

Id	Extract 0
<b>original</b>	<p>The Lok Sabha is elected for a term of five years. Its life can be extended for one year at a time during a national emergency. It can be dissolved earlier than its term by the President on the advice of the Prime Minister. It can be voted out of power by a debate and vote on a no-confidence motion. During the 13<sup>th</sup> Lok Sabha, Bhartiya Janata Party lost a no-confidence motion by one vote and had to resign. The House may have not more than 552 members; 530 elected from the states, 20 from Union Territories and not more than 2 members nominated from the Anglo-Indian Community. At present, the strength of the Lok Sabha is 545. Election to the Lok Sabha is by universal adult franchise. Every Indian citizen above the age of 18 can vote for his/her representative in the Lok Sabha. The election is direct but by secret ballot, so that nobody is threatened or coerced into voting for a particular party or an individual. The Election Commission, an autonomous body elected by the President of India, organises, manages and oversees the entire process of election. What's More The provision for the Anglo-Indian community was included at the behest of the British Government to protect their nationals who had decided to stay back.</p>
<b>A</b>	<p>Its life can be extended for one year at a time during a national emergency.  It can be dissolved earlier than its term by the President on the advice of the Prime Minister.  It can be voted out of power by a debate and vote on a no-confidence motion.  During the 13<sup>th</sup> Lok Sabha, Bhartiya Janata Party lost a no-confidence motion by one vote and had to resign.  The House may have not more than 552 members; 530 elected from the states, 20 from Union Territories and not more than 2 members nominated from the Anglo-Indian Community.  Every Indian citizen above the age of 18 can vote for his/her representative in the Lok Sabha.  The election is direct but by secret ballot, so that nobody is threatened or coerced into voting for a particular party or an individual.  The Election Commission, an autonomous body elected by the President of India, organises, manages and oversees the entire process of election.  What's More The provision for the Anglo-Indian community was included at the behest of the British Government to protect their nationals who had decided to stay back.</p>
<b>B</b>	<p>The Lok Sabha is elected for a term of five years. During a national emergency, its life can be extended for one year.  The government can be removed from office by a debate or a no-confidence vote.  The House may have not more than 552 members; 530 from the states, 20 from the Union Territories and 2 from the "Anglo-Indian Community".  Election to the Lok Sabha takes place every year.  The election is direct but by secret ballot. This means that no one is forced to vote for a certain party or person.  The British government included the Anglo-Indian community because they wanted to protect the British people who had decided to stay in India.</p>
<b>C</b>	<p>Its life can be extended if there is a national emergency for one year.  The President can dissolve a government earlier than its term if he or she wants.  The government can be removed from office by a debate or a no-confidence vote.  During the 13<sup>th</sup> Lok Sabha, the party lost one vote and the prime minister had to resign.  The House may have not more than 552 members; 530 from the states, 20 from the Union Territories and 2 from the "Anglo-Indian Community".  Every Indian above the age of 18 can vote in the Lok Sabha, but only those who are 18 or older.  The election is direct but by secret ballot. This means that no one is forced to vote for a certain party or person.  The Election Commission is an independent body that is elected by the President of India. The Commission organises and manages the election.  The British government included the Anglo-Indian community because they wanted to protect the British people who had decided to stay in India.</p>
<b>D</b>	<p>During the 13<sup>th</sup> Lok Sabha, Bhartiya Janata Party lost a no-confidence motion by one vote and had to resign.  The House may have not more than 552 members; 530 elected from the states, 20 from Union Territories and not more than 2 members nominated from the Anglo-Indian Community.  Every Indian citizen above the age of 18 can vote for his/her representative in the Lok Sabha.  The election is direct but by secret ballot, so that nobody is threatened or coerced into voting for a particular party or an individual.  What's More The provision for the Anglo-Indian community was included at the behest of the British Government to protect their nationals who had decided to stay back.  The Election Commission, an autonomous body elected by the President of India, organises, manages and oversees the entire process of election.</p>
<b>E</b>	<p>The Lok Sabha is elected for a term of five years. During a national emergency, its life can be extended for one year.  The government can be removed from office by a debate or a no-confidence vote.  The House may have not more than 552 members; 530 from the states, 20 from the Union Territories and 2 from the "Anglo-Indian Community".  Election to the Lok Sabha takes place every year.  The election is direct but by secret ballot. This means that no one is forced to vote for a certain party or person.  The British government included the Anglo-Indian community because they wanted to protect the British people who had decided to stay in India.</p>
<b>F</b>	<p>The Lok Sabha is elected for a term of five years . Its life can be extended for one year at a time during a national emergency .  It can be voted out of power by a debate and vote on a no-confidence motion .  The House may have not more than 552 members ; 530 elected from the states , 20 from Union Territories and not more than 2 members nominated from the Anglo-Indian Community .  Election to the Lok Sabha is by universal adult franchise .  The election is direct but by secret ballot , so that nobody is threatened or coerced into voting for a particular party or an individual .  What 's More The provision for the Anglo-Indian community was included at the behest of the British Government to protect their nationals who had decided to stay back .</p>