CSc 3320: Systems Programming

Spring 2021

Midterm 2: Total points = 100

Assigned: 11th Apr 2021, Sunday 11:59 PM **Submission Deadline: 18th** Apr 2021, Sunday, 11.59 PM (No extensions. If your submission is not received by this time then it will NOT be accepted.)

Submission instructions:

- 1. Create a Google doc for your submission.
- 2. Start your responses from page 2 of the document and copy these instructions on page 1.
- 3. Fill in your name, campus ID and panther # in the fields provided. If this information is missing TWO POINTS WILL BE DEDUCTED.
- 4. Keep this page 1 intact. If this *submissions instructions* page is missing in your submission TWO POINTS WILL BE DEDUCTED.
- 5. Start your responses to each QUESTION on a new page.
 - 6. If you are being asked to write code copy the code into a separate txt file and submit that as well. The code should be executable. E.g. if asked for a C script then provide myfile.c so that we can execute that script. In your answer to the specific question, provide the steps on how to execute your file (like a ReadMe).
- 7. If you are being asked to test code or run specific commands or scripts, provide the evidence of your outputs through a screenshot and/or screen video-recordings and copy the same into the document.
- 8. Upon completion, download a .PDF version of the google doc document and submit the same along with all the supplementary files (videos, pictures, scripts etc).

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```
#include <stdio.h>
// simple enum for the sorting order
typedef enum sorting
      ascending = 1,
      descending = 2
} sorting;
// returns the sorting order derived from
sorting getOrder(char*);
// sorts the array
// (pointer to array, size of array, desired order)
void sort_numeric(double*, size_t, sorting);
// sorts the array using quicksort
void quicksort(double*, double*, double*, sorting);
// returns the location of the pivot
// all elements to the left are lower than ray[pivot]
// all elements to the right are higher than ray[pivot]
double* partition(double*, double*, double*, sorting);
// swaps two elements in an array of doubles
void swap(double*, double*);
// prints the given array
void print array(double*, size t);
void main(int argc, char *argv[])
      double evalArray[] = {
            10,
            0.25,
            -2342,
            12123,
            3.145435,
            6,
            6,
            5.999,
            -2,
            -5,
            -109.56
      };
```

```
double *evalArrayPointer = evalArray;
      size t size = (sizeof(evalArray))/(sizeof(evalArray[0]));
      int inputProvided = 0;
      sorting order = 0;
      // attempts to read the desired sorting order from the command line
arguments
      if (argc > 1) {
            order = getOrder(argv[1]);
      }
      // if the desired order couldn't be discerned, ask user
      while (!order)
            char input[1];
            printf("(A) scending or (D) escending? ");
            scanf("%s", input);
            order = getOrder(input);
      }
      printf("\nUnsorted array:\n");
      print array(evalArrayPointer, size);
      if (order == ascending) {
            printf("Ascending:\n");
            sort numeric(evalArrayPointer, size, ascending);
      } else {
            printf("Descending:\n");
            sort numeric(evalArrayPointer, size, descending);
      print_array(evalArrayPointer, size);
}
sorting getOrder(char* str)
{
      sorting order = 0;
      size t i = 0;
      // skip past '-' in the cases of '-a' or '-d'
      if (str[0] == '-') {
            i++;
      if (str[i] == 'a' || str[i] == 'A') {
            order = ascending;
      } else if (str[i] == 'd' || str[i] == 'D') {
            order = descending;
      return order;
```

```
}
void sort numeric(double* ray, size t size, sorting order)
      // pass the array, the location of the first element,
      // the location of the last element, and the desired order
      quicksort(ray, ray, ray+size-1, order);
void quicksort(double* ray, double* low, double* high, sorting order)
      if (low >= high) { return; } // nothing to sort here
      // after this, the pivot will be in the right place,
      // with everything else being in the correct 'half'
      double* pivot = partition(ray, low, high, order);
      // sort each 'half'
      quicksort(ray, low, pivot-1, order);
      quicksort(ray, pivot+1, high, order);
}
double* partition(double* ray, double* low, double* high, sorting order)
      // use the last element in this section as the pivot
      double pivotValue = *high;
      double* pivotIndex = low;
      double* index;
      // work from the left,
      // making sure everything to the left of the pivotIndex should be there
      // swaps if it needs to
      for (index = low; index <= high; index++)</pre>
      {
            if ((order == ascending && *index < pivotValue) || (order ==
descending && *index > pivotValue))
            {
                  swap(index, pivotIndex);
                  pivotIndex++;
      swap(pivotIndex, high);
      return pivotIndex;
}
void swap(double* a, double* b)
      double temp = *a;
      *a = *b;
      *b = temp;
}
```

```
void print_array(double* ray, size_t size)
{
    if (size <= 0) { return; }
    double* p;
    for (p = ray; p<&ray[size]; p++)
    {
        printf("%f\n", *p);
    }
    printf("\n");
}</pre>
```

```
[manderson113@gsuad.gsu.edu@snowball two]$ ./sortNumbers
(A)scending or (D)escending? a
Unsorted array:
10.000000
0.250000
-2342.000000
12123.000000
3.145435
6.000000
6.000000
5.999000
-2.000000
-5.000000
-109.560000
Ascending:
-2342.000000
-109.560000
-5.000000
-2.000000
0.250000
3.145435
5.999000
6.000000
6.000000
10.000000
12123.000000
```

```
[manderson113@gsuad.gsu.edu@snowball two]$ ./sortNumbers
(A)scending or (D)escending? d
Unsorted array:
10.000000
0.250000
-2342.000000
12123.000000
3.145435
6.000000
6.000000
5.999000
-2.000000
-5.000000
-109.560000
Descending:
12123.000000
10.000000
6.000000
6.000000
5.999000
3.145435
0.250000
-2.000000
-5.000000
-109.560000
-2342.000000
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
// simple enum for the sorting order
typedef enum sorting
      ascending = 1,
      descending = 2
} sorting;
// returns the sorting order derived from
sorting getOrder(char*);
// sorts the array
// (pointer to array, size of array, desired order)
void sort alphabetic(char**, size t, sorting);
// sorts the array using quicksort
void quicksort(char**, char**, char**, sorting);
// returns the location of the pivot
// all elements to the left are lower than ray[pivot]
// all elements to the right are higher than ray[pivot]
char** partition(char**, char**, char**, sorting);
// swaps two strings
void swap(char**, char**);
// prints the given array
void print array(char**, size t);
// the +1 is for the null character '\0'
#define MAX NAME SIZE 20 + 1
void main(int argc, char *argv[])
      char* evalArray[] = {
            "Systems",
            "Programming",
            "Deep",
            "Learning",
            "Internet",
            "Things",
            "Robotics",
            "Course"
      };
```

```
char** evalArrayPointer = evalArray;
      size t size = (sizeof(evalArray))/(sizeof(evalArray[0]));
      int inputProvided = 0;
      sorting order = 0;
      // attempts to read the desired sorting order from the command line
arguments
      if (argc > 1) {
            order = getOrder(argv[1]);
      }
      // if the desired order couldn't be discerned, ask user
      while (!order)
            char input[1];
            printf("(A) scending or (D) escending? ");
            scanf("%s", input);
            order = getOrder(input);
      }
      printf("\nUnsorted array:\n");
      print array(evalArrayPointer, size);
      sort alphabetic(evalArrayPointer, size, order);
      if (order == ascending) {
            printf("Ascending:\n");
      } else {
            printf("Descending:\n");
      print_array(evalArrayPointer, size);
}
sorting getOrder(char* str)
      sorting order = 0;
      size t i = 0;
      // skip past '-' in the cases of '-a' or '-d'
      if (str[0] == '-') {
            i++;
      if (str[i] == 'a' || str[i] == 'A') {
            order = ascending;
      } else if (str[i] == 'd' || str[i] == 'D') {
            order = descending;
      return order;
```

```
}
void sort alphabetic(char** ray, size t size, sorting order)
      // pass the array, the location of the first element,
      // the location of the last element, and the desired order
      quicksort(ray, ray, ray+size-1, order);
void quicksort(char** ray, char** low, char** high, sorting order)
      if (low >= high) { return; } // nothing to sort here
      // after this, the pivot will be in the right place,
      // with everything else being in the correct 'half'
      char** pivot = partition(ray, low, high, order);
      // sort each 'half'
      quicksort(ray, low, pivot-1, order);
      quicksort(ray, pivot+1, high, order);
}
char** partition(char** ray, char** low, char** high, sorting order)
      // use the last element in this section as the pivot
      char* pivotValue = *high;
      char** pivotIndex = low;
      char** index;
      // work from the left,
      // making sure everything to the left of the pivotIndex should be there
      // swaps if it needs to
      for (index = low; index <= high; index++)</pre>
            int cmp = strcasecmp(*index, *high);
            if ((order == ascending && cmp<0) || (order == descending &&
cmp>0)
            {
                  swap(index, pivotIndex);
                  pivotIndex++;
      swap(pivotIndex, high);
      return pivotIndex;
}
void swap(char** a, char** b)
      char* temp = *a;
      *a = *b;
```

```
*b = temp;
}

void print_array(char** ray, size_t size)
{
    if (size <= 0) { return; }
        char **p;
    for (p = &ray[0]; p < &ray[size]; p++)
        {
            printf("%s\n", *p);
        }
        printf("\n");
}</pre>
```

```
[manderson113@gsuad.gsu.edu@snowball two]$ ./sortNames a
Unsorted array:
Systems
Programming
Deep
.
Learning
Internet
Things
Robotics
Course
Ascending:
Course
Deep
Internet
Learning
Programming
Robotics
Systems
Things
```

```
[manderson113@gsuad.gsu.edu@snowball two]$ ./sortNames d
Unsorted array:
Systems
Programming
Deep
Learning
Internet
Things
Robotics
Course
Descending:
Things
Systems
Robotics
Programming
Learning
Internet
Deep
Course
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
// simple enum for the sorting order
typedef enum sorting
{
      ascending = 1,
      descending = 2
} sorting;
// returns the sorting order derived from
sorting getOrder(char*);
// sorts the array
// (pointer to array, size of array, desired order)
void sort_numeric(double*, size_t, sorting);
// sorts the array using quicksort
void quicksort(double*, double*, double*, sorting);
// returns the location of the pivot
// all elements to the left are lower than ray[pivot]
// all elements to the right are higher than ray[pivot]
double* partition(double*, double*, double*, sorting);
// swaps two elements in an array of doubles
void swap(double*, double*);
// prints the given array
void print array(double*, size t);
void main(int argc, char *argv[])
      const size t INITIAL COUNT = 10;
      const double GROWTH FACTOR = 1.5;
      double *ray;
      size t max size = INITIAL COUNT;
      ray = malloc(max_size * sizeof(double));
      size t size = 0;
      printf("Please enter any amount of doubles, 0 to quit:\n");
      size t index = 0;
      double val = 0;
      do
```

```
{
            scanf("%lf", &val);
            if (val != 0)
                   ray[index] = val;
                   index++;
                   size++;
                   if (size >= max size)
                         max size *= GROWTH FACTOR;
                         double *newray = (double*)realloc(ray, max size *
sizeof(double));
                         if (newray == NULL)
                               printf("Error allocating memory\n");
                               return;
                         } else {
                               ray = newray;
                         }
                   }
      } while (val != 0);
      int inputProvided = 0;
      sorting order = 0;
      // attempts to read the desired sorting order from the command line
arguments
      if (argc > 1) {
            order = getOrder(argv[1]);
      // if the desired order couldn't be discerned, ask user
      while (!order)
      {
            char input[1];
            printf("(A) scending or (D) escending? ");
            scanf("%s", input);
            order = getOrder(input);
      }
      //printf("\nUnsorted array:\n");
      //print_array(ray, size);
      if (order == ascending) {
            printf("Ascending:\n");
            sort numeric(ray, size, ascending);
      } else {
            printf("Descending:\n");
```

```
sort numeric(ray, size, descending);
      }
      print_array(ray, size);
      free(ray);
}
sorting getOrder(char* str)
      sorting order = 0;
      size t i = 0;
      // skip past '-' in the cases of '-a' or '-d'
      if (str[0] == '-') {
            i++;
      }
      if (str[i] == 'a' || str[i] == 'A') {
            order = ascending;
      } else if (str[i] == 'd' || str[i] == 'D') {
            order = descending;
      return order;
}
void sort_numeric(double* ray, size_t size, sorting order)
      // pass the array, the location of the first element,
      // the location of the last element, and the desired order
      quicksort(ray, ray, ray+size-1, order);
}
void quicksort(double* ray, double* low, double* high, sorting order)
      if (low >= high) { return; } // nothing to sort here
      // after this, the pivot will be in the right place,
      // with everything else being in the correct 'half'
      double* pivot = partition(ray, low, high, order);
      // sort each 'half'
      quicksort(ray, low, pivot-1, order);
      quicksort(ray, pivot+1, high, order);
}
double* partition(double* ray, double* low, double* high, sorting order)
{
      // use the last element in this section as the pivot
      double pivotValue = *high;
      double* pivotIndex = low;
      double* index;
      // work from the left,
```

```
// making sure everything to the left of the pivotIndex should be there
      // swaps if it needs to
      for (index = low; index <= high; index++)</pre>
            if ((order == ascending && *index < pivotValue) || (order ==</pre>
descending && *index > pivotValue))
                   swap(index, pivotIndex);
                   pivotIndex++;
      }
      swap(pivotIndex, high);
      return pivotIndex;
}
void swap(double* a, double* b)
      double temp = *a;
      *a = *b;
      *b = temp;
}
void print_array(double* ray, size_t size)
      if (size <= 0) { return; }</pre>
      double* p;
      for (p = ray; p<&ray[size]; p++)</pre>
            printf("%f\n", *p);
      printf("\n");
}
```

```
[manderson113@gsuad.gsu.edu@snowball two]$ ./dynamicSortNumbers
Please enter any amount of doubles, 0 to quit:
1 2 3 2 1 4 5 1 65 2 1 2 3 12 3 32.12 2 90
(A)scending or (D)escending? a
Ascending:
1.000000
1.000000
1.000000
1.000000
2.000000
2.000000
2.000000
2.000000
2.000000
3.000000
3.000000
3.000000
4.000000
5.000000
12.000000
32.120000
65.000000
90.000000
```

```
[manderson113@gsuad.gsu.edu@snowball two]$ ./dynamicSortNumbers d
Please enter any amount of doubles, 0 to quit:
-1 -213 -3.21 3.1415 2.78 17 12.2 12 9128 12 20 123 939 1 .211
Descending:
9128.000000
939.000000
123.000000
20.000000
17.000000
12.200000
12.000000
12.000000
3.141500
2.780000
1.000000
0.211000
-1.000000
-3.210000
-213.000000
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <string.h>
enum sexes {
     male,
      female,
      other
};
const char *sex_names[3] = {
      "Male",
      "Female",
      "Does not wish to identify"
};
enum dose number {
      one = 1,
      two = 2
};
enum vaccine_type {
      Pfizer,
      Moderna,
      Johnson
};
const char *vaccine names[3] = {
      "Pfizer",
      "Moderna",
      "Johnson & Johnson"
};
// accurate count of vaccine options
const unsigned int vaccine count =
sizeof(vaccine_names)/sizeof(vaccine_names[0]);
typedef enum selection_options {
      none = 0, // no selection made
      get = 1, // retrieving a record
      put = 2, // creating a record
      quit = 3 // exit the program
} selection;
// contains all the information stored for the form
```

```
typedef struct form {
      char firstName[50], lastName[50], zipcode[13], code[9];
      struct tm dateOfBirth, previousDose;
      enum sexes sex;
      enum dose number dose;
      enum vaccine type vaccine;
} Form;
// this struct stores all the forms and meta information for them
typedef struct registry {
     Form *forms;
                           // pointer to all the forms
      size t max;
                          // the current maximum count
                          // number of forms stored
      size_t count;
      double growthFactor; // how much to expand the memory by when it fills
up
} Registry;
// creates the form, and ensures there is enough
// memory allocated for all the forms
Form* create form(Registry*);
// prompts the user for the information to fill
// out the form and returns it
Form* register form(Form*);
// prints a form with formatting
void print form(Form*);
// generates the code for the given form and stores it
// in the form
Form* generate code(Form*);
// searches the registry for a form with a given code
Form* retrieve(char*, Registry*);
// initializes the registry, which is the struct that holds
void setup(Registry*);
// prompts the user for if they want to
// make a new record, search for a record, or quit
selection getSelection();
// prompts the user for a code to search the registry
void find form(Registry *vr);
// cleans up before quitting
void end(Registry *vr);
// fills the time struct with 0's
```

```
void zero time(struct tm*);
void main(int argc, char* argv[])
      Registry vr;
      setup(&vr);
      while (1) // continuous loop
            selection choice = getSelection();
            if (choice == put) { // create new entry
                  // creates and fills the form
                  Form *newForm = create form(&vr);
                  // adds the form to the registry
                  register form(newForm);
            } else if (choice == get) { // find entry
                  find form(&vr);
            } else {
                  end(&vr); // cleans up
                  return; // ends the program
      }
}
// initial setup for the registry to hold the forms
void setup(Registry *vr)
      const size t INITIAL COUNT = 5;
      const double GROWTH FACTOR = 1.5; // will increase by 1.5x times when
full
      vr->max = INITIAL_COUNT;
      vr->growthFactor = GROWTH FACTOR;
      vr->forms = (Form*)malloc(vr->max * sizeof(struct form));
      vr->count = 0;
}
// prompts the user for what action they'd like to preform
selection getSelection()
{
      selection choice = none;
      while (choice == none)
            printf("(N)ew, (R)etrieve, (Q)uit\n");
            char input[20];
            scanf("%s",input);
            char c = input[0];
            if ((c == 'n') || (c == 'N')) {
                  choice = put;
            } else if ((c == 'r') || (c == 'R')) {
```

```
choice = get;
            \} else if ((c == 'q') || (c == 'Q')) {
                   choice = quit;
      printf("\n");
      return choice;
}
// prompts the user for the code, prints the matching form
void find_form(Registry *vr)
      printf("Enter your vaccine code: \n");
      char input[20];
      scanf("%s",input);
      Form *f = retrieve(input, vr);
      printf("\n");
      if (f == NULL) {
            // not found
            printf("Record not found.\n\n");
      } else {
            print_form(f);
      }
// final cleanup
void end(Registry *vr)
      // frees the allocated space for the forms
      free (vr->forms);
}
Form* create form(Registry* vr)
      if (vr->count >= vr->max)
      {
            // need to expand allocated space
            vr->max *= vr->growthFactor;
            vr->forms = (Form*) realloc(vr->forms, vr->max * sizeof(struct
form));
      // get the index for the next form location
      Form *newForm = &(vr->forms[vr->count]);
      vr->count++;
      return newForm;
Form* register form(Form* f)
```

```
{
      // zero out all the members of the time structs
      zero_time(&f->dateOfBirth);
      zero_time(&f->previousDose);
      printf("First name: ");
      scanf("%s", f->firstName);
      printf("Last name: ");
      scanf("%s", f->lastName);
      printf("Date of birth (mm/dd/yyyy): ");
      scanf("%d/%d/%d", &(f->dateOfBirth.tm mon), &(f->dateOfBirth.tm mday),
&(f->dateOfBirth.tm_year));
      // months are from 0-11
      f->dateOfBirth.tm mon--;
      // years are from 1900
      f->dateOfBirth.tm year -= 1900;
      printf("(M)ale, (F)emale, (X) Do not wish to identify: ");
      char sex[20];
      scanf("%s", sex);
      char c = sex[0];
      if ((c == 'M') || (c == 'm')) {
            f->sex = male;
      } else if ((c == 'F') || (c == 'f')) {
            f->sex = female;
      } else {
            f->sex = other;
      }
      printf("Dose number: ");
      unsigned int dose;
      scanf("%d", &dose);
      if (dose == 2) {
            f->dose = two;
      } else {
            f->dose = one;
      }
      // only if the user had a previous dose
      if (f->dose > 1) {
            printf("Date of last dose (mm/dd/yyyy): ");
            scanf("%d/%d/%d", &(f->previousDose.tm mon),
&(f->previousDose.tm mday), &(f->previousDose.tm year));
            // months are from 0-11
            f->previousDose.tm mon--;
            // years are from 1900
            f->previousDose.tm year -= 1900;
```

```
}
      // print available vaccines
      unsigned int i;
      for (i=0; i<vaccine count; i++) {</pre>
            printf("%d: %s\n", i, vaccine names[i]);
      printf("Type of vaccine: ");
      unsigned int vaccine choice = -1; // becomes largest number for
unsigned ints
      while (vaccine_choice >= vaccine_count) // vaccine_choice cannot be
negative
            scanf("%d", &vaccine choice);
      f->vaccine = vaccine_choice;
      printf("Zip Code: ");
      scanf("%s", f->zipcode);
      printf("\n");
      generate code(f);
      return f;
// returns the form with the matching code, NULL otherwise
Form* retrieve(char* code, Registry *vr)
{
      int i;
      for (i=0; i < vr->count; i++) {
            Form *f = &(vr->forms[i]);
            char *formCode = f->code;
            if (strncmp(code, formCode, 8) == 0) {
                  return f;
      }
      return NULL;
// prints all information stored in the form
void print form(Form *f) {
      printf("Name: %s %s\n", f->firstName, f->lastName);
      printf("Date of birth: %d/%d/%d\n",
            f->dateOfBirth.tm mon+1, f->dateOfBirth.tm mday,
f->dateOfBirth.tm year + 1900
      );
      printf("Sex: %s\n", sex_names[f->sex]);
```

```
printf("Dose number: %d\n", f->dose);
      if (f->dose > 1) {
            // ony print if there was a previous dose
            printf("Date of last dose: %d/%d/%d\n",
                   f->previousDose.tm mon+1, f->previousDose.tm mday,
f->previousDose.tm year + 1900
            );
      }
      printf("Type of vaccine: %s\n", vaccine names[f->vaccine]);
      printf("Zip Code: %s\n", f->zipcode);
      printf("\n");
Form* generate code(Form* f)
      f->code[0] = f->firstName[0]; // first letter of first name
      f->code[1] = f->lastName[0]; // first letter of last name
      // time from 1900 to birth day in seconds
      time t birthTime = mktime( &f->dateOfBirth );
      time t currentTime;
      time(&currentTime); // time from 1900 to now in seconds
      // finds the user's current age
                                                             min hr
fix rounding issue
      int years = ((difftime(currentTime, birthTime) / (60 * 60 * 24 *
365.25)) + 1e-9);
      // age as two digits
      if (years <= 0) { // zeroes if less or equal to zero
            f->code[2] = '0';
            f->code[3] = '0';
      } else if (years >= 99) { // caps at 99
            f->code[2] = '9';
            f->code[3] = '9';
      else { // 0 < age < 99}
            char age[3];
            sprintf(age, "%d", years); // age = (string)years
            if (years < 10) {
                   f->code[2] = '0';
                   f \rightarrow code[3] = age[0];
             } else {
                   f \rightarrow code[2] = age[0];
                   f \rightarrow code[3] = age[1];
```

```
}
      f->code[4] = vaccine names[f->vaccine][0]; // first letter of vaccine
      int zipSize = strlen(f->zipcode);
      int i;
      int index = 5; // starts at the 5th index of the code, 6-8th characters
      for (i=zipSize-3; i<zipSize; i++)</pre>
            // gets last three characters of zip code
            if (i<0) {
                   // only relevant if zip code is less than three characters
                   // this shouldn't happen, but ensures the program won't
break
                   continue;
            f->code[index] = f->zipcode[i];
            index++;
      }
      f->code[index] = '\0'; // null character, end string
      printf("Your unique code: %s\n\n", f->code);
      return f;
}
// zeroes out the time struct, had issues with it otherwise
void zero time(struct tm *time)
      time->tm sec= 0;
      time->tm min = 0;
      time->tm hour = 0;
      time->tm mday = 0;
      time->tm mon = 0;
      time->tm year = 0;
      time->tm wday = 0;
      time->tm yday = 0;
      time->tm isdst = 0;
}
```

```
[manderson113@gsuad.gsu.edu@snowball two]$ ./vaccine
(N)ew, (R)etrieve, (Q)uit
n

First name: Brenda
Last name: Ackley
Date of birth (mm/dd/yyyy): 8/7/1998
(M)ale, (F)emale, (X) Do not wish to identify: f
Dose number: 1
0: Pfizer
1: Moderna
2: Johnson & Johnson
Type of vaccine: 1
Zip Code: 92562
Your unique code: BA22M562
(N)ew, (R)etrieve, (Q)uit
```

```
(N)ew, (R)etrieve, (Q)uit
n

First name: Johnny
Last name: Alsup
Date of birth (mm/dd/yyyy): 6/5/1952
(M)ale, (F)emale, (X) Do not wish to identify: m
Dose number: 2
Date of last dose (mm/dd/yyyy): 3/15/2021
0: Pfizer
1: Moderna
2: Johnson & Johnson
Type of vaccine: 2
Zip Code: 24309

Your unique code: JA68J309
```

```
(N)ew, (R)etrieve, (Q)uit
First name: Arie
Last name: Andres
Date of birth (mm/dd/yyyy): 7/4/1979
(M)ale, (F)emale, (X) Do not wish to identify: x
Dose number: 1
0: Pfizer
1: Moderna
2: Johnson & Johnson
Type of vaccine: 0
Zip Code: 40574
Your unique code: AA41P574
(N)ew, (R)etrieve, (Q)uit
First name: Carla
Last name: Harris
Date of birth (mm/dd/yyyy): 7/18/1991
(M)ale, (F)emale, (X) Do not wish to identify: f
Dose number: 1
0: Pfizer
1: Moderna
```

2: Johnson & Johnson Type of vaccine: 2 Zip Code: 62624

Your unique code: CH29J624

```
(N)ew, (R)etrieve, (Q)uit
n

First name: Mary
Last name: Hiatt
Date of birth (mm/dd/yyyy): 8/5/1988
(M)ale, (F)emale, (X) Do not wish to identify: f
Dose number: 1
0: Pfizer
1: Moderna
2: Johnson & Johnson
Type of vaccine: 1
Zip Code: 19032

Your unique code: MH32M032
```

```
(N)ew, (R)etrieve, (Q)uit
n

First name: Kelli
Last name: Holden
Date of birth (mm/dd/yyyy): 12/7/1983
(M)ale, (F)emale, (X) Do not wish to identify: x
Dose number: 2
Date of last dose (mm/dd/yyyy): 4/1/2021
0: Pfizer
1: Moderna
2: Johnson & Johnson
Type of vaccine: 1
Zip Code: 31153

Your unique code: KH37M153
```

```
(N)ew, (R)etrieve, (Q)uit
First name: Oscar
Last name: Jack
Date of birth (mm/dd/yyyy): 9/17/1950
(M)ale, (F)emale, (X) Do not wish to identify: m
Dose number: 1
0: Pfizer
1: Moderna
2: Johnson & Johnson
Type of vaccine: 0
Zip Code: 78843
Your unique code: 0J70P843
(N)ew, (R)etrieve, (Q)uit
First name: Joey
Last name: Johnson
Date of birth (mm/dd/yyyy): 3/5/1973
(M)ale, (F)emale, (X) Do not wish to identify: m
Dose number: 2
Date of last dose (mm/dd/yyyy): 1/1/2021
0: Pfizer
```

1: Moderna

2: Johnson & Johnson Type of vaccine: 2 Zip Code: 74358

Your unique code: JJ48J358

```
(N)ew, (R)etrieve, (Q)uit
n

First name: Roy
Last name: Lovett
Date of birth (mm/dd/yyyy): 8/25/1952
(M)ale, (F)emale, (X) Do not wish to identify: m
Dose number: 1
0: Pfizer
1: Moderna
2: Johnson & Johnson
Type of vaccine: 1
Zip Code: 40706

Your unique code: RL68M706
```

```
First name: Luis
Last name: Matsuda
Date of birth (mm/dd/yyyy): 8/28/1973
(M)ale, (F)emale, (X) Do not wish to identify: m
Dose number: 1
0: Pfizer
1: Moderna
2: Johnson & Johnson
Type of vaccine: 0
Zip Code: 36140

Your unique code: LM47P140
```

```
(N)ew, (R)etrieve, (Q)uit
n

First name: Elizabeth
Last name: Merritt
Date of birth (mm/dd/yyyy): 8/4/1984
(M)ale, (F)emale, (X) Do not wish to identify: f
Dose number: 2
Date of last dose (mm/dd/yyyy): 2/13/2021
0: Pfizer
1: Moderna
2: Johnson & Johnson
Type of vaccine: 2
Zip Code: 88756

Your unique code: EM36J756
```

```
(N)ew, (R)etrieve, (Q)uit
Enter your vaccine code:
CH29J624
Name: Carla Harris
Date of birth: 7/18/1991
Sex: Female
Dose number: 1
Type of vaccine: Johnson & Johnson
Zip Code: 62624
(N)ew, (R)etrieve, (Q)uit
Enter your vaccine code:
BA22M562
Name: Brenda Ackley
Date of birth: 8/7/1998
Sex: Female
Dose number: 1
Type of vaccine: Moderna
Zip Code: 92562
(N)ew, (R)etrieve, (Q)uit
Enter your vaccine code:
AA41P574
Name: Arie Andres
Date of birth: 7/4/1979
Sex: Does not wish to identify
Dose number: 1
Type of vaccine: Pfizer
Zip Code: 40574
(N)ew, (R)etrieve, (Q)uit
[manderson113@gsuad.gsu.edu@snowball two]$
```