## Pre-Calculus

## Test 5

Mr. Klar

1. Fill in the blanks for the identities (on next page).

2. Use the fundamental identities to simplify  $\sec^2 \alpha (1 - \sin^2 \alpha)$ .

3. Factor and simplify  $\frac{\sec^4 \beta - \tan^4 \beta}{\sec^2 \beta + \tan^2 \beta}$ .

4. Add and simplify  $\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + \frac{\cos x}{\sin x}$ .

In problems 5-9, verify the identity.

5.  $\sin \theta + \cos \theta \cot \theta = \csc \theta$ 

6.  $\tan \alpha = \sin \alpha \sec \alpha$ 

7.  $\sec^2 \beta \tan^2 \beta + \sec^2 \beta = \sec^4 \beta$ 

8.  $\frac{\csc x + \sec x}{\sin x + \cos x} = \cot x + \tan x$  (Hint: Use the "transcontinental railroad". Simplify the left and the right, they should be the same.)

9.  $(\sin \phi + \cos \phi)^2 = 1 + \sin 2\phi$ 

In problems 10-12, do what the problem says.

10. Find the exact value of  $\tan 105^{\circ}$ .

11. Rewrite  $\sin^4 x \tan^2 x$  in terms of the first power of the cosine.

12. Write  $4\cos 2\theta \sin 4\theta$  as a sum or difference.

In problems 13-16, find all solutions of the equation in the interval  $[0, 2\pi)$ .

13.  $\cot^2 x + \cot x = 0$ 

14.  $\sin 2\alpha - \cos \alpha = 0$ 

15.  $4\cos^2 x - 3 = 0$ 

16.  $\csc^2 x - \csc x - 2 = 0$