

**Testing Testing**

**1 2 4**

# Testing Testing

1 2 4 3

# How do you know your program works?

- Well I used it for a while....
- I proved it with math!
- I wrote a program to test it!

# Programs test other programs

**System tests** make sure an entire program does the expected thing.

**Unit tests** take smaller pieces of code and make sure they follow their spec.



# Programs test other programs

**Black box** tests you write only thinking about the spec



**Clear box** tests you write thinking about both the spec and the code



# What kind of tests?

- A test that simulates a user playing an entire game of hangman and losing
- A test that calls `word_with_blanks("potato", "to")` and expects the output to be `"_ot_to"`
- A set of tests for `make_guess` constructed to ensure we take every branch of the `if` statement

# Writing tests in python

```
import unittest
```

```
class TestThing(unittest.TestCase):  
    def test_stuff(self):  
        a = thing(23)  
        self.assertEqual(a, "foo")  
        #...
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':  
    unittest.main()
```

# Choosing test cases

- What is the full domain of allowable inputs?
- Divide them into categories that are "similar" to each other
- Pick one input from each category, and a corresponding expected output.



# What makes input "similar" or not?

- Look at the spec for hints
- Troglodyte counting:

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"many"

- Trigger each **specified** error
- Input is "dissimilar" if result has to be "dissimilar"
- Treat input on the boundary between two regions as similar to neither.

```
def abs(x):  
    """Return the distance of the  
        number x from 0  
    """  
  
    # some code goes here
```

```
def word_with_blanks(word, successes):  
    """Return the string word, but  
    with any letter not present in the  
    string successes replaced with an  
    underscore"""  
    result = ""  
    for character in word:  
        if character in successes:  
            result += character  
        else:  
            result += '_'  
    return result
```

# Beware overdetermined tests

```
def bigger_prime(n):  
    """Return a prime number bigger  
        than the number n  
    """  
  
    # Some code goes here  
#...  
def test_bigger_prime(self):  
    self.assertEqual(bigger_prime(3), 5)
```

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    # Some code goes here  
#...  
  
def test_bigger_prime(self):  
    bp = bigger_prime(3)  
    self.assertGreater(bp, 3)  
    self.assertTrue(is_prime(bp))
```