### Office Hours!

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 $\log(y)$  is how many tens you multiply together to get y.

$$10^{\log(y)} = y$$

$$\log\left(10^a\right) = a$$

$$10^a \times 10^b = 10^{a+b}$$

$$\log(x \times y) = \log(x) + \log(y)$$

$$(10^a)^p = 10^{ap}$$

$$\log(a^{p}) = p \log(a)$$

Each of these pairs of equalities says one thing!

 $\log(y)$  is how many tens you multiply together to get y.

 $\log_2(y)$  is how many twos you multiply together to get y.

So  $2^3 = 8$  means the same thing as  $\log_2(8) = 3$ 

#### Examples:

$$\log_2(16) = 4$$
 because  $2^4 = 16$   
 $\log_2(32) = 5$  because  $2^5 = 32$   
 $\log_2(1/8) = -3$  because  $2^{-3} = 1/8$ 

The five laws of logs work for any base b exactly the same way except...

$$b^{\log_{b}(y)} = y$$

$$\log_{\mathbf{b}}(\mathbf{b}^a) = a$$

# Summary & Examples

#### Important bases:

- log<sub>2</sub> is used extensively in computer science
- $\ln = \log_e$  is used everywhere (the natural  $\log$ ) ( $e \approx 2.718$ )  $\log_e(y) = x$  means  $e^x = y$   $\log_e(y)$  is how many e's you multiply to get y. Read as: " $\log \log_e(y)$  base e of y equals x."

#### Examples:

$$\log_3(81) = A = 0 B = 1 C = 2 D = 3 E = 4 E$$

$$\log_{5}(25) = A = 0 B = 1 C = 2 D = 3 E = 4 C$$

Simplify 
$$\ln\left(\left(e^{3x}\times e^y\right)^2\right)$$

$$A = 6x + y$$
  $B = 2x + 2y$   $C = 3x + 2y$   $D = 6x + 2y$   $E = 6xy$   $D$ 

Teaser: e is special because the derivative of  $e^x$  is  $e^x$  whatever that

## Review Question #1

If the price of an airplane ticket is \$300, then the airline sells 2,000 tickets. For each dollar the airline increases the price, it sells 10 fewer tickets.

(1) If the price is \$400, how many tickets does the airline sell?

$$A = 2000 \quad B = 1000 \quad C = 3000 \quad D = 1990 \quad E = 2400 \quad B$$

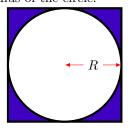
(2) If the price is \$(300 + n), how many tickets does the airline sell?

A= 
$$2000 - n$$
 B=  $2000 + 10n$  C=  $2000 - 10n$  D=  $2000/n$ 

(3) If the price is x, how many tickets does the airline sell?

A= 
$$2000 + 10x$$
 B=  $2000 - 10x$  C=  $5000 - 10x$   
D=  $1000 + 10x$  C

A square contains a circle which touches all four sides of the square. Express the area of the part of the square outside the circle in terms of the radius of the circle.



A = I have an answer

B = I know what to do

C = I am thinking

D = I do not know where to start

#### Answer?

The side of the square is 2R, so the square has area  $(2R)^2 = 4R^2$ .

The area of the circle is  $\pi R^2$ .

The shaded area is  $4R^2 - \pi R^2$  or  $(4 - \pi)R^2$ .

A=got it B=close C=not so close

## Review Question #4

A bottle with DRINK ME written on it contains 50% pure water and 50% magicerium. Alice wishes to add some of this to 7 liters of pure water to obtain a brew which is 20% magicerium and the rest pure water. How many liters should she take from the bottle labelled DRINK ME?

$$A = 7$$
  $B = 14$   $C = 14/3$   $D = 7/3$   $E = 20$ 

## Short Review Questions

(1) What is the slope of the line 2y - 3x = 5?

$$A = 3$$
  $B = -3$   $C = 2/3$   $D = 3/2$   $E = -3/2$   $D = 3/2$ 

What is the x-coordinate of the point where the lines

$$y + x = 5 \qquad \text{and} \qquad y = 3x - 2$$

intersect?

$$A = -1/3$$
  $B = 1/3$   $C = 3/4$   $D = 7/4$   $D$ 

(3) Solve  $\frac{2^x}{2^{2x}} = 5$ .

$$\begin{array}{c} A = \log(5)/\log(2/3) \quad B = \log(5)/(\log(2) - \log(3)) \\ C = \log(5)/(\log(2) + 2\log(3)) \quad D = \log(5)/(\log(2) - 2\log(3)) \\ \hline D \end{array}$$