Contents

Generate velocity, heading and altitude commands for a UAV

```
function [cmd,cmdDot] = UAVGuidance( t, x, p )
```

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```
State:
         x = [V;gama;psi;x;y;h;Tbar]
______
 V
      true airspeed
 gama air relative flight path angle
 psi
      air relative flight heading angle
       East position
      North position
 h
       altitude
 Tbar normalized excess thrust
Command: cmd = [v;psi;h;x;y]
      velocity command (true airspeed, m/s)
 psi
       heading command (rad)
 h altitude command (m)
       eastward position (m)
 Х
 У
       northward position (m)
 %-----
   Form:
 %
    [cmd,cmdDot,p] = UAVGuidance( t, x, p );
 %
 %
    _____
 %
    Inputs
 %
 %
    t (1,1)
               Current time
 %
    x (7,1)
                 Current state vector
 %
                 Flight parameters. This function uses the following
     p (.)
 %
                 fields:
 %
                            (3,1) Target waypoint position (x,y,h)
                   wp
 %
                   Rmin
                          (1,1) Minimum turn radius (m)
 %
                   hDotMax (1,1) Maximum climb rate (abs val)
 %
                   duration (1,1) Max duration to simulate (sec)
 %
                   dΤ
                           (1,1) Time step
 %
                   stopSim = @(t,x) Anonymous function. Sim terminates
 %
                                      when this evaluates to true.
 %
 %
 %
    Outputs
 %
     cmd (5,1)
 %
                    Commanded velocity, heading, altitude, and horizontal
 %
                      position. [v;psi;h;x;y]
 %
     cmdDot (3,1)
                    Commanded rate of change of velocity, heading, altitude.
 %
                      [vDot;psiDot;hDot]
 %
 % If no guidance parameters are provided, just keep flying along current
```

```
% trajectory
if isempty(p)
  cmd = x([1 \ 3 \ 6 \ 4 \ 5]); % current state values for: [v, psi, h, x, y]
  cmdDot = zeros(3,1);
  return
end
% Turning -- velocity and heading command
[vDotCmd,psiDotCmd] = UAVAutoTurn( x, p.wp, p.Rmin, p.dT );
vCmd = x(1)+vDotCmd*p.dT;
psiCmd = x(3)+psiDotCmd*p.dT;
% Follow the turn -- lateral position commands
xCmd = x(4) + vCmd*sin(psiCmd);
yCmd = x(5) + vCmd*cos(psiCmd);
% Climbing -- altitude commands
dh = p.wp(3) - x(6);
if abs(dh/p.dT)>p.hDotMax
  hDotCmd = p.hDotMax*sign(dh);
  hDotCmd = dh/p.dT;
end
hCmd = p.wp(3);
% Stack the commands into vectors
cmd = [vCmd;psiCmd;hCmd;xCmd;yCmd];
cmdDot = [vDotCmd;psiDotCmd;hDotCmd];
```

```
function [vDot,psiDot] = UAVAutoTurn( state, wp, Rmin, dT )
% getting varibales from input
x0 = state(4);
y0 = state(5);
xT = wp(1);
yT = wp(2);
v0 = state(1);
gamma0 = state(2);
psi0 = state(3);
% center of turning circle: potentially two sides
xC1 = x0+Rmin*cos(psi0);
yC1 = y0-Rmin*sin(psi0);
xC2 = x0+Rmin*cos(psi0+pi);
yC2 = y0-Rmin*sin(psi0+pi);
% choose the side closer to the target as long as it is > R
d1 = norm([xT-xC1;yT-yC1]);
d2 = norm([xT-xC2;yT-yC2]);
if d1<Rmin || d2<Rmin</pre>
  % fly straight for now
  psiDot = 0;
else
  % desired heading
```

```
psiT = atan2(xT-x0,yT-y0);
  \% est time to destination (assuming correct heading)
  xDot = v0*cos(gamma0)*sin(psi0);
  yDot = v0*cos(gamma0)*cos(psi0);
  tDest = sqrt((xT-x0)^2 + (yT-y0)^2) / sqrt(xDot^2 + yDot^2);
  if abs(psiT-psi0)>pi
    1;
  end
  while ( (psiT-psi0) < -pi )</pre>
    psiT = psiT+2*pi;
  end
  while ( (psiT-psi0) > pi )
    psiT = psiT-2*pi;
  end
  % psiDot = (psiT-psi0)/dT;
  \% Turn slightly slower than literally \mbox{dT}
  psiDot = (psiT-psi0)/(.1*tDest);
  if abs(psiDot)>v0/Rmin
    psiDot = sign(psiDot)*v0/Rmin;
  end
end
vDot = 0;
```

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