 7. 189 II/AN System PCA - Analog Processor (cont)

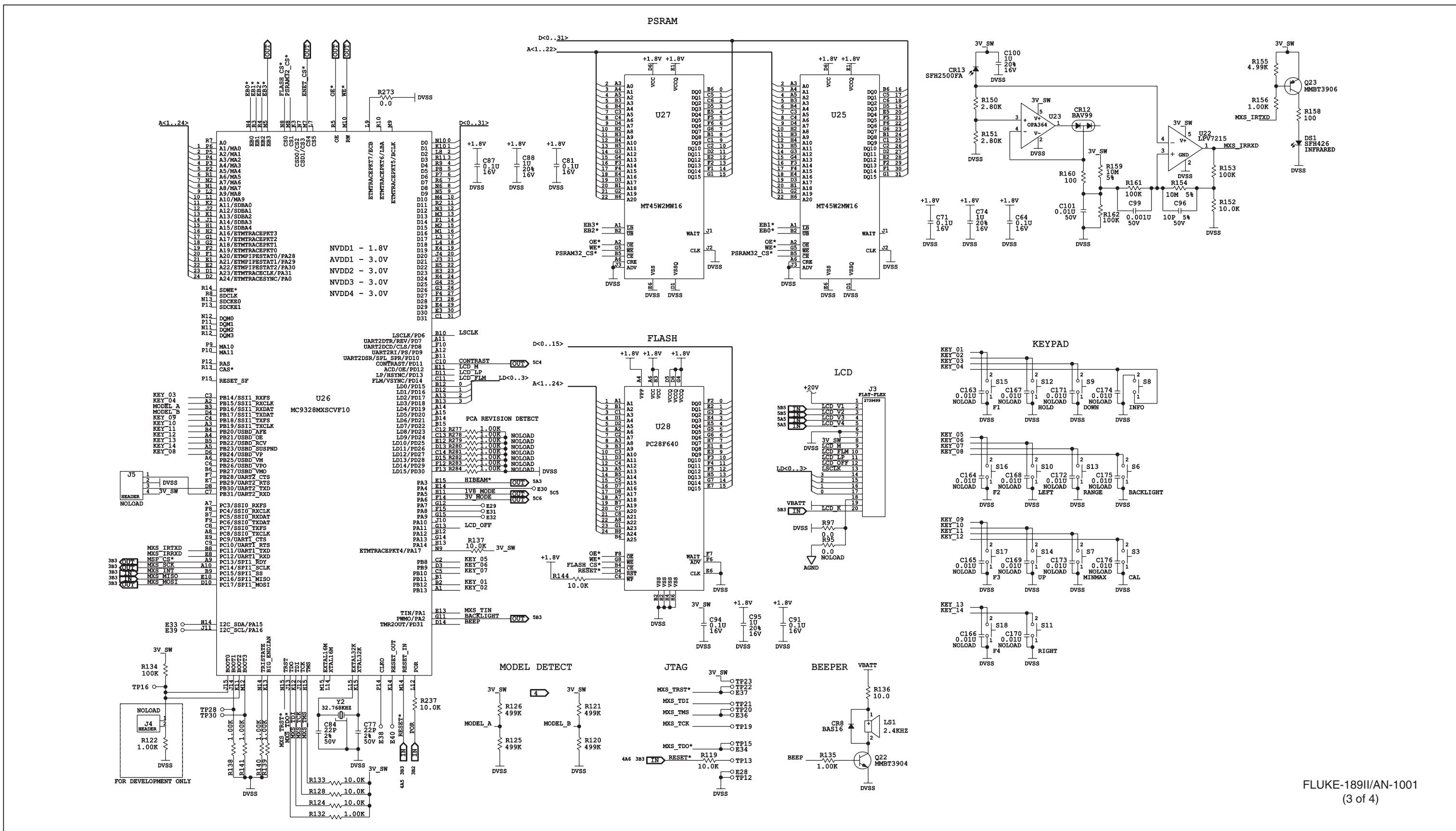


Figure 7. 189 II/AN System PCA - Digital Processor (cont)

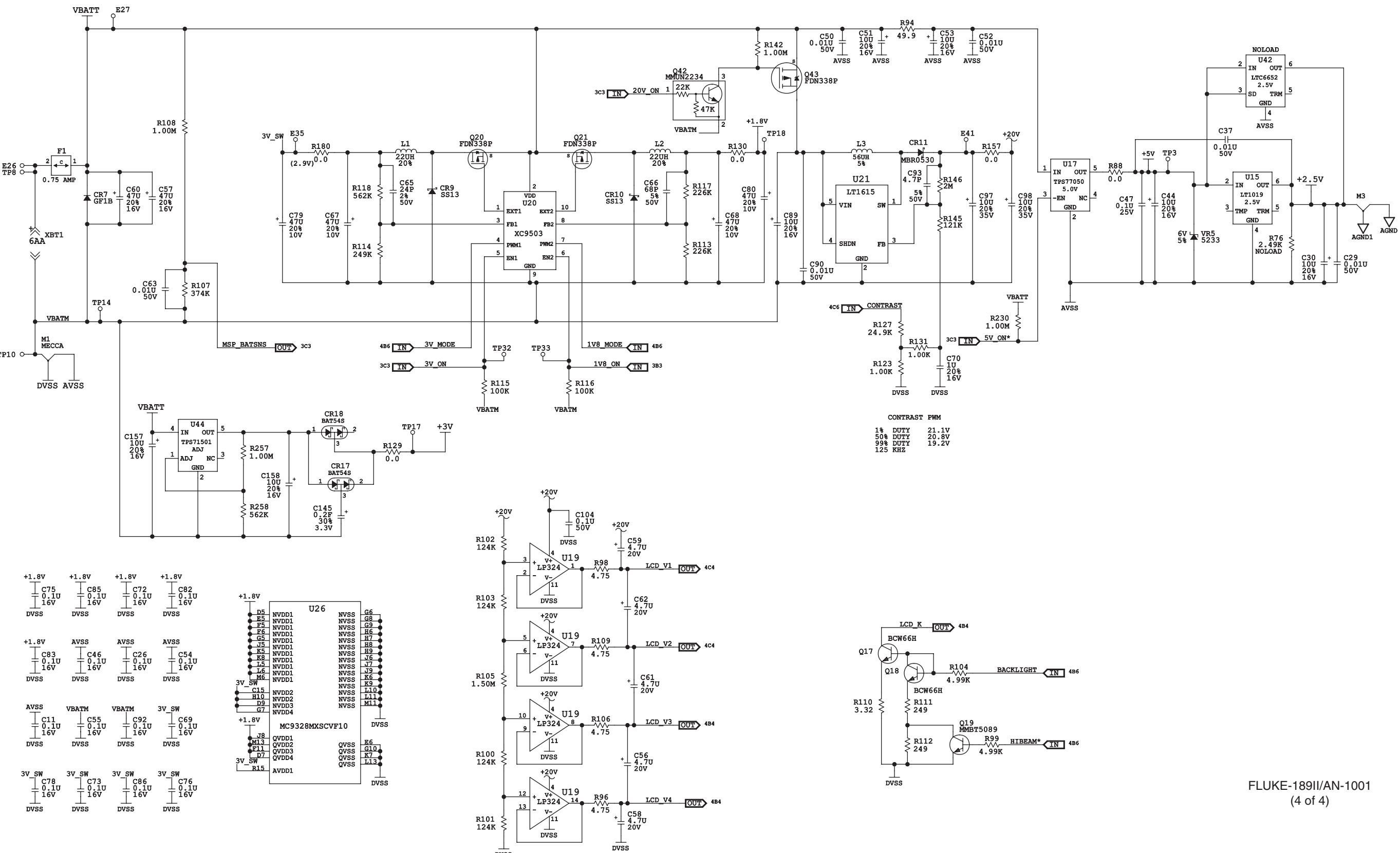


Figure 7. 189 II/AN System PCA - Power Supply (cont)