

Gradient_Descent

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1 Homework 0: Gradient Descent Algorithm

Kimsour Thach 800793249

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1.1 Introduction

The following code will perform the steps needed to perform a Gradient Descent on a ML model.

```
[1]: # First import all needed libraries

import numpy as np      # Arrays
import pandas as pd     # Data structures
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # Plotting
```

1.2 Problem 1

Develop a code that run linear regression with gradient decent algorithm for each of the explanatory variables in isolation. In this case, you assume that in each iteration, only one explanatory variable (either X1, or X2, or X3) is explaining the output. Basically, you need to do three different training, one per each explanatory variable. For the learning rate, explore different values between 0.1 and 0.01 (your choice). Initialize your parameters to zero (theta to zero).

- Report the linear model you found for each explanatory variable.
- Plot the final regression model and loss over the iteration per each explanatory variable.
- **Which explanatory variable has the lower loss (cost) for explaining the output (Y)?**
- **Based on your training observations, describe the impact of the different learning rates on the final loss and number of training iteration.**

```
[2]: # Read in CSV file
# The CSV file should be contained in the same directory

df = pd.read_csv('D3.csv')

#Let's check out the first 5 rows of our dataset
```

```
print(df.head())
print(len(df))
```

```

          0.0  3.4399999999999999  0.440000000000000039  4.387545011044053
0  0.040404          0.134949          0.888485          2.679650
1  0.080808          0.829899          1.336970          2.968490
2  0.121212          1.524848          1.785455          3.254065
3  0.161616          2.219798          2.233939          3.536375
4  0.202020          2.914747          2.682424          3.815420
99

```

```
[8]: # Define explanatory variables (First 3 columns)
```

```
x1 = df.values[:,0]
x2 = df.values[:,1]
x3 = df.values[:,2]
```

```
99
```

1.2.1 Training 1

```
[ ]: x1
```

1.2.2 Training 2

```
[ ]: x2
```

1.2.3 Training 3

```
[ ]: x3
```

1.3 Problem 2

This time, run linear regression with gradient descent algorithm using all three explanatory variables. For the learning rate, explore different values between 0.1 and 0.01 (your choice). Initialize your parameters (theta to zero).

- Report the final linear model you found the best.
- Plot loss over the iteration.
- Based on your training observations, describe the impact of the different learning rates on the final loss and number of training iteration.
- Predict the value of y for new $(X1, X2, X3)$ values $(1, 1, 1)$, for $(2, 0, 4)$, and for $(3, 2, 1)$