

Homework 3 Solutions

1. **Hard-Coding a Network.** The idea is that each of the hidden units in the first layer will respond to a violation of one of the inequalities. The output unit will check that there are no violations, by checking that the hidden units are all off.

$$\mathbf{W}^{(1)} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{b}^{(1)} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{W}^{(2)} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \mathbf{b}^{(2)} = \frac{1}{2}.$$

2. **Backprop.**

- Computation graph:

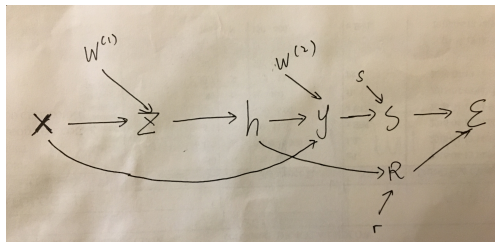


Figure 1: The computation graph for Problem 2. Showing parameters (e.g. \mathbf{r} , \mathbf{s} , weights and biases) is optional.

- Backprop equations:

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{\mathcal{E}} &= 1 \\ \bar{\mathcal{S}} &= \bar{\mathcal{E}} \\ \bar{\mathcal{R}} &= \bar{\mathcal{E}} \\ \bar{\mathbf{y}} &= \bar{\mathcal{S}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{S}}{\partial \mathbf{y}} \\ &= \bar{\mathcal{S}}(\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{s}) \\ \bar{\mathbf{h}} &= \bar{\mathbf{y}} \frac{\partial \mathbf{y}}{\partial \mathbf{h}} + \bar{\mathcal{R}} \frac{\partial \mathcal{R}}{\partial \mathbf{h}} \\ &= [\mathbf{W}^{(2)}]^\top \bar{\mathbf{y}} + \mathbf{r} \\ \bar{\mathbf{z}} &= \bar{\mathbf{h}} \frac{\partial \mathbf{h}}{\partial \mathbf{z}} \\ &= \bar{\mathbf{h}} \circ \sigma'(\mathbf{z}) \\ \bar{\mathbf{x}} &= \bar{\mathbf{z}} \frac{\partial \mathbf{z}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} + \bar{\mathbf{y}} \frac{\partial \mathbf{y}}{\partial \mathbf{x}} \\ &= [\mathbf{W}^{(1)}]^\top \bar{\mathbf{z}} + \bar{\mathbf{y}} \end{aligned}$$

3. **Sparsifying Activation Function.** There are two ways to approach this problem. First, you could write out the backprop equations. Second, you could use the fact that $\partial\mathcal{E}/\partial w$ represents the effect on \mathcal{E} of an infinitesimal change to w , and argue whether this effect is zero. Here, we'll denote a generic activation function with ϕ , ReLU with r , and the input to an activation function with z .

- $\frac{\partial\mathcal{E}}{\partial w_1}$: YES.
 - Justification 1: $\frac{\partial\mathcal{E}}{\partial w_1} = \bar{y} \frac{\partial y}{\partial w_1} = \bar{y} \phi'(z) h_1 = 0$ (given $h_1=0$).
 - Justification 2: Since $y = \phi(w_1 h_3)$ and $h_3 = 0$, changing w_1 has no effect on the predictions.
- $\frac{\partial\mathcal{E}}{\partial w_2}$: YES.
 - Justification 1: $\frac{\partial\mathcal{E}}{\partial w_2} = \bar{h}_1 \frac{\partial h_1}{\partial w_2} = \bar{h}_1 r'(z_1) h_3 = 0$, which is zero because $r'(-1) = 0$.
 - Justification 2: Changing w_2 by an infinitesimal amount has no effect, because it only affects the input to h_1 , which is in the flat region of the ReLU.
- $\frac{\partial\mathcal{E}}{\partial w_3}$: NO. Changing w_3 by a small amount can change h_3 , which changes h_2 , which changes y . Both h_3 and h_2 may be positive. (This argument can also be spelled out explicitly by writing out the backprop rules for each of these steps.)

Marking Rubrics

1. Hard-Coding a Network.

- works only for \mathbb{Z} but not for \mathbb{R} : -1 mark
- doesn't work when some of the inputs are equal: -0.5 mark
- doesn't work for some other issue: up to 0.5 mark from 2

2. Backprop.

(a)

- a missing edge: -0.25 mark
- showing parameters (e.g. \mathbf{r} , \mathbf{s} , weights and biases) is optional, no down-mark

(b)

- mistakes in the order of tensors in dot products or mismatched dimensions: -0.75 mark
- missing some parts of gradients: -1.5 mark

3. Sparsifying Activation Function.

- one wrong answer: -1 mark
- mistake in the reasoning: -1 mark
- all answers correct but no justification: -2 marks