## C function prototypes and structs:

```
int accept(int sock, struct sockaddr *addr, int *addrlen)
int bind(int sock, struct sockaddr *addr, int addrlen)
int close(int fd)
int closedir(DIR *dir)
int connect(int sock, struct sockaddr *addr, int addrlen)
int dup2(int oldfd, int newfd)
int execl(const char *path, const char *arg0, ... /*, (char *)0 */);
int execvp(const char *file, char *argv[])
int fclose(FILE *stream)
int FD_ISSET(int fd, fd_set *fds)
void FD_SET(int fd, fd_set *fds)
void FD_CLR(int fd, fd_set *fds)
void FD_ZERO(fd_set *fds)
char *fgets(char *s, int n, FILE *stream)
int fileno(FILE *stream)
pid_t fork(void)
FILE *fopen(const char *file, const char *mode)
int fprintf(FILE * restrict stream, const char * restrict format, ...);
size_t fread(void *ptr, size_t size, size_t nmemb, FILE *stream);
int fseek(FILE *stream, long offset, int whence);
      /* whence has the value SEEK_SET, SEEK_CUR, or SEEK_END*/
size_t fwrite(const void *ptr, size_t size, size_t nmemb, FILE *stream);
pid_t getpid(void);
pid_t getppid(void);
unsigned long int htonl(unsigned long int hostlong) /* 4 bytes */
unsigned short int htons(unsigned short int hostshort) /* 2 bytes */
char *index(const char *s, int c)
int kill(int pid, int signo)
int listen(int sock, int n)
void *malloc(size_t size);
int open(const char *path, int oflag)
       /* oflag is O_WRONLY | O_CREAT for write and O_RDONLY for read */
DIR *opendir(const char *name)
int pipe(int filedes[2])
ssize_t read(int d, void *buf, size_t nbytes);
struct dirent *readdir(DIR *dir)
int select(int maxfdp1, fd_set *readfds, fd_set *writefds, fd_set *exceptfds, struct timeval *timeout)
int sigaction(int signum, const struct sigaction *act, struct sigaction *oldact)
       /* actions include SIG_DFL and SIG_IGN */
int sigaddset(sigset_t *set, int signum)
int sigemptyset(sigset_t *set)
int sigprocmask(int how, const sigset_t *set, sigset_t *oldset)
       /* how has the value SIG_BLOCK, SIG_UNBLOCK, or SIG_SETMASK */
unsigned int sleep(unsigned int seconds)
int socket(int family, int type, int protocol) /* family=PF_INET, type=SOCK_STREAM, protocol=0 */
int sprintf(char *s, const char *format, ...)
int stat(const char *file_name, struct stat *buf)
char *strchr(const char *s, int c)
size_t strlen(const char *s)
char *strncat(char *dest, const char *src, size_t n)
int strncmp(const char *s1, const char *s2, size_t n)
char *strncpy(char *dest, const char *src, size_t n)
long strtol(const char *restrict str, char **restrict endptr, int base);
int wait(int *status)
int waitpid(int pid, int *stat, int options) /* options = 0 or WNOHANG*/
ssize_t write(int d, const void *buf, size_t nbytes);
```

```
WEXITSTATUS(status)
WIFEXITED(status)
WIFSIGNALED(status)
                       WTERMSIG(status)
WIFSTOPPED(status)
                       WSTOPSIG(status)
Useful structs
struct sigaction {
   void (*sa_handler)(int);
                                         struct stat {
    sigset_t sa_mask;
                                             dev_t st_dev; /* ID of device containing file */
   int sa_flags;
                                             ino_t st_ino; /* inode number */
                                             mode_t st_mode; /* protection */
struct hostent {
                                             nlink_t st_nlink; /* number of hard links */
   char *h_name; // name of host
                                             uid_t st_uid; /* user ID of owner */
    char **h_aliases; // alias list
                                             gid_t st_gid; /* group ID of owner */
    int h_addrtype; // host address type
                                             dev_t st_rdev; /* device ID (if special file) */
   int h_length; // length of address
                                             off_t st_size; /* total size, in bytes */
   char *h_addr; // address
                                             blksize_t st_blksize; /* blocksize for file system I/O */
                                             blkcnt_t st_blocks; /* number of 512B blocks allocated */
struct sockaddr_in {
                                             time_t st_atime; /* time of last access */
   sa_family_t sin_family;
                                             time_t st_mtime; /* time of last modification */
   unsigned short int sin_port;
                                             time_t st_ctime; /* time of last status change */
   struct in_addr sin_addr;
                                         };
   unsigned char pad[8]; /*Unused*/
}
```

## Shell comparison operators

Shell	Description
-d filename	Exists as a directory
-f filename	Exists as a regular file.
-r filename	Exists as a readable file
-w filename	Exists as a writable file.
-x filename	Exists as an executable file.
-z string	True if empty string
str1 = str2	True if str1 equals str2
str1 != str2	True if str1 not equal to str2
int1 -eq int2	True if int1 equals int2
-ne, -gt, -lt, -le	For numbers
!=, >, >=, <, <=	For strings
-a, -o	And, or.

## Useful Makefile variables:

\$@	target
\$^	list of prerequisites
\$<	first prerequisite
\$?	return code of last program executed

## Useful shell commands:

```
cat, cd, chmod, cp, cut, echo, expr, ls, mkdir, read, sort, uniq, set ps aux - prints the list of currently running processes grep (returns 0 if match is found, 1 if no match was found, and 2 if there was an error) grep -v displays lines that do not match wc (-clw options return the number of characters, lines, and words respectively) diff (returns 0 if the files are the same, and 1 if the files differ)
```

\$0	Script name
\$#	Number of positional parameters
	List of all positional parameters
\$?	Exit value of previously executed command