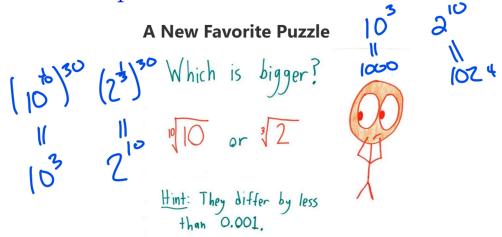
# Example Puzzle



2. Solve for x: ax + b = c.

$$\mathbf{A} = c/a$$
  $\mathbf{B} = bc/a$   $\mathbf{C} = (c+b)/a$   $\mathbf{D} = c-b/a$   $\mathbf{E} = (c-b)/a$ 

3. Solve for 
$$x$$
:  $2x + 7 = ax + k$ 

$$A = (2 - k)/(a - 7) \qquad B = (k - 7)/(2 - a) \qquad (2 - \alpha) \times 17 = k$$

$$C = (k - 7)/(a - 2) \qquad D = k - 7/a - 2 \qquad E = ?$$

# $(2-\alpha) \times 17 = R$ $(2-\alpha) \times 17 = R$ -7 - 7 $(2-\alpha) \times = 2 - 7$ $(2-\alpha) \times = 2 - 7$

### Word Problems!

**4.** The sum of three consecutive numbers is 99. What are the numbers?

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$$m-1, m, m+1$$
 $m+1 = 3n = 99$ 

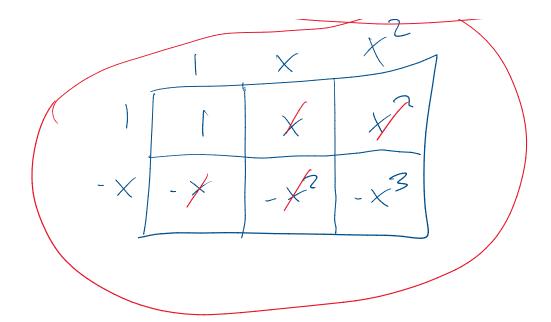
5. Twice one number is three times another number. The sum of the two numbers is 110. What are the numbers?

 $\chi = \frac{k-7}{1-\alpha}$ 

**6.** The perimeter of a rectangle is twice its area. Find a formula for the length of the rectangle in terms of its width.

Answer: 
$$L = \frac{W}{W-1}$$
 | Paimeter =  $\partial L + \partial W$  |  $W$  |  $W$ 

4. Expand:  $(1-x)(1+x+x^2) = ((1+x+x^2)-x(1+x+x^2)$   $= ((1+x+x^2)-(x+x+x^2))$   $= ((1+x+x^2)-(x+x+x^2))$   $= ((1+x+x^2)-x(1+x+x^2))$   $= ((1+x+x^2)-x(1+x+x^2))$ 



Twice one number is three times another number. The sum of the two numbers is 110. What are the numbers?

 $2 \times = 3 \cdot y$  and x + y = 110

X = 3p = 66  $Y = 2 \cdot p = 44$ 

 $\times ty = 3p + 2p = 5p = 110$ 

# You Try It!

3. Click A,B,C,D as you do these problems

(A) What is 20% of 
$$x$$
?  $.2x = \frac{x}{5}$ 

(B) What is 70% as a fraction? 
$$\frac{70}{100} = \frac{7}{10}$$

(C) What is 
$$x\%$$
 of 50?  $x\% \cdot 50 = 50\% \cdot x$ 

(D) What is 
$$\frac{x}{x+1}$$
 as %?

## One More Problem!

**6.** Express x% of 4 plus y% of 3 as a percentage of 12.

$$\left(\frac{x}{100}.4 + \frac{y}{100}.3\right) = \frac{P}{100}.12$$