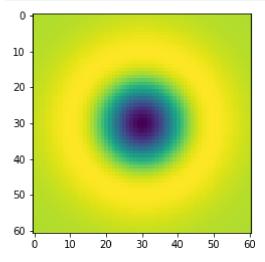
TRESHAN AYESH

190443T

```
In []:
    #Q1)
    import numpy as np
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

    sigma = 10
    hw = 3 * sigma
    X, Y = np.meshgrid(np.arange(-hw, hw+1, 1),np.arange(-hw, hw+1, 1))

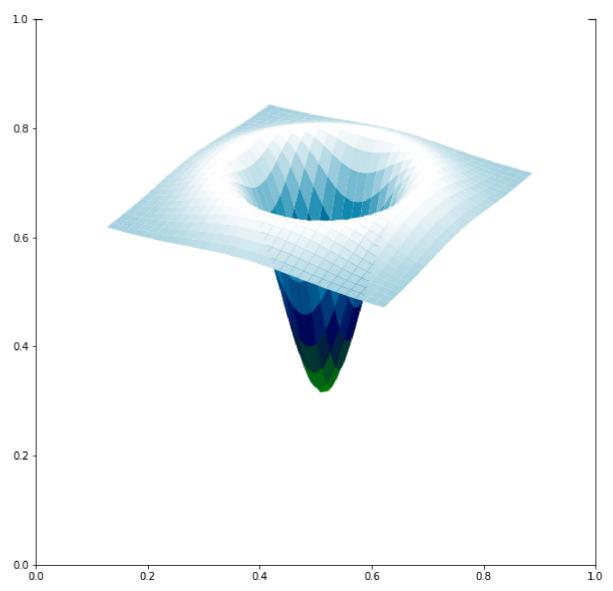
    log = 1/(2 * np.pi * sigma ** 2) * (X **2 /(sigma ** 2) + Y **2 /(sigma ** 2) -2)*np.ex
    plt.imshow(log)
    plt.show()
```



```
import cv2 as cv
import cv2 as cv
import numpy as np
from mpl_toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
from matplotlib import cm
from matplotlib.ticker import LinearLocator, FormatStrFormatter

fig,ax = plt.subplots(figsize = (10, 10))
ax = fig.add_subplot(111, projection = '3d')

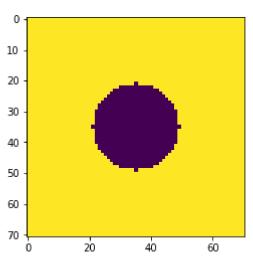
surf1 = ax.plot_surface(X, Y, log, cmap = cm.ocean, linewidth = 0, antialiased = True)
ax.zaxis.set_major_locator(LinearLocator(10))
ax.zaxis.set_major_formatter(FormatStrFormatter('%.02f'))
plt.axis('off')
plt.show()
```



```
In []: #Q2)#Genrating the circle
import numpy as np
import cv2 as cv
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

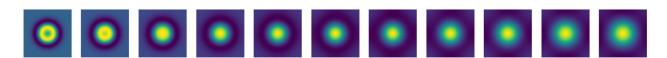
w,h = 71,71
hw , hh = w // 2 , h//2

f = np.ones((h,w) , dtype = np.float32) * 255
X, Y = X, Y = np.meshgrid(np.arange(-hh, hh+1, 1),np.arange(-hw, hw+1, 1))
r = w//5
f *= X**2 + Y**2 > r**2
plt.imshow(f)
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]:
         s = 11
         fig,ax = plt.subplots(2, s, figsize = (30,10))
         scale_space = np.empty((h, w, s) , dtype = np.float32)
         sigmas = np.arange(5,16,1)
         for i,sigma in enumerate(np.arange(5,16,1)):
             log_hw = 3 * np.max(sigmas)
             X, Y = np.meshgrid(np.arange(-log_hw, log_hw+1, 1),np.arange(-log_hw, log_hw+1, 1))
             log = 1/(2 * np.pi * sigma ** 2) * (X **2 /(sigma ** 2) + Y **2 /(sigma ** 2) -2)*n
             f_log = cv.filter2D(f, -1, log)
             scale_space[:,:,i] = f_log
             ax[0, i].imshow(log)
             ax[0,i].set_title(r'$\sigma = {}$'.format(sigma))
             ax[1, i].imshow(f_log)
             ax[1, i].axis('off')
         indices = np.unravel_index(np.argmax(scale_space , axis = None), scale_space.shape)
         print(indices)
         print(sigmas[indices[2]])
        (35, 35, 5)
```

```
(35, 35, 5)
10
x_{0} = 5
x_{0} = 6
x_{0} = 7
x_{0} = 8
x_{0} = 7
x_{0} = 8
x_{0} = 10
x_{
```



```
import cv2
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

img1 = cv2.imread('img1.ppm')
img2 = cv2.imread('img2.ppm')
```

```
img1 = cv2.cvtColor(img1, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
img2 = cv2.cvtColor(img2, cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)

sift = cv2.SIFT_create()

keypoints_1, descriptors_1 = sift.detectAndCompute(img1,None)
keypoints_2, descriptors_2 = sift.detectAndCompute(img2,None)

bf = cv2.BFMatcher(cv2.NORM_L1, crossCheck=True)

matches = bf.match(descriptors_1,descriptors_2)
matches = sorted(matches, key = lambda x:x.distance)

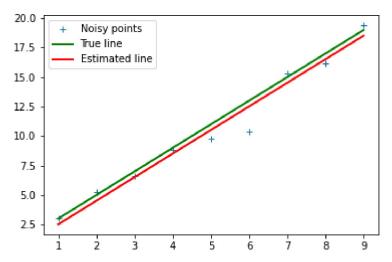
img3 = cv2.drawMatches(img1, keypoints_1, img2, keypoints_2, matches[:50], img2, flags=
plt.figure(figsize=(15,15))
plt.imshow(img3)
plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]:
         #04)
         #least square line fitting
         m = 2 # Line equation : y = m*x + c . m is the slope . c is the intercept .
         c = 1
         x = np.arange (1, 10, 1)
         np.random.seed(45)
         n = 2.*np. random.randn(len(x))
         o = np \cdot zeros (x \cdot shape)
         \# o[=1] = 20
         y = m*x + c + n + o
         n = len(x)
         X = np.concatenate([x.reshape(n,1), np.ones((n,1))], axis=1)
         B = np.linalg.pinv(X.T @ X) @ X.T @ y
         mstar = B[0]
         cstar = B[1]
         plt.plot(x, y, '+', label = 'noisy points')
         plt.plot([x[0], x[-1]], [m*x[0] + c, m*x[-1]+c], color='g', linewidth=2, label=r'True
         plt.plot([x[0], x[-1]], [mstar*x[0] + cstar, mstar*x[-1]+cstar], color='r', linewidth='
         plt.legend()
```

Out[]:

```
In [ ]:
         #Q5)
         m = 2 # Line equation : y = m*x + c . m is the slope .c is the intercept.
         x = np.arange (1,10,1)
         np.random.seed(45)
         noise = np.random.randn(len(x))
         o = np.zeros(x.shape)
         \# o [-1] = 20
         y = m*x + c + noise + o
         n = len(x)
         u11 = np.sum((x - np.mean(x))**2)
         u12 = np.sum((x - np.mean(x))*(y - np.mean(y)))
         u21 = u12
         u22 = np.sum((y - np.mean(y))**2)
         U = np.array([[u11,u12],[u21,u22]])
         W,V = np.linalg.eig(U)
         ev_corresponding_to_smallest_ev = V[:,np.argmin(W)]
         a = ev_corresponding_to_smallest_ev[0]
         b = ev_corresponding_to_smallest_ev[1]
         d = a*np.mean(x) + b*np.mean(y)
         mstar = -a/b
         cstar = d/b
         plt.plot(x,y,'+',label='Noisy points')
         plt.plot([x[0],x[-1]],[m*x[0]+c,m*x[-1]+c], color='g',linewidth=2, label=r'True line']
         plt.plot([x[0],x[-1]],[mstar*x[0] + cstar,mstar*x[-1] + cstar], color='r', linewidth=2,
         plt.legend(loc = 'best')
         plt.show()
```



In []: