Working in the Tidyverse

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Task 1

Question A

#first we need to read in the tidyverse package

```
library(tidyverse)
Warning: package 'ggplot2' was built under R version 4.4.2
Warning: package 'lubridate' was built under R version 4.4.3
-- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
v dplyr 1.1.4
                    v readr
                                2.1.5
v forcats 1.0.0
                   v stringr
                                1.5.1
v ggplot2 3.5.1
                   v tibble
                                3.2.1
                     v tidyr
v lubridate 1.9.4
                                 1.3.1
           1.0.2
v purrr
-- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
x dplyr::lag()
                masks stats::lag()
i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become
#We cannot use read_csv because it can only read in comma and tab separated values (ours is
#Let's read it in with read_csv2 since it can handle ; delimited files
data <- read_csv2("data/data.txt", col_names = TRUE)</pre>
```

Question B

Task 2

Question A

```
#Read in the trailblazer file
trailblazer <- read.csv("data/trailblazer.csv")

#Glimpse the data
glimpse(trailblazer)</pre>
```

Question B

```
# A tibble: 5 x 4
Player Game Location Points
<chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> 1 Damian Lillard Game1 Home 20
2 Damian Lillard Game2 Home 19
```

```
3 Damian Lillard Game3 Away 12
4 Damian Lillard Game4 Home 20
5 Damian Lillard Game5 Home 25
```

Question C

On average, Jusuf Nurkic scored more points at home than away during the first 10 games

```
# A tibble: 90 x 7
# Groups:
            Player [9]
  Player
                   Game
                           Home
                                 Away mean_home mean_away mean_diff
   <chr>
                   <chr>
                           <int> <int>
                                           <dbl>
                                                      <dbl>
                                                                <dbl>
1 Anfernee Simons Game1
                              11
                                    NA
                                            12.8
                                                       15.8
                                                                -2.92
2 Anfernee Simons Game2
                                            12.8
                                                                -2.92
                              18
                                    NA
                                                       15.8
3 Anfernee Simons Game3
                              NA
                                    12
                                            12.8
                                                       15.8
                                                                -2.92
4 Anfernee Simons Game4
                              17
                                    NA
                                            12.8
                                                       15.8
                                                                -2.92
5 Anfernee Simons Game5
                              5
                                    NA
                                            12.8
                                                       15.8
                                                                -2.92
6 Anfernee Simons Game6
                              NA
                                    19
                                            12.8
                                                       15.8
                                                                -2.92
7 Anfernee Simons Game7
                              NA
                                    17
                                            12.8
                                                                -2.92
                                                       15.8
8 Anfernee Simons Game8
                              NA
                                    15
                                            12.8
                                                       15.8
                                                                -2.92
9 Anfernee Simons Game9
                              16
                                    NA
                                            12.8
                                                                -2.92
                                                       15.8
10 Anfernee Simons Game10
                                                                -2.92
                              10
                                    NA
                                            12.8
                                                       15.8
# i 80 more rows
```

Task 3

Question A

- 1. Meaning of: There aren't any of this species on these islands, so there are no values so its an empty cell.
- 2. Meaning of <dbl [52]: There is a vector with 52 numeric (specifically double) elements
- 3. Meaning of: These variables are stored as lists

```
#read in the palmerpenguins package
library(palmerpenguins)
```

Warning: package 'palmerpenguins' was built under R version 4.4.3

```
#run the code provided by colleques
penguins1 <- penguins |>
select(species, island, bill_length_mm) |>
pivot_wider(
names_from = island, values_from = bill_length_mm
)
```

Warning: Values from `bill_length_mm` are not uniquely identified; output will contain list-cols.

- * Use `values_fn = list` to suppress this warning.
- * Use `values_fn = {summary_fun}` to summarise duplicates.
- * Use the following dplyr code to identify duplicates.
 {data} |>
 dplyr::summarise(n = dplyr::n(), .by = c(species, island)) |>
 dplyr::filter(n > 1L)

```
view(penguins)
```

Question B

```
#create the desired table (I dropped the grouping, this was unclear in the directions)
penguins2 <- penguins |>
    group_by(species) |>
    summarise(
```

```
Bisco = sum(island == "Biscoe", na.rm = TRUE),
Dream = sum(island == "Dream", na.rm = TRUE),
Torgersen = sum(island == "Torgersen", na.rm = TRUE),
.groups = "keep"
)
penguins2
```

```
# A tibble: 3 x 4
# Groups: species [3]
 species
          Bisco Dream Torgersen
 <fct>
          <int> <int>
                       <int>
1 Adelie
           44
                 56
                          52
2 Chinstrap 0
                 68
                          0
3 Gentoo 124 0
                           0
```