

libsfmt1279 Reference

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Constants

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SCE_SFMT1279_ARRAY_SIZE

Array size for SFMT1279 pseudo random number calculation

Definition

```
#include <libsfmt1279.h>
#define SCE_SFMT1279_ARRAY_SIZE    10    /* (1279 / 128) + 1 */
```

Description

This constant defines the array size for pseudo random numbers in conformance with SFMT1279. In addition to indicating the array size that is maintained as state in the `SceSfmt1279Context` structure, this constant is also used by the `sceSfmt1279FillArray32()` and `sceSfmt1279FillArray64()` functions to indicate the minimum size for generating random numbers.

See Also

`SceSfmt1279Context`, `sceSfmt1279FillArray32()`, `sceSfmt1279FillArray64()`

Datatypes

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SceSfmt1279Context

Context information for SFMT1279 pseudo random number calculation

Definition

```
#include <libsfmt1279.h>
typedef struct SceSfmt1279Context {
    unsigned int idx;
    unsigned int sfmt[SCE_SFMT1279_ARRAY_SIZE][4];
} SceSfmt1279Context;
```

Description

This structure is a work area for calculating pseudo random numbers in conformance with SFMT1279. One instance of this work area must be prepared for each random number sequence.

See Also

SCE_SFMT1279_ARRAY_SIZE, sceSfmt1279InitGenRand(), sceSfmt1279InitByArray()

Functions

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sceSfmt1279InitGenRand

Initialize SFMT1279 pseudo random number work area

Definition

```
#include <libsfmt1279.h>
SceInt32 sceSfmt1279InitGenRand (
    SceSfmt1279Context *pCtx,
    SceUInt32 seed
);
```

Calling Conditions

Multithread safe

Arguments

pCtx Pointer to an `SceSfmt1279Context` structure, which represents a random number sequence as a context.
seed Specifies a random number sequence.

Return Values

If an error occurs, a negative value is returned.

Value	Result
SCE_OK	Normal completion

Description

This function uses a 32-bit seed to initialize an SFMT1279 random number sequence, which is represented by the `SceSfmt1279Context` structure. This function must be executed before the `sceSfmt1279GenRand32()`, `sceSfmt1279GenRand64()`, `sceSfmt1279FillArray32()`, and `sceSfmt1279FillArray64()` functions.

Since only the `SceSfmt1279Context` structure indicated by *pCtx* is initialized, multiple random number sequences can be handled simultaneously by having multiple `SceSfmt1279Context` structures.

See Also

`SceSfmt1279Context`, `sceSfmt1279InitByArray()`

sceSfmt1279InitByArray

Initialize SFMT1279 pseudo random number work area

Definition

```
#include <libsfmt1279.h>
SceInt32 sceSfmt1279InitByArray (
    SceSfmt1279Context *pCtx,
    const SceUInt32 initkey[],
    SceUInt32 keylength
);
```

Calling Conditions

Multithread safe

Arguments

<i>pCtx</i>	Pointer to an <code>SceSfmt1279Context</code> structure, which represents a random number sequence as a context.
<i>initkey</i>	Specifies the array to be used for initializing.
<i>keylength</i>	Number of elements in <i>initkey</i> .

Return Values

If an error occurs, a negative value is returned.

Value	Result
SCE_OK	Normal completion

Description

This function uses an array of 32-bit seeds to initialize an SFMT1279 random number sequence, which is represented by the `SceSfmt1279Context` structure. This function must be executed before the `sceSfmt1279GenRand32()`, `sceSfmt1279GenRand64()`, `sceSfmt1279FillArray32()`, and `sceSfmt1279FillArray64()` functions.

Since only the `SceSfmt1279Context` structure indicated by *pCtx* is initialized, multiple random number sequences can be handled simultaneously by having multiple `SceSfmt1279Context` structures.

See Also

`SceSfmt1279Context`, `sceSfmt1279InitGenRand()`

sceSfmt1279GenRand32

Generate an SFMT1279 32-bit pseudo random number

Definition

```
#include <libmt1279.h>
SceUInt32 sceSfmt1279GenRand32 (
    SceSfmt1279Context *pCtx
);
```

Calling Conditions

Multithread safe

Arguments

pCtx Pointer to an `SceSfmt1279Context` structure, which represents a random number sequence as a context.

Return Values

32-bit pseudo random number

Description

This function generates a 32-bit pseudo random number that conforms to SFMT1279.

Before using this function, the `SceSfmt1279Context` structure must be initialized by calling the `sceSfmt1279InitGenRand()` or `sceSfmt1279InitByArray()` functions.

See Also

`SceSfmt1279Context`, `sceSfmt1279InitGenRand()`, `sceSfmt1279InitByArray()`

sceSfmt1279GenRand64

Generate an SFMT1279 64-bit pseudo random number

Definition

```
#include <libmt1279.h>
SceUInt64 sceSfmt1279GenRand64 (
    SceSfmt1279Context *pCtx
);
```

Calling Conditions

Multithread safe

Arguments

pCtx Pointer to an `SceSfmt1279Context` structure, which represents a random number sequence as a context.

Return Values

64-bit pseudo random number

Description

This function generates a 64-bit pseudo random number that conforms to SFMT1279.

Before using this function, the `SceSfmt1279Context` structure must be initialized by calling the `sceSfmt1279InitGenRand()` or `sceSfmt1279InitByArray()` functions.

Note that if the `sceSfmt1279GenRand32()` and `sceSfmt1279GenRand64()` functions are used together and the `sceSfmt1279GenRand64()` function is called after the `sceSfmt1279GenRand32()` function has been called an odd number of times, a full 64-bit random number will not be obtained. Instead, this function will return a 64-bit value in which the upper 32 bits are zero.

See Also

`SceSfmt1279Context`, `sceSfmt1279InitGenRand()`, `sceSfmt1279InitByArray()`

sceSfmt1279FillArray32

Generate an array of SFMT1279 32-bit pseudo random numbers

Definition

```
#include <libmt1279.h>
SceInt32 sceSfmt1279FillArray32 (
    SceSfmt1279Context *pCtx,
    SceUInt32 array[],
    SceUInt32 size
);
```

Calling Conditions

Multithread safe

Arguments

pCtx Pointer to an `SceSfmt1279Context` structure, which represents a random number sequence as a context.

array Buffer for receiving the generated random numbers

size Number of elements in *array* (multiple of 4 that is larger than `SCE_SFMT1279_ARRAY_SIZE*4`)

Return Values

If an error occurs, a negative value is returned.

Value	Result
<code>SCE_OK</code>	Normal completion

Description

This function generates an arbitrary number of 32-bit pseudo random numbers that conform to SFMT1279. *size* specifies the number of elements in *array* and must be a multiple of 4 that is larger than `(SCE_SFMT1279_ARRAY_SIZE * 4)`.

Before using this function, the `SceSfmt1279Context` structure must be initialized by calling the `sceSfmt1279InitGenRand()` or `sceSfmt1279InitByArray()` functions.

When the `sceSfmt1279FillArray32()` function is used together with the `sceSfmt1279GenRand32()` function, the `sceSfmt1279FillArray32()` function can be called only after the `sceSfmt1279GenRand32()` function has been called `(SCE_SFMT1279_ARRAY_SIZE * 4)` times.

When the `sceSfmt1279FillArray32()` function is used together with the `sceSfmt1279GenRand64()` function, the `sceSfmt1279FillArray32()` function can be called only after the `sceSfmt1279GenRand64()` function has been called `(SCE_SFMT1279_ARRAY_SIZE * 2)` times.

See Also

`SceSfmt1279Context`, `sceSfmt1279InitGenRand()`, `sceSfmt1279InitByArray()`

sceSfmt1279FillArray64

Generate an array of SFMT1279 64-bit pseudo random numbers

Definition

```
#include <libmt1279.h>
SceInt32 sceSfmt1279FillArray64 (
    SceSfmt1279Context *pCtx,
    SceUInt64 array[],
    SceUInt32 size
);
```

Calling Conditions

Multithread safe

Arguments

pCtx Pointer to an `SceSfmt1279Context` structure, which represents a random number sequence as a context.

array Buffer for receiving the generated random numbers

size Number of elements in *array* (multiple of 2 that is larger than `SCE_SFMT1279_ARRAY_SIZE*2`)

Return Values

If an error occurs, a negative value is returned.

Value	Result
<code>SCE_OK</code>	Normal completion

Description

This function generates an arbitrary number of 64-bit pseudo random numbers that conform to SFMT1279. *size* specifies the number of elements in *array* and must be a multiple of 2 that is larger than `(SCE_SFMT1279_ARRAY_SIZE * 2)`.

Before using this function, the `SceSfmt1279Context` structure must be initialized by calling the `sceSfmt1279InitGenRand()` or `sceSfmt1279InitByArray()` functions.

When the `sceSfmt1279FillArray64()` function is used together with the `sceSfmt1279GenRand32()` function, the `sceSfmt1279FillArray64()` function can be called only after the `sceSfmt1279GenRand32()` function has been called `(SCE_SFMT1279_ARRAY_SIZE * 4)` times.

When the `sceSfmt1279FillArray64()` function is used together with the `sceSfmt1279GenRand64()` function, the `sceSfmt1279FillArray64()` function can be called only after the `sceSfmt1279GenRand64()` function has been called `(SCE_SFMT1279_ARRAY_SIZE * 2)` times.

See Also

`SceSfmt1279Context`, `sceSfmt1279InitGenRand()`, `sceSfmt1279InitByArray()`