Air Pollutant Alert System



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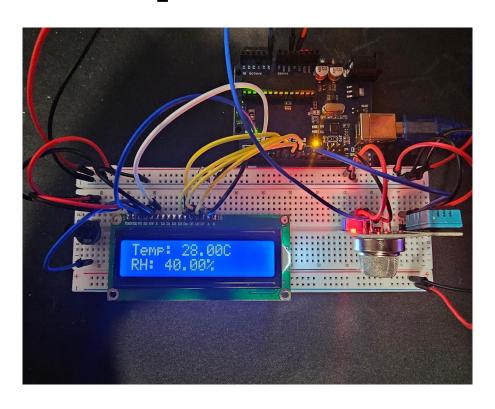
Introduction

- Creating a simple and effective air quality monitoring device that uses the MQ-2 sensor to detect harmful gases.
- Pollutants include: Methane (CH₄), propane, hydrogen (H₂), carbon monoxide (CO), smoke, and other flammable or hazardous gases.
- Incorporate a DHT11 sensor to measure temperature and humidity, which play a big role in air quality and the accuracy of gas detection.
- System is designed as an air pollution alert device, providing real-time warnings when pollutant levels rise to unsafe levels.





Description of the Product



- Uses DHT11 Temperature and Humidity Sensor and MQ-2 Air Quality Sensor
- Uses LCD1602 Liquid Crystal Display to output readings and environment pollutant status.
- Uses Potentiometer to control display contrast on LCD 1602 display.

Air Pollutant Alert System

Operation Of The Product

PPM Range

and gas levels (PPM)
Processes this data and uses it to detect possible

Description

Takes in data on humidity (%RH), temperature(C),

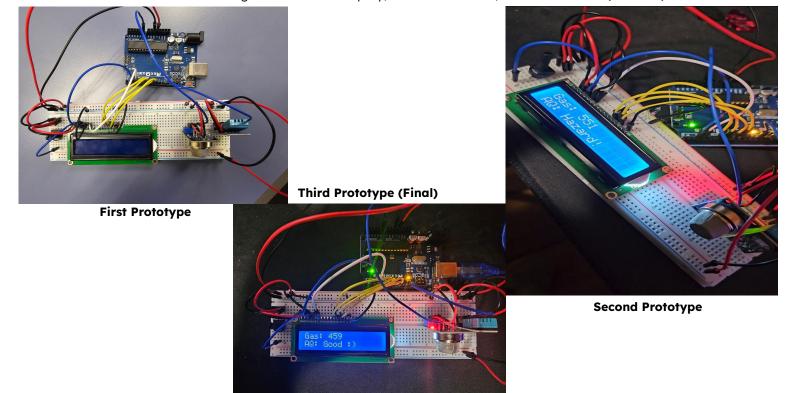
unsafe pollutant environments.
Displays this data on a liquid crystal display warning of unsafe or hazardous pollutant environments.

0–400 ppm	Excellent :D	Clean air; typical outdoor environment.
400–1000 ppm	Good :)	Normal indoor air with people present; well-ventilated spaces.
1000–2000 ppm	Moderate :	Poor ventilation; may cause mild discomfort (e.g., drowsiness, stale air).
2000–5000 ppm	Unhealthy :(High pollution; can lead to headaches, dizziness, and reduced cognitive ability.
5000+ ppm	Hazardous :0	Severe pollution; prolonged exposure can cause health risks or poisoning.

Air Quality Level

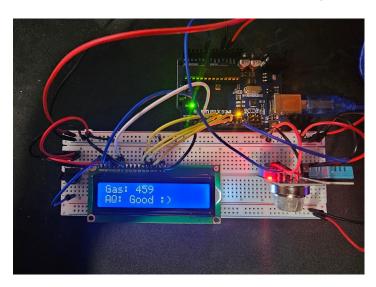
Development

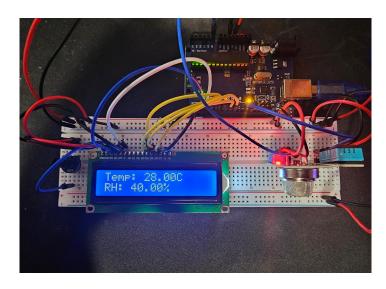
- Constructed the first circuit using an Arduino and a breadboard, using a laptop for power.
- Using an MQ-2 Sensor, DHT11 Sensor, and LCD 1602 Module, we constructed our basic Air Pollutant Alert System, we would revise this design twice due to incorrect connections and faulty code.
- Main issues faced included connecting the LCD 1602 display, bad connections, and code issues (libraries).



Results

- The project was a success as our product was able to detect the pollutant conditions of any indoor or outdoor space.
- Replacing faulty DHT11 sensor proved to produce much more accurate readings.
- More tests need to be ran to see the full effectiveness of our air sensor, and it's reliability.





Questions?