

Cleaning a PostgreSQL Database



In this project, you will work with data from a hypothetical Super Store to challenge and enhance your SQL skills in data cleaning. This project will engage you in identifying top categories based on the highest profit margins and detecting missing values, utilizing your comprehensive knowledge of SQL concepts.

Data Dictionary:

orders :

Column	Definition	Data type	Comments
row_id	Unique Record ID	INTEGER	
order_id	Identifier for each order in table	TEXT	Connects to order_id in returned_orders table
order_date	Date when order was placed	TEXT	
market	Market order_id belongs to	TEXT	
region	Region Customer belongs to	TEXT	Connects to region in people table
product_id	Identifier of Product bought	TEXT	Connects to product_id in products table
sales	Total Sales Amount for the Line Item	DOUBLE PRECISION	
quantity	Total Quantity for the Line Item	DOUBLE PRECISION	
discount	Discount applied for the Line Item	DOUBLE PRECISION	
profit	Total Profit earned on the Line Item	DOUBLE PRECISION	

returned_orders :

Column	Definition	Data type
returned	Yes values for Order / Line Item Returned	TEXT
order_id	Identifier for each order in table	TEXT
market	Market order_id belongs to	TEXT

people :

Column	Definition	Data type
person	Name of Salesperson credited with Order	TEXT
region	Region Salesperson is operating in	TEXT

products :

Column	Definition	Data type
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How likely are you to recommend DataLab to a friend or co-worker?

Not at all likely 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Extremely likely

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As you can see in the Data Dictionary above, date fields have been written to the `orders` table as `TEXT` and numeric fields like sales, profit, etc. have been written to the `orders` table as `Double Precision`. You will need to take care of these types in some of the queries. This project is an excellent opportunity to apply your SQL skills in a practical setting and gain valuable experience in data cleaning and analysis. Good luck, and happy querying!

Projects Data DataFrame as top_five_p

```
-- top_five_products_each_category
select *
  from (select
    category,
    product_name,
    round(sum(cast(sales as numeric)), 2) as product_total_sales,
    round(sum(cast (profit as numeric)), 2) as product_total_profit,
    rank () over (partition by category order by sum(o.sales) desc) as product_rank
  from products as p
 inner join orders as o
 on p.product_id = o.product_id
 group by category, product_name
   ) as tmp
 where product_rank < 6;
```

...	↑↓	category	...	↑↓	product_name	...	↑↓	product_total_sales	...	↑↓	product_total_profit	...	↑↓	produ...	•
	0	Furniture			Hon Executive Leather Armchair, Adjustable			58193.48			5997.25				
	1	Furniture			Office Star Executive Leather Armchair, Adjusta...			51449.8			4925.8				
	2	Furniture			Harbour Creations Executive Leather Armchair, ...			50121.52			10427.33				
	3	Furniture			SAFCO Executive Leather Armchair, Black			41923.53			7154.28				
	4	Furniture			Novimex Executive Leather Armchair, Adjustable			40585.13			5562.35				
	5	Office Supplies			Eldon File Cart, Single Width			39873.23			5571.26				
	6	Office Supplies			Hoover Stove, White			32842.6			-2180.63				
	7	Office Supplies			Hoover Stove, Red			32644.13			11651.68				
	8	Office Supplies			Rogers File Cart, Single Width			29558.82			2368.82				
	9	Office Supplies			Smead Lockers, Industrial			28991.66			3630.44				
	10	Technology			Apple Smart Phone, Full Size			86935.78			5921.58				
	11	Technology			Cisco Smart Phone, Full Size			76441.53			17238.52				
	12	Technology			Motorola Smart Phone, Full Size			73156.3			17027.11				
	13	Technology			Nokia Smart Phone, Full Size			71904.56			9938.2				
	14	Technology			Canon imageCLASS 2200 Advanced Copier			61599.82			25199.93				

Rows: 15

Expand

How likely are you to recommend DataLab to a friend or co-worker?

Not at all likely

0

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Extremely likely

Projects Data DataFrame as i

```
-- impute_missing_values
with missing as (
select
  product_id,
  discount,
  market,
  region,
  sales,
  quantity
from orders
where quantity is null ),
unit_prices as (
  select o.product_id,
  cast ( o.sales/o.quantity as numeric) as unit_price
  from orders as o
  right join missing as m
  on o.product_id = m.product_id
  and o.discount = m.discount
where o.quantity is not null
)
select distinct m.*,
round(cast( m.sales as numeric)/up.unit_price, 0) as calculated_quantity
from missing as m
inner join unit_prices as up
on m.product_id = up.product_id;
```

...	↑↓	product_id	...	↑↓	...	↑↓	...	↑↓	...	↑↓	...	↑↓	...	↑↓	calculated_quan...	...	↑↓
0		FUR-ADV-10000571			0		EMEA		EMEA		438.96						4
1		FUR-ADV-10004395			0		EMEA		EMEA		84.12						2
2		FUR-BO-10001337			0.15		US		West		308.499						3
3		TEC-STA-10003330			0		Africa		Africa		506.64						2
4		TEC-STA-10004542			0		Africa		Africa		160.32						4

Rows: 5

Expand

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