

Question no 1

What are the server hardware specifications (virtual machine settings)?
Take a screenshot - don't type it!

General

Name: Debian Web Server
Operating System: Debian (64-bit)

System

Base Memory: 1024 MB
Boot Order: Optical, Hard Disk
Acceleration: Nested Paging, KVM Paravirtualization

Display

Video Memory: 32 MB
Graphics Controller: VMSVGA
Remote Desktop Server: Disabled
Recording: Disabled

Storage

Controller: IDE
IDE Primary Device 0: [Optical Drive] debian-13.2.0-amd64-netinst.iso (784.00 MB)
Controller: SATA
SATA Port 0: Debian Web Server.vdi (Normal, 20.00 GB)

Audio

Disabled

Network

Adapter 1: Intel PRO/1000 MT Desktop (NAT)

USB

USB Controller: OHCI, EHCI
Device Filters: 0 (0 active)

Shared folders

None

Description

None

Question 2

What is the Debian Login Screen? (Take screenshot - do not type it!)

```

Debian GNU/Linux 13 webserver tty1
webserver login: ^
webserver login: pccc
Password:
Linux webserver 6.12.57+deb13-amd64 #1 SMP PREEMPT_DYNAMIC Debian 6.12.57-1 (2025-11-05) x86_64
The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*copyright.

Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
pccc@webserver:~$
```

Question 3

What is the IP address of your Debian Server Virtual Machine? (type the command and show a screenshot of the commands output)

Command line: hostname -I

```

1: rap@cis106:~${TR} ~
rap@cis106:~$ hostname -I
10.0.2.15 fd17:625c:f037:2:65e6:c1f8:dda7:2075 fd17:625c:f037:2:a00:27ff:febd:1cb7
rap@cis106:~$
```

Question 4

How do you work with the Firewall in Debian? (Type and explain what each command does)## Question no 4

UFW Firewall Commands – Summary Table (Debian)

Task	Command	Explanation
Install UFW	<code>sudo apt install ufw</code>	Installs the Uncomplicated Firewall package
Enable firewall	<code>sudo ufw enable</code>	Turns the firewall on and enables it at startup
Check firewall status	<code>sudo ufw status</code>	Displays firewall status and active rules
Disable firewall	<code>sudo ufw disable</code>	Turns the firewall off
Default rule: deny incoming	<code>sudo ufw default deny incoming</code>	Blocks all incoming connections by default
Default rule: allow outgoing	<code>sudo ufw default allow outgoing</code>	Allows all outgoing connections

Task	Command	Explanation
Allow Apache	<code>sudo ufw allow 'Apache Full'</code>	Allows HTTP (80) and HTTPS (443) traffic
Reload firewall	<code>sudo ufw reload</code>	Applies firewall rule changes immediately

```
rap@cis106:~$ sudo apt install ufw
[sudo] password for rap:
ufw is already the newest version (0.36.2-9).
Summary:
  Upgrading: 0, Installing: 0, Removing: 0, Not Upgrading: 0
```

```
rap@cis106:~$ sudo ufw status
Status: active

To                         Action      From
--                         --         --
Apache Full                 ALLOW      Anywhere
Apache Full (v6)             ALLOW      Anywhere (v6)
```

```
rap@cis106:~$ sudo ufw disable
Firewall stopped and disabled on system startup
rap@cis106:~$
```

```
rap@cis106:~$ sudo ufw allow "Apache Full"
Skipping adding existing rule
Skipping adding existing rule (v6)
rap@cis106:~$
```

```
rap@cis106:~$ sudo ufw app list
```

```
Available applications:
```

- AIM
- Apache
- Apache Full
- Apache Secure
- Bonjour
- CIFS
- CUPS
- DNS
- Deluge
- IMAP
- IMAPS
- IPP
- KTorrent
- Kerberos Admin
- Kerberos Full
- Kerberos KDC
- Kerberos Password
- LDAP
- LDAPS
- LPD
- MSN
- MSN SSL
- Mail submission
- NFS
- POP3
- POP3S
- PeopleNearby
- SMTP
- SSH
- Samba
- Socks
- Telnet
- Transmission

Question 5

What different commands do we use to work with Apache?

Apache Configuration Files and Directories (Debian)

File / Directory	Purpose
apache2.conf	Main Apache configuration file
ports.conf	Defines which ports Apache listens on
envvars	Sets environment variables used by Apache
sites-available/	Stores available virtual host configuration files
sites-enabled/	Contains enabled virtual host configurations (symbolic links)
mods-available/	Stores available Apache modules
mods-enabled/	Contains enabled Apache modules (symbolic links)
conf-available/	Stores additional Apache configuration files
conf-enabled/	Contains enabled extra configuration files

What is the command you use to check if Apache is running?

- The command is: systemctl status apache2

```
2: rap@cis106:~$ [TR] 
rap@cis106:~$ sudo systemctl status apache2
[sudo] password for rap:
● apache2.service - The Apache HTTP Server
  Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/apache2.service; enabled; preset: enabled)
  Active: active (running) since Mon 2025-12-08 18:56:58 EST; 13min ago
    Invocation: 8aeb86842916425ca862fe204a353ddd
      Docs: https://httpd.apache.org/docs/2.4/
   Main PID: 7020 (apache2)
     Tasks: 55 (limit: 4618)
    Memory: 7.1M (peak: 7.4M)
       CPU: 179ms
      CGroup: /system.slice/apache2.service
              └─7020 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
                  ├─7022 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start
                  ├─7023 /usr/sbin/apache2 -k start

Dec 08 18:56:58 cis106 systemd[1]: Starting apache2.service - The Apache HTTP Server...
Dec 08 18:56:58 cis106 apachectl[7018]: AH00558: apache2: Could not reliably determine the server's fully qualified name, using cis106. You probably need to update your host file.
Dec 08 18:56:58 cis106 systemd[1]: Started apache2.service - The Apache HTTP Server.
Lines 1-17/17 (END)
```

What is the command you use to stop Apache?

- The command is: sudo systemctl stop apache2

```
2: rap@cis106:~${TR} ~
rap@cis106:~$ sudo systemctl stop apache2
[sudo] password for rap:
rap@cis106:~$ sudo systemctl stop apache2
rap@cis106:~$
```

What is the command you use to restart Apache?

- sudo systemctl restart apache2

What is the command used to test Apache configuration?

- The command is: sudo apachectl configtest

What is the command used to check the installed version of Apache?

```
rap@cis106:~$ /usr/sbin/apache2 -v
Server version: Apache/2.4.65 (Debian)
Server built:   2025-07-29T17:52:31
rap@cis106:~$
```

- /usr/sbin/apache2 -v

Question 6

What are some common configuration files for Apache?

```
pccc@webserver:/etc/apache2$ ls
apache2.conf  conf-available  conf-enabled  envvars  magic  mods-available  mods-enabled  ports.conf  sites-available  sites-enabled
pccc@webserver:/etc/apache2$
```

Question 7

Where does Apache store logs?

- Apache logs are stored at: /var/log

```
pccc@webserver:/var/log$ ls /var/log
alternatives.log  apache2  apt  btmp  dpkg.log  installer  journal  lastlog  private  README  runit  wtmp  wtmp.db
pccc@webserver:/var/log$
```

What are some basic commands we can use to review logs?

Basic Commands to Review Apache Logs

The most basic commands used to review Apache log files are:

Command	Purpose
cat	Displays the entire log file
less	Views log files one page at a time
more	Simple paged log viewer

Command	Purpose
tail	Shows the last lines of a log file
tail -f	Monitors log files in real time
head	Shows the first lines of a log file
grep	Searches for specific text patterns in logs
wc -l	Counts the number of entries (lines) in a log file

```
occc@webserver:/var/log$ head dpkg.log
2025-12-14 15:57:33 startup archives install
2025-12-14 15:57:33 install base-passwd:amd64 <none> 3.6.7
2025-12-14 15:57:33 status half-installed base-passwd:amd64 3.6.7
2025-12-14 15:57:33 status unpacked base-passwd:amd64 3.6.7
2025-12-14 15:57:33 configure base-passwd:amd64 3.6.7 3.6.7
2025-12-14 15:57:33 status half-configured base-passwd:amd64 3.6.7
2025-12-14 15:57:33 status installed base-passwd:amd64 3.6.7
2025-12-14 15:57:33 startup archives install
2025-12-14 15:57:33 install base-files:amd64 <none> 13.8+deb13u2
2025-12-14 15:57:33 status half-installed base-files:amd64 13.8+deb13u2
occc@webserver:/var/log$
```