UNIVERSITY OF CAMBRIDGE INTERNATIONAL EXAMINATIONS

International General Certificate of Secondary Education

MARK SCHEME for the May/June 2009 question paper for the guidance of teachers

0625 PHYSICS

0625/31

Paper 31 (Extended Theory), maximum raw mark 80

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes must be read in conjunction with the question papers and the report on the examination.

CIE will not enter into discussions or correspondence in connection with these mark schemes.

CIE is publishing the mark schemes for the May/June 2009 question papers for most IGCSE, GCE Advanced Level and Advanced Subsidiary Level syllabuses and some Ordinary Level syllabuses.



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Notes about Mark Scheme Symbols and Other Matters

B marks are independent marks, which do not depend on any other marks. For a B mark to be scored, the point to which it refers must actually be seen in the candidate's answer.

M marks are method marks upon which accuracy marks (A marks) later depend. For an M mark to be scored, the point to which it refers **must** be seen in a candidate's answer. If a candidate fails to score a particular M mark, then none of the dependent A marks can be scored.

C marks are compensatory method marks which can be scored even if the points to which they refer are not written down by the candidate, provided subsequent working gives evidence that they must have known it e.g. if an equation carries a C mark and the candidate does not write down the actual equation but does correct working which shows he knew the equation, then the C mark is scored.

A marks are accuracy or answer marks which either depend on an M mark, or which are one of the ways which allow a C mark to be scored.

c.a.o. means "correct answer only".

e.c.f. means "error carried forward". This indicates that if a candidate has made an earlier mistake and has carried his incorrect value forward to subsequent stages of working, he may be given marks indicated by e.c.f. provided his subsequent working is correct, bearing in mind his earlier mistake. This prevents a candidate being penalised more than once for a particular mistake, but **only** applies to marks annotated "e.c.f."

e.e.o.o. means "each error or omission".

brackets () around words or units in the mark scheme are intended to indicate wording used to clarify the mark scheme, but the marks do not depend on seeing the words or units in brackets e.g. 10 (J) means that the mark is scored for 10, regardless of the unit given.

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1	start stop	zero on stopwatch OR repeat OR other sensible precaution opwatch at some recognisable point in the cycle opwatch after at least 10 cycles OR count no. of cycles in at least 10 s time by number of cycles								
2	(a) wate	B1								
		I el) expands at same rate / has same expansion (as concrete) rent expansion AND cracks / breaks / damages / destroys concrete	M1 A1 A1 [4							
3		straight line OR constant gradient / slope OR change in speed with time constant OR speed proportional to time	B1							
	(ii)	increase in velocity / time OR $a = v/t$, symbols, words or numbers 0.75 m/s ²	C1 A1							
	(b) (i)	decreases OR acceleration slows (down) NOT 'it slows down'	C1							
		equal to forward / downward force / force down slope OR constant / maximum OR (giving) no resultant force equal to component of weight (down slope)	C1 A1							
	(iii)	graph starting at origin curved from start AND decreasing gradient AND horizontal final part	B1 B1							
		2 label A on any correct curved region label B on horizontal region	B1 B1 [10							
4	. , , ,	(note: diagram may be drawn in any orientation) sides correct length, by eye forces drawn at 45°, by eye parallelogram completed correct diagonal drawn / correct resultant if intersecting arcs shown	B1 B1 B1 B1							
		magnitude: between 5500 N and 5700 direction: between 28° and 32°	B1 B1							
	(b) (i)	it has direction (as well as magnitude)	B1							
	(ii)	any example which is clearly a vector								

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5	(a) (i)	½ ×	/ ² 7500 × 12 × 12 000 J OR 540 kJ		C1 C1 A1	
	(ii)	10%	E/t in any form • × his (a) • 00 W OR 54 kW e.c.f.		B1 C1 A1	
	(b) (i)	3750	O kg		B1	
	(ii)	mas spee	of from (i) and no other errors, maximum mark is 2] s: $\frac{1}{2}$ OR correct sub in $\frac{1}{2}mv^2$ ed: $\frac{1}{2}$ OR 6750 (J) iion = $\frac{1}{8}$ / 0.125 / 1:8 ? 12.5 % (c.a.o.)		C1 C1 A1	[10]
6	(a) (i)		F/A in any form, letters, words or numbers × 10 ⁶ Pa accept N/m²		C1 A1	
	(ii)	84 N	I OR 84.0 N		B1	
	(iii)		<u>e force</u> over (much) smaller area ch) bigger pressure		B1 B1	
	(b) (i)	P = 3 3 × 7	hdg in any form, letters, words or numbers 10 ⁴ Pa OR 30 000 Pa OR 30 kPa accept N/m ²		C1 A1	
	(ii)	his (i)		B1	[8]
7	(a) Tot	tal per	nalty for use of 'particles' rather than 'molecules' is 1	l mark.		
	(i)	idea mols	B1 B1			
	(ii)		iter area e mols escape (in given time)		B1 B1	
	(iii)	blow redu	ease temperature / supply more heat / make hotter vair across surface, or equiv. Ice humidity rease pressure)) any 2)	B1 + B1	
	mo les ene eva	lecule s ener ergy to aporat	aporates from cloth / water OR faster / more energes evaporate rgetic mols left behind o evaporate taken from milk cion produces cooling loth always being damp by soaking up water	etic))) any 3)	B1 × 3	[9]

Page 5	Mark Scheme: Teachers' version	Syllabus	Paper
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8	(a)	refr	dium A because angle in air is bigger OR angle in A is smaller OR racts / bends away from normal / angle of refraction greater than angle ncidence / total internal reflection only occurs in denser medium	B1	
	(b)	air:	B1		
	(c)	42°	°–43°	B1	
	(d)	tota	al internal reflection	B1	
	(e)		sin i / sin r OR $n = sin r / sin i$ OR $1.49 = sin i / sin 35$ ow 1.49 or refractive index instead of n in any of above)	C1	
			719° to at least 2 s.f. Allow 58.71°	A1	
	(f)	OR	speed in air / speed in medium in any arrangement $1.49 = 3.0 \times 10^8$ / speed in medium A 1343×10^8 m/s to at least 2 s.f.	C1 A1	[8]
9	(a)		f-wave rectification clearly indicated (any wave shape, repeated): east 2 humps with all spaces more than half width of hump, by eye.	B1	
	(b)	(i)	M1		
		(ii) For answers A and B only in (i), not C or D: Route to resistor: correct arrow on one downwards diode and nothing wrong on this route Route from resistor: correct arrow on one downwards diode and		B1	
			B1	[4]	

	Pa	ge 6	ge 6 Mark Scheme: Teachers' version Syllabus							IS	F	Pape	r				
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10	(a)	(i) 0(A) / zero Unit penalty if wrong unit												B1			
		(ii) 12 V													B1		
	(b)	(i) V/R OR V = IR in any form, letters, words or numbers 0.5 A											C1 A1				
		(ii)		candid OR 4			DR 8/24	4 × 1	12						C1 A1		
			. •	• • •		0.0											
	(c)	1/ <i>F</i> s	R ₁ + 1/	$'R_2 =$	1/ <i>R</i>	OR .	$R = R_1 R_2$	₹2/($R_1 + R$	R_2) in a	ny form					В1	
	` ,	5.3	(Ω)	OR 5	1/3 (Ω		16/3 (Ω			-,	•					C1	
		12 / candidate's R 2.25 A c.a.o.												C1 A1			
		Alternatively: 12/16 (= 0.75) OR 12/8 (= 1.5)											C1				
		12/16 (= 0.75) AND 12/8 (= 1.5) Currents added										C1 C1					
						A c.a										A1	[10]
11	(2)	ian	oro or	av ovi	tro tio	ke aa	oinet «										
•••	(a)	β		-		_	ainst α ticked										
		•	(use	· √ + .	× = 0	for ex	ktras) i.				ina alaa		marks mark				
										t, nom	ing else ong		nark mark				
										t, 1 wr	ong 3 wrong		mark marks		B1 +	- R1	
		γ	1st c	colum	n tick	ked (u	se √ +				o wrong	01	nai ko		Б, .	B1	
	(b)	ide	a of ir	ı plan	e of p	oage	OR pe	rper	ndicula	r to ma	ignetic fi	eld				C1	
			to bo vn the			e page	OR o	ppo	site dir	rection	of defle	ction	of α OR			A1	
						Igno	re refer	enc	es to +	or – p	lates, foi	r bot	h C1 and A	A 1		Α1	[5]