

ESERCIZI VARIABILI

ALEATORIE

Nel lancio di due dadi, sia D la *differenza* (in valore assoluto) dei due esiti: $D((1,3)) = D((3,1)) = 2$, $D((4,4)) = 0$, ecc.
Calcolare la *funzione di probabilità* di D .

$$S_D = \{0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}, \text{ SPAZIO EQUIPROBABILE, } |\Omega| = 36$$

$$p_D(0) = P(D=0) = P(\omega \in \Omega : D(\omega) = 0) = P(\{(1,1), (2,2), \dots, (6,6)\}) = \frac{6}{36} = \boxed{\frac{1}{6}}.$$

$$p_D(1) = P(D=1) = P(\omega \in \Omega : D(\omega) = 1) = P(\{(1,2), (2,3), (3,4), (4,5), (5,6), (2,1), (3,2), (4,3), (5,4), (6,5)\}) = \frac{10}{36} = \boxed{\frac{5}{18}}.$$

$$p_D(2) = P(D=2) = P(\omega \in \Omega : D(\omega) = 2) = P(\{(1,3), (2,4), (3,5), (4,6), (3,1), (4,2), (5,3), (6,4)\}) = \frac{8}{36} = \boxed{\frac{2}{9}}.$$

$$p_D(3) = P(D=3) = P(\omega \in \Omega : D(\omega) = 3) = P(\{(1,4), (2,5), (3,6), (4,1), (5,2), (6,3)\}) = \frac{6}{36} = \boxed{\frac{1}{6}}.$$

$$p_D(4) = P(D=4) = P(\omega \in \Omega : D(\omega) = 4) = P(\{(1,5), (2,6), (5,1), (6,2)\}) = \frac{4}{36} = \boxed{\frac{1}{9}}.$$

$$p_D(5) = P(D=5) = P(\omega \in \Omega : D(\omega) = 5) = P(\{(1,6), (6,1)\}) = \frac{2}{36} = \boxed{\frac{1}{18}}.$$

d	0	1	2	3	4	5
p_D	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{5}{18}$	$\frac{2}{9}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{9}$	$\frac{1}{18}$
