



Mudra Classification

Department of CSE
Jyothi Engineering College
Thrissur

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Group Number : 15

Project Title : Mudra Classification

https://github.com/saurav-alt/Group15/tree/main/Group15_Reviews

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- Creating eminent and ethical leaders in the domain of Computational Sciences through quality professional education with a focus on holistic learning and excellence.

Mission of the Department

- To create technically competent and ethically conscious graduates in the field of Computer Science and Engineering by encouraging holistic learning and excellence.
- To prepare students for careers in Industry, Academia and the Government.
- To instill Entrepreneurial Orientation and research motivation among the students of the department.
- To emerge as a leader in education in the region by encouraging teaching, learning, industry and societal connect.



Abstract

- Indian classical dance has been part of Indian Culture from around 200 BC
- The work inquires into the possibility of *identifying hasta mudras* in various classical dance forms of India
- The review presents the details of implementation of the proposed work

Outline



Machine Learning
Solution for
classification of Hasta
Mudras of Indian
Classical Dance



Introduction

- Every classical dance form portrays a core idea, story, etc.
- Not everyone is expertise in understanding that idea, nor do everyone knows what each pose portrays
- The work attempts to find the feasibility of identifying the hasta mudra depicted in a classical dance form
- The hand data is to be preprocessed and features are to be extracted
- The algorithm used is the Faster R-CNN



Objectives

- To classify the hasta mudras of a classical dance performance
- To convey the exact meaning of a mudra to the viewer



Literature Survey

- ***On the classification of Kathakali hand gestures using support vector machines and convolutional neural networks***
 - The paper proposed an SVM model and CNN model which classifies the images
 - Considers multiple factors like background, positions, etc.
 - Classifies single hand mudras only
- ***Two-level classification scheme for single-hand gestures of Sattriya dance***
 - In the first level, SVM was used to classify an unknown hasta image into one of three groups and, in the second level Decision Tree classifier was used to recognize the hasta within the group
 - The accuracy during first level is 98%
 - The accuracy at second level of classification is not very encouraging



■ ***Heterogeneous hand gesture recognition using 3D dynamic skeletal data***

- The statistical representation, Fisher Vector and the temporal representation method, Temporal Pyramid are used for the encoding of descriptors
- Takes into consideration the hand shapes, orientation and movement of hand
- The task is time consuming as more steps are included

■ ***Artificial neural network based identification and classification of images of Bharatanatyam gestures***

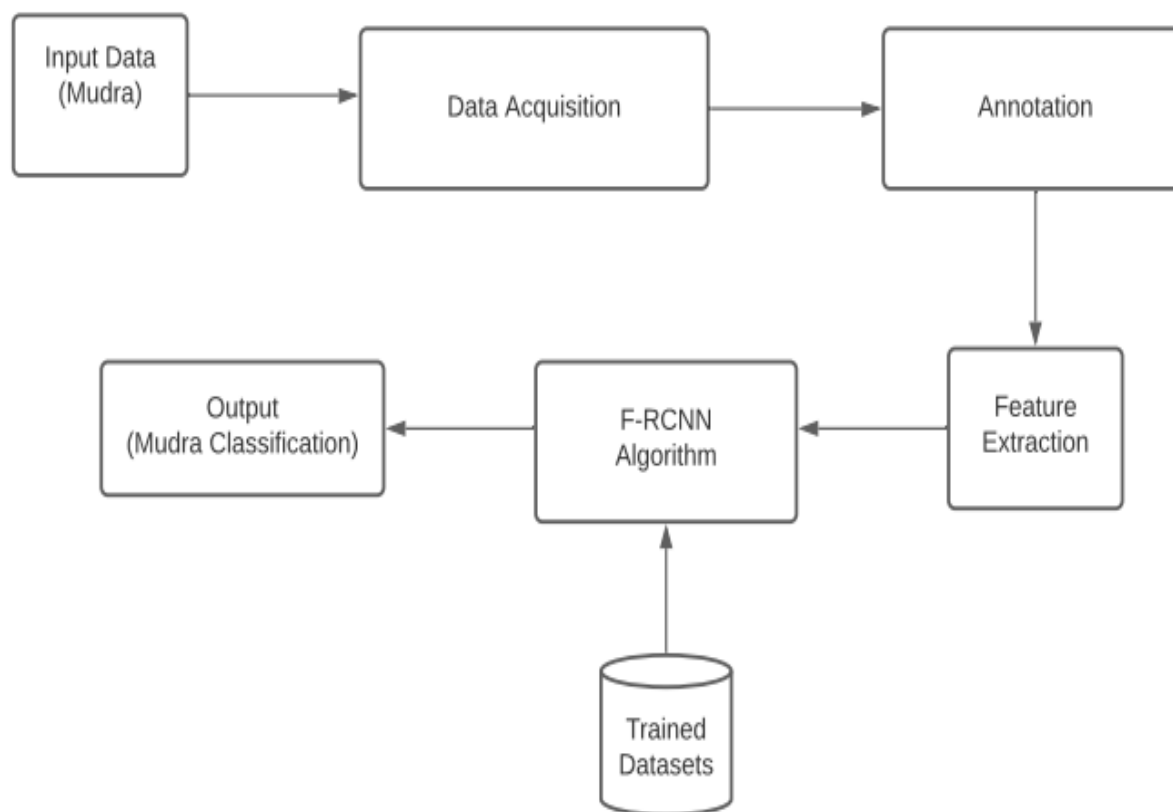
- Uses image- processing and also pattern recognition methods
- The system works well with both single and double handed gestures
- This project also identifies the health benefits of each mudra

■ **Bharatanatyam hand gesture recognition using polygon representation**

- This is effective for e-learning of 'Bharatanatyam' dance
- In the case of complex background the recognition rate falls



Architectural Diagram





Implementation

Module 1 Data Acquisition Module:

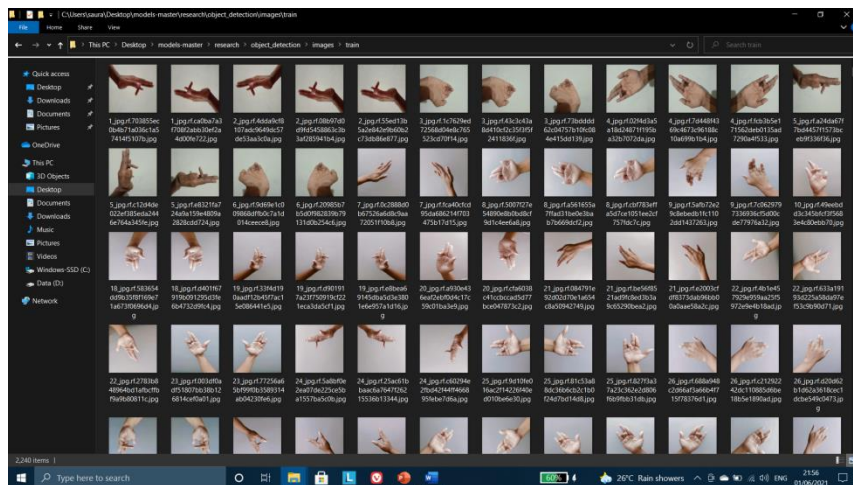
- The dataset was prepared from scratch
- Created 280 images of each mudra, totalling 1400
- 80% of the dataset was used as training data
- 20% of data images was used as test data

Module 2 Data Pre-processing Module:

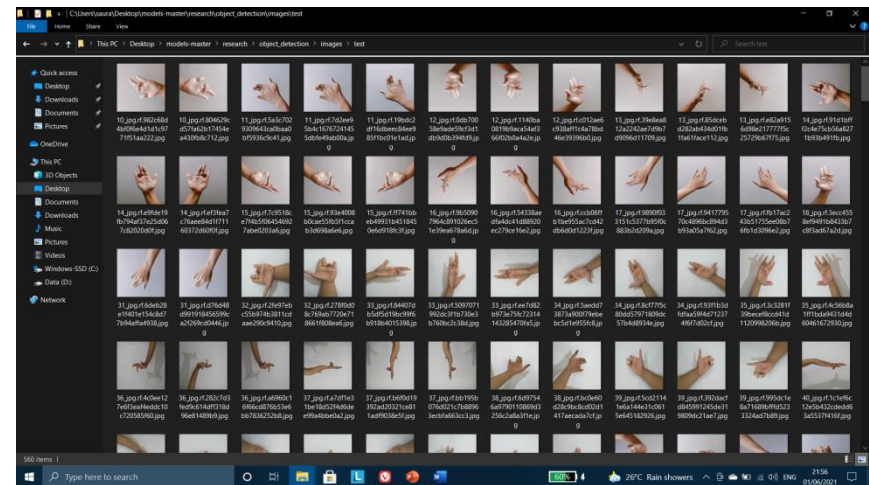
- The process of preparing raw data and making it suitable for training
- The images were annotated
- The Labelling tool was used for labelling of data images



Dataset



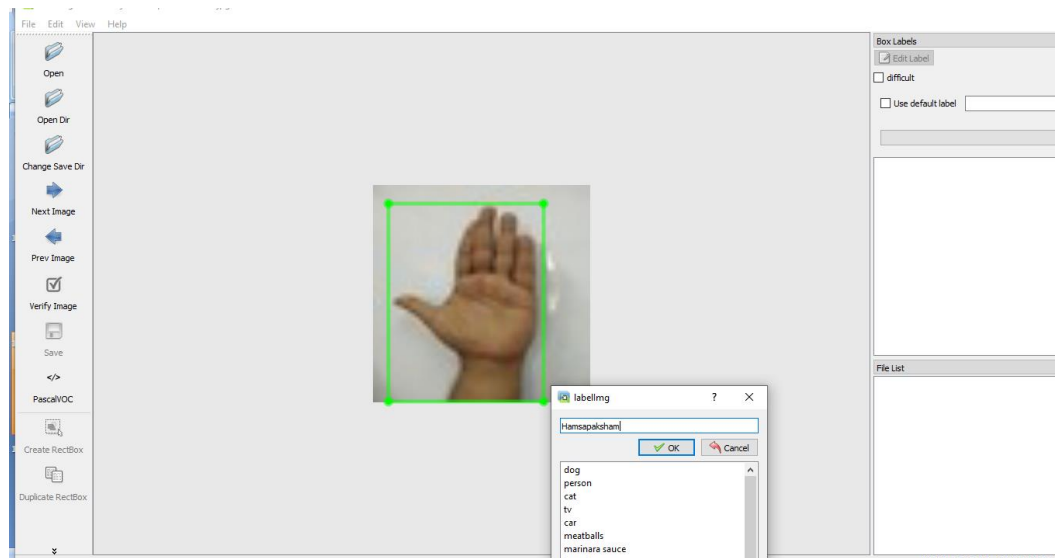
Training set



Testing set



Annotation Using LabelImg



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  </source>
  - <size>
    <width>56</width>
    <height>56</height>
    <depth>3</depth>
  </size>
  <segmented>0</segmented>
  - <object>
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    <pose>Unspecified</pose>
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      <ymin>4</ymin>
      <xmax>43</xmax>
      <ymax>55</ymax>
    </bndbox>
    </object>
  </annotation>
```



Module 3 Classification Module:

- The module identifies and classifies the given data
- Faster R-CNN is used for classification
- The model is trained which took a time between 7-8 hours
- Libraries used: Tensorflow, Numpy, Matplotlib, OpenCV
- Faster R-CNN makes testing section faster and accuracy greater than other methods
- Inception V2 acts as the feature extractor
- Real time input is given through the web camera
- The system is tested with unknown data for accuracy



Faster R-CNN:

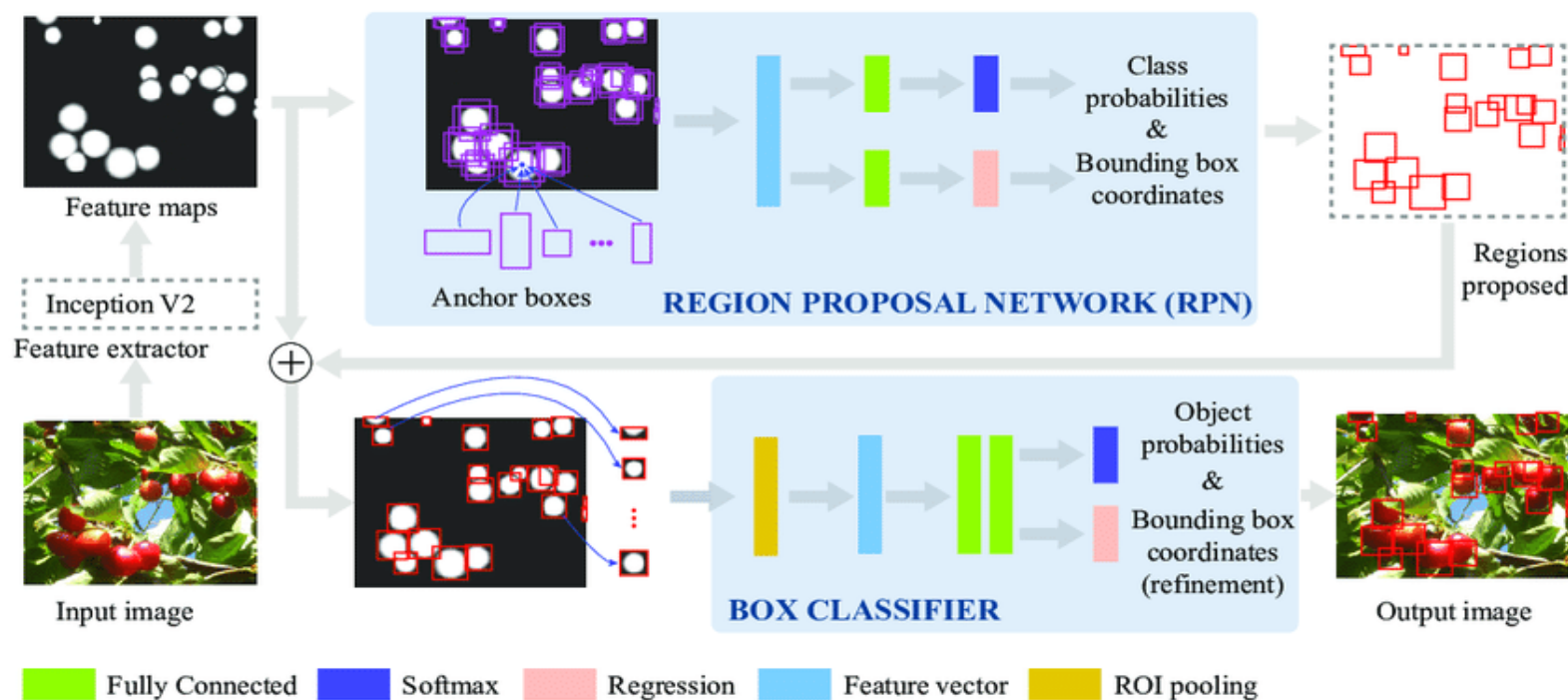
- Faster R-CNN is a deep convolutional network used for object detection
- Faster R-CNN fixes the problem of Selective Search algorithm by replacing it with Region Proposal Network (RPN)

Inception V2:

- The features are extracted from the pre-processed images, helps to generate a training pattern
- Designed to reduce the dimensionality of its feature map, then performing the larger convolution



Faster R-CNN with Inception V2





Training

```
File Edit View Insert Runtime Tools Help All changes saved

+ Code + Text

INFO:tensorflow:global step 4065: loss = 0.3002 (0.140 sec/step)
I0510 08:33:44.411436 140324270126976 learning.py:512] global step 4066: loss = 0.3002 (0.140 sec/step)
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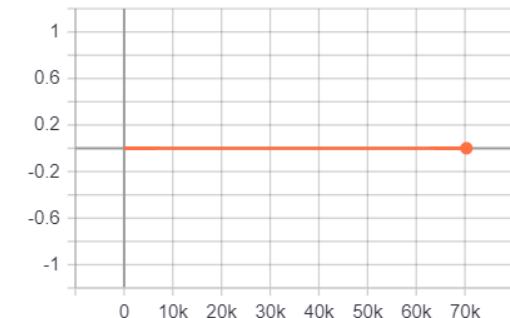


Results

LearningRate

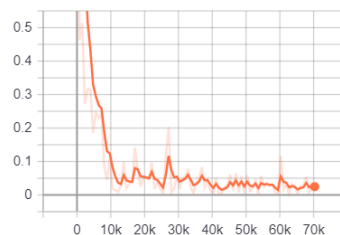
LearningRate/learning_rate

tag: LearningRate/LearningRate/learning_rate

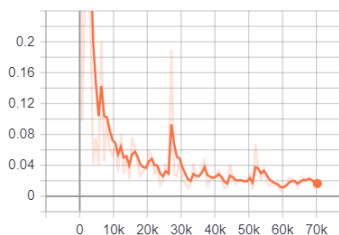


Losses

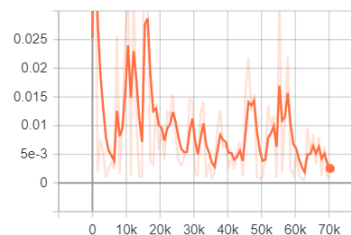
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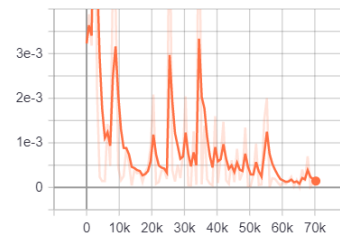
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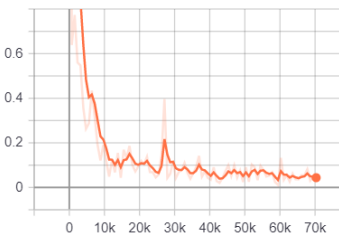
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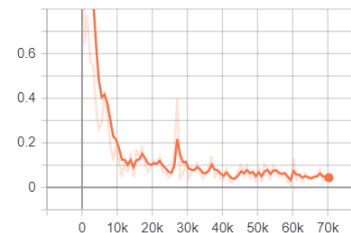
Loss/RPNLoss/objectness_loss
tag: Losses/Loss/RPNLoss/objectness_loss



TotalLoss
tag: Losses/TotalLoss



clone_loss
tag: Losses/clone_loss





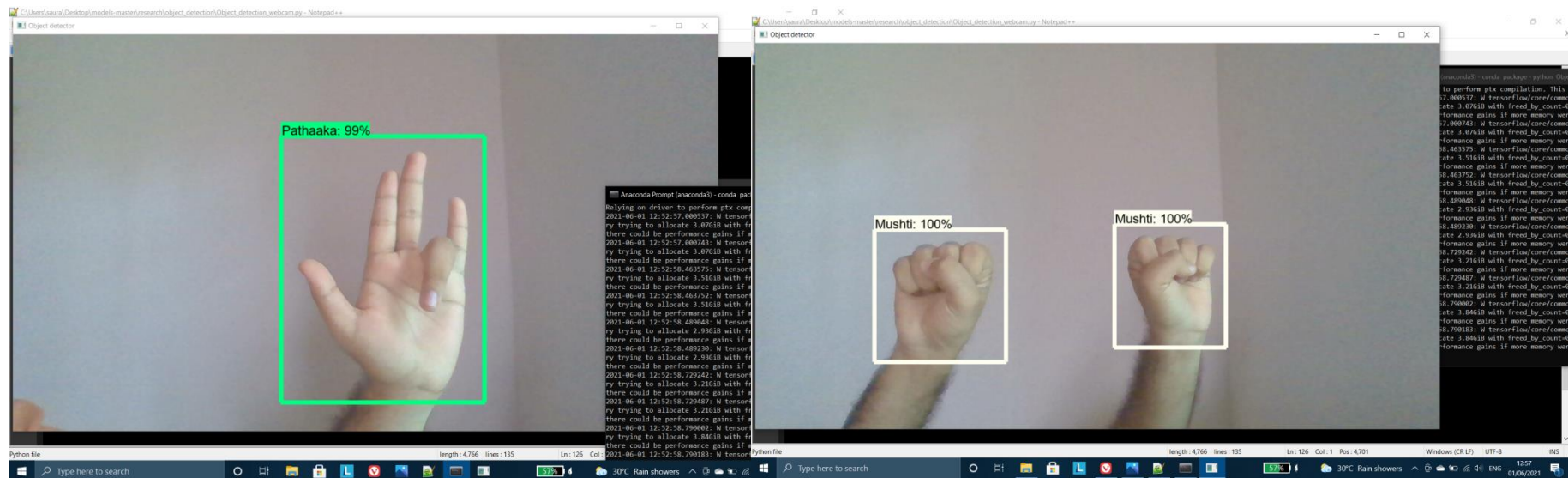
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- The dataset was populated with images for training and testing
- The model was trained with training data using Faster R-CNN algorithm which took time between 7-8 hours
- The model performed as expected with an appreciable accuracy rate for every mudra tested



Future Enhancements

- Using the existing algorithm, can be used to detect face expressions, body movements
- Detect the pattern and predict the storyline of the dance



Conclusions

- The classical dance forms play a vital role in enriching the heritage of India
- An attempt is made to explore the possibility of identifying the mudras in the classical dance performance
- The work makes an effort to help the viewer identify the exact mudra depicted in a dance form
- The viewer who aspires to enjoy the classical dance form to its fullest is benefited
- The Indian classical dance forms get proper recognition when more people get to appreciate the art forms



Reference

- [1] Kumar K.V.V., Kishore P.V.V. (2018) *Indian Classical Dance Mudra Classification Using HOG Features and SVM Classifier*. In: Satapathy S., Bhateja V., Das S. (eds) *Smart Computing and Informatics. Smart Innovation, Systems and Technologies*, vol 77. Springer, Singapore
- [2] L. T. Bhavanam and G. Neelakanta Iyer, "On the Classification of Kathakali Hand Gestures Using Support Vector Machines and Convolutional Neural Networks," *2020 International Conference on Artificial Intelligence and Signal Processing (AISP)*, Amaravati, India, 2020
- [3] M. Devi and S. Saharia, "A two-level classification scheme for single-hand gestures of Sattriya dance," *2016 International Conference on Accessibility to Digital World (ICADW)*, Guwahati, 2016
- [4] S. Saha et al., "Bharatanatyam hand gesture recognition using polygon representation," *Proceedings of The 2014 International Conference on Control, Instrumentation, Energy and Communication (CIEC)*, Calcutta, 2014



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