## **PROBLEM 4: DETERMINANTS**

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

a. Find det(A):

$$|\mathbf{A}| = 0 - 1 \begin{vmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{vmatrix} + 0 = -1 (2 - 1) = -1$$

b. Is A invertible?

 $\mid \mathbf{A} \mid \neq 0$ , so  $\mathbf{A}$  is nonsingular and invertible.

c. What is rank(A)?

$$|\mathbf{A}| \neq 0$$
, so **A** is of full rank = 3

d. What is  $det(\mathbf{A}^t)$ ?

$$|\mathbf{A}^{\mathsf{t}}| = |\mathbf{A}| = -1$$

Please turn over to the next page...

## R SCRIPT USEFUL FOR ASSIGNMENT 2:

```
#PROBLEM 2: RANK
A<- matrix(c(2,2,6,-1,1,-1), ncol=3, byrow=TRUE)
require('Matrix') #make sure package 'Matrix' is loaded
as.numeric(rankMatrix(A)) #find rank(A)
#PROBLEM 3: GENERALIZED INVERSE
A<- matrix(c(2,2,6,-1,1,-1), ncol=3, byrow=TRUE)
Α
b < -c(1,0)
h
require('MASS') #make sure package 'MASS' is loaded
G<- ginv(A) #find a generalized inverse
A %*% G %*% A \#check is really generalized inverse
G2<- matrix(c(1/4,-1/2, 1/4,1/2, 0,0), ncol=2, byrow=TRUE) #G by hand calculation
A %*% G2 %*% A #check is really generalized inverse
\#general solution to A x = b
require('Matrix')
I<- as.matrix(Diagonal(3)) #3x3 identity matrix</pre>
C<-G %*% A - I #matrix to find general solution to homogeneous eqtns A x = b
C2<- G2 %*% A - I \#matrix for hand G
C2
\#particular solution to A x = b
xp<- G %*% b #particular solution
A %*% xp #check = b
xp2<- G2 %*% b #particular solution for by hand G
xp2
A %*% xp2 #check = b
#PROBLEM 4: DETERMINANTS
A<- matrix(c(0,1,0,2,0,1,1,2,1), ncol=3, byrow=TRUE)
Α
det(A) #determinant
as.numeric(rankMatrix(A)) #check rank. det(A)!= 0 means full rank = 3
det(t(A)) #determinant of transpose
```