Contents

	3
	15
	17

CONTENTS

Chapter 1

Real Analysis

```
(1.5)
                                \forall y (<, S) := \forall_{x,y \in S} (x < y \lor x = y \lor y < x)
                                  \forall (<, S) := \forall_{x, y, z \in S} ((x < y \land y < z) \implies x < z)
           (<,S) := OrderTrichotomy(<,S) \land OrderTransitivity(<,S)
(1.7)
                            \bullet(E,S,<) := \operatorname{Order}(<,S) \land E \subset S \land \exists_{\beta \in S} \forall_{x \in E} (x \leq \beta)
                 \underset{\beta \in S}{\text{Below}}(E, S, <) := Order(<, S) \land E \subset S \land \exists_{\beta \in S} \forall_{x \in E} (\beta \leq x)
                       (\beta, E, S, <) := Order(<, S) \land E \subset S \land \beta \in S \land \forall_{x \in E} (x \le \beta)
                        I(\beta, E, S, <) := Order(<, S) \land E \subset S \land \beta \in S \land \forall_{x \in E} (\beta \le x)
(1.8)
         \forall (\alpha, E, S, <) := UpperBound(\alpha, E, S, <) \land \forall_{\gamma} (\gamma < \alpha \implies \neg UpperBound(\gamma, E, S, <))
 \underline{GLE}(\alpha,E,\overline{S},<) := \underline{LowerBound}(\alpha,E,S,<) \wedge \forall_{\beta} \big(\alpha < \overline{\beta} \implies \neg \underline{LowerBound}(\overline{\beta},E,S,<) \big) 
 \text{$LU$ $B$ Property}(S,<) := \forall_E \Big( \big(\emptyset \neq E \subset S \land Bounded \ Above(E,S,<) \big) \implies \exists_{\alpha \in S} \big( LUB(\alpha,E,S,<) \big) \Big) 
\overline{GLBProperty}(S,<) := \forall_E \Big( \big( \emptyset \neq E \subset S \land Bounded Below(E,S,<) \big) \implies \exists_{\alpha \in S} \big( GLB(\alpha,E,S,<) \big) \Big)
(1) LUBProperty(S, <) \implies ...
   (1.1) \quad (\emptyset \neq B \subset S \land BoundedBelow(B, S, <)) \implies \dots
       (1.1.1) Order(\langle S \rangle) \land \exists_{\delta' \in S} (LowerBound(\delta', B, S, \langle S \rangle))
       (1.1.2) \quad |B| = 1 \implies \dots
         (1.1.2.1) \quad \exists_{u'}(u' \in B) \quad \blacksquare \ u := choice(\{u'|u' \in B\}) \quad \blacksquare \ B = \{u\}
           (1.1.2.2) \quad \mathbf{GLB}(u, B, S, <) \quad \blacksquare \quad \exists_{\epsilon_0 \in S} \left( \mathbf{GLB}(\epsilon_0, B, S, <) \right)
       (1.1.3) \quad |B| = 1 \implies \exists_{\epsilon_0 \in S} \left( \mathbf{GLB}(\epsilon_0, B, S, <) \right)
       (1.1.4) |B| \neq 1 \implies \dots
           (1.1.4.1) \quad \forall_{E} \Big( \big( \emptyset \neq E \subset S \land Bounded Above(E, S, <) \big) \implies \exists_{\alpha \in S} \big( LUB(\alpha, E, S, <) \big) \Big)
           (1.1.4.2) L := \{s \in S | LowerBound(s, B, S, <)\}
           (1.1.4.3) |B| > 1 \land OrderTrichotomy(<, S) | \exists \exists_{b_1' \in B} \exists_{b_0' \in B} (b_0' < b_1')
           (1.1.4.4) \quad b_1 := choice\Big(\{b_1' \in B | \exists_{b_0' \in B}(b_0' < b_1')\}\Big) \quad \blacksquare \quad \neg LowerBound(b_1, B, S, <)
           (1.1.4.5) \quad b_1 \notin L \quad \blacksquare \ L \subset S
           (1.1.4.6) \quad \delta := choice(\{\delta' \in S | \underline{LowerBound}(\delta', B, S, <)\}) \quad \blacksquare \quad \delta \in L \quad \blacksquare \quad \emptyset \neq L
           (1.1.4.7) \quad \emptyset \neq L \subset S
           (1.1.4.8) \quad \forall_{y \in L} \left( \underline{\textbf{LowerBound}}(y_0, B, S, <) \right) \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{y \in L} \forall_{x \in B} (y_0 \le x)
```

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(1.1.4.9) \quad \forall_{x \in B} \left( x \in S \land \forall_{y \in L} (y_0 \le x) \right) \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{x \in B} \left( UpperBound(x, L, S, <) \right)
           (1.1.4.10) \quad \exists_{x \in S} (UpperBound(x, L, S, <)) \quad \blacksquare \quad BoundedAbove(L, S, <)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        from: 1.1.4.7, 1.1.4.10
            (1.1.4.11) \emptyset \neq L \subset S \land Bounded Above(L, S, <)
           (1.1.4.12) \quad \exists_{\alpha' \in S} \left( LUB(\alpha', L, S, <) \right) \quad \blacksquare \quad \alpha := choice \left( \left\{ \alpha' \in S \middle| \left( LUB(\alpha', L, S, <) \right) \right\} \right)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                from: 1.1.4.9
            (1.1.4.13) \quad \forall_x (x \in B \implies UpperBound(x, L, S, <))
            (1.1.4.14) \quad \forall_x \left( \neg UpperBound(x, L, S, <) \implies x \notin B \right)
           (1.1.4.15) \gamma < \alpha \implies \dots
              (1.1.4.15.1) \quad \neg UpperBound(\gamma, L, S, <) \quad \blacksquare \quad \gamma \notin B
           (1.1.4.16) \quad \gamma < \alpha \implies \gamma \notin B \quad \boxed{\hspace{0.1cm}} \gamma \in B \implies \gamma \geq \alpha
            (1.1.4.17) \quad \forall_{\gamma \in B} (\alpha \leq \gamma) \quad \blacksquare \quad LowerBound(\alpha, B, S, <)
           (1.1.4.18) \alpha < \beta \implies \dots
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                from: LUB, 1.1.4.12, 1.1.4.18
               (1.1.4.18.1) \quad \forall_{y \in L} (y_0 \le \alpha < \beta) \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{y \in L} (y_0 \ne \beta)
               (1.1.4.18.2) \beta \notin L \quad \neg LowerBound(\beta, B, S, <)
           (1.1.4.19) \quad \alpha < \beta \implies \neg LowerBound(\beta, B, S, <) \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{\beta \in S} (\alpha < \beta \implies \neg LowerBound(\beta, B, S, <))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       from: 1.1.4.17, 1.1.4.19
           (1.1.4.20) \quad LowerBound(\alpha, B, S, <) \land \forall_{\beta \in S} (\alpha < \beta \implies \neg LowerBound(\beta, B, S, <))
            (1.1.4.21) \quad \mathbf{GLB}(\alpha, B, S, <) \quad \blacksquare \quad \exists_{\epsilon_1 \in S} \left( \mathbf{GLB}(\epsilon_1, B, S, <) \right)
       (1.1.5) \quad |B| \neq 1 \implies \exists_{\epsilon_1 \in S} \left( \mathbf{GLB}(\epsilon_1, B, S, <) \right)
       (1.1.6) \quad \left( |B| = 1 \implies \exists_{\epsilon_0 \in S} \left( GLB(\epsilon_0, B, S, <) \right) \right) \land \left( |B| \neq 1 \implies \exists_{\epsilon_1 \in S} \left( GLB(\epsilon_1, B, S, <) \right) \right)
       (1.1.7) \quad (|B| = 1 \lor |B| \neq 1) \implies \exists_{\epsilon \in S} (GLB(\epsilon, B, S, <)) \quad \blacksquare \quad \exists_{\epsilon \in S} (GLB(\epsilon, B, S, <))
    (1.2) \quad (\emptyset \neq B \subset S \land Bounded Below(B, S, <)) \implies \exists_{\epsilon \in S} (GLB(\epsilon, B, S, <))
    (1.3) \quad \forall_{B} \left( \left( \emptyset \neq B \subset S \land Bounded Below(B, S, <) \right) \implies \exists_{e \in S} \left( GLB(e, B, S, <) \right) \right)
   (1.4) GLBProperty(S, <)
(2) LUBProperty(S, <) \implies GLBProperty(S, <)
(1.12)
        \text{Add}(F, +, *) := \exists_{0,1 \in F} \forall_{x,y,z \in F} \begin{cases} x + y \in F & \land & x * y \in F & \land \\ x + y = y + x & \land & x * y = y * x & \land \\ (x + y) + z = x + (y_0 + z) & \land & (x * y) * z = x * (y_0 * z) & \land \\ 1 \neq 0 & \land & x * (y_0 + z) = (x * y) + (x * z) & \land \\ 0 + x = x & \land & 1 * x = x & \land \\ \exists_{-x \in F} (x + (-x) = 0) & \land (x \neq 0) \implies \exists_{1/x \in F} (x * (1/x) = 1) \end{cases}
```

(1.14)

(1)
$$y = 0 + y = (x + (-x)) + y = ((-x) + x) + y = (-x) + (x + y) = ...$$

(2) (-x) + (x+z) = ((-x) + x) + z = (x + (-x)) + z = 0 + z = z

(1)
$$x + y = x = 0 + x = x + 0$$

(2) v = 0

from: AdditiveCancellation

 $(2) \quad y = -x$

from: AdditiveCancella

```
(1) 0 = x + (-x) = (-x) + x \quad \blacksquare \quad 0 = (-x) + x
```

(2) x = -(-x)

(1.15)

ancellation := $(x \neq 0 \land x * y = x * z) \Longrightarrow y = z$

icative I dentity Uniqueness: $= (x \neq 0 \land x * y = x) \implies y = 1$ icative I nverse Uniqueness: $= (x \neq 0 \land x * y = 1) \implies y = 1/x$

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{couble Reciprocal} := (x \neq 0) \implies x = 1/(1/x) \end{array}$

(1.16)

(1) 0 * x = (0 + 0) * x = 0 * x + 0 * x 0 * x = 0 * x + 0 * x

from: AdditiveIdentityUniquene. (2) 0 * x = 0

Non Domination := $(x \neq 0 \land y \neq 0) \implies x * y \neq 0$

 $(1) \quad (x \neq 0 \land y \neq 0) \implies \dots$

 $(1.1) \quad (x * y = 0) \implies \dots$

from: Field, Domination, 1, 1.1 $(1.1.1) \quad \mathbb{1} = \mathbb{1} * \mathbb{1} = (x * (1/x)) * (y * (1/y)) = (x * y) * ((1/x) * (1/y)) = \mathbb{0} * ((1/x) * (1/y)) = \mathbb{0}$

 $(1.1.2) \quad \mathbb{1} = \mathbb{0} \wedge \overline{\mathbb{1}} \neq \mathbb{0} \quad \blacksquare \perp$

 $(1.2) \quad (x * y = 0) \implies \bot \quad \blacksquare \quad x * y \neq 0$

(2) $(x \neq 0 \land y \neq 0) \implies x * y \neq 0$

ionCommutativity := (-x) * y = -(x * y) = x * (-y)

(1) x * y + (-x) * y = (x + -x) * y = 0 * y = 0 $\blacksquare x * y + (-x) * y = 0$

 $(2) \quad (-x) * y = -(x * y)$

(3) $x * y + x * (-y) = x * (y_0 + -y) = x * 0 = 0$ x * y + x * (-y) = 0

 $(4) \quad x * (-y) = -(x * y)$

(1.17)

 $\left(\begin{array}{ccc} Field(F,+,*) & \wedge & Order(<,F) & \wedge \\ \forall_{x,y,z \in F}(y_0 < z \implies x+y < x+z) & \wedge \\ \forall_{x,y \in F} \left((x > 0 \land y > 0) \implies x * y > 0 \right) \end{array} \right)$

(1.18)

 $(1.1) \quad 0 = (-x) + x > (-x) + 0 = -x \quad \blacksquare \quad 0 > -x \quad \blacksquare \quad -x < 0$

 $(2) \quad x > 0 \implies -x < 0$ $(3) -x < 0 \implies \dots$

 $(1) \quad x > 0 \implies \dots$

 $(3.1) \quad 0 = x + (-x) < x + 0 = x \quad \boxed{0} < x \quad \boxed{x} > 0$

 $(4) \quad -x < 0 \implies x > 0$

 $(5) \quad x > 0 \implies -x < 0 \land -x < 0 \implies x > 0 \quad x > 0 \iff -x < 0$

ositive Factor Preserves Order := $(x > 0 \land y < z) \implies x * y < x * z$

 $(1.1) \quad (-y) + z > (-y) + y = 0 \quad \blacksquare \quad z + (-y) = 0$

from: Ordered Field (1.2) x*(z+(-y)) > 0 x*z+x*(-y) > 0 $(1.3) \quad x * z = 0 + x * z = (x * y + -(x * y)) + x * z = (x * y + x * (-y)) + x * z = \dots$ $(1.4) \quad x * y + (x * z + x * (-y)) > x * y + 0 = x * y$ from: 1.3, 1.4 $(1.5) \quad x * z > x * y$ $(1) \quad (x < 0 \land y < z) \implies \dots$ (1.1) -x > 0from: PositiveFactorPreservesOrder $(1.2) \quad (-x) * y < (-x) * z \quad \blacksquare \quad 0 = x * y + (-x) * y < x * y + (-x) * z \quad \blacksquare \quad 0 < x * y + (-x) * z$ from: NegationOnOrder $(1.3) \quad 0 < (-x) * (-y+z) \quad \blacksquare \quad 0 > x * (-y+z) \quad \blacksquare \quad 0 > -(x*y) + x*z$ (1.4) x * y > x * z $(2) \quad (x < 0 \land y < z) \implies x * y > x * z$ $guare Is Positive := (x \neq 0) \implies x * x > 0$ $(1) \quad (x > 0) \implies x * x > 0$ $(2.1) \quad -x > 0 \quad \blacksquare \quad x * x = (-x) * (-x) > 0 \quad \blacksquare \quad x * x > 0$ $(3) \quad (x < 0) \implies x * x > 0$ from: OrderTrichotomy, 1, 3 $(4) \quad x \neq \emptyset \implies (x > \emptyset \lor x < \emptyset) \implies x * x > \emptyset \quad \blacksquare \quad x \neq \emptyset \implies x * x > \emptyset$ (1) $1 \neq 0 \quad \blacksquare \quad 1 = 1 * 1 > 0$ $(1) \quad (0 < x < y) \implies \dots$ $(1.1) \quad x * (1/x) = 1 > 0 \quad \blacksquare \quad x * (1/x) > 0$ from: Field, One Is Positive (1.3) y * (1/y) = 1 > 0 y * (1/y) > 0 $(1.4) 1/y < 0 \implies y * (1/y) < 0 \land y * (1/y) > 0 \implies \bot 1/y > 0$ $(1.5) \quad (1/x) * (1/y) > 0$ $(1.6) \quad 0 < 1/y = ((1/x) * (1/y)) * x < ((1/x) * (1/y)) * y = 1/x$ (1.19) $I(K, F, +, *) := Field(F, +, *) \land K \subset F \land Field(K, +, *)$ $I(K, F, +, *, <) := Ordered Field(F, +, *, <) \land K \subset F \land Ordered Field(K, +, *, <)$ $(\alpha) := \emptyset \neq \alpha \subset \mathbb{Q}$ $\overline{M(\alpha)} := \forall_{p \in \alpha} \forall_{q \in \mathbb{Q}} (q$ $\Pi(\alpha) := \forall_{p \in \alpha} \exists_{r \in \alpha} (p < r)$ $:= \{\alpha \in \mathbb{Q} | CutI(\alpha) \wedge CutII(\alpha) \wedge CutIII(\alpha) \}$ Corollary $I := (\alpha \in \mathbb{R} \land p \in \alpha \land q \in \mathbb{Q} \land q \notin \alpha) \implies p < q$ $(1) \quad (\alpha \in \mathbb{R} \land p \in \alpha \land q \in \mathbb{Q} \land q \notin \alpha) \implies \dots$ $(1.1) \quad \forall_{p' \in \alpha} \forall_{q' \in \mathbb{Q}} (q' < p' \implies q' \in \alpha)$ $(1.2) \quad q$ $(1.3) \quad (q \notin \alpha) \implies \dots$

(1.3.1) $q \ge p$

```
(1.3.2) \quad (q = p) \implies (p \in \alpha \land p \notin \alpha) \implies \bot \quad \blacksquare \quad q \neq p
     (1.3.3) \quad q \ge p \land q \ne p \quad \blacksquare \quad p < q
     (1.4) \quad q \notin \alpha \implies p < q \quad \blacksquare \quad p < q
(2) \quad (\alpha \in \mathbb{R} \land p \in \alpha \land q \in \mathbb{Q} \land q \notin \alpha) \implies p < q
        tCorollary II := (\alpha \in \mathbb{R} \land r, s \in \mathbb{Q} \land r < s \land r \notin \alpha) \implies s \notin \alpha
(1) \quad (\alpha \in \mathbb{R} \land r, s \in \mathbb{Q} \land r < s \land r \notin \alpha) \implies \dots
    (1.1) \quad \forall_{s' \in \alpha} \forall_{r' \in \mathbb{Q}} (r' < s' \implies r' \in \alpha)
    (1.2) \quad s \in \alpha \implies \left( r \in \mathbb{Q} \implies (r < s \implies r \in \alpha) \right) \quad \blacksquare \quad s \in \alpha \implies r \in \alpha
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     from: 1, 1.2
    (1.3) \quad r \notin \alpha \implies s \notin \alpha \quad \blacksquare \quad s \notin \alpha
(2) \quad (\alpha \in \mathbb{R} \land r, s \in \mathbb{Q} \land r < s \land r \notin \alpha) \implies s \notin \alpha
  <_{\mathbb{R}}(\alpha,\beta) := \alpha,\beta \in \mathbb{R} \land \alpha \subset \beta
    OrderTrichotomyOfR := OrderTrichotomy(\mathbb{R}, <_{\mathbb{R}})
(1) (\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R}) \implies \dots
    (1.1) \quad \neg(\alpha <_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \vee \alpha = \beta) \implies \dots
         (1.1.1) \quad \alpha \not\subset \beta \land \alpha \neq \beta
         (1.1.2) \quad \exists_{p'}(p' \in \alpha \land p' \notin \beta) \quad \blacksquare \quad p := choice(\{p' | p' \in \alpha \land p' \notin \beta\})
         (1.1.3) q \in \beta \implies \dots
          (1.1.3.1) \quad p, q \in \mathbb{Q}
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         from: CutCorollary1
            (1.1.3.2) q < p
            (1.1.3.3) q \in \alpha
         (1.1.4) \quad q \in \beta \implies q \in \alpha
         (1.1.5) \quad \forall_{q \in \beta} (q \in \alpha) \quad \blacksquare \quad \beta \subseteq \alpha
         (1.1.6) \quad \beta \subset \alpha \quad \blacksquare \quad \beta <_{\mathbb{R}} \quad \alpha
     (1.2) \quad \neg(\alpha <_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \lor \alpha = \beta) \implies \beta <_{\mathbb{R}} \alpha
     (1.3) \quad \neg(\alpha <_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \lor \alpha = \beta) \lor (\alpha <_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \lor \alpha = \beta) \quad \blacksquare (\beta <_{\mathbb{R}} \alpha) \lor (\alpha <_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \lor \alpha = \beta)
     (1.4) \quad \alpha = \beta \implies \neg(\alpha <_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \lor \beta <_{\mathbb{R}} \alpha)
    (1.5) \quad \alpha <_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \implies \neg(\alpha = \beta \lor \beta <_{\mathbb{R}} \alpha)
    (1.6) \quad \beta <_{\mathbb{R}} \alpha \implies \neg(\alpha = \beta \lor \alpha <_{\mathbb{R}} \beta)
     (1.7) \quad \alpha <_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \veebar \alpha = \beta \veebar \alpha <_{\mathbb{R}} \beta
(2) \quad (\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R}) \implies (\alpha <_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \veebar \alpha = \beta \veebar \alpha <_{\mathbb{R}} \beta)
(3) \quad \forall_{\alpha,\beta \in \mathbb{R}} (\alpha <_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \underline{\vee} \alpha = \beta \underline{\vee} \alpha <_{\mathbb{R}} \beta)
\overline{(4) \ OrderTrichotomy(\mathbb{R}, <_{\mathbb{R}})}
    OrderTransitivityOfR := OrderTransitivity(\mathbb{R}, <_{\mathbb{R}})
(1) (\alpha, \beta, \gamma \in \mathbb{R}) \implies \dots
    (1.1) \quad (\alpha <_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \wedge \beta <_{\mathbb{R}} \gamma) \implies \dots
        (1.1.1) \quad \alpha \subset \beta \land \beta \subset \gamma
        (1.1.2) \quad \forall_{a \in \alpha} (a \in \beta) \land \forall_{b \in \beta} (b \in \gamma)
        (1.1.3) \quad \forall_{\alpha \in \alpha} (\alpha \in \gamma) \quad \blacksquare \quad \alpha \subset \gamma \quad \blacksquare \quad \alpha <_{\mathbb{R}} \quad \gamma
    (1.2) \quad (\alpha <_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \wedge \beta <_{\mathbb{R}} \gamma) \implies \alpha <_{\mathbb{R}} \gamma
(2) \quad \overline{(\alpha, \beta, \gamma \in \mathbb{R})} \implies \overline{\left((\alpha <_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \land \beta <_{\mathbb{R}} \gamma) \implies \alpha <_{\mathbb{R}} \gamma\right)}
(3) \quad \forall_{\alpha,\beta,\gamma \in \mathbb{R}} \left( (\alpha <_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \land \beta <_{\mathbb{R}} \gamma) \implies \alpha <_{\mathbb{R}} \gamma \right)
 OrderOfR := Order(<_{\mathbb{R}}, \mathbb{R})
LUBPropertyOfR := LUBProperty(\mathbb{R}, <_{\mathbb{R}})
```

 $(1) \quad (\emptyset \neq A \subset \mathbb{R} \land Bounded Above(A, \mathbb{R}, <_{\mathbb{R}})) \implies \dots$

```
(1.1) \quad \gamma := \{ p \in \mathbb{Q} | \exists_{\alpha \in A} (p \in \alpha) \}
     (1.2) \quad A \neq \emptyset \quad \blacksquare \quad \exists_{\alpha}(\alpha \in A) \quad \blacksquare \quad \alpha_0 := choice(\{\alpha \mid \alpha \in A\})
     (1.3) \quad \alpha_0 \neq \emptyset \quad \blacksquare \ \exists_a (a \in \alpha_0) \quad \blacksquare \ a_0 := choice(\{a | a \in \alpha_0\}) \quad \blacksquare \ a_0 \in \gamma \quad \blacksquare \ \gamma \neq \emptyset
     (1.4) Bounded Above (A, \mathbb{R}, <_{\mathbb{R}}) = \exists_{\beta} (UpperBound(\beta, A, \mathbb{R}, <_{\mathbb{R}}))
     (1.5) \quad \beta_0 := choice(\{\beta | UpperBound(\beta, A, \mathbb{R}, <_{\mathbb{R}})\})
     (1.6) \quad \textit{UpperBound}(\beta_0, A, \mathbb{R}, <_{\mathbb{R}}) \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{\alpha \in A} (\alpha \leq_{\mathbb{R}} \beta_0) \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{\alpha \in A} (\alpha \subseteq \beta_0) \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{\alpha \in A} \forall_{\alpha \in A} (\alpha \in \beta_0)
     (1.7) \quad (\alpha \in A \land a \in \alpha) \iff a \in \gamma \quad \blacksquare \ \forall_{a \in \gamma} (a \in \beta_0) \quad \blacksquare \ \gamma \subseteq \beta_0
     (1.8) \quad \beta_0 \subset \mathbb{Q} \quad \blacksquare \quad \gamma \subseteq \beta_0 \subset \mathbb{Q} \quad \blacksquare \quad \gamma \subset \mathbb{Q}
     (1.9) \quad \emptyset \neq \gamma \subset \mathbb{Q} \quad \blacksquare \quad CutI(\gamma)
     (1.10) \quad (p \in \gamma \land q \in \mathbb{Q} \land q < p) \implies \dots
          (1.10.1) \quad p \in \gamma \quad \blacksquare \ \exists_{\alpha \in A} (p \in \alpha) \quad \blacksquare \ \alpha_1 := choice(\{\alpha \in A | p \in \alpha\})
         (1.10.2) \quad p \in \alpha_1 \land q \in \mathbb{Q} \land q 
     (1.11) \quad (p \in \gamma \land q \in \mathbb{Q} \land q < p) \implies q \in \gamma \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{p \in \gamma} \forall_{q \in \mathbb{Q}} (q < p \implies q \in \gamma) \quad \blacksquare \quad CutII(\gamma)
     (1.12) \quad p \in \gamma \implies \dots
          (1.12.1) \quad \exists_{\alpha \in A} (p \in \alpha) \quad \blacksquare \ \alpha_2 := choice(\{\alpha \in A | p \in \alpha\})
          (1.12.2) \quad \alpha_2 \in \mathbb{R} \quad \blacksquare \quad Cut II(\alpha_2) \quad \blacksquare \quad \exists_{r \in \alpha_2} (p < r) \quad \blacksquare \quad r_0 := choice(\{r \in \alpha_2 | p < r\}))
          (1.12.3) r_0 \in \alpha_2 \ \square \ r_0 \in \gamma
          (1.12.4) \quad p < r_0 \quad \blacksquare \quad p < r_0 \land r_0 \in \gamma \quad \blacksquare \quad \exists_{r \in \gamma} (p < r)
     (1.13) \quad p \in \gamma \implies \exists_{r \in \gamma} (p < r) \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{p \in \gamma} \exists_{r \in \gamma} (p < r) \quad \blacksquare \quad CutIII(\gamma)
     (1.14) \quad CutI(\gamma) \wedge CutII(\gamma) \wedge CutIII(\gamma) \quad \boxed{\gamma \in \mathbb{R}}
     (1.15) \quad \forall_{\alpha \in A} (\alpha \subseteq \gamma) \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{\alpha \in A} (\alpha \leq_{\mathbb{R}} \gamma)
     (1.16) \quad \forall_{\alpha \in A} (\alpha \leq_{\mathbb{R}} \gamma) \land \gamma \in \mathbb{R} \quad \blacksquare \quad UpperBound(\gamma, A, \mathbb{R}, <_{\mathbb{R}})
     (1.17) \quad \delta <_{\mathbb{R}} \gamma \implies \dots
          (1.17.1) \quad \delta \subset \gamma \quad \blacksquare \ \exists_s (s \in \gamma \land s \notin \delta) \quad \blacksquare \ s_0 := choice(\{s \in \mathbb{Q} | s \in \gamma \land s \notin \delta\})
          (1.17.2) \quad s_0 \in \gamma \quad \blacksquare \ \exists_{\alpha \in A} (s_0 \in \alpha) \quad \blacksquare \ \alpha_3 := choice(\{\alpha \in A | s_0 \in \alpha\})
          (1.17.3) \quad s_0 \in \alpha_3 \land s_0 \notin \delta \quad \blacksquare \ \exists_{s \in \mathbb{Q}} (s \in \alpha_3 \land s \notin \delta)
          (1.17.4) \delta \geq_{\mathbb{R}} \alpha_3 \Longrightarrow \dots
          (1.17.4.1) \quad \alpha_3 \subseteq \delta \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{s \in \mathbb{Q}} (s \in \alpha_3 \implies s \in \delta) \quad \blacksquare \quad \neg \exists_{s \in \mathbb{Q}} (s \in \alpha_3 \land s \notin \delta)
            (1.17.4.2) \quad \neg \exists_{s \in \mathbb{Q}} (s \in \alpha_3 \land s \notin \delta) \land \exists_{s \in \mathbb{Q}} (s \in \alpha_3 \land s \notin \delta) \quad \blacksquare \perp
          (1.17.5) \quad \delta \geq_{\mathbb{R}} \alpha_3 \implies \bot \quad \blacksquare \quad \delta <_{\mathbb{R}} \alpha_3 \quad \blacksquare \quad \exists_{\alpha \in A} (\delta <_{\mathbb{R}} \alpha) \quad \blacksquare \quad \exists_{\alpha \in A} (\neg (\alpha \leq_{\mathbb{R}} \delta))
          (1.17.6) \quad \neg \forall_{\alpha \in A} (\alpha \leq_{\mathbb{R}} \delta) \quad \blacksquare \quad \neg UpperBound(\delta, A, \mathbb{R}, <_{\mathbb{R}})
     (1.18) \quad \delta <_{\mathbb{R}} \gamma \implies \neg UpperBound(\delta, A, \mathbb{R}, <_{\mathbb{R}})) \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{\delta} \left(\delta <_{\mathbb{R}} \gamma \implies \neg UpperBound(\delta, A, \mathbb{R}, <_{\mathbb{R}})\right)
    (1.19) \quad UpperBound(\gamma, A, \mathbb{R}, <_{\mathbb{R}}) \land \forall_{\delta} (\delta <_{\mathbb{R}} \gamma \implies \neg UpperBound(\delta, A, \mathbb{R}, <_{\mathbb{R}}))
    (1.20) \quad LUB(\gamma, A, \mathbb{R}, <_{\mathbb{R}}) \quad \blacksquare \quad \exists_{\gamma \in S} \left( LUB(\gamma, A, \mathbb{R}, <_{\mathbb{R}}) \right)
(2) \quad \left(\emptyset \neq A \subset \mathbb{R} \land Bounded Above(A, \mathbb{R}, <_{\mathbb{R}})\right) \implies \exists_{\gamma \in S} \left(LUB(\gamma, A, \mathbb{R}, <_{\mathbb{R}})\right)
(3) \quad \forall_{A} \left( \left( \emptyset \neq A \subset \mathbb{R} \land Bounded Above(A, \mathbb{R}, <_{\mathbb{R}}) \right) \implies \exists_{\gamma \in S} \left( LUB(\gamma, A, \mathbb{R}, <_{\mathbb{R}}) \right) \right) \quad \blacksquare \quad LUBProperty(\mathbb{R}, <_{\mathbb{R}})
 +_{\mathbb{R}}(\alpha,\beta) := \alpha,\beta \in \mathbb{R} \land (\alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta) = \{r + s | r \in \alpha \land s \in \beta\}
    \mathbb{R} := \{ x \in \mathbb{Q} | x < 0 \}
0InR := 0_{\mathbb{R}} \in \mathbb{R}
(1) \quad -1 \in 0_{\mathbb{R}} \land 1 \notin 0_{\mathbb{R}} \quad \blacksquare \quad \emptyset \neq 0_{\mathbb{R}} \subseteq \mathbb{Q} \quad \blacksquare \quad CutI(0_{\mathbb{R}})
(2) \quad (x \in 0_{\mathbb{R}} \land y \in \mathbb{Q} \land y < x) \implies y < x < 0 \implies y < 0 \implies y \in 0_{\mathbb{R}} \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{x \in 0_{\mathbb{R}}} \forall_{y \in \mathbb{Q}} (y_0 < x \implies y \in 0_{\mathbb{R}}) \quad \blacksquare \quad CutII(0_{\mathbb{R}})
(3) \quad y := x/2 \quad \blacksquare \quad (x \in 0_{\mathbb{R}}) \implies (x < y < 0) \implies \exists_{y \in 0_{\mathbb{R}}} (x < y) \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{x \in 0_{\mathbb{R}}} \exists_{y \in 0_{\mathbb{R}}} (x < y) \quad \blacksquare \quad CutIII(0_{\mathbb{R}})
(4) \quad CutI(0_{\mathbb{R}}) \wedge CutII(0_{\mathbb{R}}) \wedge CutIII(0_{\mathbb{R}}) \quad \blacksquare \quad 0_{\mathbb{R}} \in \mathbb{R}
     ield\ \underline{Ad\ ditionClosureOf\ R}\ := (\alpha,\beta\in\mathbb{R}) \implies \overline{\big((\alpha+_{\mathbb{R}}\beta)\in\mathbb{R}\big)}
```

(1) $(\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R}) \implies \dots$

 $(1.1) \quad (\alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta) = \{r + s | r \in \alpha \land s \in \beta\}$

```
(1.2) \quad \emptyset \neq \alpha \subset \mathbb{Q} \land \emptyset \neq \beta \subset \mathbb{Q}
     (1.3) \quad \exists_a(a \in \alpha) \; ; \exists_b(b \in \beta) \quad \blacksquare \; a_0 := choice(\{a|a \in \alpha\}) \; ; \; b_0 := choice(\{b|b \in \beta\}) \quad \blacksquare \; a_0 + b_0 \in \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta
     (1.4) \quad \exists_{x}(x \notin \alpha) \; ; \; \exists_{y}(y_{0} \notin \beta) \quad \blacksquare \; x_{0} \mathrel{\mathop:}= choice(\{x | x \notin \alpha\}) \; ; \; y_{0} \mathrel{\mathop:}= choice(\{y | y \notin \beta\})
     (1.5) \quad \forall_{r \in \alpha}(r < x_0) \; ; \; \forall_{s \in \beta}(s < y_0) \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{r \in \alpha}\forall_{s \in \beta}(r + s < x_0 + y_0) \quad \blacksquare \quad x_0 + y_0 \notin \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta
     (1.6) \quad \emptyset \neq \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \subset \mathbb{Q} \quad \blacksquare \quad CutI(\alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta)
     (1.7) \quad (p \in \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \wedge q \in \mathbb{Q} \wedge q < p) \implies \dots
         (1.7.1) \quad \exists_{r \in \alpha} \exists_{s \in \beta} (p = r + s) \quad \blacksquare (r_0, s_0) := choice((r, s) \in \alpha \times \beta | p = r + s)
         (1.7.2) \quad q 
         (1.7.3) \quad s_0 \in \beta \quad \blacksquare \quad q = (q - s_0) + s_0 \in \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \quad \blacksquare \quad q \in \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta
      (1.8) \quad (p \in \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \land q \in \mathbb{Q} \land q < p) \implies q \in \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{p \in \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta} \forall_{q \in \mathbb{Q}} (q < p \implies q \in \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta) \quad \blacksquare \quad CutII(\alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta)
     (1.9) p \in \alpha \implies \dots
          (1.9.1) \quad \exists_{r \in \alpha} \exists_{s \in \beta} (p = r + s) \quad \blacksquare (r_1, s_1) := choice(\{(r, s) \in \alpha \times \beta | p = r + s\})
          (1.9.2) \quad r_1 \in \alpha \quad \blacksquare \quad \exists_{t \in \alpha} (r_1 < t) \quad \blacksquare \quad t_0 := choice(\{t \in \alpha | r_1 < t\})
          (1.9.3) \quad \overline{s_1 \in \beta} \quad \blacksquare \quad t + s_1 \in \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \land p = r_1 + s_1 < t + s_1 \quad \blacksquare \quad \exists_{r \in \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta} (p < r)
     (1.10) \quad p \in \alpha \implies \exists_{r \in \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta} (p < r) \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{p \in \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta} \exists_{r \in \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta} (p < r) \quad \blacksquare \quad CutIII(\alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta)
     (1.11) \quad CutI(\alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta) \wedge CutII(\alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta) \wedge CutIII(\alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta) \quad \blacksquare \quad \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \in \mathbb{R}
(2) \quad (\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R}) \implies \left( (\alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta) \in \mathbb{R} \right)
       eld\ Addition Commutativity Of\ R := (\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R}) \implies (\alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta = \beta +_{\mathbb{R}} \alpha)
(1) \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta = \{r + s | r \in \alpha \land s \in \beta\} = \{s + r | s \in \beta \land r \in \alpha\} = \beta +_{\mathbb{R}} \alpha
   Field Addition Associativity OfR := (\alpha, \beta, \gamma \in \mathbb{R}) \implies ((\alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta) +_{\mathbb{R}} \gamma = \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} (\beta +_{\mathbb{R}} \gamma))
(1) \quad (\alpha, \beta, \gamma \in \mathbb{R}) \implies \dots
   (1.1) \quad (\alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta) +_{\mathbb{R}} \gamma = \{ (a+b) + c | a \in \alpha \land b \in \beta \land c \in \gamma \} = \dots
    (1.2) \quad \{a + (b+c) | a \in \alpha \land b \in \beta \land c \in \gamma\} = \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} (\beta +_{\mathbb{R}} \gamma)
(2) \quad (\alpha, \beta, \gamma \in \mathbb{R}) \implies (\alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta) +_{\mathbb{R}} \gamma = \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} (\beta +_{\mathbb{R}} \gamma)
      ield\ Addition\ I\ dentity\ Of\ R\ := (\alpha \in \mathbb{R}) \implies 0_{\mathbb{R}} +_{\mathbb{R}} \alpha = \alpha
(1) \quad \alpha \in \mathbb{R} \implies \dots
    (1.1) \quad (r \in \alpha \land s \in 0_{\mathbb{R}}) \implies \dots
       (1.1.1) \quad s < 0 \quad || r + s < r + 0 = r \quad || r + s < r \quad || r + s \in \alpha
     (1.2) \quad (r \in \alpha \land s \in 0_{\mathbb{R}}) \implies r + s \in \alpha \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{r \in \alpha} \forall_{s \in 0_{\mathbb{D}}} (r + s \in \alpha)
     (1.3) \quad (r \in \alpha \land s \in 0_{\mathbb{R}}) \iff (r + s \in \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} 0_{\mathbb{R}}) \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{p \in \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} 0_{\mathbb{R}}} (p \in \alpha) \quad \blacksquare \quad \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} 0_{\mathbb{R}} \subseteq \alpha
     (1.4) p \in \alpha \implies \dots
       (1.4.1) \quad \exists_{r \in \alpha} (p < r) \quad \blacksquare \quad r_2 := \overline{choice(\{r \in \alpha | p < r\})}
        (1.4.2) \quad p < r_2 \quad \blacksquare \quad p - r_2 < r_2 - r_2 = 0 \quad \blacksquare \quad (p - r_2) < 0 \quad \blacksquare \quad (p - r_2) \in 0_{\mathbb{R}}
         (1.4.3) \quad r_2 \in \alpha \quad \blacksquare \quad p = r_2 + (p - r_2) \in \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} 0_{\mathbb{R}} \quad \blacksquare \quad p \in \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} 0_{\mathbb{R}}
     (1.5) \quad p \in \alpha \implies p \in \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} 0_{\mathbb{R}} \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{p \in \alpha} (p \in \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} 0_{\mathbb{R}}) \quad \blacksquare \quad \alpha \subseteq \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} 0_{\mathbb{R}}
     (1.6) \quad \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} 0_{\mathbb{R}} \subseteq \alpha \wedge \alpha \subseteq \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} 0_{\mathbb{R}} \quad \blacksquare \quad 0_{\mathbb{R}} +_{\mathbb{R}} \alpha = \alpha
(2) \quad \alpha \in \mathbb{R} \implies 0_{\mathbb{R}} +_{\mathbb{R}} \alpha = \alpha
  \overline{\text{Field Addition InverseO}} f \, \overline{\text{R}} := (\alpha \in \mathbb{R}) \implies \exists_{-\alpha \in \mathbb{R}} \left( \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \overline{(-\alpha)} = \overline{0}_{\mathbb{R}} \right) 
(1) \alpha \in \mathbb{R} \implies \dots
     (1.1) \quad \beta := \{ p \in \mathbb{Q} | \exists_{r>0} (-p - r \notin \alpha) \}
     (1.2) \quad \alpha \subset \mathbb{Q} \quad \blacksquare \ \exists_{s \in \mathbb{Q}} (s \notin \alpha) \quad \blacksquare \ s_0 := choice(\{s | s \notin \alpha\}) \quad \blacksquare \ p_0 := -s_0 - 1
     (1.3) \quad -p_0 - 1 = -(-s_0 - 1) - 1 = s_0 \notin \alpha \quad \blacksquare \quad -p_0 - 1 \notin \alpha \quad \blacksquare \quad \exists_{r > 0} (-p_0 - r \notin \alpha) \quad \blacksquare \quad p_0 \in \beta
     (1.4) \quad \emptyset \neq \alpha \quad \blacksquare \quad \exists_{q \in \alpha} \quad \blacksquare \quad q_0 := choice(\{q \in \mathbb{Q} | q \in \alpha\})
     (1.5) r > 0 \Longrightarrow \dots
```

 $(1.5.1) \quad q_0 \in \alpha \quad \blacksquare \ -(-q_0) - r = q_0 - r < q_0 \quad \blacksquare \ -(-q_0) - r < q_0 \quad \blacksquare \ -(-q_0) - r \in \alpha$

```
(1.6) \quad \forall_{r>0} \left( -(-q_0) - r \in \alpha \right) \quad \blacksquare \quad \neg \exists_{r>0} \left( -(-q_0) - r \notin \alpha \right) \quad \blacksquare \quad -q_0 \notin \beta
    (1.7) \quad \emptyset \neq \beta \subset \mathbb{Q} \quad \blacksquare \quad CutI(\beta)
    (1.8) \quad (p \in \beta \land q \in \mathbb{Q} \land q < p) \implies \dots
        (1.8.1) \quad p \in \beta \quad \blacksquare \quad \exists_{r>0} (-p - r \notin \alpha) \quad \blacksquare \quad r_0 := choice(\{r > 0 | -p - r \notin \alpha\})
        (1.8.2) q 
         (1.8.3) \quad -q - r \notin \alpha \quad \blacksquare \quad q \in \beta
     (1.9) \quad (p \in \beta \land q \in \mathbb{Q} \land q < p) \implies q \in \beta \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{p \in \beta} \forall_{q \in \mathbb{Q}} (q < p \implies q \in \beta) \quad \blacksquare \quad Cut II(\beta)
    (1.10) p \in \beta \implies \dots
         (1.10.1) \quad p \in \beta \quad \blacksquare \quad \exists_{r>0} (-p-r \notin \alpha) \quad \blacksquare \quad r_1 := \overline{choice}(\{r>0|-p-r \notin \alpha\})
         (1.10.2) \quad t_0 := p + (r_1/2)
         (1.10.3) r_1 > 0   r_1/2 > 0
         (1.10.4) \quad t_0 > t_0 - (r_1/2) = p \quad \blacksquare t_0 > p
         (1.10.5) \quad -t_0 - (r_1/2) = -(p + (r_1/2)) - (r_1/2) = -p - r_1
         (1.10.6) \quad -p - r_1 \notin \alpha \quad \blacksquare \quad -t_0 - (r_1/2) \notin \alpha \quad \blacksquare \quad \exists_{r>0} (-t_0 - r \notin \alpha) \quad \blacksquare \quad t_0 \in \beta
         (1.10.7) \quad t_0 > p \land t_0 \in \beta \quad \blacksquare \quad \exists_{t \in \beta} (p < t)
    (1.11) \quad \overline{p \in \beta} \implies \exists_{t \in \beta} (p < t) \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{p \in \beta} \exists_{t \in \beta} (p < t) \quad \blacksquare \quad CutIII(\beta)
    (1.12) CutI(\beta) \wedge CutII(\beta) \wedge CutIII(\beta) \parallel \beta \in \mathbb{R}
    (1.13) \quad \overline{(r \in \alpha \land s \in \beta)} \implies \dots
         (1.13.1) \quad s \in \beta \quad \blacksquare \ \exists_{t>0} (-s - t \notin \alpha) \quad \blacksquare \ t_1 := choice(\{t>0| -s - t \notin \alpha\}) \quad \blacksquare \ -s - t_1 < -s
        (1.13.2) \quad \alpha \in \mathbb{R} \land s, t_1 \in \mathbb{Q} \land -s - t_1 < -s \land -s - t_1 \notin \alpha \quad \blacksquare \ -s \notin \alpha
         (1.13.3) \quad \alpha \in \mathbb{R} \land r \in \alpha \land -s \notin \alpha \quad \blacksquare \quad r < -s \quad \blacksquare \quad r + s < 0 \quad \blacksquare \quad r + s \in 0_{\mathbb{R}}
     (1.14) \quad (r \in \alpha \land s \in \beta) \implies r + s \in 0_{\mathbb{R}} \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{(r,s) \in \alpha \times \beta} (r + s \in 0_{\mathbb{R}}) \quad \blacksquare \quad \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \subseteq 0_{\mathbb{R}}
    (1.15) \quad v \in 0_{\mathbb{R}} \implies \dots
         (1.15.1) \quad v < 0 \quad \blacksquare \quad w_0 := -v/2 \quad \blacksquare \quad w > 0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        from: ARCHIMEDEANPROPERTYOFQ + LUB?
         (1.15.2) \quad \exists_{n \in \mathbb{Z}} \left( nw_0 \in \alpha \land (n+1)w_0 \notin \alpha \right) \quad \blacksquare \quad n_0 := choice \left( \{ n \in \mathbb{Z} \mid nw_0 \in \alpha \land (n+1)w_0 \notin \alpha \} \right)
         (1.15.3) \quad p_0 := -(n_0 + 2)w_0 \quad \blacksquare \quad -p_0 - w_0 = (n_0 + 2)w_0 - w_0 = (n_0 + 1)w_0 \not\in \alpha \quad \blacksquare \quad -p_0 - w_0 \not\in \alpha \quad \blacksquare \quad p_0 \in \beta
         (1.15.4) \quad n_0 w_0 \in \alpha \land p_0 \in \beta \quad \blacksquare \quad n_0 w_0 + p_0 = n_0 (-v/2) + -(n_0 + 2) - v/2 = v \in \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta
    (1.16) \quad v \in \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{R}} \implies v \in \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{v \in \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{D}}} (v \in \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta) \quad \blacksquare \quad \mathcal{O}_{\mathbb{R}} \subseteq \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta
    (1.17) \quad \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \subseteq 0_{\mathbb{R}} \wedge 0_{\mathbb{R}} \subseteq \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta \quad \blacksquare \quad \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta = 0_{\mathbb{R}}
    (1.18) \quad \beta \in \mathbb{R} \land \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \beta = 0_{\mathbb{R}} \quad \blacksquare \quad \exists_{-\alpha \in \mathbb{R}} \left( \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} (-\alpha) = 0_{\mathbb{R}} \right)
(2) \quad \alpha \in \mathbb{R} \implies \exists_{-\alpha \in \mathbb{R}} \left( \alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} (-\alpha) = 0_{\mathbb{R}} \right)
     (\alpha, \beta) :=
   = \{x \in \mathbb{Q} | x < 1\}
     (s \ N \ ot 0) := 0_{\mathbb{R}} \neq 1_{\mathbb{R}}
               :=1_{\mathbb{R}}\in\mathbb{R}
                                                                                    := (\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R}) \implies ((\alpha *_{\mathbb{R}} \beta) \in \mathbb{R})
                                                                                                 \overset{\mathbf{R}}{:} := (\alpha, \beta \in \mathbb{R}) \implies (\alpha *_{\mathbb{R}} \beta = \beta *_{\mathbb{R}} \alpha)
                                                                                                 := (\alpha, \overline{\beta}, \gamma \in \mathbb{R}) \implies \left( (\alpha *_{\mathbb{R}} \beta) *_{\mathbb{R}} \gamma = \alpha *_{\mathbb{R}} (\overline{\beta} *_{\mathbb{R}} \gamma) \right)
                                                                                     := (\alpha \in \mathbb{R}) \implies 1_{\mathbb{R}} *_{\mathbb{R}} \alpha = \alpha

\Box Of R := (\alpha \in \mathbb{R}) \implies \exists_{1/\alpha \in \mathbb{R}} (\alpha *_{\mathbb{R}} (1/\alpha) = 1_{\mathbb{R}})

 Field Distributativity OfR := (\alpha, \overline{\beta}, \gamma \in \mathbb{R}) \implies \gamma *_{\mathbb{R}} (\alpha +_{\mathbb{R}} \overline{\beta}) = \gamma *_{\mathbb{R}} \alpha + \overline{\gamma} *_{\mathbb{R}} \overline{\beta}
     \operatorname{ield}W ith R:=\operatorname{Field}(\mathbb{R},+_{\mathbb{R}},*_{\mathbb{R}})
                  dFieldWithR := OrderedField(\mathbb{R}, +_{\mathbb{R}}, *_{\mathbb{R}}, <_{\mathbb{R}})
   \mathbb{Q}_{\mathbb{R}} := \{ \{ r \in \mathbb{Q} | r < q \} | q \in \mathbb{Q} \} \}
                                                                 \mathbf{R} := OrderedSubfield(\mathbb{Q}_{\mathbb{R}}, \mathbb{R}, +_{\mathbb{R}}, *_{\mathbb{R}}, <_{\mathbb{R}})
                                                   :=\mathbb{Q}_{\mathbb{R}}\simeq\mathbb{Q}
                                          \mathbb{R} := \exists_{\mathbb{R}} (LUBProperty(\mathbb{R}, <_{\mathbb{R}}) \land OrderedSubfield(\mathbb{Q}, \mathbb{R}, +_{\mathbb{R}}, *_{\mathbb{R}}, <_{\mathbb{R}}))
```

Root Lemma 1:= $(0 < a < b) \implies (b^n - a^n \le (b - a)nb^{n-1})$

 $(1) \quad (0 < a < b) \implies \dots$

IZ CHAPTER 1. KEAL ANALISI

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(1.1) b^n - a^n = (b - a) \sum_{i=1}^n (b^{n-i}a^{i-1})
```

(1.2) $0 < a < b \mid b/a > 1$

$$(1.3) \quad b/a > 1 \quad \blacksquare \quad \sum_{i=1}^{n} (b^{n-i}a^{i-1}) \le \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(b^{n-i}a^{i-1}(b/a)^{i-1}\right) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (b^{n-1}) = nb^{n-1} \quad \blacksquare \quad \sum_{i=1}^{n} (b^{n-i}a^{i-1}) \le \sum_{i=1}^{n} (b^{n-1}) = nb^{n-1} = nb^{n$$

$$(1.4) \quad b^n - a^n = (b - a) \sum_{i=1}^n (b^{n-i}a^{i-1}) \le (b - a)nb^{n-1} \quad \blacksquare \quad b^n - a^n \le (b - a)nb^{n-1}$$

(2)
$$(0 < a < b) \implies (b^n - a^n \le (b - a)nb^{n-1})$$

Root Existence In $\mathbb{R} := \forall_{0 < x \in \mathbb{R}} \forall_{0 < n \in \mathbb{Z}} \exists !_{0 < v \in \mathbb{R}} (y_0^n = x)$

(1) $(0 < x \in \mathbb{R} \land 0 < n \in \mathbb{Z}) \implies \dots$

- $(1.1) \quad E := \{ t \in \mathbb{R} | t > 0 \land t^n < x \} \quad \blacksquare \quad t \in E \iff (t \in \mathbb{R} \land t > 0 \land t^n < x)$
- $(1.2) \quad t_0 := x/(1+x) \quad \blacksquare \quad (t_0 = x/(1+x)) \land (t_0 \in \mathbb{R})$
- (1.3) $0 < x \mid 0 < x < 1 + x \mid t_0 = x/(1+x) > 0 \mid t_0 > 0$
- (1.4) $1 = (1+x)/(1+x) > x/(1+x) = t_0 \quad \blacksquare \quad 1 > t_0$
- (1.5) $(t_0 > 0) \land (1 > t_0) \quad 0 < t_0 < 1$
- $(1.6) \quad (0 < n \in \mathbb{Z}) \land (0 < t_0 < 1) \quad \blacksquare \ t_0^n \le t_0$
- $(1.7) \quad 0 < x \quad \blacksquare \quad x > x/(1+x) = t_0 \quad \blacksquare \quad x > t_0$
- $(1.8) \quad (t_0^n \le t_0) \land (x > t_0) \quad \blacksquare \quad t_0^n < x$
- $(1.9) \quad \left(t \in E \iff (t \in \mathbb{R} \land t > 0 \land t^n < x)\right) \land (t_0 \in \mathbb{R}) \land (t_0 > 0) \land (t_0^n < x) \quad \blacksquare \quad t_0 \in E \quad \blacksquare \quad \emptyset \neq E$
- $(1.10) \quad t_1 := choice(\{t \in \mathbb{R} | t > 1 + x\}) \quad \blacksquare \quad (t_1 \in \mathbb{R}) \land (t_1 > 1 + x)$
- $(1.11) \quad x > 0 \quad \blacksquare \ t_1 > 1 + x > 1 \quad \blacksquare \ t_1 > 1 \quad \blacksquare \ t_1^{n} \ge t_1$
- $(1.12) \quad (t_1^n \ge t_1) \land (t_1 > 1 + x) \land (1 > 0) \quad \blacksquare \ t_1^n \ge t_1 > 1 + x > x \quad \blacksquare \ t_1^n > x$
- $(1.13) \quad \left(t \in E \iff (t \in \mathbb{R} \land t > 0 \land t^n < x)\right) \land (t_1^n > x) \quad \blacksquare t_1 \notin E \quad \blacksquare E \subset \mathbb{R}$
- $(1.14) \quad (\emptyset \neq E) \land (E \subset \mathbb{R}) \quad \blacksquare \quad \emptyset \neq E \subset \mathbb{R}$
- $(1.15) \quad t \in E \implies \dots$
 - $(1.15.1) \quad (t \in E) \land (t \in E \iff (t \in \mathbb{R} \land t > 0 \land t^n < x)) \quad \blacksquare \ t^n < x$
 - $(1.15.2) \quad (t_1^n > x) \land (t^n < x) \quad \blacksquare \ t^n < x < t_1^n \quad \blacksquare \ t < t_1$
- $(1.16) \quad t \in E \implies t < t_1 \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{t \in E} (t \le t_1) \quad \blacksquare \quad UpperBound(t_1, E, \mathbb{R}, <) \quad \blacksquare \quad Bounded \ Above(E, \mathbb{R}, <)$
- (1.17) CompletenessOf $R \mid LUBProperty(\mathbb{R}, <)$
- $(1.18) \quad \left(LUBProperty(\mathbb{R},<)\right) \land (\emptyset \neq E \subset \mathbb{R}) \land \left(Bounded Above(E,\mathbb{R},<)\right) \quad \blacksquare \quad \exists_{v \in \mathbb{R}} \left(LUB(y,E,\mathbb{R},<)\right) \quad \dots$
- $(1.19) \quad \dots y_0 := choice(\{y \in \mathbb{R} | \underline{LUB}(y, E, \mathbb{R}, <)\}) \quad \blacksquare \quad \underline{LUB}(y_0, E, \mathbb{R}, <)$
- $(1.20) \quad (LUB(y_0, E, \mathbb{R}, <)) \land (t_0 \in E) \land (t_0 > 0) \quad \blacksquare \quad 0 < t_0 \le y_0 \quad \blacksquare \quad y_0 > 0$
- $(1.21) \quad y_0^n < x \implies \dots$
 - $(1.21.1) \quad k_0 := \frac{x y_0^n}{n(y_0 + 1)^{n 1}} \quad \blacksquare \quad k_0 \in \mathbb{R}$
 - $(1.21.2) \quad y_0^n < x \quad \blacksquare \quad 0 < x y_0^n$
 - $(1.21.3) \quad (n > 0) \land (y_0 > 0) \quad \blacksquare \quad 0 < n(y_0 + 1)^{n-1}$
 - $(1.21.4) \quad (0 < x y_0^n) \land \left(0 < n(y_0 + 1)^{n-1}\right) \quad \blacksquare \quad 0 < \frac{x y_0^n}{n(y_0 + 1)^{n-1}} = k_0 \quad \blacksquare \quad 0 < k_0$
 - $(1.21.5) \quad (0 < 1 \in \mathbb{R}) \land (0 < k_0 \in \mathbb{R}) \quad \blacksquare \quad 0 < \min(1, k_0) \in \mathbb{R}$
 - $(1.21.6) \quad \textit{QDenseInR} \land \left(0, \min(1, k_0) \in \mathbb{R}\right) \land \left(0 < \min(1, k_0)\right) \quad \blacksquare \quad \exists_{h \in \mathbb{Q}} \left(0 < h < \min(1, k_0)\right) \quad \dots$
 - $(1.21.7) \quad \dots h_0 := choice\left(\left\{h \in \mathbb{Q} \middle| 0 < h < min(1, k_0)\right\}\right) \quad \blacksquare \quad (0 < h_0 < 1) \land \left(h_0 < k_0 = \frac{x y_0^n}{n(y_0 + 1)^{n-1}}\right)$
 - $(1.21.8) \quad (y_0 > 0) \land (h_0 > 0) \quad \blacksquare \quad 0 < y_0 < y_0 + h_0$
 - $(1.21.9) \quad \textit{RootLemma1} \land (0 < y_0 < y_0 + h_0) \quad \blacksquare (y_0 + h_0)^n y_0^n < h_0 n (y_0 + h_0)^{n-1}$
 - $(1.21.10) \quad h_0 < 1 \quad \blacksquare \quad h_0 n(y_0 + h_0)^{n-1} < h_0 n(y_0 + 1)^{n-1}$
 - $(1.21.11) \quad \left((y_0 + h_0)^n y_0^n < h_0 n (y_0 + h_0)^{n-1} \right) \wedge \left(h_0 n (y_0 + h_0)^{n-1} < h_0 n (y_0 + 1)^{n-1} \right) \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n y_0^n < h_0 n (y_0 + 1)^{n-1}$
 - $(1.21.12) \quad \left(0 < n(y_0 + 1)^{n-1}\right) \wedge \left(h_0 < k_0 = \frac{x y_0^n}{n(y_0 + 1)^{n-1}}\right) \quad \blacksquare \quad h_0 n(y_0 + 1)^{n-1} < x y_0^n$
- $(1.21.13) \quad \left((y_0 + h_0)^n y_0^n < h_0 n (y_0 + 1)^{n-1} \right) \wedge \left(h_0 n (y_0 + 1)^{n-1} < x y_0^n \right) \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n y_0^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x y_0^n \quad (y_0 +$
- $(1.21.14) \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n y_0^n < x y_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n < x$

```
(1.21.15) \quad (0 < y_0 \mathbb{R}) \land (0 < h_0 < \mathbb{R}) \quad \blacksquare \quad 0 < y_0 < y_0 + h_0 \in \mathbb{R}
        (1.21.16) \quad (t \in E \iff (t \in \mathbb{R} \land t > 0 \land t^n < x)) \land ((y_0 + h_0)^n < x) \land (0 < y_0 + h_0 \in \mathbb{R}) \quad \blacksquare \quad (y_0 + h_0)^n \in E
        (1.21.17) \quad ((y_0 + h_0)^n \in E) \land (y_0 < y_0 + h_0) \quad \blacksquare \quad \exists_{e \in E} (y_0 < e)
         (1.21.18) \quad LUB(y_0, E, \mathbb{R}, <) \quad \blacksquare \quad UpperBound(y_0, E, \mathbb{R}, <) \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{e \in E}(e \le y_0) \quad \blacksquare \quad \neg \exists_{e \in E}(e > y_0)
        (1.21.19) \quad \left(\exists_{e \in E} (e > y_0)\right) \land \left(\neg \exists_{e \in E} (e > y_0)\right) \quad \blacksquare \perp
    (1.22) \quad y_0^n < x \implies \bot \quad \blacksquare \quad y_0^n \ge x
    (1.23) \quad y_0^n > x \implies \dots 123123
        (1.23.1) \quad k_1 := \frac{y_0^{n} - x}{n y_0^{n-1}} \quad \blacksquare \quad k_1 \in \mathbb{R} \land k_1 n y_0^{n-1} = y_0^{n} - x
        (1.23.2) \quad 0 < x \in \mathbb{R} \land 0 < n \in \mathbb{Z} \quad \blacksquare \quad y_0^n - x < y_0^n \le ny_0^n \quad \blacksquare \quad y_0^n - x < ny_0^n
        (1.23.3) k_1 = \frac{y_0^{n} - x}{ny_0^{n-1}} < \frac{ny_0^{n}}{ny_0^{n-1}} = y_0 \quad \blacksquare \quad k_1 < y_0
         (1.23.4) \quad y_0^n > x \quad \blacksquare \quad y_0^n - x > 0
        (1.23.5) \quad n > 0 \land y_0 > 0 \quad \blacksquare \quad 0 < ny_0^{n-1}
        (1.23.6) \quad 0 < y_0^n - x \wedge 0 < ny_0^{n-1} \quad \blacksquare \quad 0 < \frac{y_0^{n-x}}{ny_0^{n-1}} = k_1 \quad \blacksquare \quad 0 < k_1
         (1.23.7) \quad k_1 < y_0 \land 0 < k_1 \quad \blacksquare \quad 0 < k_1 < y_0
        (1.23.8) t \ge y_0 - k_1 \implies \dots
          (1.23.8.1) \quad t \ge y_0 - k_1 \quad \blacksquare \quad t^n \ge (y_0 - k_1)^n \quad \blacksquare \quad -t^n \le -(y_0 - k_1)^n \quad \blacksquare \quad y_0^n - t^n \le y_0^n - (y_0 - k_1)^n
            (1.23.8.2) \quad y_0^n - (y_0 - k_1)^n < (y_0 - y_0 + k_1)ny_0^{n-1} = k_1 ny_0^{n-1} = y_0^n - x
            (1.23.8.3) \quad y_0^n - t^n < y_0^n - x \quad \blacksquare \quad -t^n < -x \quad \blacksquare \quad t_n > x \quad \blacksquare \quad \neg (t_n < x) \quad \blacksquare \quad t \notin E
         (1.23.9) \quad t \ge y_0 - k_1 \implies t \notin E \quad \blacksquare \quad t \in E \implies t < y_0 - k_1
        (1.23.10) \quad \forall_{t \in E} (t \le y_0 - k_1) \quad \blacksquare \quad UpperBound(y_0 - k_1, E, \mathbb{R}, <)
         (1.23.11) \quad LUB(y_0, E, \mathbb{R}, <) \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{z \in \mathbb{R}} \left( z < y_0 \implies \neg UpperBound(z, E, \mathbb{R}, <) \right)
        (1.23.12) \quad k_1 > 0 \quad \blacksquare \quad y - k_1 < y_0 \quad \blacksquare \quad \neg UpperBound(y_0 - k_1, E, \mathbb{R}, <)
        (1.23.13) UpperBound(y_0 - k_1, E, \mathbb{R}, <) \land \neg UpperBound(y_0 - k_1, E, \mathbb{R}, <) 
    (1.24) \quad y_0^n > x \implies \bot \quad \blacksquare \quad y_0^n \le x
    (1.25) \quad (y_0^n < x \le y_0^n = x \le x < y_0^n) \land (y_0^n \ge x) \land (y_0^n \le x) \quad \blacksquare y_0^n = x
    (1.26) \quad y_0^n = x \land y_0 \in \mathbb{R} \quad \blacksquare \quad \exists_{y \in \mathbb{R}} (y^n = x)
    (1.27) \quad y_1, y_2 := choice(\{y \in \mathbb{R} | y^n = x\}) \quad \blacksquare \quad y_1 \neq y_2 \implies \dots
       (1.27.1) \quad (y_1 < y_2) \veebar (y_2 < y_1) \quad \blacksquare \quad (x = y_1^n < y_2^n = x) \veebar (x = y_2^n < y_1^n = x) \quad \blacksquare \quad (x < x) \veebar (x > x) \quad \blacksquare \quad \bot \veebar \bot \quad \blacksquare \quad \bot
    (1.28) \quad y_1 \neq y_2 \implies \bot \quad \blacksquare \quad y_1 = y_2 \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{a,b \in \mathbb{R}} \left( (a^n = x \land b^n = x) \implies a = b \right)
    (1.29) \quad \exists_{v \in \mathbb{R}} (y^n = x) \land \forall_{a,b \in \mathbb{R}} \left( (a^n = x \land b^n = x) \implies a = b \right) \quad \blacksquare \quad \exists!_{v \in \mathbb{R}} (y^n = x)
(2) \quad (0 < x \in \mathbb{R} \land 0 < n \in \overline{\mathbb{Z}}) \implies \exists !_{y \in \mathbb{R}} (y^n = x) \quad \blacksquare \quad \forall_{0 < x \in \mathbb{R}} \forall_{0 < n \in \mathbb{Z}} \exists !_{0 < y \in \mathbb{R}} (y_0^n = x)
                                      \mathsf{RCorollary} := orall_{0 < a \in \mathbb{R}} orall_{0 < b \in \mathbb{R}} orall_{0 < n \in \mathbb{Z}} \Big( (ab)^{1/n} = a^{1/n} b^{1/n} \Big)
                                                (\bar{\mathbb{R}}, +, *, <) := \begin{cases} \bar{\mathbb{R}} = \mathbb{R} \cup \{-\infty, +\infty\} & \wedge & -\infty < x < \infty & \wedge \\ x + \infty = +\infty & \wedge & x - \infty = -\infty & \wedge & \frac{x}{+\infty} = \frac{x}{-\infty} = 0 & \wedge \\ (x > 0) \implies (x * (+\infty) = +\infty \wedge x * (-\infty) = -\infty) \wedge \\ (x < 0) \implies (x * (+\infty) = -\infty \wedge x * (-\infty) = +\infty) \end{cases}
\mathbb{C} := \{ \langle a, b \rangle \in \mathbb{R} \times \mathbb{R} \}
     (\langle a, b \rangle, \langle c, d \rangle) := \langle a +_{\mathbb{R}} c, b +_{\mathbb{R}} d \rangle
     (\langle a,b\rangle,\langle c,d\rangle):=\langle a*_{\mathbb{R}}c-b*_{\mathbb{R}}d,a*_{\mathbb{R}}d+b*_{\mathbb{R}}c\rangle
     Subfield C := Subfield(\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{C}, +, *)
i := \langle 0, 1 \rangle \in \mathbb{C}
\overline{CProperty} := (a, b \in \mathbb{R}) \implies (\langle a, b \rangle = a + bi)
```

Conjugate $(\overline{a+bi}) := a-bi$

14 CHAPTER 1. KEAL AWALISIS

Conjugate Properties := $(w, z \in \mathbb{C}) \implies \dots$ —

- $(1) \quad \overline{z+w} = \overline{z} + \overline{w}$
- $(2) \quad \overline{z * w} = \overline{z} * \overline{w}$
- $\overline{(3) \quad Re(z) = (1/2)(z+\overline{z}) \land Im(z) = (1/2)(z-\overline{z})}$
- $(4) \quad 0 \le z * \overline{z} \in \mathbb{R}$

Absolute V alue $C(|z|) = (z * \overline{z})^{1/2}$ Absolute V alue Properties $:= (z, w \in \mathbb{C}) \implies \dots$

 $\overline{(1)}$ 123123

TODO: - CALL WFFS DEFINITION BUT ABREVIATING ONLY WFF/RELATIONS AND NOT TERMS OR FUNCTIONS - MORE EXPLICIT MODUS PONENS ON OrderTrichotomyR ??? - name all properties - hyperlink all definitions ???

Chapter 2

Abstract Algebra

```
Relation(f, X) := f \subseteq X
Function(f, X, Y) := X \neq \emptyset \neq Y \land Relation(f, X \times Y) \land \forall_{x \in X} \exists !_{y \in Y} ((x, y) \in f)
(Function(f, X, Y) \land A \subseteq X \land B \subseteq Y) \implies \dots
(1) Domain(f) := X; Codomain(f) := Y
(2) Image(f, A) := \{f(a) | a \in A\}; Preimage(f, B) := \{a | f(a) \in B\}
(3) \quad Range(f) := Image(Domain(f))
Injective(f, X, Y) := Function(f, X, Y) \land \forall_{x_1, x_2 \in X} (x_1 \neq x_2 \implies f(x_1) \neq f(x_2))
Surjective(f, X, Y) := Function(f, X, Y) \land \forall_{y \in Y} \exists_{x \in X} (y_0 = f(x))
Bijective(f, X, Y) := Injective(f, X, Y) \land Surjective(f, X, Y)
                               := (Range(f) = Codomain(f)) \implies Surjective(f)
(Function(f, X, Y) \land Function(g, Y, Z)) \implies (f \circ g)(x) := f(g(x)); Function(f \circ g, X, Z)
               of Functions := (Function(f, A, B) \land Function(g, B, C) \land Function(h, C, D)) \implies \dots
(1) h \circ (g \circ f) = (h \circ g) \circ f
(2) \quad \left(Injective(f) \land \overline{Injective(g)}\right) \implies Injective(g \circ f)
(3) \quad \left( Surjective(f) \land Surjective(g) \right) \implies Surjective(g \circ f)
(4) \quad \left(Bijective(f,A,B)\right) \implies \exists_{f^{-1}} \Bigg(Function(f^{-1},B,A) \land \forall_{a \in A} \Big(f^{-1}\big(f(a)\big) = a\Big) \land \forall_{b \in B} \Big(f\Big(f^{-1}(b)\big) = b\Big)\Bigg)
(a,b) := a, b \in \mathbb{Z} \land a \neq 0 \land \exists_{c \in \mathbb{Z}} (b = ac)
   ivisibility Theorems: =(a,b,c,m,x,y\in\mathbb{Z})\implies \dots
(1) (a|b) \implies a|bc
(2) (a|b \wedge b|c) \implies a|c|
(3) (a|b \wedge b|c) \implies a|(bx + cy)
(4) (a|b \wedge b|a) \implies a = \pm b
(5) (a|b \land a > 0 \land b > 0) \implies (a \le b)
(6) (a|b) \iff (m \neq 0 \land ma|mb)
   \underbrace{\text{ivisionAlgorithm}} := (a, b \in \mathbb{Z} \land a > 0) \implies \exists !_{q,r \in \mathbb{Z}} (b = aq + r)
   D(a,b,c) := a,b,c \in \mathbb{Z} \land a|b \land a|c
     {}^{\mathbf{L}}\mathbf{D}(a,b,c) := CD(a,b,c) \land \forall_d ((d|b \land d|c) \implies d|a)
```

Chapter 3

EquivalentSystem() ...

Linear Algebra

```
(AB)^T = B^T A^T
Sym(A) := A^T = A
Skew(A) := A^T = -A
(B = A + A^T) \implies Sym(B)
(B = A - A^T) \implies Skew(B)
A = (1/2)(A + A^{T}) + (1/2)(A - A^{T}) = Sym(B_{1}) + Skew(B_{2})
Invertible(A) := \exists_{A^{-1}} (AA^{-1} = I = A^{-1}A)
\left(Invertible(A) \wedge Invertible(B)\right) \implies \left(Invertible(AB) \wedge (AB)^{-1} = B^{-1}A^{-1}\right)
(Invertible(A)) \implies (Invertible(A^{-1}) \land (A^{-1})^{-1} = A)
(Invertible(A)) \implies (Invertible(A^T) \land (A^T)^{-1} = (A^{-1})^T)
RREF(A) := (Definition 1.18)
ElementaryRowOperation(\phi) := (Definition 1.19)
\overline{RowEquivalent(A,B)}:=\exists_{\Phi}\Big(\forall_{\phi\in\Phi}\Big(ElementaryRowOperation(\phi)\Big)\land |\Phi|\in\mathbb{N}\land\Phi(A)=B\Big)\Big)
By Gauss-Jordan Elimination: NonZero(A) \implies \exists_B (RREF(B) \land RowEquivalent(A, B))
(AX = B \land CX = D \land RowEquivalent([A|B], [C|D])) \implies ([AX = B] \equiv [CX = D])
(RowEquivalent(A, B)) \implies ([AX = \mathbb{O}] \equiv [BX = \mathbb{O}])
```