bd_hayai

October 13, 2024

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[1]: import pandas as pd
[2]: # Recieve CSV file from SSMS. Add a header
    df_from_ssms = pd.read_csv("test_data/meks.csv", header=None)
     # Get rid of all cols except for 1 and 2
    df_from_ssms.drop([2, 3, 4], axis=1, inplace=True)
    df_from_ssms.head(10)
[2]:
            0
                    1
    0 266943
               108992
    1 266696 108993
    2 266626 108994
    3 266704 108995
    4 266574 108284
    5 267112 108283
    6 267263 108279
    7 266888 108285
    8 267259 110254
    9 267147 110253
[3]: # Add column names.
    # 'MEK' - Master entity key
     # 'CN' - Control number
    df_from_ssms.rename(columns={0: 'MEK', 1: 'CN_'}, inplace=True)
    # Prepend two zeros to the front of the CNs. We can use apply() and zfill() fns
     # converting each value to a string
     # and then prepending Os until the length is 8
    df_from_ssms['CN_'] = df_from_ssms['CN_'].apply(lambda x: str(x).zfill(8))
    df_from_ssms.head(10)
[3]:
          MEK
                    CN
    0 266943 00108992
    1 266696
               00108993
    2 266626 00108994
```

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3 266704 00108995
    4 266574 00108284
    5 267112 00108283
    6 267263 00108279
    7 266888 00108285
    8 267259 00110254
    9 267147 00110253
[4]: # Retrieve CSV file sent in by end-user
    df_from_enduser = pd.read_csv("test_data/end_user_sheet.csv")
    df_from_enduser['CN'] = df_from_enduser['CN'].apply(lambda x: str(x).zfill(8))
     # Use column indexing to remove everything except for the cols
    # 5 - Control number
     # 6 - Formatted cycle start date
     # 7 - RTLS tag no.
    df_from_enduser = df_from_enduser.iloc[:, [4, 5, 6]]
    ssms_sz = df_from_ssms.shape[0]
    end_user_sz = df_from_enduser.shape[0]
    # Display sizes of data frames
    print(f"Size of ssmss df is {ssms_sz}")
    print(f"Size of end user df is {end_user_sz}")
    df_from_enduser.head(10)
    Size of ssmss df is 20
    Size of end user df is 20
[4]:
             CN CYCLESTARTDATE
                                        RTLS
                    1991-09-01 000CCC14E6F6
    0 00108992
    1 00108993
                    1991-09-01 000CCC11B021
    2 00108994
                    1991-09-01 000CCC11AE7B
    3 00108995
                    1991-09-01 000CCC119C83
    4 00108284
                    1991-09-01 000CCC120345
    5 00108283
                    1991-09-01 000CCC11DEF1
                    1991-09-01 000CCC12052F
    6 00108279
    7 00108285
                    1991-09-01 000CCC11AE53
                    1991-09-01 000CCC11FC99
    8 00110254
    9 00110253
                    1991-09-01 000CCC120A4B
[5]: # Concatenate the two Dataframes
    df_hayai = pd.concat([df_from_enduser, df_from_ssms], axis=1)
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# Change data type of MEK col to int. It will become a float by default for
      ⇔reasons I still don't rly get
    df_hayai['MEK'] = df_hayai['MEK'].astype('int')
    df_hayai.head(10)
[5]:
             CN CYCLESTARTDATE
                                        RTLS
                                                 MEK
                                                           CN
    0 00108992
                    1991-09-01 000CCC14E6F6 266943
                                                      00108992
    1 00108993
                                                     00108993
                    1991-09-01 000CCC11B021 266696
    2 00108994
                    1991-09-01 000CCC11AE7B 266626
                                                      00108994
    3 00108995
                    1991-09-01 000CCC119C83 266704
                                                      00108995
    4 00108284
                   1991-09-01 000CCC120345 266574 00108284
    5 00108283
                   1991-09-01 000CCC11DEF1 267112 00108283
    6 00108279
                   1991-09-01 000CCC12052F 267263 00108279
    7 00108285
                   1991-09-01 000CCC11AE53 266888 00108285
    8 00110254
                    1991-09-01 000CCC11FC99 267259 00110254
    9 00110253
                    1991-09-01 000CCC120A4B 267147 00110253
[6]: def get_meks_from_ssms(control_numbers):
        # Generate individual CASE statements for each control number
         # The enumerate function gives us both the index (i) and value (cn) for
      ⇔each iteration
        # We use an f-string to format each CASE statement with proper indentation
        case statements = [f"
                                    WHEN [ControlNo] = '{cn}' THEN {i+1}" for i,

¬cn in enumerate(control_numbers)]
         # Join all CASE statements into a single string, with each statement on a_{\sqcup}
      ⇔new line
                            ".join(case_statements)
        case_block = "\n
         # Construct the full SQL command using an f-string
         # This allows us to embed our Python variables directly in the SQL string
        sql_command = f"""
        SELECT
            [EquipmentKey],
            [CN],
            [CycleDate],
            [CycleSetBy],
            [RTLSCode]
        FROM
             [URMCCEX3].[dbo].[Equipment]
        WHERE
             [ControlNo] IN (\n{', '.join([f"'{cn}'" for cn in control_numbers])}
        ORDER BY
                      {case_block}
            CASE\n
        END;
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""".strip()
    return sql_command
# Initialize an empty list to store control numbers
control_numbers = []
# Iterate over each row in the df_hayai DataFrame
# The iterrows() method gives us both the index and the row data for each \Box
 \rightarrow iteration
for idx, row in df_from_enduser.iterrows():
     # Extract the 'CN' (Control Number) value from the current row
    cns = row['CN']
    # Add this Control Number to our list
    control_numbers.append(cns)
# Generate the SQL command using our list of control numbers
sql_command = get_meks_from_ssms(control_numbers)
# Print the generated SQL command to the console
print(sql command)
SELECT
        [EquipmentKey],
        [CN],
        [CycleDate],
        [CycleSetBy],
        [RTLSCode]
    FROM
        [URMCCEX3].[dbo].[Equipment]
    WHERE
        [ControlNo] IN (
'00108992', '00108993', '00108994', '00108995', '00108284', '00108283',
'00108279', '00108285', '00110254', '00110253', '00110273', '00110272',
'00111137', '00111136', '00111134', '00111135', '00111138', '00111139',
'00111142', '00111143'
        )
    ORDER BY
        CASE
            WHEN [ControlNo] = '00108992' THEN 1
            WHEN [ControlNo] = '00108993' THEN 2
            WHEN [ControlNo] = '00108994' THEN 3
            WHEN [ControlNo] = '00108995' THEN 4
            WHEN [ControlNo] = '00108284' THEN 5
            WHEN [ControlNo] = '00108283' THEN 6
            WHEN [ControlNo] = '00108279' THEN 7
            WHEN [ControlNo] = '00108285' THEN 8
            WHEN [ControlNo] = '00110254' THEN 9
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WHEN [ControlNo] = '00110273' THEN 11
                WHEN [ControlNo] = '00110272' THEN 12
                WHEN [ControlNo] = '00111137' THEN 13
                WHEN [ControlNo] = '00111136' THEN 14
                WHEN [ControlNo] = '00111134' THEN 15
                WHEN [ControlNo] = '00111135' THEN 16
                WHEN [ControlNo] = '00111138' THEN 17
                WHEN [ControlNo] = '00111139' THEN 18
                WHEN [ControlNo] = '00111142' THEN 19
                WHEN [ControlNo] = '00111143' THEN 20
        END;
[7]: # Ensure that CN from dataframe and SSMS script are valid
     cn_match = (df_hayai['CN'] == df_hayai['CN_']).all()
     # Ensure no duplicate values
     no_copies = (df_hayai['CN'].is_unique and df_hayai['CN_'].is_unique)
     # Ensure no empty cells
     no_empty_cells = not df_hayai[['CN', 'CN_']].isnull().values.any()
     if cn_match:
         print("The CNs in the SSMS col and end_user column match!.")
     else:
         print("The columns do not match.")
     if no_copies:
         print("There are no duplicate values in both columns. All vals unique")
     else:
         print("There are duplicates in one or both columns. There is an error_{\sqcup}
      ⇔somewhere")
     if no_empty_cells:
         print("There are no empty cells in the DataFrame.")
     else:
         print("There are empty cells in the DataFrame.")
    The CNs in the SSMS col and end_user column match!.
    There are no duplicate values in both columns. All vals unique
    There are no empty cells in the DataFrame.
[8]: # We now generate SQL to be put into SSMS (SQL Server Management Studio)
     def generate_sql_for_ssms(meks, dates, rtls_codes):
         # Ensure all input lists have the same length
         # This is a safety check to make sure we have matching data for each entry
         if not (len(meks) == len(dates) == len(rtls codes)):
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WHEN [ControlNo] = '00110253' THEN 10

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raise ValueError("All input lists must have the same length")
    # Generate CASE statements for CycleDate
    # We create two list comprehensions.
    # One to create a WHEN-THEN statement for each MEK-date pair
    # One to create a WHEN-THEN statement for each MEK-rtls pair
   case_statements_for_meks = [
                  WHEN [EquipmentKey] = {mek} THEN '{date} 00:00:00.000'"
       for mek, date in zip(meks, dates)
   # Join all CASE statements into a single string, with each statement on a_{\sqcup}
 ⇔new line
   case_block_meks = "\n ".join(case_statements_for_meks)
   # Generate the IN clause for MasterEntityKey
   # We create a comma-separated list of MEKs, each wrapped in single quotes
   mek_list = ", ".join(f"'{mek}'" for mek in meks)
   case_statements_for_rtls = [
       f"
                  WHEN [EquipmentKey] = {mek} THEN '{rtls}'"
        for mek, rtls in zip(meks, rtls_codes)
   case_block_rtls = "\n".join(case_statements_for_rtls)
   mek_list = ", ".join(f"'{mek}'" for mek in meks)
   # Construct the full SQL command using an f-string
    # This allows us to embed our Python variables directly in the SQL string
   sql_command = f"""
   UPDATE [URMCCEX3].[dbo].[Equipment]
       CycleSetBy = 'Equipment',
       CycleDate = CASE\n {case_block_meks}
       END,
    [RTLScode] = CASE\n{case_block_rtls}
   F.ND
   WHERE
       [EquipmentKey] IN ({mek_list});
   """.strip()
   return sql_command
   # Return the complete SQL command as a string
   return sql_command
# Initialize empty lists to store data from the DataFrame
master_entity_keys = []
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cycle_start_dates = []
rtls_tag_codes = []
# Iterate over each row in the df_hayai DataFrame
# The iterrows() method gives us both the index and the row data for each_
 \rightarrow iteration
for idx, row in df_hayai.iterrows():
    # Extract the relevant values from the current row
    mek = row['MEK'] # Master Entity Key
    csd = row['CYCLESTARTDATE'] # Cycle Start Date
    rtls = row['RTLS'] # RTLS Tag Code
    # Append the extracted values to their respective lists
    master_entity_keys.append(mek)
    cycle_start_dates.append(csd)
    rtls_tag_codes.append(rtls)
# Generate the SQL command using our lists of MEKs, dates, and RTLS codes
sql_to_ssms = generate_sql_for_ssms(meks=master_entity_keys,__

dates=cycle_start_dates, rtls_codes=rtls_tag_codes)

# Print the generated SQL command to the console
print(sql_to_ssms)
UPDATE [URMCCEX3].[dbo].[Equipment]
    SET
        CycleSetBy = 'Equipment',
        CycleDate = CASE
           WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 266943 THEN '1991-09-01 00:00:00.000'
           WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 266696 THEN '1991-09-01 00:00:00.000'
           WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 266626 THEN '1991-09-01 00:00:00.000'
           WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 266704 THEN '1991-09-01 00:00:00.000'
           WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 266574 THEN '1991-09-01 00:00:00.000'
           WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 267112 THEN '1991-09-01 00:00:00.000'
           WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 267263 THEN '1991-09-01 00:00:00.000'
           WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 266888 THEN '1991-09-01 00:00:00.000'
           WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 267259 THEN '1991-09-01 00:00:00.000'
           WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 267147 THEN '1991-09-01 00:00:00.000'
           WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 267296 THEN '1991-09-01 00:00:00.000'
           WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 266429 THEN '1991-09-01 00:00:00.000'
           WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 267027 THEN '1991-09-01 00:00:00.000'
           WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 266994 THEN '1991-10-01 00:00:00.000'
           WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 267033 THEN '1991-10-01 00:00:00.000'
           WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 267120 THEN '1991-10-01 00:00:00.000'
           WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 266643 THEN '1991-10-01 00:00:00.000'
           WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 266641 THEN '1991-10-01 00:00:00.000'
           WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 267050 THEN '1991-10-01 00:00:00.000'
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WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 267048 THEN '1991-10-01 00:00:00.000'
       END,
    [RTLScode] = CASE
       WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 266943 THEN '000CCC14E6F6'
       WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 266696 THEN '000CCC11B021'
       WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 266626 THEN '000CCC11AE7B'
       WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 266704 THEN '000CCC119C83'
       WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 266574 THEN '000CCC120345'
       WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 267112 THEN '000CCC11DEF1'
       WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 267263 THEN '000CCC12052F'
       WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 266888 THEN '000CCC11AE53'
       WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 267259 THEN '000CCC11FC99'
       WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 267147 THEN '000CCC120A4B'
       WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 267296 THEN '000CCC120650'
       WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 266429 THEN '000CCC1201A9'
       WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 267027 THEN '000CCC12036C'
       WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 266994 THEN '000CCC11FBAE'
       WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 267033 THEN '000CCC11B0B6'
       WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 267120 THEN '000CCC120963'
       WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 266643 THEN '000CCC119C64'
       WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 266641 THEN '000CCC11A01B'
       WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 267050 THEN '000CCC12015D'
       WHEN [EquipmentKey] = 267048 THEN '000CCC119BF1'
   END
   WHERE.
       [EquipmentKey] IN ('266943', '266696', '266626', '266704', '266574',
'267112', '267263', '266888', '267259', '267147', '267296', '266429', '267027',
'266994', '267033', '267120', '266643', '266641', '267050', '267048');
```