**A类大作文**

**重点预习范围：**

1 People think that old buildings should be knocked down and give way to modern buildings. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

题型：单边选择

个人观点：不同意

理由1. Old buildings 🡪 traditional buildings 🡪 historical /cultural values 🡪 protect traditional culture… rebuild traditional buildings…

理由2. Modern buildings 的建造是需要严谨的规划的，需要综合考量地点、地方政策、投资等，不是仅仅考虑是老建筑物（old buildings）就推到重建的。

2 Despite the increased access to education, a significant number of people cannot read or write. What are the disadvantages and what action should the government take?

题型：原因解释

弊：降低就业率 🡪 贫困、犯罪等社会问题 🡪 耗费社会资源

解决措施：深入教育制度的推广/加强特殊教育（残疾人）/加强就业指导

3 Some people think that social networking sites have a huge negative impact on both individuals and society. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

题型：单边选择

立场：部分同意

弊：

确实有一些negative impact on both individuals and society.

Individuals- 沉迷社交网络的年轻人网恋，影响个人的学习

Society- 社交网络犯罪，如欺诈、暴力、色情等

利：

拉进来人们的距离、

线上交友方便、传递正能量等

个人观点：关于“弊”有可行的解决方案（网络警察加强监管），利大于弊

4 Some people believe the purpose of education is to prepare people to be useful members for society. Others say that the purpose of education is to achieve personal ambitions. Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

题型：双边讨论

教育让人们成为社会中有用的人。教育教人们知识、技能以及好的品德🡪生存技能/遵守法律/人与人和谐相处

教育使实现个人的野心。教育开化人们思想、让我们学会为了梦想付出努力，如选择理想的职业、理想的生活方式等

个人观点：上述两者通过教育都可以达到，但是教育的目的远不止如此。

Organized education has served many purposes:

* The transmission of tradition, knowledge, and skills;
* The acculturation and socialization of the young;
* The building and preserving of political-economic systems;
* The provision of opportunity for social mobility;
* The enhancement of the quality of life; and
* The cultivation of individual potential, among others.

5 It is not necessary for people to travel to other places to learn about the culture. We can learn as much as from books, films, and the Internet. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

题型：单边选择

立场：不同意

确实books、films、the Internet都可以作为学习文化的途径和工具，但我们始终只是旁观者。从books的文字和图片描述中知道一些基本知识；从films和Internet的动态视频影像中学会一些风土人情。

但是，通过上述途径学到的文化和亲自到当地旅游相比，是不可能达到一样的效果的。到当地旅游，通过亲自感受当地的风土人情（自然风景、文化习俗、美食）可以学到更多，并且有更深的记忆，因为我们是亲历者。人与自然、人与人之间的接触和感受是比任何媒介来得更直接、更有冲击力的。

个人观点：人们通过旅游学习其他地方的文化是非常有必要的。亲历比旁观习得的文化更加直接、更加深刻、更加有影响力。

6 Full-time university students should spend a lot of time studying, but it is essential to be involved in other activities. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

题型：单边选择

立场：同意

学以致用是非常重要的。实践是检验真理的唯一标准/实践出真知。

劳逸结合是非常重要的。学习是一项费体力的脑力劳动，长时间的学习会使人疲惫不堪，反而会影响学习效率，不利于长远发展。

现在教育的大趋势是“德”、“智”、“体”、“美”、“劳”全面发展。这样的all-round developed students会有一个更加健全的人格，有利于成为社会的有用的人才。

7 Some groups of people have benefited from modern communication technology but some people have not benefited at all. Do you agree or disagree?

题型：单边选择

立场：同意

Modern communication technology: smart phone, voice chat, video chat, the Internet

受益群体：使用到这项技术的各种职业的人群，如学生、快递员等。

未受益群体：一点都没有用到现代通讯技术的人/一些与世隔绝的地方，或许是因为贫穷（有设备但用不起），或许是因为严峻的地理环境（没设备不能用）。

8 Students in university should be specialized in one subject rather than a wider range of different subjects. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

题型：单边选择

立场：不同意

任何知识和技能都不可能单一存在的。比如大学中的computer science专业必学的C语言编程，不仅需要有数学基础、还需要有英语基础等等。要学好一个科目，必须要学一些跨学科的知识。

全面发展的学生更有利于今后找工作、进入社会成为一个有用的人。

学习多种科目的好处。

9 In many cities, planners tend to arrange shops, schools, offices, and homes in specific areas and separate them from each other. Do you think the advantages of this policy outweigh the disadvantages?

题型：利弊分析

立场：城市规划者不应该分割各种基建设施

城市中的各种基建是一个整体不可分割，为市民提供一个更加便捷的城市生活；相反，则严重影响生活质量和便捷。

各种基建的合理规划，使各个机构或团体形成一个完整的产业链，有助于城市经济良性循环发展；相反，则会造成产业链严重脱节。

个人观点：弊大于利

10 Some people think parents should read or tell stories to children. Others think parents needn’t do that as children can read books or watch TV, movies by themselves. Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

题型：双边选择

父母不应该给孩子讲故事，因为小孩子可以自己阅读、看电视、电影。除此之外，父母可能忙于工作，缺少时间带小孩的时间，

父母应该给孩子讲故事。

个人立场：父母给小孩子讲故事是其次的，重点在这样子可以增加父母与小孩子的陪伴时间。

11 Theoretical subjects such as mathematics and philosophy are taught in universities but students prefer more practical subjects such as accounting and computer programming. Some people believe theoretical subjects should be abandoned in universities. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

题型：单边选择

立场：不同意

理由1. Theoretical subjects是some practical subjects的理论基础。没有理论课的话实践课程学不懂。

理由2. Theoretical subjects学得好有利于创新。要么在新的应用场景下构建新的模型，要么在旧的应用场景下用新的理论模型去求解。

12 Some people think living in big cities is bad for people's health. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

题型：单边选择

立场：（部分）同意

理由1. 大城市的快节奏生活带给人们很大的压力，包括身体的和心里的，容易造成亚健康身体状态。

理由2. 大城市的空气质量差、水污染比较严重，人们吸入的空气、吃的食物不好，长此以往会生病。

13 The government should control the amount of violence in films and on television in order to decrease the level of violent crime in society. Do you agree or disagree?

题型：单边选择

立场：同意

确实，电影、电视节目中的暴力场景会误导青少年、引发暴力事件。通过切除媒体上的传播源头，可以降低诱导性暴力犯罪。

但是，这不是根治暴力犯罪事件的唯一手段。通过制定完善的法律、结合教育部门的宣传和教育，可以更好地防止暴力犯罪。

14 In some countries, it is possible for people to have a variety of food that has been transported from all over the world. To what extent do you think its benefits outweigh the drawbacks?

题型：利弊分析

利：全世界的人们可以共享美味的水果，同时可以促进当地的水果经济发展，改善民众的生活质量。

弊：物种入侵，危害本地的动植物生存状态。

个人观点：利大于弊。物种入侵的这个问题可以通过加强海关的监察力度得以控制和解决。人们从水果贸易中的获益将远大于其潜在的风险和损失。

15 Some people believe that young people who commit serious crimes should be punished in the same way as adults. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

题型：单边选择

立场：不同意

理由1. 青少年和成年人在犯罪中承担的法律责任不同。成年人则是具有完全民事行为能力，可以独立进行民事活动，是完全民事行为能力人。他们需要对自己的行为负全责，而青少年犯罪则有诸多的客观原因和主观原因。

客观原因：1）家庭原因；2）学校教书与育人脱节；3）社会原因

主观原因：1）文化水平低，法制意识薄弱；2）缺乏正确的人生观，是非不明，荣辱不分；3）交友不慎

16 Children find it difficult to concentrate on or pay attention to their studies in school. What are the reasons? How can we solve this problem?

题型：原因解释

原因：太多引起分心的事物，如smart phone/computers/嘈杂的环境

解决方案：排除外界干扰因素。1）选取安静的环境做事情；2）做事情的时候不玩儿手机/电脑。

17 In the past, people lived in one place for a long time, but now they can live in many different places, what are the reasons? Is this a positive or negative development?

题型：原因解释

原因：1）工作性质决定了暂居地；2）生活方式的改变。

利：体验不同地方的风土人情

弊：一直漂泊，没有归属感

18 In the past, people stored knowledge in books. Nowadays people store knowledge on the internet. Do you think the advantages outweigh the disadvantages?

题型：利弊分析

利：节省物理存储空间、更大容量的、更加便捷的存取知识、环保（伐树更少）

弊：网络安全问题，如恶意篡改、泄密等

个人观点：“弊”有可行的解决方案。利大于弊。

19 In the past, teachers were the main source of information, but today students have a wide source of information, so teachers are no longer important in modern education. Do you agree or disagree?

题型：单边选择

立场：不同意

理由1. 确实学生可以从不同的渠道获取信息，如Internet，但是有些信息可以从老师那里获得更加可靠的、专业的信息。

理由2. 老师的职责不仅仅是传递知识和信息，还承担着育人的职责。一些好的品德和价值观需要老师的言传身教感染学生的，让学生成为社会中有用的人。

20 Some people believe that children can learn effectively by watching TV and they should be encouraged to watch TV both at home and at school. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

题型：单边选择

立场：中立

Watch TV确实可以让学生们比较有效地学习，如观看一些有教育意义的电视节目：科教节目-探索&发现。

Watch TV同时也会有一些负面的影响。如沉迷于电视节目会使得学习的时间减少，从而影响学生们的学习。

个人观点：学生还是得以学习为主。Watch TV是一个比较好的娱乐和教育方式，但是有节制的看电视会是更好的选择。

21 Some people think governments should spend money looking for life on other planets, while others think that there are many unsolved problems on earth. Discuss both views and give your opinion.

题型：双边讨论

政府应该出钱寻找外太空生命。探索宇宙是人类永恒的主题。

政府应该出钱解决其它未解决的社会问题，如贫困、教育问题等。

个人观点：都应该出钱，但是可以通过政、企、研究机构合作的方式来解决这些棘手而重要的问题。

22 Some people think technology makes life complex, so we should make life simpler without using technology. Do you agree or disagree?

题型：单边选择

立场：不同意

理由1. 技术是社会进步的体现之一。技术并没有让社会更复杂，反而让社会更加简单了。最好的例子就是“技术解放了人类的生产力”。

理由2. 技术让我们的世界更加现代化、智能化。很多的即使都是user-friendly applications

23 The best way for the government to solve traffic congestion is to provide free public transport 24 hours a day and 7 days a week. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

题型：单边选择

立场：不同意

理由1. Traffic congestion的症结在于交通路线设计/城市规划得很不合理。

理由2. Public transport的运营方案改善并不能从根本上解决这个问题。并且实行这种方案的话还可能会引起其他的一些问题，如司机的加班、机器的负载过高等等

个人观点：1）规范化交通路线设计；2）更加灵活的调度方法。

24 Some people think job satisfaction is more important than job security, while others believe that having a permanent job is better than enjoying the job. Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

题型：双边讨论

工作满意度比工作安全性更重要。前者提供了更高的薪酬、更加舒适的工作环境、潜在的升职空间或者认可的企业文化等等，让员工比较享受工作。

长久的工作比享受工作更重要。前者承诺给员工一份“铁饭碗”，不必担心失业。但是也许待遇并不算很好。

个人观点：工作满意度比长久的工作更重要。

25 Some people say that arts subjects such as painting or drawing should not be made compulsory for high school students. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

题型：单边选择

立场：同意

确实，艺术类的科目学习有很多的好处。如培养学生的审美、创造力、想象力、情操等；

但是，我个人认为艺术类的科目不必作为每所高中学生的必修课，而应该设置为选修课。因材施教是最好的。

**次重点预习范围：**

1 Some people believe that the main benefit of international cooperation is in the environment, others maintain that the major profit is the development of world business. Discuss both viewpoints and give your own opinion.

2 Some countries achieve international success by building specialized facilities to train top athletes instead of providing sports facilities that everyone can use. Do you think it is a positive or negative development？

3 As countries develop, their populations tend to live individually or in small family units. What are the causes of this trend and what are the effects on society？

4 Some people think that the library is a waste of money because computer technology is replacing its functions. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

5 In many cities, people these days know little about their neighbors and lack a sense of community. What are the reasons? What solutions can you suggest?

6 Some people say it is more important to plant trees in towns and cities than to build housing. Do you agree or disagree?

7 Some people think that instead of preventing climate change, we need to find a way to live with it. Do you agree or disagree?

8 There are many advertisements directed at children, such as snacks, toys, and other goods. Parents argue that children are under pressure. Advertisers claim that advertisements provide useful information. Discuss both views and give your opinion.

9 Some people think schools should teach students to form good behavior in addition to providing normal education. Do you agree or disagree?

10 New parents should attend parenting courses to bring up their children well. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

11 People’s shopping habits depend more on the age group they belong to than any other factor. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

12 In some cities, governments have tried to reduce traffic. For instance, they imposed a congestion tax during rush hour. Do you think this development is positive or negative?

13 With the increasing demand for energy sources of oil and gas, people should look for sources of oil and gas in remote and untouched natural places. Do the advantages outweigh the disadvantages of damaging such areas?

14 Some people believe that when designing a building, the most important thing to be considered is the function rather than the outward appearance. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

15 Today, advanced science and technology have made great changes to people’s lives, but artists such as musicians, painters, and writers are still highly valued. What can the arts tell us about life that science and technology cannot?

16 Online shopping is now replacing shopping in the store. Do you think it is a positive or negative development?

17 Some people believe famous people's support towards international aid organizations draws attention to problems, while others think celebrities make the problems less important. Discuss both views and give your opinion.

18 Some people think people working in creative arts should be financially supported by the government. Others think they should find financial support from other resources. Discuss both sides and give your opinion.

19 The government has the duty to ensure that its citizens have a healthy diet, while others believe this is an individuals' responsibility. Discuss both views and give your opinion.

20 The increase in food production owes much to fertilizers and better machinery, but some people think that it has a negative impact on human health and community. To what extent do you agree or disagree?

21 In schools and universities, girls tend to choose arts subjects, while boys choose science subjects. What is the reason? Should the trend be changed?

22 In some countries around the world men and women are having babies late in life. What are the reasons? What are the effects on society and the family?

23 Some people think that in this modern world people are getting dependent on each other, while others think the modern world makes people more independent on each other. Discuss both views and give your own opinion.

24 The movement of people from agricultural areas to cities to work can cause serious problems in both places. What are the serious problems? What measures can be taken to solve these problems?

25 Surveys show that people are living longer in many countries. But increased life expectancy has many implications for aging individuals and for society as a whole. What are the possible effects of longer living for individuals and society?