Office Hours!

Instructor:

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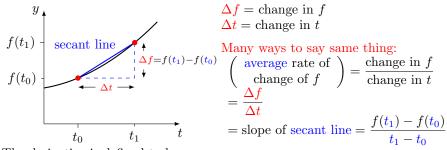
Mondays 2–3PM Tuesdays 10:30–11:30AM Thursdays 1–2PM or by appointment

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South Hall 6510

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Graphical Approach



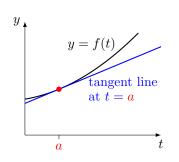
The derivative is defined to be

$$\lim_{\Delta t \to 0} \left(\frac{\Delta f}{\Delta t} \right) = \frac{df}{dt}$$

Idea: As t_1 moves closer to t_0 the secant line approaches the tangent line at t_0 . This is the line with the same slope as the graph at t_0 .

Understanding Derivatives

There are many ways to think about derivatives. You need to understand these to apply to problems.



slope of graph at a = slope of tangent line = instantaneous rate of change of f at a

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \text{limit of average rate of change} \\ \text{of } f \text{ over shorter and shorter} \\ \text{time intervals starting at } a \end{pmatrix}$$

= limit of slopes of secant lines

$$=f'(\mathbf{a}) = \left. \frac{df}{dt} \right|_{t=0}$$

One quantity, y, depends on another quantity x. In other words y is a function of x so y = f(x).

Example: y = 7x

If you change x, then y changes.

Question: How quickly does y change as x changes?

Answer: The derivative tells you.

In our example, the derivative is 7. This tells you:

the output = y of the function changes 7 times as fast as the input = x to the function.

If x is changed by 0.1 how much does y change by?

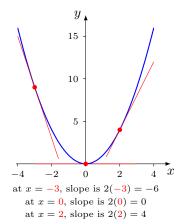
$$A = 7$$
 $B = 7.1$ $C = 0.7$ $D = 0.1/7$ $E = other$

С

$$\frac{d}{dx}\left(x^2\right) = 2x$$

What this means

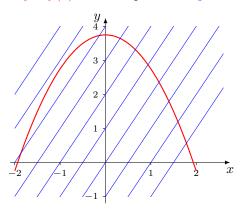
The slope of the graph of $y = x^2$ at x = a is 2a



derivative = rate of change = slope of graph = slope of tangent line

Slope Question

This graph shows y = f(x) and lines parallel to y = 2x



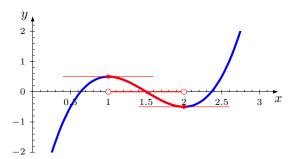
Question: For which values of x is f'(x) > 2?

$$\frac{1}{2}$$
 destion. For which values of x is $\frac{1}{2}$ (x) > 2.

A x < 1.2 B x < 0 C x < -1.5 D x < -1 E x < -0.5



More Slope Questions

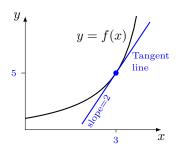


(1) For which values of x is f'(x) = 0?

A= none B=
$$\{0.63, 1.5, 2.38\}$$
 C= 1 D= $\{1, 2\}$ E= 2 D

(2) For which values of x is f'(x) < 0?

A
$$x < 0.63$$
 B $x < 1$ C $1 < x < 2$ D $1.5 < x < 2.38$ E none C



Told f(3) = 5 and f'(3) = 2

This means the slope of the tangent line to the graph y = f(x) at x = 3 is 2.

The derivative is this slope, so...

The units	$\int_{0}^{\infty} dy$	units of y
The units	of $\frac{d}{dx}$ are	units of x

Examples:

Heating: derivative units are f = dollars per degree F Adrenaline: bpm/mg = beats per minute per mg of adrenaline.

Units help you understand the meaning of the derivative.

Interpretation of Derivatives I

Suppose f(x) = the percentage of children who still get measles when x% of children are inoculated.

Question: Which of the following is a plausible value for f'(40)?

$$A = 0$$
 $B = 2$ $C = 50$ $D = -2$ $E = -50$

Question: If f(40) = 20 and f'(40) = -2, which must be true?

- A when 20% of children are inoculated the percentage who gets measles decreases by 2%
- B when 20% of children are inoculated then inoculating an extra 1% of children would reduce the number of measles cases by another 2%
- C If the inoculation rate is 41% then 18% of children gets measles
- D If the inoculation rate is 20% then 2% fewer cases of measles arise if an extra 1% of children can be inoculated
- E none of the above

Interpretation of Derivatives II

Air temperature gets colder the higher you go.

 $T(x) = \text{air temperature in } {}^{\circ}C$ at a height x meters above sea level. Question: Which of these is a plausible value for T'(2000)?

$$A = -1$$
 $B = 1$ $C = 0$ $D = 1/200$ $E = -1/200$ E

Question: If T(2000) = 10 and T'(2000) = -1/200, which is most plausible?

- A the temperature at sea level is $16^{\circ}C$
- B the temperature 2400 meters above sea level is $8^{o}C$
- C the temperature 10 meters above sea level is $2000^{o}C$
- D 2000 meters above sea level the temperature is decreasing at a rate of $1/200^{o}C$ per minute.
- E none of these are plausible

Answer: B

Interpretation of Derivatives III

x =money spent (in thousands of \$) in one month on advertising.

f(x) = sales (in thousands of \$) in a month when x is spent on advertising. Question: If f(20) = 60 and f'(20) = 3 which must be true?

- A When the sales of the company are 20 thousand dollars in one month the amount spent on advertising is increasing at a rate of 3 thousand dollars per month
- B When the company spends 20 thousand dollars per month on advertising the sales rise at a rate of 3 thousand dollars per month
- C When the company spends 20 thousand dollars per month on advertising each extra dollar a month spent on advertising generates an extra 3 dollars of sales.
- D When the company spends 3 thousand dollars per month on advertising the sales are increasing at a rate of 20 thousand dollars per month