



Longitudinal Analysis of SSH Honeypot Logs

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Motivation



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Honeypot:

- Mimics easy target and attracts attackers
- Generates logs about connection data (commands, files uploaded)
- Gained information can be used to improve systems

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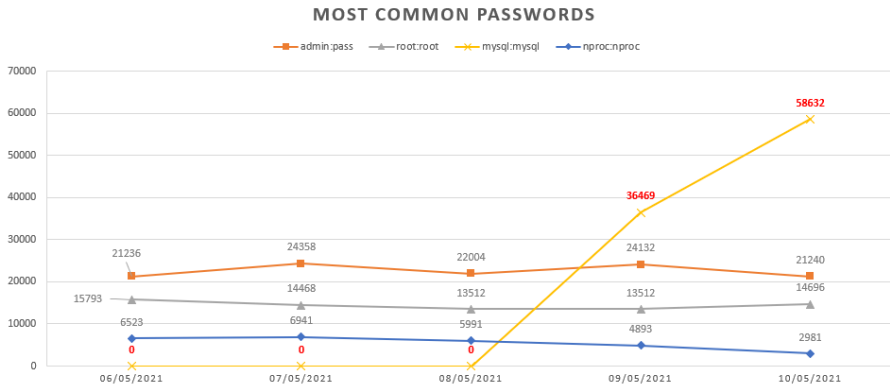
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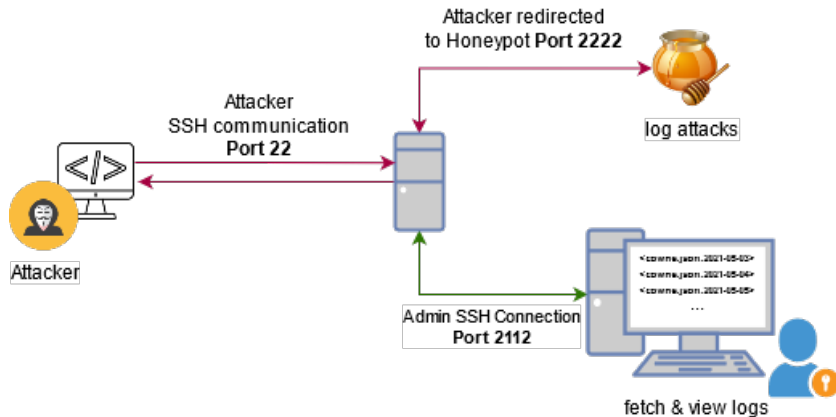
Example

- ① Hardcoded credentials in software
- ② Attacker found out somehow
- ③ Analyzing honeypot logs shows that hacker knows
- ④ Operator can react to vulnerability

Motivation



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Status quo

Cowrie:

- SSH and Telnet honeypot
- Different log formats for connection data (JSON, UML, MongoDB,..)

Problem

- Malware has become more intelligent
- e.g. Aisuru detects Cowrie honeypots
 - existence of "@LocalHost:]"
 - existence of a service, started on Jun 22nd, or Jun 23rd
 - user exists on the device named "richard"
- Improve honeypot configurations

Status quo

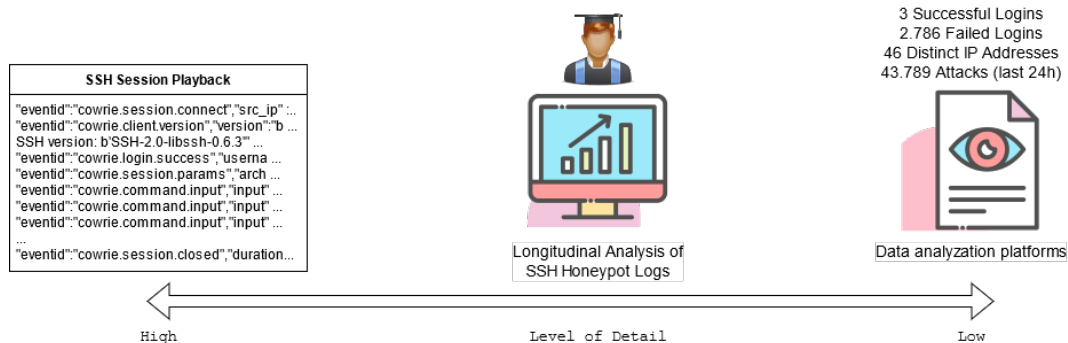
Already existing:

- SSH Session Playback (single connection)
- Data analyzation platforms (aggregated statistics)

Problem

- Providers
 - Multiple thousands of honeypots
 - Each honeypot logs thousands of attacks per hour
 - Too much information gathered, hard to handle.

Thesis contribution



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Longitudinal analysis:

- Research design that involves repeated observations of the same variables.
- Research attacker behaviour over time.

Batch-processing of log files

- ① Cowrie generates log files **<cowrie.json.2021-05-01, 100 to 200 MB>**
 - per honeypot (instance)
 - per day (multiple)
 - 1k honeypots / 30 days = 3-6 TB log data per month
- ② Batch-process using MapReduce model with Python
- ③ Visualize (Python or Flask + ReactJS)

Batch-processing of log files

Cowrie Logs per Day



121MB



129MB



130MB



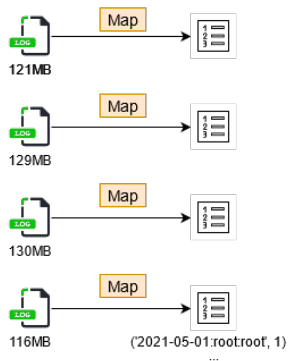
116MB

cowrie.json.2021-05-01

```
{"eventid":"cowrie.session.connect","src_ip..  
{"eventid":"cowrie.client.version","version..  
{"eventid":"cowrie.login.failed","username..  
{"eventid":"cowrie.session.closed","duration..  
{"eventid":"cowrie.command.input","input..
```

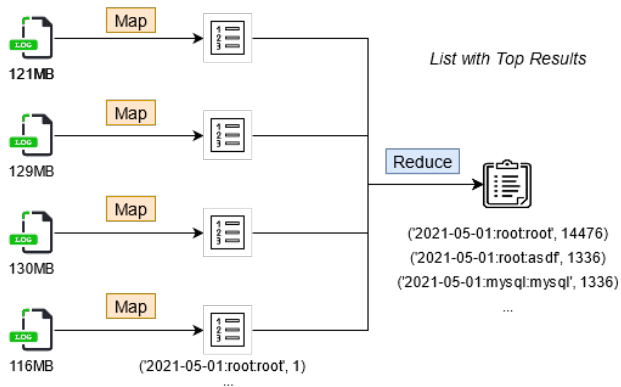
Batch-processing of log files

Cowrie Logs per Day



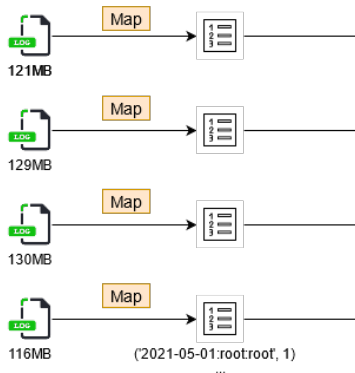
Batch-processing of log files

Cowrie Logs per Day



Batch-processing of log files

Cowrie Logs per Day



List with Top Results

Reduce

`('2021-05-01:rootroot', 14476)`
`('2021-05-01:rootasdf', 1336)`
`('2021-05-01:mysql:mysql', 1336)`
...

Visualization



rootroot up 18% (24h)
asdf:asdf up 36% (7d)
mysql:mysql up 12% (1 mo)

Goal

Extract information:

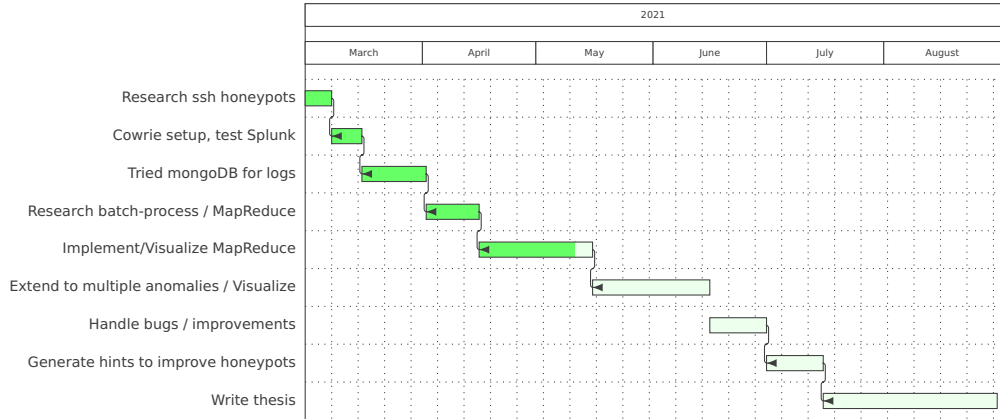
- ① Detect changes in attacker behavior over time

Changes over time might indicate new vulnerabilities

- User:Password combination changes
- Commands executed before disconnect
- Command quantity changes
- All log anomalies not previously shown up

- ② Visualize
- ③ Find ways to improve honeypot configurations

Timeline



References I

- [Cab+19] W. Cabral et al. “Review and Analysis of Cowrie Artefacts and Their Potential to be Used Deceptively”. In: *2019 International Conference on Computational Science and Computational Intelligence (CSCI)*. 2019, pp. 166–171. DOI: 10.1109/CSCI49370.2019.00035.
- [DG04] Jeffrey Dean and Sanjay Ghemawat. “MapReduce: Simplified Data Processing on Large Clusters”. In: *OSDI’04: Sixth Symposium on Operating System Design and Implementation*. San Francisco, CA, 2004, pp. 137–150.

References II

- [GGL03] Sanjay Ghemawat, Howard Gobioff, and Shun-Tak Leung. “The Google file system”. In: *Proceedings of the nineteenth ACM symposium on Operating systems principles*. 2003, pp. 29–43.
- [KJE19] S. Kumar, B. Janet, and R. Eswari. “Multi Platform Honeypot for Generation of Cyber Threat Intelligence”. In: *2019 IEEE 9th International Conference on Advanced Computing (IACC)*. 2019, pp. 25–29. DOI: 10.1109/IACC48062.2019.8971584.

References III

- [KS18] A. Kyriakou and N. Sklavos. “Container-Based Honeypot Deployment for the Analysis of Malicious Activity”. In: *2018 Global Information Infrastructure and Networking Symposium (GIIS)*. 2018, pp. 1–4. DOI: 10.1109/GIIS.2018.8635778.
- [San20] Chris Sanders. *Intrusion Detection Honeypots, Detection Through Deception. Detection Through Deception*. Applied Network Defense, 2020. ISBN: 978-1735188300.



Thank you for your attention!

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Appendix 1

`https://www.sicherheitstacho.eu/start/main`

`https://www.avira.com/en/blog/`

`new-mirai-variant-aisuru-detects-cowrie-opensource-honeypots`