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Search**Table of Integrals****(Math | Calculus | Integrals | Table Of)****Power of x.**

$\int x^n dx = x^{(n+1)} / (n+1) + C$ (n \neq -1) Proof	$\int 1/x dx = \ln x + C$
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Exponential / Logarithmic

$\int e^x dx = e^x + C$ Proof	$\int b^x dx = b^x / \ln(b) + C$ Proof , Tip!
$\int \ln(x) dx = x \ln(x) - x + C$ Proof	

Trigonometric

$\int \sin x dx = -\cos x + C$ Proof	$\int \csc x dx = -\ln \csc x + \cot x + C$ Proof
$\int \cos x dx = \sin x + C$ Proof	$\int \sec x dx = \ln \sec x + \tan x + C$ Proof
$\int \tan x dx = -\ln \cos x + C$ Proof	$\int \cot x dx = \ln \sin x + C$ Proof

Trigonometric Result

$\int \cos x dx = \sin x + C$ Proof	$\int \csc x \cot x dx = -\csc x + C$ Proof
$\int \sin x dx = -\cos x + C$ Proof	$\int \sec x \tan x dx = \sec x + C$ Proof
$\int \sec^2 x dx = \tan x + C$ Proof	$\int \csc^2 x dx = -\cot x + C$ Proof

Inverse Trigonometric

$\int \arcsin x dx = x \arcsin x + \sqrt{1-x^2} + C$
$\int \operatorname{arccsc} x dx = x \arccos x - \sqrt{1-x^2} + C$
$\int \arctan x dx = x \arctan x - (1/2) \ln(1+x^2) + C$

Inverse Trigonometric Result

$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} = \arcsin x + C$	Useful Identities $\arccos x = \pi/2 - \arcsin x$ $(-1 \leq x \leq 1)$ $\operatorname{arccsc} x = \pi/2 - \operatorname{arcsec} x$ $(x \geq 1)$ $\operatorname{arccot} x = \pi/2 - \arctan x$ $(\text{for all } x)$
$\int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{x^2-1}} = \operatorname{arcsec} x + C$	
$\int \frac{dx}{1+x^2} = \arctan x + C$	

Hyperbolic

$\int \sinh x \, dx = \cosh x + C$ Proof	$\int \operatorname{csch} x \, dx = \ln \tanh(x/2) + C$ Proof
$\int \cosh x \, dx = \sinh x + C$ Proof	$\int \operatorname{sech} x \, dx = \arctan (\sinh x) + C$
$\int \tanh x \, dx = \ln (\cosh x) + C$ Proof	$\int \operatorname{coth} x \, dx = \ln \sinh x + C$ Proof

Click on [Proof](#) for a proof/discussion of a theorem.

To solve a more complicated integral, see [The Integrator](#) at <http://integrals.wolfram.com/>

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