Primary Differences between MPU-6000 and MPU-6050

Part / Item	MPU-6000	MPU-6050
VDD	2.375V-3.46V	2.375V-3.46V
VLOGIC	n/a	1.71V to VDD
Serial Interfaces Supported	I ² C, SPI	I ² C
Pin 8	/CS	VLOGIC
Pin 9	AD0/SDO	AD0
Pin 23	SCL/SCLK	SCL
Pin 24	SDA/SDI	SDA

6.7 I²C Timing Characterization Typical Operating Circuit of Section 7.2, VDD = 2.375V-3.46V, VLOGIC (MPU-6050 only) = 1.8V \pm 5% or VDD, T_A = 25°C

Parameters	Conditions	Min	Typical	Max	Units	Notes
I ² C TIMING	I ² C FAST-MODE					111111
f _{SCL} , SCL Clock Frequency	000000000000000000000000000000000000000			400	kHz	
t _{HD.STA} , (Repeated) START Condition Hold Time		0.6			μs	
t _{LOW} , SCL Low Period		1.3			μs	
t _{HGH} , SCL High Period		0.6			μs	
t _{SU.STA} , Repeated START Condition Setup Time		0.6			μs	
t _{HD.DAT} , SDA Data Hold Time		0		1	μs	
t _{SUDAT} , SDA Data Setup Time	200	100		1999	ns	
t, SDA and SCL Rise Time	C _b bus cap. from 10 to 400pF	20+0.1Cb		300	ns	
tr, SDA and SCL Fall Time	Cb bus cap. from 10 to 400pF	20+0.1Cb		300	ns	
t _{su.sto} , STOP Condition Setup Time		0.6			μs	
t _{BUF} , Bus Free Time Between STOP and START Condition		1.3			μs	
C _b , Capacitive Load for each Bus Line		1	< 400		pF	
t _{VD.DAT} , Data Valid Time		1		0.9	μs	1
t _{VD.ACK} , Data Valid Acknowledge Time	3		e -	0.9	μs	1

Note: Timing Characteristics apply to both Primary and Auxiliary I2C Bus

6.9 Absolute Maximum Ratings

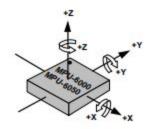
Stress above those listed as "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these conditions is not implied. Exposure to the absolute maximum ratings conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Parameter	Rating
Supply Voltage, VDD	-0.5V to +6V
VLOGIC Input Voltage Level (MPU-6050)	-0.5V to VDD + 0.5V
REGOUT	-0.5V to 2V
Input Voltage Level (CLKIN, AUX_DA, AD0, FSYNC, INT, SCL, SDA)	-0.5V to VDD + 0.5V
CPOUT (2.5V ≤ VDD ≤ 3.6V)	-0.5V to 30V
Acceleration (Any Axis, unpowered)	10,000g for 0.2ms
Operating Temperature Range	-40°C to +105°C
Storage Temperature Range	-40°C to +125°C
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Protection	2kV (HBM); 250V (MM)
Latch-up	JEDEC Class II (2),125°C ±100mA

7 Applications Information

7.1 Pin Out and Signal Description

Pin Number	MPU- 6000	Pin Namo		Din Nama Din Decription					
1	Y	Y	CLKIN	Optional external reference clock input. Connect to GND if unused.					
6	Y	Y	AUX_DA	I ² C master serial data, for connecting to external sensors					
7	Y	Y	AUX_CL	I ² C Master serial clock, for connecting to external sensors					
8	Y		/CS	SPI chip select (0=SPI mode)					
8		Y	VLOGIC	Digital I/O supply voltage					
9	Y		AD0 / SDO	I ² C Slave Address LSB (AD0); SPI serial data output (SDO)					
9	į.	Y	AD0	I ² C Slave Address LSB (AD0)					
10	Y	Y	REGOUT	Regulator filter capacitor connection					
11	Y	Y	FSYNC	Frame synchronization digital input. Connect to GND if unused.					
12	Y	Y	INT	Interrupt digital output (totem pole or open-drain)					
13	Y	Y	VDD	Power supply voltage and Digital I/O supply voltage					
18	Y	Y	GND	Power supply ground					
19, 21	Y	Y	RESV	Reserved. Do not connect.					
20	Y	Y	CPOUT	Charge pump capacitor connection					
22	Y	Y	RESV	Reserved. Do not connect.					
23	Y		SCL / SCLK	1 ² C serial clock (SCL); SPI serial clock (SCLK)					
23		Y	SCL	I ² C serial clock (SCL)					
24	Υ		SDA / SDI	12C serial data (SDA); SPI serial data input (SDI)					
24		Υ	SDA	I ² C serial data (SDA)					
2, 3, 4, 5, 14, 15, 16, 17	Y	Y	NC	Not internally connected. May be used for PCB trace routing.					



To read the internal MPU-60X0 registers, the master sends a start condition, followed by the I²C address and a write bit, and then the register address that is going to be read. Upon receiving the ACK signal from the MPU-60X0, the master transmits a start signal followed by the slave address and read bit. As a result, the MPU-60X0 sends an ACK signal and the data. The communication ends with a not acknowledge (NACK) signal and a stop bit from master. The NACK condition is defined such that the SDA line remains high at the 9th clock cycle. The following figures show single and two-byte read sequences.

Single-Byte Read Sequence

Master	S	AD+W		RA		S	AD+R			NACK	Р
Slave			ACK		ACK			ACK	DATA		

Burst Read Sequence

Master	S	AD+W		RA		S	AD+R	3		ACK	10.000	NACK	P
Slave			ACK		ACK			ACK	DATA		DATA	94	

9.4 I²C Terms

Signal	Description
S	Start Condition: SDA goes from high to low while SCL is high
AD	Slave I ² C address
W	Write bit (0)
R	Read bit (1)
ACK	Acknowledge: SDA line is low while the SCL line is high at the 9 th clock cycle
NACK	Not-Acknowledge: SDA line stays high at the 9 th clock cycle
RA	MPU-60X0 internal register address
DATA	Transmit or received data
P	Stop condition: SDA going from low to high while SCL is high