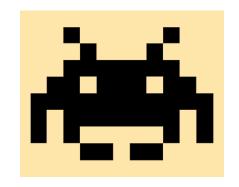
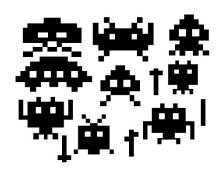




CSCI 1106 Lecture 2



Introduction to Game Architecture





Announcements

- Special lecture on Team Working this Friday!
 - Dr. Susan Holmes
 - Attendance is highly recommended
- Today's Topics
 - Introduction to the Game Design Module
 - Components of a game
 - Introduction to event driven programming
 - Introduction to Scratch



The Game Design Module

Topics

- Structure of a game
- Game mechanics
 - Collision Detection
 - Player movement
 - Autonomous Game Elements
 - Randomness
 - Controls
- Playability and play testing

To Do List

- Five tutorials:
 - Implement a game
 - Learn about game design
- One play-testing session
- Game Design Project
 - Design your own game
 - Implement the game
 - Write a technical manual
 - Write a user manual

"All the World's a Stage" -As You Like It William Shakespeare

A theatrical play consists of:

- A stage, where the action takes place
- Actors, who move and recite based on a script
- A script, which specifies the action and dialogue

A movie consists of:

- A screen, where the action takes place
- Actors and Animations, who move and recite based on a screenplay
- A screenplay, which specifies the action and dialogue

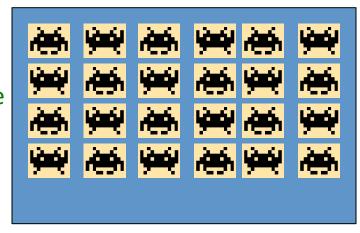


Components of a Game

- Stage: Displays (renders) the game
- Sprites:
 - Graphical objects that interact on the stage
 - Represent various artifacts in the game
 - Characters
 - Projectiles
 - Power-ups, obstacles, etc

Game Code:

- Governs interactions between sprites
- Governs interactions between player and sprites
- Implements the rules of the game
- Contains event handlers that respond to events in the game
- Updates the sprites on the stage



```
when I receive FRAME when speed steps

If on edge, bounce

If touching Paddle 7 then

point in direction (100 - direction + x position - x position of Paddle to the point in direction (100 - direction + x position - x position of Paddle to the point in direction (100 - direction + x position - x position of Paddle to the point in direction (100 - direction + x position - x position of Paddle to the point in direction (100 - direction (100 - direction the point in direction (100 - direction the point in direction (100 - direction (100 - direction the point in d
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The Movie Metaphor

- In a movie the screen is updated 24 times per second
- In a game the stage is updated 30 times per second
- The update is called a frame
- A frame occurs every 1/30th of a second
- When a frame occurs
 - Sprites modify their properties
 - Position
 - Look
 - Sound
 - Etc
 - Sprites are redrawn on stage in each frame
- Key Idea: A game is simply an interactive movie!
- What interaction?

Our Event-based World

- Question: How do you know when to do something?
 - "something" happens because "something else" happened
- Examples:
 - We wake up when the alarm goes off
 - We respond when someone asks us a question
 - We duck when something is thrown at us
 - We cease talking when the lecture begins
- Answer: We respond to events
- Analogy: Actors act on cues



In the Game World

- A game performs "some action" when "something" happens
- Examples:
 - Character moves when the mouse is moved
 - An object explodes when it is hit by a laser
 - The stage is updated after 1/30th of a second
 - The stage is populated when the game starts up
- The "something" are called events

The Event-Driven Paradigm

- Idea: Game code simply responds to events
- Possible events:
 - External events
 - Player movement (mouse, keyboard, kinect, etc)
 - Internal events
 - Start of game
 - Frame (stage update every 1/30th of a second)
 - Timer expired
 - Sprites cloned
- Each event is handled by an event handler
- The game code simply consists of event handlers that handle all aspects (behaviours) of the game!

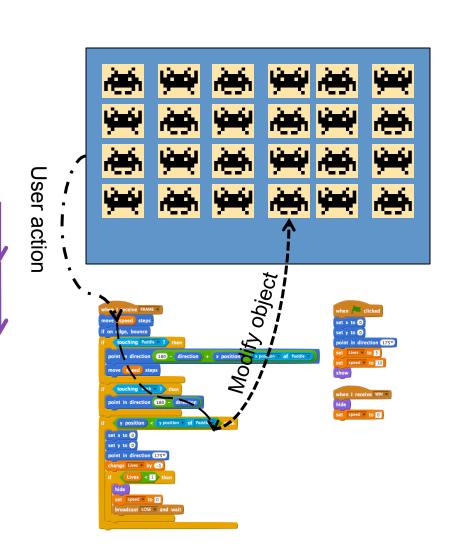


The Main Loop

 Idea: The main loop is implemented for you

GAME ENGINE

- Main Loop:
 - Event (action) occurs
 - Handle (respond to) event
 - Update (modify) object(s)
- All you need to do is
 - generate events and
 - write the event handlers!



Events in Scratch

- When flag is clicked: game is started
- When I receive: programmer specified event
 - All programmer specified events such as "FRAME" fall into this category
- When key pressed: keyboard event
- When sprite clicked: mouse click event
- There are more!



Scratch in a Nutshell

- A Scratch program consists of
 - A stage on which sprites are displayed
 - One or more *sprites*
 - graphical objects that interact on the stage
 - Zero or more scripts associated with the sprites
- A sprite has
 - Properties such as position, direction, size, etc.
 - Zero or more variables used to store values
 - One or more costumes, describing how it looks
 - Zero or more sounds that it can emit
 - Zero or more scripts that respond to events
- A script responds to an event
 - These scripts are also called event handlers



```
when clicked

set x to 0

set y to 0

point in direction 175

set Lives v to 3

set speed v to 10

show
```

```
when I receive WIN whide set speed to 0
```



A Scratch Script

- Is a sequence of blocks
- Starts on a when block
- Contains
 - motion blocks
 - control blocks
 - sensing blocks
 - operator blocks
 - data blocks -
 - event blocks
- Is executed when an event occurs

```
when I receive FRAME
move speed steps
if on edge, bounce
     touching Paddle 7 ? then
  point in direction 180 - direction + x position -
  move speed step
     touching Brick 7 ? then
  point in direction 180 - direction
  set x to 0
  point in direction 175
  change Lives ▼ by -1
        Lives < 1 then
    set speed ▼ to 0
    broadcast LOSE - and wait
```



Making Your Game Run

Idea: Your game will need a FRAME event

