TreeHub Deployment Guide

This guide covers deploying TreeHub to various platforms with detailed configuration instructions.



Vercel Deployment (Recommended)

Vercel provides the optimal deployment experience for Next.js applications with zero-configuration setup.

Prerequisites

- GitHub, GitLab, or Bitbucket account
- Vercel account (free tier available)
- Production database (PostgreSQL)

Step-by-Step Deployment

1. Prepare Your Repository

```
# Ensure your code is committed and pushed
git add .
git commit -m "Prepare for deployment"
git push origin main
```

2. Connect to Vercel

- 1. Visit vercel.com (https://vercel.com) and sign in
- 2. Click "New Project"
- 3. Import your TreeHub repository
- 4. Vercel will automatically detect Next.js configuration

3. Configure Build Settings

Vercel automatically detects the correct settings:

- Framework Preset: Next.js
- Build Command: cd app && npm run build
- Output Directory: app/.next
- Install Command: cd app && npm install --legacy-peer-deps

4. Environment Variables

Add the following environment variables in Vercel dashboard:

Required Variables:

```
DATABASE_URL=postgresql://user:pass@host:5432/treehub
NEXTAUTH_SECRET=your-secret-key
NEXTAUTH_URL=https://your-domain.vercel.app
```

Optional but Recommended:

```
GOOGLE_MAPS_API_KEY=your-api-key
STRIPE_SECRET_KEY=your-stripe-key
SMTP_HOST=your-smtp-host
SMTP_USER=your-email
SMTP_PASS=your-password
AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID=your-aws-key
AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY=your-aws-secret
AWS_S3_BUCKET=your-bucket-name
```

5. Database Setup

Ensure your production database is ready:

```
# Run migrations
npx prisma migrate deploy

# Generate Prisma client
npx prisma generate
```

6. Deploy

Click "Deploy" in Vercel dashboard. The deployment process will:

- 1. Install dependencies
- 2. Build the application
- 3. Deploy to global edge network
- 4. Provide a live URL

7. Custom Domain (Optional)

- 1. Go to Project Settings → Domains
- 2. Add your custom domain
- 3. Configure DNS records as instructed
- 4. SSL certificate is automatically provisioned

Vercel Configuration File

The included vercel.json provides optimized settings:

```
"framework": "nextjs",
  "buildCommand": "cd app && npm run build",
  "outputDirectory": "app/.next",
  "installCommand": "cd app && npm install --legacy-peer-deps",
  "functions": {
    "app/api/**/*.ts": {
      "maxDuration": 30
  },
  "headers": [
      "source": "/(.*)",
      "headers": [
          "key": "X-Content-Type-Options",
          "value": "nosniff"
   }
  ]
}
```

Nocker Deployment

Dockerfile

Create a Dockerfile in the project root:

```
FROM node:18-alpine AS base
# Install dependencies only when needed
FROM base AS deps
RUN apk add --no-cache libc6-compat
WORKDIR /app
# Install dependencies
COPY app/package*.json ./
RUN npm ci --only=production --legacy-peer-deps
# Rebuild the source code only when needed
FROM base AS builder
WORKDIR /app
COPY app/package*.json ./
RUN npm ci --legacy-peer-deps
COPY app/ .
# Generate Prisma client
RUN npx prisma generate
# Build application
RUN npm run build
# Production image
FROM base AS runner
WORKDIR /app
ENV NODE_ENV production
RUN addgroup --system --gid 1001 nodejs
RUN adduser --system --uid 1001 nextjs
COPY --from=builder /app/public ./public
# Set the correct permission for prerender cache
RUN mkdir .next
RUN chown nextjs:nodejs .next
# Automatically leverage output traces to reduce image size
COPY --from=builder --chown=nextjs:nodejs /app/.next/standalone ./
COPY --from=builder --chown=nextjs:nodejs /app/.next/static ./.next/static
USER nextjs
EXPOSE 3000
ENV PORT 3000
ENV HOSTNAME "0.0.0.0"
CMD ["node", "server.js"]
```

Docker Compose

Create docker-compose.yml:

```
version: '3.8'
services:
 app:
   build: .
   ports:
     - "3000:3000"
    environment:
     - DATABASE_URL=postgresql://postgres:password@db:5432/treehub
     - NEXTAUTH_SECRET=your-secret
      - NEXTAUTH_URL=http://localhost:3000
   depends_on:
     - db
   volumes:
      - ./app/.env.local:/app/.env.local
  db:
   image: postgres:15
   environment:
      - POSTGRES_DB=treehub
      - POSTGRES_USER=postgres
      - POSTGRES_PASSWORD=password
   volumes:
      - postgres_data:/var/lib/postgresql/data
   ports:
      - "5432:5432"
volumes:
  postgres_data:
```

Build and Run

```
# Build and start services
docker-compose up --build
# Run in background
docker-compose up -d
# View logs
docker-compose logs -f app
# Stop services
docker-compose down
```

AWS Deployment

Using AWS App Runner

- 1. Create App Runner Service:
 - Connect to your GitHub repository
 - Configure build settings
 - Set environment variables
- 2. Build Configuration (apprunner.yaml):

```
version: 1.0
runtime: nodejs18
build:
 commands:
   build:
     - cd app
      - npm install --legacy-peer-deps
      - npx prisma generate
      - npm run build
 runtime-version: 18
 command: cd app && npm start
 network:
   port: 3000
   env: PORT
  env:
    - name: NODE_ENV
      value: production
```

Using Elastic Beanstalk

1. Prepare Application:

```
# Create deployment package
cd app
npm run build
zip -r ../treehub-app.zip . -x "node_modules/*" ".next/*"
```

1. Deploy to Beanstalk:

- Create new application
- Upload deployment package
- Configure environment variables
- Set up RDS database

Other Platforms

Netlify

- 1. Connect repository to Netlify
- 2. Set build command: cd app && npm run build
- 3. Set publish directory: app/.next
- 4. Configure environment variables
- 5. Deploy

Railway

- 1. Connect GitHub repository
- 2. Railway auto-detects Next.js
- 3. Add environment variables
- 4. Deploy automatically

DigitalOcean App Platform

- 1. Create new app from GitHub
- 2. Configure build settings

- 3. Add database component
- 4. Set environment variables
- 5. Deploy



Environment-Specific Configurations

Development

NODE_ENV=development

NEXT_PUBLIC_APP_URL=http://localhost:3000

DATABASE_URL=postgresql://localhost:5432/treehub_dev

Staging

NODE_ENV=production

NEXT_PUBLIC_APP_URL=https://staging.treehubusa.com

DATABASE_URL=postgresql://staging-db-url

Production

NODE_ENV=production

NEXT_PUBLIC_APP_URL=https://treehubusa.com DATABASE_URL=postgresql://production-db-url

Performance Optimization

Build Optimization

- Enable output file tracing in next.config.js
- Use standalone output for smaller Docker images
- Implement proper caching strategies

Database Optimization

- · Use connection pooling
- · Implement read replicas for scaling
- Set up proper indexes

CDN Configuration

- · Configure static asset caching
- Use image optimization services
- Implement proper cache headers



Security Considerations

Environment Variables

- Never commit .env files
- Use secure secret management
- · Rotate secrets regularly

Database Security

- · Use SSL connections
- Implement proper access controls
- · Regular security updates

Application Security

- Enable HTTPS everywhere
- Implement proper CORS policies
- Use security headers

Monitoring and Logging

Application Monitoring

- Set up error tracking (Sentry)
- Implement performance monitoring
- Configure uptime monitoring

Database Monitoring

- Monitor connection pools
- Track query performance
- Set up backup monitoring

Infrastructure Monitoring

- Monitor resource usage
- Set up alerting
- Track deployment metrics



Troubleshooting

Common Issues

Build Failures:

- Check Node.js version compatibility
- Verify environment variables
- Review dependency conflicts

Database Connection Issues:

- Verify connection string format
- Check network connectivity
- Confirm database credentials

Performance Issues:

- Review bundle size
- Check database query performance
- Analyze network requests

Debug Commands

```
# Check build output
npm run build

# Analyze bundle
npm run analyze

# Test database connection
npx prisma db pull

# Check environment variables
npm run env:check
```

Support

For deployment issues:

- Check the troubleshooting section
- Review platform-specific documentation
- Contact support at deploy@treehubusa.com

Happy Deploying! 🚀