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## difference between #if defined(WIN32) and #ifdef(WIN32)

I am compiling my program that will running on linux gcc 4.4.1 C99.

I was just putting my #defines in to separate the code that will be compiled on either windows or linux. However, I got this error.

error: macro names must be identifiers.

Using this code

```
#ifdef(WIN32)
/* Do windows stuff
#elif(UNIX)
/* Do linux stuff */
#endif
```

However, when I changed to this the error was fixed:

```
#if defined(WIN32)
/* Do windows stuff
#eLif(UNIX)
/* Do Linux stuff */
#endif
```

I was just wondering why I got that error and why the #defines are different?

Many thanks,





asked Nov 11 '09 at 10:09 ant2009 825 71 216 354

## 3 Answers

If you use #ifdef syntax, remove the brackets.

The difference between the two is that #ifdef can only use a single condition, while #if defined(NAME) can do compound conditionals.

For example in your case:

```
#if defined(WIN32) && !defined(UNIX)
/* Do windows stuff */
#elif defined(UNIX) && !defined(WIN32)
/* Do linux stuff */
#else
/* Error, both can't be defined or undefined same time */
#endif
```

edited Jul 24 '14 at 1:42 notbad.jpeg 1,218 9 24 answered Nov 11 '09 at 10:11 user44556 1,789 2 19 23

2 yeah, but you could also cascade #ifdef UNIX with #ifndef WIN32, and get the same flexibility (not as readable, I agree) – jpinto3912 Nov 11 '09 at 11:42

#ifdef FOO

and

```
#if defined(FOO)
```

are the same,

but to do several things at once, you can use defined, like

```
#if defined(FOO) || defined(BAR)
```

```
edited Oct 20 '12 at 16:45

Bo Persson

50.9k 10 62 125
```

answered Oct 20 '12 at 13:00 neha 141 1 2

#ifdef checks whether a macro by that name has been defined, #if evaluates the expression and checks for a true value

```
#define FOO 1
#define BAR 0

#ifdef FOO
#ifdef BAR
/* this will be compiled */
#endif
#endif
#if BAR
/* this won't */
#endif

#if FOO || BAR
/* this will */
#endif
```

answered Nov 11 '09 at 10:23 johannes 9,330 1 23 45