

## Math 201A, Homework 5 (Integration of Functions)

**Problem1 (Integrability of positive functions).** Let  $X$  be a nonempty set and let  $\mu$  be a measure on  $X$ . Prove that any nonnegative  $\mu$ -measurable function  $f: X \rightarrow [0, \infty]$  is  $\mu$ -integrable on  $X$ , i.e., the lower integral equals the upper integral:

$$\int_{*X} f d\mu = \int_X^* f d\mu.$$

**Problem2 (Integrability of the product).** Let  $X$  be a nonempty set and let  $\mu$  be a measure on  $X$ . Prove that if  $\mu$ -measurable functions  $f, g: X \rightarrow [-\infty, \infty]$  are such that  $f$  is  $\mu$ -summable on  $X$ , and  $g$  is bounded on  $X$  ( $|g(x)| \leq M$  for all  $x \in X$ ), then the product  $fg$  is  $\mu$ -summable and

$$\int_X |fg| d\mu \leq M \int_X |f| d\mu.$$

**Problem3 (Absolute continuity of the integral).** Let  $\mu$  be a Radon measure on  $\mathbb{R}^n$  and let the function  $f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  be  $\mu$ -summable on  $\mathbb{R}^n$ , i.e.,

$$\int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |f(x)| d\mu < \infty.$$

Prove that for any  $\epsilon > 0$ , there exists  $\delta > 0$  such that for every  $\mu$ -measurable set  $A \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  with  $\mu(A) < \delta$  one has

$$\int_A |f| d\mu < \epsilon.$$

**Problem4.** Let  $X$  be a nonempty set and let  $\mu$  be a measure on  $X$ . Assume  $\mu$ -summable functions  $f, f_n: X \rightarrow [-\infty, \infty]$  are such that

$$f_n \rightarrow f \quad \mu - \text{a.e. in } X,$$

and

$$\int_X |f_n| d\mu \rightarrow \int_X |f| d\mu.$$

Prove that

$$\int_X |f_n - f| d\mu \rightarrow 0.$$

**Problem5.** Compute the limit

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^n \left(1 - \frac{x}{n}\right)^n \ln \left(2 + \cos \left(\frac{x}{n}\right)\right) dx.$$