
maser4py Documentation

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X.Bonnin, B.Cecconi, Q.N.Nguyen

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INTRODUCTION

The MASER4PY python package contains modules to deal with services, data and tools provided in the framework of the MASER portal.

For more information about MASER, please visit: <http://maser.lesia.obspm.fr/>

INSTALLATION

2.1 System Requirements

In order to install MASER4PY, make sure to have Python 3.4 or higher available on your system.

The package installation requires the following Python modules: - setuptools (12.0.5 or higher) - openpyxl - numpy (1.11.0 or higher) - simplejson

MASER4PY has been tested on the following Operating Systems: - Mac OS X 10.10 - Debian Jessie 8.2

In order to use the “cdf” submodule, the NASA CDF software distribution shall be installed and configured on your system. Especially, make sure that the directory containing the CDF binary executables is on your \$PATH, and the \$CDF_LIB env. var. is set.

2.2 How to get MASER4PY?

The MASER4PY package is available on Github:

<https://github.com/maserlib/maser4py>

To download MASER4PY, enter the following command from a terminal:

```
git clone https://github.com/maserlib/maser4py.git
```

Make sure to have Git (<https://git-scm.com/>) installed on your system.

If everything goes right, you should have a new local “maser4py” directory created on your disk.

2.3 How to install MASER4PY?

To set up the package on your system, enter the following command from the “maser4py” directory:

```
python3 setup.py install
```

This should install the maser4py package on your system.

To check that the installation ends correctly, you can enter:

```
maser4py
```

, which should return something like:

```
“This is maser4py package VX.Y.Z”
```

If you have an issue during installation, please read the “Troubleshooting” section for help.

2.4 How to run MASER4PY?

If the installation has ended correctly, you can run MASER4PY:

- From a Python interpreter session, by entering “import maser”.
- Using the command line interface available for some MASER4PY modules.

For more details about the MASER4PY modules, please read the user manual.

OVERVIEW

The MASER4PY package is organized as follows:

maser/

services/

helio/ Module to get and plot the HELIO Virtual Observatory data.

data/

wind/ Module related to the Wind NASA mission data.

solo/ Module related to the Solar Orbiter mission data.

utils/

cdf/ Module to handle the NASA Common Data Format (CDF).

toolbox/ Module containing common tool methods for MASER-PY

In order to work, the MASER4PY package modules also rely on additional files and directories:

maser/support Directory containing support data

THE *CDF* MODULE

The *cdf* module has two submodules:

- *converter*, which allows users to convert CDF skeleton files into master CDF binary files
- *validator*, which allows users to perform some validations on CDF files.

For more information about the CDF format, please visit <http://cdf.gsfc.nasa.gov/>.

4.1 The *cdf.converter* submodule

converter contains the following classes:

- *Xlsx2skt*, convert an Excel 2007 format file into a CDF skeleton table in the ASCII format. The organization of the Excel file shall follow some rules defined in the present document (see the section “Excel file format definition” below)
- *Skt2cdf*, convert a CDF skeleton table in ASCII format into a CDF master binary file. This module calls the “skeletoncdf” program from the NASA CDF software distribution.

converter contains also the additional methods and classes:

- **toos.xlsx*, which provides methods to handle/modify the CDF skeletons in Excel 2007 format (e.g., add/rm/edit global attributes, etc.)

Both classes can be imported from Python or called directly from a terminal using the dedicated command line interface.

4.1.1 The *Xlsx2skt* class

To import the *Xlsx2skt* class from Python, enter:

```
from maser.utils.cdf.converter import Xlsx2skt
```

Excel file format definition

This section describes the organization of the input skeleton file in Excel format.

Note that:

- *xlsx2skt* supports the Excel 2007 format only (i.e., .xlsx).
- Only *zVariables* are supported

Make sure to respect the letter case, since the `xlsx2skt` parser is case sensitive!

The input Excel file shall contain the following sheets:

- header
- GLOBALattributes
- zVariables
- VARIABLEattributes
- Options
- NRV

The first row of each sheet shall be used to provide the name of the columns.

header sheet

The “header” sheet shall contain the following columns:

CDF_NAME Name of the CDF master file (without the extension)

DATA ENCODING Type of data encoding

MAJORITY Majority of the CDF data parsing (“COLUMN” or “ROW”)

FORMAT Indicates if the data are saved in a single (“SINGLE”) or on multiple (“MULTIPLE”) CDF files

GLOBALattributes sheet

The “GLOBALattributes” sheet shall contain the following columns:

Attribute Name Name of the global attribute

Entry Number Index of the current entry starting at 1

Data Type CDF data type of the global attribute (only the “CDF_CHAR” type is supported)

Value Value of the current entry

zVariables sheet

The “zVariables” sheet shall contain the following columns:

Variable Name Name of the zVariable

Data Type CDF data type of the zVariable

Number Elements Number of elements of the zVariable (shall be always 1, except for CDF_[U]CHAR” type)

Dims Number of dimension of the zVariable (shall be 0 if the variable is a scalar)

Sizes If the variable is not a scalar, provides its dimension sizes.

Record Variance Indicates if the variable values can change (“T”) or not (“F”) from a record to another.

Dimension Variances Indicates how the variable values vary over each dimension.

VARIABLEattributes sheet

The “VARIABLEattributes” sheet shall contain the following columns:

Variable Name Name of the zVariable

Attribute Name Name of the variable attribute

Data Type CDF data type of the variable attribute

Value Value of the variable attribute

Options sheet

The “Options” sheet shall contain the following columns:

CDF_COMPRESSION Type of compression of the CDF file (“None” or empty field indicates no compression)

CDF_CHECKSUM Checksum algorithm of the CDF file (“None” or empty field indicates no checksumming)

VAR_COMPRESSION Type of compression of each CDF variable (“None” or empty field indicates no compression)

VAR_SPARSERECORDS value of sparse records (“None” or empty field indicates no sparse value)

VAR_PADVALUE padvalue to provide to each variable. This option only works in the case where all of the CDF variables has the same data type. In the other cases, users should use the `-Auto_pad` input keyword.

NRV sheet

The “NRV” sheet shall contain the following columns:

Variable Name Name of the zVariable

Index Index of the current NR row

Value Value of the current NR row

Command line interface

To display the help of the module, enter:

```
xlsx2skt --help
```

The full calling sequence is:

```
xlsx2skt [-h] [-O] [-V] [-Q] [-A] [-I] [-s [skeleton]] xlsx_file
```

Input keyword list:

-h, -help	Display the module help
-s, --skeleton	skeleton Name of the output skeleton table in ASCII format. If not provided, use the name of the input file replacing the extension by ‘.skt’.
-o, --output_dir	Path of the output directory. If not provided, use the directory of the input file.
-A, --Auto_pad	If provided, the module will automatically set the pad values (i.e, !VAR_PADVALUE) for each CDF variable

-I, --Ignore_none	If provided, the module will skip rows for which the Attribute/Variable name columns are empty. By default, the module returns an error if a empty Attribute/Variable name value is encountered.
-O, --Overwrite	Overwrite existing output ASCII skeleton table
-V, --Verbose	Talkative mode

Example

To test the cdfconverter program, use the dedicated scripts/test_cdfconverter.sh bash script.

Limitations & Known Issues

Here are some identified limitations to the module uses:

- Values provided in the “Options” sheet is valid for all of CDF file and variables. The module does not allow to set (yet) the values for each variable individually. **THUS, WE STRONGLY RECOMMEND TO USE THE `--Auto_pad` INPUT KEYWORD (then edit the resulting skeleton table to modify the `!VAR_PADVALUE` if required).**

4.1.2 The *Skt2cdf* class

To import the Skt2cdf class from Python, enter:

```
from maser.utils.cdf.cdfconverter import Skt2cdf
```

Command line interface

To display the help of the module, enter:

```
skt2cdf --help
```

The full calling sequence is:

```
skt2cdf [-h] [-O] [-V] [-Q] [-s [executable]] [-c [output_cdf]] skeleton
```

Input keyword list:

-h, -help	Display the module help
-c, --cdf	output_cdf Name of the output CDF master binary file. If not provided, use the name of the input file replacing the extension by ‘.cdf’.
-o, --output_dir	Path of the output directory. If not provided, use the directory of the input file.
-s, --skeletoncdf executable	Path of the NASA GSFC CDF “skeletoncdf” executable. If not provided, the program will search for the executable in the \$PATH env. variable.
-O, --Overwrite	Overwrite existing output ASCII skeleton table
-V, --Verbose	Talkative mode
-Q, --Quiet	Quiet mode

Example

To test the `cdfconverter` program, use the dedicated `scripts/test_cdfconverter.sh` bash script.

4.2 The *cdf.validator* submodule

The *validator* submodule provides tools to validate a CDF format file.

It contains only one *Validate* class that regroups all of the validation methods.

4.2.1 The *Validate* class

To import the *Validate* class from Python, enter:

```
from maser.utils.cdf.cdfvalidator import Validate
```

The Model validation test

The *Validate* class allows user to check if a given CDF format file contains specific attributes or variables, by providing a so-called “cdfvalidator model file”.

This model file shall be in the JSON format. All items and values are case sensitive. It can include the following JSON objects:

Table 4.1: CDFValidator JSON objects

JSON object	Description
GLOBALattributes	Contains the list of global attributes to check
VARIABLEattributes	Contains the list of variable attributes to check
zVariables	Contains the list of zvariables to check

Note that any additional JSON object will be ignored.

The table below lists the JSON items that are allowed to be found in the *GLOBALattributes*, *VARIABLEattributes* and *zVariables* JSON objects.

Table 4.2: CDFValidator JSON object items

JSON item	JSON type	Pri- ority	Description
at- tributes	vector	op- tional	List of variable attributes. An element of the vector shall be a JSON object that can contain one or more of the other JSON items listed in this table
dims	integer	op- tional	Number of dimensions of the CDF item
entries	vector	op- tional	Entry value(s) of the CDF item to be found
has- value	boolean	op- tional	If it is set to true, then the current CDF item must have at least one nonzero entry value
name	string	manda- tory	Name of the CDF item (attribute or variable) to check
sizes	vector	op- tional	Dimension sizes of the CDF item
type	at- tribute	op- tional	CDF data type of the CDF item

Command line interface

To display the help of the module, enter:

```
cdfvalid --help
```

The full calling sequence is:

```
cdfvalid [--help] [--Verbose] [--Quiet] [--log_file [log_file]] \
[--ISTP] [--CDFValidate [executable]] [--model_file [model_file]] skeleton
```

Input keyword list:

-h, --help	Display the module help
-l, --log_file	Path of the output log file.
-I, --ISTP	Perform the ISTP compliance validation test
-m, --model_file	Path to the input model file in JSON format (see “Model validation test” section for more information).
-C, --CDFValidate executable	Path of the NASA GSFC CDF “CDFValidate” executable. If it is not provided, the module will search in the directories defined in %\$PATH%.
-Q, --Quiet	Quiet mode
-V, --Verbose	Talkative mode

Example

To test the `cdf.validator` program, use the dedicated `scripts/test_cdfvalidator.sh` bash script.

It should return something like:

```
INFO      : Opening /tmp/cdfconverter_example.cdf
INFO      : Loading /Users/xbonnin/Work/projects/MASER/Software/Tools/Git/maser-py/scripts/../../maser/sup
INFO      : Checking GLOBALattributes:
INFO      : --> Project
WARNING   : "Project" has a wrong entry value: "Python>Python 2" ("Python>Python 3" expected)!
INFO      : --> PI_name
INFO      : --> TEXT
INFO      : Checking VARIABLEattributes:
INFO      : --> FIELDNAM
INFO      : --> CATDESC
INFO      : --> VAR_TYPE
INFO      : Checking zVariables:
INFO      : --> Epoch
INFO      : --> Variable2
INFO      : Checking variable attributes of "Variable2":
INFO      : --> DEPEND_0
WARNING   : DEPEND_0 required!
INFO      : Closing /tmp/cdfconverter_example.cdf
```


THE *WIND* MODULE

The Wind module provides methods to deal with the Wind NASA mission data.

5.1 The *waves* submodule

THE *STEREO* MODULE

The stereo module provides methods to deal with the STEREO NASA mission data.

6.1 The *swaves* submodule

THE *HELIO* MODULE

The helio module provides methods to deal with the HELIO Virtual Observatory services and data.

7.1 The *hfc* submodule

TROUBLESHOOTING

Here a list of known issues. If the problem persists, you can contact the MASER developer team at: maser.support@groupe.renater.fr.

- //I have an error message “[Errno 13] Permission denied:” during installation//:

This means that you don’t have the right to install the package in your Python “site-packages” local directory. To solve this problem, install the package as a super user (e.g., using sudo command for instance), or modify the “site-packages” user access permissions.

- //I have an error message “Exception: Cannot find CDF C library. Try os.putenv(“CDF_LIB”, library_directory) before import.” during the installation”//:

This means that the `%%$CDF_LIB%%` environment variable is not set. This variable is required to run the CDF software distribution from Python. For more information about how to set up this software., visit the CDF home page at <http://cdf.gsfc.nasa.gov/>.

INDICES AND TABLES

- `genindex`
- `modindex`
- `search`