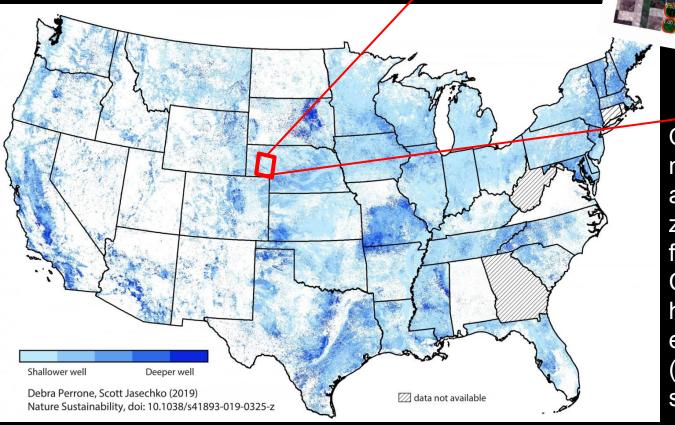
Ryan Avery, UCSB

Problem: We know that globally, wells are being drilled deeper and deeper and water resources are increasingly strained.

But there is a lack of water use monitoring in developing regions.



Question: Can we train a model that can generalize across arid agricultural zones to locate past and future agricultural fields? Can we then locate hotspots (agricultural expansion) and cold spots (abandonment) with satellite imagery?

Ryan Avery, UCSB

Computational Challenges

4 scene footprints * 4 seasonal images * 1.5 Gb per image = **24 Gb** of imagery for training the Keras Mask R-CNN model

~ 40 scene footprints * ~10 seasonal images * ~30 years of Landsat imagery * 1.5 Gb per image

= 18 Tb of imagery for inference



I'm here to get experience with profile my code (check!), parallelizing my preprocessing routines with dask (check!), and getting experience with multi GPU and multi node architecture and programming.