Reproducible Research: Peer Assessment 1

Loading and preprocessing the data

```
url <- "https://d396qusza40orc.cloudfront.net/repdata%2Fdata%2Factivity.zip"
file <- "activity.zip"
csv <- "activity.csv"

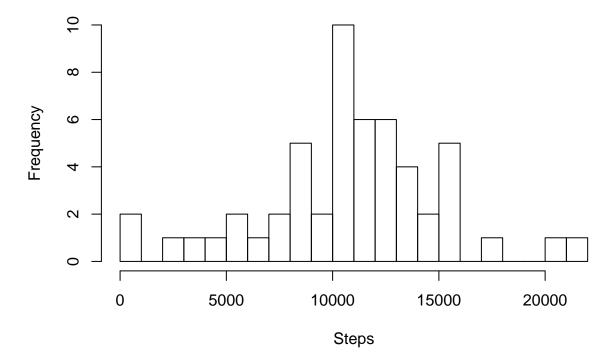
if (!file.exists(csv)) {
   download.file(url, file, method = "curl")
     unzip(file)
}

f <- read.csv(csv)
d <- f
d$date <- as.character(d$date)
d$date <- as.Date(d$date, "%Y-%m-%d")</pre>
```

What is mean total number of steps taken per day?

```
dailytotal <- aggregate(d$steps, by = d[c("date")], sum)
hist(dailytotal$x, breaks = 20, xlab="Steps", main="Total steps taken daily")</pre>
```

Total steps taken daily



```
mean(dailytotal$x, na.rm = T)

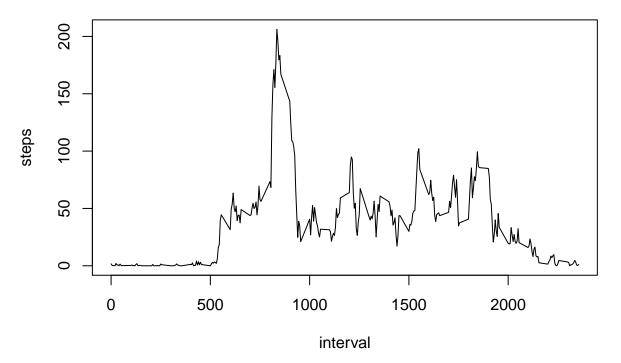
## [1] 10766

median(dailytotal$x, na.rm = T)

## [1] 10765
```

What is the average daily activity pattern?

```
dailymean <- aggregate(d$steps, by = d[c("interval")], mean, na.rm=T)
names(dailymean) <- c("interval", "steps")
plot(dailymean, type="l")</pre>
```



```
dailymean[dailymean$steps == max(dailymean$steps),]
```

```
## interval steps
## 104 835 206.2
```

"Which 5-minute interval, on average across all the days in the dataset, contains the maximum number of steps?"

Imputing missing values

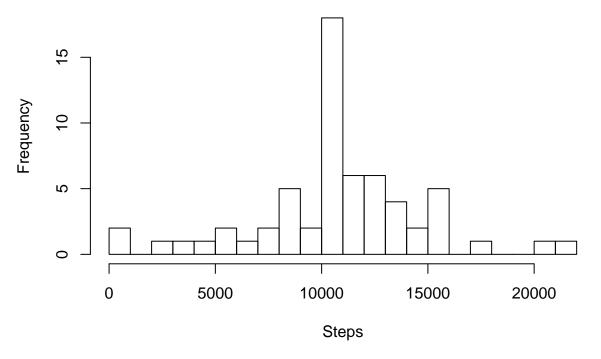
```
sum(is.na(d$steps))

## [1] 2304

d1 <- merge(d, dailymean, by = "interval")
d1$steps.x[is.na(d1$steps.x)] <- d1$steps.y[is.na(d1$steps.x)]

dailytotal1 <- aggregate(d1$steps.x, by = d1[c("date")], sum)
hist(dailytotal1$x, breaks = 20, xlab="Steps", main="Total steps taken daily")</pre>
```

Total steps taken daily



```
mean(dailytotal1$x)

## [1] 10766

median(dailytotal1$x)
```

[1] 10766

Are there differences in activity patterns between weekdays and weekends?

```
d1$weekday <- weekdays(d1$date)
weekend <- d1[d1$weekday %in% c("Saturday", "Sunday"),]</pre>
```

