Project Hecate

Chapter 1

README

project_hecate

Overview

We propose a Self navigating package delivery robot, capable of finding route between logistic stations and deliver mobile parts like electric circuits, motherboards, screens and similar embedded parts from the manufacturing unit to the assembly line, in large factory units, like the Apple's factory in China. Such autonomous robotic system with inherent artificial intelligence to find it's way in factories and avoid collisions while traversing, has been developed to yield big returns to Acme robotics.

Main features of the product

- Capable of 'learning to find it's way' in a factory/random environment

- Obstacle avoidance

- Stays at its default location (spawns at origin in the gazebo world) and when user commands to deliver a package, it moves to Point A to collect the package. It waits for the factory worker to put the package on it for 5 seconds and then moves towards the Point B, to deliver the package.

- Autonomous navigation

System Design and Algorithm

Demo Steps

```
### Build Steps
cd mkdir -p  /catkin_ws/src
cd  /catkin_ws/
catkin_make
source devel/setup.bash
cd src
git clone https://github.com/ToyasDhake/project_hecate.git
cd ..
catkin_make
```

Demo Steps

The user has to specify two points in the gazebo world-

1. Point A- This is the point the turtleboit navigates to, from the origin resting place,in order to receive the load package from the factory worker. The turtlebot waits for the factory worker for about 5 seconds to put on the load. (syntax: xInitial:= X Coordinate of Point A yInitial:= Y Coordinate of Point A)

2. Point B- This is the point the turtlebot navigates to, after picking up the load from Point A, to drop the load at Point B. (syntax: xFinal:= X Coordinate of Point B yFinal:= Y Coordinate of Point B For example, in the commands below, Point A coordinates is (2,2) and Point B coordinates is (0,7). With our experiments we found that this is one of the tough combinations for the RL to predict trajectory of the turtlebot, but our results are pretty good even on these points.

```
#To load Default RL trained model
roslaunch project_hecate testHecate.launch xInitial:=2 yInitial:=2 xFinal:=0 yFinal:=7
# To train a custom model
roslaunch project_hecate trainHecate.launch path:=<path to save>
#To load custom RL model trained by the user
roslaunch project_hecate testHecate.launch xInitial:=2 yInitial:=2 xFinal:=0 yFinal:=7 path:=<path to table>
```

Test Steps
```
cd  /catkin_ws/
catkin_make run_tests
rostest project_hecate rltest.launch
```

Doxygen Steps
```
sudo apt install doxygen
cd <project_hecate repo>
doxygen -g
doxygen
cd latex
make
```

Dependencies

ROS Kinetic

TurtleBot v2

ROS Kinetic

Gazebo 7.4 and above

Catkin

Results

The following video shows the training of the turtlebot to "learn its way" through a floor map. During training, the turtlebot starts from the origin and then tries to navigate by taking actions of - going straight, take a left or take a right, in each episode. For each of these three actions, the turtlebot receives a reward. An episode involves a set of actions till the turtlebot collides. The episode ends after collision. The priciple during training is to achieve maximum sum of rewards in an episode. With more epochs of training, the turtlebot tries to maximize its rewards in the episode and stores the actions it took for the given states, which led to it earning maximum episode rewards.

During Inference, the turtlebot uses its learnt knowledge during training to decide on what actions to take, given a state, which had earlier led to it earn maximum rewards during training.

Assumptions:

-We assume that the gazebo world is not changed drastically. Although the RL algorithm is capable of performing well in a dynamic world it was not trained on, drastic changes may require hyperparameter tuning of the algorithm. -We train the model on the gazebo simulator and assume that it performs well on real world too. -Acme Robotics has powerful systems with Ubuntu 16 and Ros kinetics with Gazebo (I7 processor, 16 GB RAM). -We assume that the obstacles are stationary.

Documentation

Product Backlog and Sprint Schedule

The product backlog file can be accessed at: `https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1CM←Izxtqc-AxdCg9Mqs4tmX4eBPp3Yyy5vdFZ9n3fnpU/edit?usp=sharing`

The Sprint planning and review document can be accessed at: `https://docs.google.com/document/d/1b←XLFW7gJ9vdtRvNPkyLKW2za1OYg1eaJVJBhiPVOmLE/edit?usp=sharing`

The presentation is available at: `https://umd0-my.sharepoint.com/:p:/r/personal/sakhauri←_umd_edu/Documents/Presentation.pptx?d=wbe14eef608b648c7bbd99860123441db&csf=1&e=8←Ihqd1`

Known Issues and Limitations

1. The RL algorithm is under active research. The algorithm implemented navigates the robot autonomously and collision free from point A to Point B, but ocassionally the path taken is not highly optimized.

2. The training of the turtlebot is highly compute intensive.

3. The Reinforcement learning algorithm was developed with hyperparametrs optimized for the gazebo world used in the simulation. New worlds may requires training the RL world with hyperparameter tuning and modifications.

4. The user has to define the Point A and Point B within the rectangular walls of the gazebo world. If not done so, the turtlebot would go towards the wall to reach the point, then avoid it and go back again and repeat in a loop. 5 The Cpplint forbids the use of "non-const reference". But passing "const" to ROS function callbacks is not allowed.

Developer Documentation

1. To train the model on a new gazebo world, tune the hyperparamers like the epsilon value, rewards. The developer might have to experiment with the linear and angular velocities for the robot to move take actions slower for the Rl states for better training.

2. Train the model with good number of epochs.

3. Create the walls and other objects in gazebo in the form of gazebo models so that after each epoch of training, when we reset the environment, the objects do not align back to their original orientations.

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**/
```

Contributors

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Toyas Dhake

Robotics engineer, University of Maryland College Park. -Skilled in embedded system with applications involving Arduino, Raspberry Pi and Jetson Boards.

Chapter 2

Class Index

2.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

Chapter 3

File Index

3.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

Chapter 4

Class Documentation

4.1 Navigation Class Reference

Class Navigation This class contains members to generate linear and angular velocities to the turtulebot based on the depth from the obstacle information received from the depthCalculator.

```
#include <Navigation.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- Navigation ()

    constructor Navigation class
- ∼Navigation ()

    destructor Navigation class
- void testRobot (double ix, double fx, double fy, QLearning &qLearning, std::vector< int > state, ros::Rate loop_rate)

    function testRobot
- void trainRobot (std::string path, int &highestReward, int &episodeCount, int totalEpisode, int &nextState↩Index, ros::Rate loop_rate, int innerLoopLimit)

    function trainRobot
- int getStateIndex (std::vector< int > state)

    function getStateIndex
- void action (int action, bool &colStatus, int &reward, int &nextState)

    function action
- void environmentReset ()

    function environmentReset
- void demoAction (int action)

    function demoAction
- void dom (const nav_msgs::Odometry::ConstPtr &msg)

    function dom

Public Attributes

- double **x**
- double **y**
- double **z**
- double **roll**
- double **pitch**
- double **yaw**
- double **x_goal**
- double **y_goal**

4.1.1 Detailed Description

Class Navigation This class contains members to generate linear and angular velocities to the turtulebot based on the depth from the obstacle information received from the depthCalculator.

4.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.1.2.1 Navigation()

```
Navigation::Navigation ( )
```

constructor Navigation class

Parameters

none	

Returns

none initializes the publisher and subsciber initialize the value of odometry initialize the liner and angular speed

4.1.2.2 ∼Navigation()

```
Navigation::∼Navigation ( )
```

destructor Navigation class

Parameters

none	

Returns

    none Destructor for the navigation clas

4.1.3 Member Function Documentation

4.1.3.1 action()

```
void Navigation::action (
            int action,
            bool & colStatus,
            int & reward,
            int & nextState )
```

function action

Parameters

int	action
bool	&colStatus
int	&reward
int	&nextState

Returns

    none publishes linear and angular velocities to the turtlebot

4.1.3.2 demoAction()

```
void Navigation::demoAction (
            int action )
```

function demoAction

Parameters

int	action

Returns

    none publishes linear and angular velocities to the turtlebot

4.1.3.3 dom()

```
void Navigation::dom (
              const nav_msgs::Odometry::ConstPtr & msg )
```

function dom

Parameters

const	nav_msgs::Odometry::ConstPtr

Returns

    none callback to read odometry

4.1.3.4 environmentReset()

```
void Navigation::environmentReset ( )
```

function environmentReset

Parameters

none	

Returns

    none resets the gazebo environment

4.1.3.5 getStateIndex()

```
int Navigation::getStateIndex (
              std::vector< int > state )
```

function getStateIndex

Parameters

std::vector<int>	state

Returns

    int stateIndex mapping the vector to the state in rl table

4.1.3.6 testRobot()

```
void Navigation::testRobot (
            double ix,
            double fx,
            double fy,
            QLearning & qLearning,
            std::vector< int > state,
            ros::Rate loop_rate )
```

function testRobot

Parameters

double	ix
double	fx
double	fy
QLearning	&qLearning
std::vector<int>	state
ros::Rate	loop_rate

Returns

none Runs the inferece code the bot uses the trained model to navigate

4.1.3.7 trainRobot()

```
void Navigation::trainRobot (
            std::string path,
            int & highestReward,
            int & episodeCount,
            int totalEpisode,
            int & nextStateIndex,
            ros::Rate loop_rate,
            int innerLoopLimit )
```

function trainRobot

Parameters

std::string	path
int	&highestReward
int	&episodeCount
int	totalEpisode, int &nextStateIndex
ros::Rate	loop_rate
int	innerLoopLimit

Returns

> none training of the agent by receiving states perform actions in that states and receive rewards

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/Navigation.hpp
- src/Navigation.cpp

4.2 QLearning Class Reference

Class Qlearning class to perform reinforcement learning algorithm.

```
#include <QLearning.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- QLearning ()
    - *constructor Qlearning class*
- void setEpsilon (double e)
    - *function setEpsilon*
- double getEpsilon ()
    - *function getEpsilon*
- void setQtable (std::string path)
    - *function setQtable*
- void getQtable (std::string path)
    - *function getQtable*
- void qLearn (int state, int action, int reward, double val)
    - *function qlearn*
- void robotLearn (int si, int act, int rew, int nsi)
    - *function robotLearn*
- void testStoreQ ()
    - *function testStoreQ*
- int demo (int index, bool collision, double angleToGoal)
    - *function demo*
- int chooseAction (int index)
    - *function chooseAction*

4.2.1 Detailed Description

Class Qlearning class to perform reinforcement learning algorithm.

4.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.2.2.1 QLearning()

```
QLearning::QLearning ( )
```

constructor Qlearning class

Parameters

none	

Returns

none intililizes the reinforcement learning model

4.2.3 Member Function Documentation

4.2.3.1 chooseAction()

```
int QLearning::chooseAction (
            int index )
```

function chooseAction

Parameters

int	index

Returns

int action robots action selection for the state

4.2.3.2 demo()

```
int QLearning::demo (
            int index,
            bool collision,
            double angleToGoal )
```

function demo

Parameters

int	index
bool	collision
double	angleToGoal

Returns

int action use the rl model to decide the best action

4.2.3.3   getEpsilon()

```
double QLearning::getEpsilon ( )
```

function getEpsilon

Parameters

none	

Returns

> double epsilon as getter for epsilon

4.2.3.4   getQtable()

```
void QLearning::getQtable (
            std::string path )
```

function getQtable

Parameters

std::string	path

Returns

> none loads the pretrained RL model

4.2.3.5   qLearn()

```
void QLearning::qLearn (
            int state,
            int action,
            int reward,
            double val )
```

function qlearn

Parameters

int	state
int	action
int	reward
double	val

Returns

> none updates reinforcement learning model

4.2.3.6 robotLearn()

```
void QLearning::robotLearn (
            int si,
            int act,
            int rew,
            int nsi )
```

function robotLearn

Parameters

int	si
int	act
int	rew
int	nsi

Returns

> none applies the boltzmann equation to apply RL

4.2.3.7 setEpsilon()

```
void QLearning::setEpsilon (
            double e )
```

function setEpsilon

Parameters

double	e

Returns

> none setter for epsilon

4.2.3.8 setQtable()

```
void QLearning::setQtable (
            std::string path )
```

function setQtable

Parameters

std::string	path

Returns

> none stores the rl model

4.2.3.9 testStoreQ()

```
void QLearning::testStoreQ ( )
```

function testStoreQ

Parameters

none	

Returns

> none function for inference quality test of the rl model

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/QLearning.hpp
- src/QLearning.cpp

4.3 TurtlebotStates Class Reference

Class depthCalculatio This class contains members to calculate distance for the objects which is obtained from laserscan topic. It also contains members to raise a flag if about to collide.

```
#include <TurtlebotStates.hpp>
```

Public Member Functions

- TurtlebotStates ()
    - *constructor TurtlebotStates*
- ∼TurtlebotStates ()
    - *destructor TurtlebotStates*
- void findLaserDepth (const sensor_msgs::LaserScan::ConstPtr &msg)
    - *function findLaserDepth*
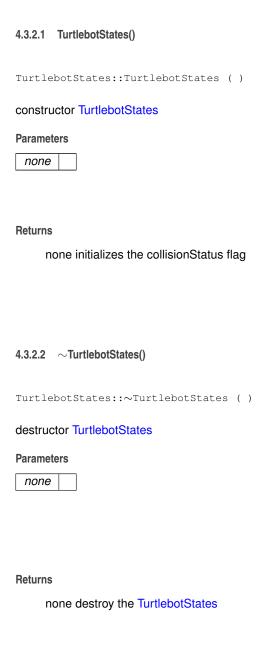- bool flagCollision ()
    - *function flagCollision*
- std::vector< int > returnLaserState ()
    - *function returnLaserState()*

4.3.1 Detailed Description

Class depthCalculatio This class contains members to calculate distance for the objects which is obtained from laserscan topic. It also contains members to raise a flag if about to collide.

4.3.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

4.3.2.1 TurtlebotStates()

```
TurtlebotStates::TurtlebotStates ( )
```

constructor TurtlebotStates

Parameters

none	

Returns

> none initializes the collisionStatus flag

4.3.2.2 ∼TurtlebotStates()

```
TurtlebotStates::∼TurtlebotStates ( )
```

destructor TurtlebotStates

Parameters

none	

Returns

> none destroy the TurtlebotStates

4.3.3 Member Function Documentation

4.3.3.1 findLaserDepth()

```
void TurtlebotStates::findLaserDepth (
            const sensor_msgs::LaserScan::ConstPtr & msg )
```

function findLaserDepth

Parameters

msg	type sensor_msgs::LaserScan

Returns

none function to read LaserScan sensor messages and raise flag if distance of the obstacle is less than threshold

4.3.3.2 flagCollision()

```
bool TurtlebotStates::flagCollision ( )
```

function flagCollision

Parameters

none	

Returns

1 if very close to obstacle and 0 if not close Return the current value of collisionStatus

4.3.3.3 returnLaserState()

```
std::vector< int > TurtlebotStates::returnLaserState ( )
```

function returnLaserState()

Parameters

none	

Returns

std::vector<int> return the states for the rl algorithm using the laserscan

The documentation for this class was generated from the following files:

- include/TurtlebotStates.hpp
- src/TurtlebotStates.cpp

Chapter 5

File Documentation

5.1 include/Navigation.hpp File Reference

Header for the robot autonomous of the robot.

```
#include <ros/ros.h>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
#include <iostream>
#include "sensor_msgs/LaserScan.h"
#include "std_srvs/Empty.h"
#include "geometry_msgs/Twist.h"
#include "TurtlebotStates.hpp"
#include "QLearning.hpp"
#include "nav_msgs/Odometry.h"
```

Classes

- class Navigation

  Class Navigation This class contains members to generate linear and angular velocities to the turtulebot based on the depth from the obstacle information received from the depthCalculator.

5.1.1 Detailed Description

Header for the robot autonomous of the robot.

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Date

27 November 2019

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5.2 include/QLearning.hpp File Reference

Header for the RL algorithm implementation.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <algorithm>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
#include <array>
```

Classes

- class QLearning

  Class Qlearning class to perform reinforcement learning algorithm.

5.2.1 Detailed Description

Header for the RL algorithm implementation.

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5.3 include/TurtlebotStates.hpp File Reference

Header for reading the robot current states.

```
#include <vector>
#include "ros/ros.h"
#include "geometry_msgs/Twist.h"
#include "sensor_msgs/LaserScan.h"
```

Classes

- class TurtlebotStates

    Class depthCalculatio This class contains members to calculate distance for the objects which is obtained from laserscan topic. It also contains members to raise a flag if about to collide.

5.3.1 Detailed Description

Header for reading the robot current states.

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5.4 src/Navigation.cpp File Reference

Code for autonoumous naigation of the robot from a user defined start point to a stop point.

```
#include <tf/transform_listener.h>
#include <cmath>
#include <boost/range/irange.hpp>
#include "Navigation.hpp"
```

5.4.1 Detailed Description

Code for autonoumous naigation of the robot from a user defined start point to a stop point.

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Date

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5.5 src/QLearning.cpp File Reference

Code to define the reinforcement learning pipeline.

```
#include <time.h>
#include <ros/ros.h>
#include <iostream>
#include <sstream>
#include <fstream>
#include <vector>
#include <string>
#include <cmath>
#include <cstdlib>
#include <random>
#include <boost/range/irange.hpp>
#include "QLearning.hpp"
```

5.5.1 Detailed Description

Code to define the reinforcement learning pipeline.

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5.6 src/TurtlebotStates.cpp File Reference

Code to read the current states of the turtlebot.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cfloat>
#include <cmath>
#include "TurtlebotStates.hpp"
#include <boost/range/irange.hpp>
```

5.6.1 Detailed Description

Code to read the current states of the turtlebot.

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5.7 test/NavigationTest.cpp File Reference

Test cases for class Navigation.

```
#include <gtest/gtest.h>
#include <ros/ros.h>
#include <geometry_msgs/Pose.h>
#include <geometry_msgs/Twist.h>
#include <vector>
#include "Navigation.hpp"
#include "QLearning.hpp"
```

Functions

- **TEST** (TESTNavigation, checkForCorrectStateIndex)
- **TEST** (TESTNavigation, checkForTestRobot)
- **TEST** (TESTNavigation, checkForTrainRobot)

5.7.1 Detailed Description

Test cases for class Navigation.

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5.8 test/QlearningTest.cpp File Reference

Test cases for class Qlearning.

```
#include <gtest/gtest.h>
#include <ros/ros.h>
#include "QLearning.hpp"
```

Functions

- **TEST** (TESTQlearning, testChooseAction)
- **TEST** (TestQlearning1, testActionfromTheDemoFunctions)

5.8.1 Detailed Description

Test cases for class Qlearning.

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5.9 test/TurtlebotstatesTest.cpp File Reference

Test cases for class Turtlebotstates.

```
#include <gtest/gtest.h>
#include <ros/ros.h>
#include <sensor_msgs/LaserScan.h>
#include "TurtlebotStates.hpp"
```

Functions

- **TEST** (TESTTurtlebotState, checkObstacleDetection)

  Test to verify if Obstacle detection is happening properly Obtain laserscan sensor data and raise a flag if obstacle detected.

- **TEST** (TESTTurtlebotState, checkDefaultflagCollisionValue)

  check if flag is raised when obstacle distance is very less

5.9.1 Detailed Description

Test cases for class Turtlebotstates.

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