CAREL – Confidential



**REQUIREMENTS SPECIFICATION**

*Framework for*

*Gateway Middle End*

rev. 0.1

DRAFT

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1. Introduction
   1. Scope of the document

This document refers to the realization of a software framework, implementing the so called Middle End Gateway (GME). Such device is intended for collecting data from a single connected device and for sharing such information with a MQTT broker (to whom it is connected in WiFI or 2G). In detail, GME:

* gets data from a single Modbus RTU slave connected device via RS485
* temporarily keeps data and sends it to a MQTT broker (2G/WiFi)
* gets requests of changes of variable values from the MQTT broker and resends them to the connected device
* gets a file name and url (containing model info) via MQTT and accepts the file itself via HTTPS (for FW update).

This document aims at describing the basic functioning of the GME and at identifying the building blocks of the overall firmware.

The framework originated by this document is intended to be portable on different hw platforms. To this extent, Carel will provide documentation describing the functions to be called to implement different functions. In some cases, these functions will not be fully implemented but they will require HW/platform specific additional implementations to be filled in by USR.

This document is organized as follows. At first, the operating principle is described, focusing on actions to be carried on during initialization and during regular operation. Then, more detail on implementation is given.

TODO

* 1. Definitioni, acronimi e abbreviazioni

AP = WiFi access point

GME\_AP = gateway that act as an access point  
GME\_WIFI = Gateway Middle End versione WiFi

GME = Gateway Middle End  
GSM = refer to 2G/4G/NB IoT connection  
FW = firmware

IoT = Internet of Things

MonDev = the device connected to the GME through the RS485 interface

OTA = Over The Air

SW = software  
MODEL\_TABLE = tabella che definisce il significato dei vari registri Modbus

1. Operating principle
   1. Initialization

Initialization of the gateway requires the following steps:

1. Initialization of operating system
2. Initialization and check of the file system
3. Recovery of configuration/model information
4. Connection to wifi access point/2G provider
5. Initialization of the RTC
6. Initialization of the RS485
7. Initialization of MQTT engine
8. Inizialization fo the polling engine

### Initialization of operating system

We assume that a real-time operating system is available. This way, running single tasks concurrently becomes easier and more efficient.

### Initialization of file system

We assume that a file system is available and that information can be stored/recovered using some primitive functions. During file system initialization, all the actions required to initialize file system must be carried on, so a bunch of primitive must be available to store/recover information.

### Recovery of configuration/model information

During this phase, it must be checked that a valid configuration file is available in file system. File must be checked and read. If such file is not present or if it’s invalid, a default configuration will be considered.

Configuration file contains info about:

* baud rate of the RS485 Modbus RTU link
* Modbus address of the connected device
* url and port of the ntp server from which time will be retrieved
* url, username and password for connection to the MQTT broker
* in case of 2G gateway, the APN for mobile connection
* in case of WiFi gateway, the AP and password for connection

Successively, model must be recovered the same way. It no such file is present or if it is not valid, a default model is considered.

Model file contains:

* the variables list that will be cyclically read from the connected device via Modbus protocol
* data format of the RS485 link (data bits, stop bits, parity)

A file is valid if its CRC16 checksum is valid and if it contains a well-defined header.

### Connection to wifi access point/2G provider

GME must connect to a wifi access point or to a 2G provider. TODO

### Initialization of RTC

Clock setting is performed via NTP. UTC time is obtained directly enquiring a NTP server. URL of the server and the port used for NTP connection are written in configuration file.

### Certificate check

The GME must natively contain 2 certificate files, whose validity must be checked as soon as the gateway has obtained a valid time from network.

### Initialization of RS485

The serial RS485 port must be initialized at the physical characteristics contained in model and configuration files (baud rate, data bits, stop bits, parity).

### Initialization of MQTT connection

Connection towards a MQTT server must be initialized. MQTT broker url and authentication data are available in configuration file.

When all the above steps have been performed, regular operation can start.

* 1. Regular operation

After initialization, GME regular operation starts.

GME continuously and periodically polls the connected device via Modbus protocol to get required variable values. This mechanism is called “polling engine” and it will be completely developed by Carel. USR will only expose primitives for writing/reading to/from RS485 interface. Since it must be possible to temporarily stop polling engine, a semaphore mechanism offering this chance will be available.

Gathered data must be transferred via MQTT to a broker. USR will be responsible for such communication, whereas MQTT payload packing will be implemented by Carel.

* 1. File transfer on GME

GME must be able to download one or more files from a remote location. Those files could be model or configuration files, certificates, FW updates for the connected device or FW updates for the GME itself.

File transfer is carried on through connection to a HTTPS server. Hence, GME must implement HTTPS client functionalities.

USR must share with Carel all the primitives needed to complete HTTPS file transfer.

1. Implementation

To ease source code sharing between Carel and USR, Carel will provide a set of files, organized in files that can be easily identified. Files containing Carel provided source code will all have the suffix \_CAREL.\*, whereas files requiring USR action will have suffix \_IS.\*.

Files will be called after their functionality, in an intuitive manner (i.e. RTC functions will be saved in RTS\_\*.\* file).

The following table shows a summary of features and identifies who should implement different parts.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| FEATURE | OPERATION | CAREL | USR |
| Real-time OS |  |  |  |
|  | Create task |  |  |
| File system |  |  |  |
|  | Read file |  |  |
|  | Check file |  |  |
| WiFi |  |  |  |
| 2G |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
|  | Connect |  |  |
|  | Disconnect |  |  |
|  | Get connection status |  |  |
|  | Receive SMS |  |  |
| NTP client |  |  |  |
|  | Get UTC time |  |  |
| MQTT client |  |  |  |
|  | Connect |  |  |
|  | Disconnect |  |  |
|  | Publish |  |  |
|  | Subscribe |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| MQTT payload manager |  |  |  |
|  | Compose payload |  |  |
|  | Parse payload |  |  |
| RS485 driver |  |  |  |
|  | Configure serial |  |  |
|  | Write single/multiple data |  |  |
|  | Read single/multiple data |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Modbus master RTU |  |  |  |
|  | Read/write single/multiple coil |  |  |
|  | Read/write single/multiple HR |  |  |
|  | Read/write single/multiple IR |  |  |
|  | Read/write single/multiple DI |  |  |
|  | Manage report slave id |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Polling engine |  |  |  |
|  | Sample variables (low/high frequency) |  |  |
|  | Sample alarms |  |  |
|  | Start polling |  |  |
|  | Stop polling |  |  |
|  | Reset buffer record |  |  |
|  | Get status slave device |  |  |
| https client |  |  |  |
|  | Connect |  |  |
|  | Disconnect |  |  |
|  | Post |  |  |
|  | Get |  |  |
|  | GetResponse |  |  |
| LED driver |  |  |  |
|  | On |  |  |
|  | Off |  |  |

Based on the above, the rest of the paragraph gives more detail on needed files and functions.

* 1. Real-time OS
  2. File system

Initialization of the gateway requires the following steps: