

No calculators

PRINT NAME

Jacob
Rodier

PERM NUMBER

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo☐ TrevorTime: ☐ 8am☐ 6pm☐ Sam☒ 5pm☐ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

 $(x, y) =$ $(-1, 3)$

$$L_1: \begin{matrix} (-3, 5) & (4, -2) \\ x_1 & y_1 & x_2 & y_2 \end{matrix}$$

$$\frac{-2-5}{4+3} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$$

$$y - 5 = -1(x + 3)$$

$$y - 5 = -x - 3$$

$$y = -x + 2$$

$$L_2: \begin{matrix} (-2, 3) & (5, 3) \\ x_1 & y_1 & x_2 & y_2 \end{matrix}$$

$$\frac{3-3}{5+2} = 0 \text{ Slope is } 0$$

$$5+x=7 \quad \frac{0}{7} = 0$$

$$y - 3 = 0(x -) = 0 \quad y = 3$$

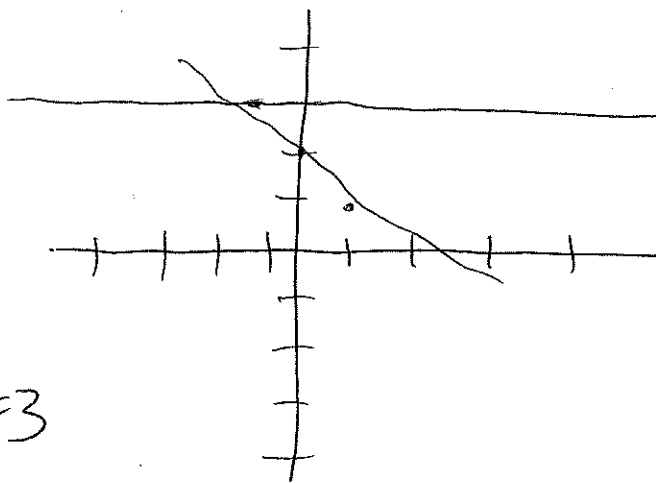
$$3 = -x + 2$$

$$-2$$

$$=$$

$$1 = -x$$

$$x = -1$$

 $(-1, 3)$ 

Jack Taylor
PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

7857857

No calculators

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo ☐ Trevor
☐ Sam

Time: ☐ 8am ☐ 6pm
☒ 5pm ☐ 7pm

1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- a. the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
b. the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$(x, y) =$

$(-1, 3)$

a. $\frac{4+3}{-2-5} = \frac{7}{-7} = -1$

b. $\frac{5+2}{3-3} = \frac{7}{0} = 0$

a. $5 = -1(-3) + b \quad 3 = 0x + 3$

$5 = 3 + b$

$b = 2$

$y = 0(x) + 3$

a. $y = -1(x) + 2$

b. $y = 0(x) + 3$

$y = -1(-1) + 2$

$y = 1 + 2$

$y = 3$

$-1(x) + 2 = 0(x) + 3$

$-x + 2 = 3$

$-2 \quad -2$

$x = -1$

Matthew Goss
PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

8286197

No calculators

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo
☐ Sam

☐ Trevor

Time: ☐ 8am
☐ 5pm

☐ 6pm
☐ 7pm

1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$(x, y) = (-1, 3)$

$$\frac{-2-5}{4-(-3)} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$$

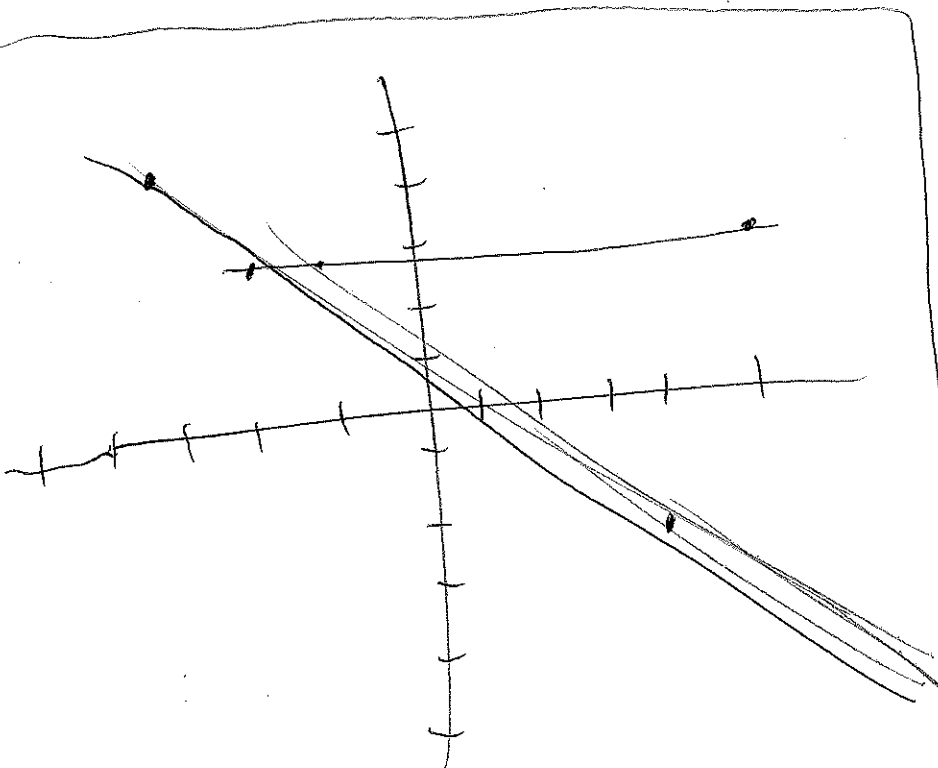
$$5 = -1(-3) + b \quad y = -x + 2$$

$$5 = 3 + b$$

$$2 = b$$

$$\frac{3-3}{5-(-2)} = \frac{0}{7} = 0$$

$$3 = b \quad y = 3$$



$$3 = -x + 2$$

$$1 = -x$$

$$x = -1$$

$$y = 3$$

No calculators

PRINT NAME

Gina Bonadagila

PERM NUMBER

8409773

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo ☐ Trevor
☐ SamTime: ☐ 8am ☐ 6pm
☒ 5pm ☐ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$$\begin{aligned} L_1: y - y_1 &= m(x - x_1) \\ y - 5 &= \frac{-2 - 5}{4 - (-3)}(x - (-3)) \\ y - 5 &= \frac{-7}{7}(x + 3) \\ y - 5 &= -1(x + 3) \\ y - 5 &= -x - 3 \\ y &= -x + 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$(x, y) = (-1, 3)$$

$$\begin{aligned} y + 2 &= -1x + 4 \\ y &= -1x + 2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} L_2: y - y_1 &= m(x - x_1) \\ y - 3 &= m(x - 5) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} m &= \frac{3 - 3}{5 - 5} = 0 \\ y - 3 &= 0(x - 5) \\ y &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$3 = -1x + 2$$

$$1 = -1x$$

$$x = -1$$

No calculators

Leonardo Aulin
PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

5525027

Put your answer in the box provided.TA: ☒ Garo ☐ Trevor
☐ SamTime: ☐ 8am ☐ 6pm
☐ 5pm ☒ 7pm

Attending Spm

1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between: L_1 • the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and L_2 • the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$. $(x, y) =$ (5, 3)

$$L_1 \quad \frac{5+2}{-3-4} \quad m = \frac{7}{-7} = -1$$

$$y = -x + b$$

$$4 - 5 = -(x - 3) \quad y_1 = -x + 8$$

$$b_1 = 8$$

$$L_2 \quad m = \frac{3-3}{-2-5} = 0$$

$$y = 0x + b$$

$$y = 3 \quad \leftarrow$$

$$3 = -x + 8$$

$$x = 5$$

or $(5, 3)$

No calculators

Serafina Chavez
PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

4073128

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo ☐ Trevor
☐ SamTime: ☐ 8am ☒ 5pm☐ 6pm ☐ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$$\begin{matrix} x, y \\ (-3, 5) \end{matrix} \text{ and } \begin{matrix} x, y \\ (4, -2) \end{matrix}$$
 $(x, y) =$ ~~(-1, 3)~~ $(-1, 3)$

$$m = \frac{-2 - 5}{4 - (-3)} = \frac{-7}{4+3} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$$

$$\begin{aligned} (-3, 5) \quad y &= -x + b \\ 5 &= -(-3) + b \\ 5 &= 3 + b \\ -3 &= -3 \\ 2 &= b \end{aligned}$$

 $(-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$

$$m = \frac{3 - 3}{5 - (-2)} = \frac{0}{5+2} = \frac{0}{7} = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} m &= 0 \\ y &= 0x + b \\ (-2, 3) \quad 3 &= -2(0) + b \\ 3 &= b \end{aligned}$$

$$y = 3$$

$$y = -x + 2$$

$$\frac{1}{-1} = \frac{-x}{-1}$$

$$\boxed{-1 = x}$$

$$y = -(-1) + 2$$

$$y = 1 + 2$$

$$\boxed{y = 3}$$

No calculators

PRINT NAME

Avery Noëlle
Biller

PERM NUMBER

9800525

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo
☐ Sam☐ Trevor

Time:

☐ 8am☐ 6pm☒ 5pm☐ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$$\text{I} \quad \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-2 - 5}{4 - -3} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$$

$$(x, y) = \boxed{-1, 1}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (-3, 5) \quad y - y_1 &= m(x - x_1) \\ y - 5 &= -1(x - -3) \quad y = -1x + 2 \\ y - 5 &= -1(x + 3) \\ y - 5 &= -1x - 3 \\ +5 & \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{II} \quad \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{3 - 3}{5 - -2} = \frac{0}{7} = 0 \quad y - y_1 = m(x - x_1) \quad \text{where does intersect}$$

$$y - 3 = 0 \quad y = 3$$

checking here $\rightarrow \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{3 - 3}{-2 - 5} = \frac{0}{-7} = 0$

$$y - 3 = 0 \\ y = 3$$

$$-1x + 2 = 3$$

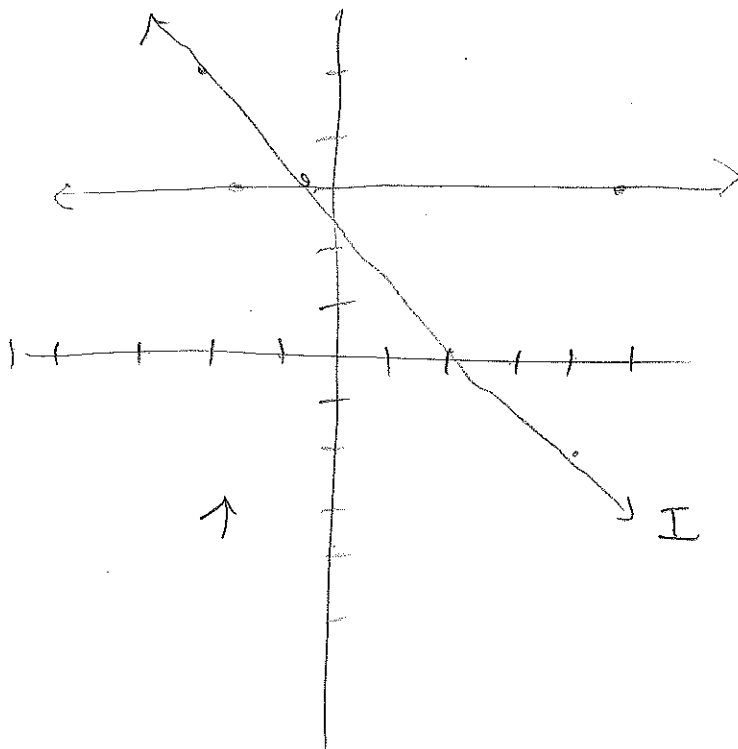
$$\begin{array}{r} -1x + 2 = 3 \\ -2 \\ \hline -1x = 1 \\ -1 \end{array}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{-1} = -1$$

$$y = -1(1) + 2$$

$$y = -1 + 2 = 1$$

$$(-1, 1) ?$$



Emily Machniak
PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

8267353

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo ☐ Trevor☐ SamTime: ☐ 8am ☐ 6pm☒ 5pm ☐ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between: L_1 • the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and L_2 • the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$$L_1: m_1 = \frac{-2-5}{4-(-3)} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$$

 $(x, y) =$

$$\left(-\frac{1}{2}, \frac{9}{2}\right)$$

$$L_2: m_2 = \frac{3-3}{5-(-2)} = \frac{0}{7} = 0$$

$$L_1: y = -x + b \rightarrow 5 = -(-3) + b$$

$$y = -x + 2 \quad 5 = 3 + b$$

$$-3 \quad -3$$

$$2 = b$$

$$-x + 2 = x + 3$$

$$+x - 3 \quad +x - 3$$

$$\frac{-1 = 2x}{2}$$

$$L_2: y = 0x + b \rightarrow 3 = 0(5) + b$$

$$3 = b$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} = x$$

$$y = x + 3$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2} + 3 \quad \frac{6}{2} = 3$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} + \frac{6}{2}$$

$$= \frac{5}{2}$$

check:

$$y = -\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) + 2 \quad 2 = \frac{4}{2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} + \frac{4}{2}$$

$$= \frac{5}{2}$$

No calculators

Mia Baylons
PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

8409880

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo ☐ Trevor
☐ SamTime: ☐ 8am ☐ 6pm
☒ 5pm ☐ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between: L_1 • the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and L_2 • the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$. L_1 :

$$\frac{-2-5}{4-(-3)} = \frac{-7}{7} = m$$

$$y = -1x + b$$

$$5 = -1(-3) + b$$

$$b = 2$$

$$y = -x + 2$$

 L_2 :

$$\frac{3-3}{5-(-2)} = \frac{0}{7}$$

$$y = 0x + b$$

$$3 = 0(5) + b$$

$$y = 3$$

$$(x, y) = (-1, 3)$$

$$-x + 2 = 3$$

$$2 = x + 3$$

$$-1 = x$$

$$y = -(-1) + 2$$

$$y = 3$$

$$\frac{35}{14}$$

YIKES

$$y = -\frac{10}{7}x + \frac{5}{7}$$

$$7(-3) = \left(-\frac{10}{7}x + \frac{5}{7}\right)7$$

$$-21 = -10x + 5$$

$$-35$$

$$\frac{-14}{-10} = \frac{-10x}{-10}$$

$$x = \frac{2}{5}$$

$$y = -\frac{10}{7}\left(\frac{2}{5}\right) + \frac{5}{7}$$

$$= -2 + \frac{5}{7}$$

$$= -\frac{14}{7} + \frac{5}{7}$$

$$y = -\frac{9}{7}$$

No calculators

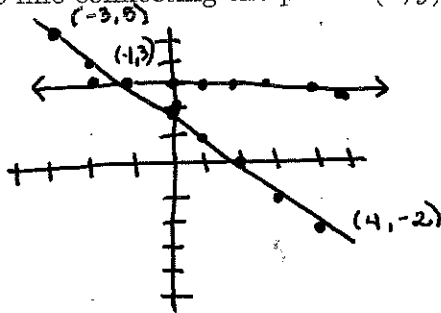
Jazmin Gomez
PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

946504-8

Put your answer in the box provided.TA: ☒ Garo ☐ Trevor
☐ SamTime: ☐ 8am ☐ 6pm
☒ 5pm ☐ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.


 $(x, y) = (-1, 3)$

$$\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-2 - 5}{4 - (-3)} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1 \quad \text{Incorrect}$$

$$= \frac{3 - 3}{5 - (-2)} = \frac{0}{7} \quad \neq \quad y = 7$$

No calculators

Ragan Fowler
PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER
3483393

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo ☐ Trevor
☐ Sam

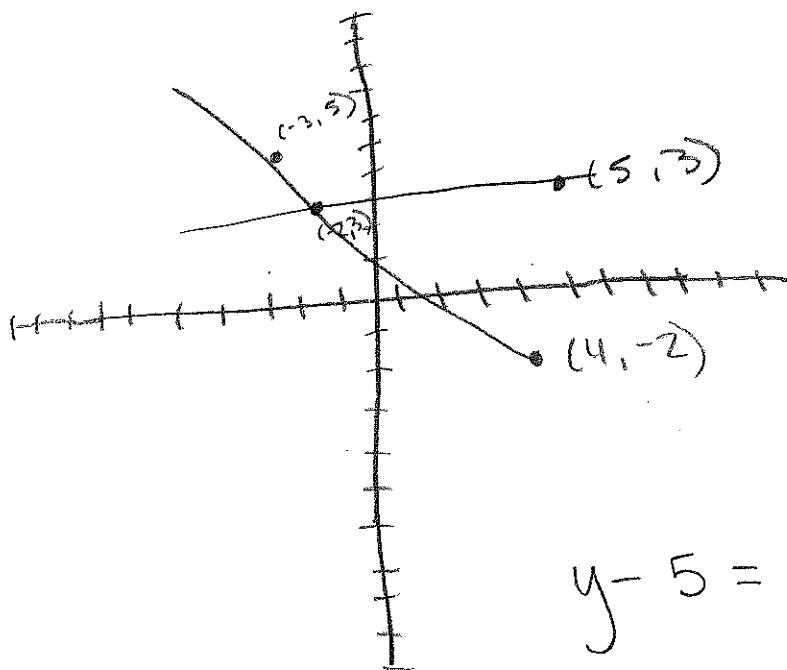
Time: ☐ 8am ☐ 6pm
☒ 5pm ☐ 7pm

1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$(x, y) = (-1/3, 3)$

$(-3, 5)$ $(4, -2)$



$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + 3 = -1x + 2 \\ +1x \quad -3 \\ \hline 3x = -1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x = -1 \\ \hline x = -1/3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2 + 5 \\ \hline 3 \end{array}$$

$$y - 5 = -1(x + 3)$$

$$\begin{array}{r} y - 5 = -1x - 3 \\ +5 \quad +3 \\ \hline y = -1x + 2 \end{array}$$

$$L_1: y = -1x + 2$$

$(-2, 3)$ $(5, 3)$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 - 3 \\ \hline 5 + (+2) \end{array}$$

$$y - 3 = 0(x + 12) \quad \frac{0}{7} \quad 0$$

$$\begin{array}{r} y - 3 = 2x \\ +3 \quad +3 \\ \hline y = 2x + 3 \end{array} \quad L_2: y = 2x + 3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x + 3 = -1x + 2 \\ +1x \quad -3 \\ \hline 3x = -1 \\ x = -1/3 \end{array}$$

$y = -1(-1/3) + 2 = 1/3 + 2 = 7/3$

No calculators

PRINT NAME Emma Altschuld

PERM NUMBER

752165-1

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo ☐ Trevor
☐ SamTime: ☐ 8am ☐ 6pm
☒ 5pm ☐ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- ① • the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
 ② • the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$$(x, y) = \left(\frac{1}{3}, -2\frac{1}{3}\right)$$

$$m_1 = \frac{-2-5}{4+3} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1 \leftarrow y = -x + 2$$

$$m_2 = \frac{3-3}{5+2} = \frac{0}{7} \leftarrow \text{undefined} \quad y = \frac{0}{3}x + \frac{4}{3}$$

$$5 = -1(-3) + b$$

$$5 = 3 + b$$

$$2 = b$$

$$3 = \frac{0}{3}(5) + b$$

$$3 = \frac{0}{3} + b$$

$$\frac{4}{3} = b$$

$$\frac{0}{3}x + \frac{4}{3} = -x + 2$$

$$\frac{0}{3}x + 1\frac{1}{3} = -x + 2$$

$$\frac{0}{3}x + 1x = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$1x = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$x = \frac{1}{3}$$

No calculators

PRINT NAME Josh Lee

PERM NUMBER

3373982

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA:



Garo



Trevor

Time:



8am



6pm



Sam



5pm



7pm

1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$$s_1 \quad \frac{5 - (-2)}{-3 - 4} = \frac{7}{-7} = -1$$

$$(x, y) = (-1, 3)$$

$$s_2 \quad \frac{3 - 3}{-2 - 5} = \frac{0}{-7} = 0$$

$$\frac{-2 - 5}{4 + 3} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$$

$$y - 5 = -1(x - (-3))$$

$$y - 5 = -x - 3$$

$$L_1: y = -x + 2$$

$$\frac{3 - 3}{5 + 2} = 0$$

$$y - 3 = 0(x - (-2))$$

$$y - 3 = 0$$

$$L_2: y = 3$$

$$-x + 2 = 3$$

$$-x = 1$$

$$x = -1$$

$$y + 2 = -1(x - 4)$$

$$y + 2 = -x + 4$$

$$L_1: y = -x + 2$$

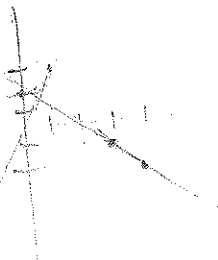
$$y - 3 = 0(x - 5)$$

$$y - 3 = 0 - 0$$

$$y = 3$$

$$-x + 2 = 3$$

$$-x = 1$$



No calculators

Olivia Macior
PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

7942246

Put your answer in the

box

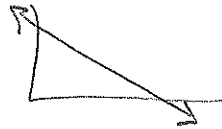
provided.

TA: ☒ Garo ☐ Trevor
☐ SamTime: ☐ 8am ☒ 6pm
☐ 5pm ☐ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

 $L_1:$

$$\frac{(-2-5)}{4+3} = \frac{-7}{7} \rightarrow -1$$

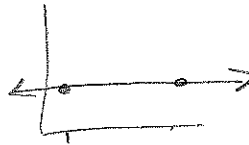
 $(x, y) =$

(1, 3)

$$\begin{aligned} y+2 &= -1(x-4) \\ y+2 &= -x+4 \\ y &= -x+2 \end{aligned}$$

 $L_2:$

$$\frac{(3-3)}{5+2} \rightarrow \frac{0}{7}$$



$$3 = -x + 2$$

$$\begin{aligned} -2 &= \\ 1 &= -x \\ -1 & \end{aligned}$$

$$x = 1$$

$$(1) + 2$$

$$1 + 2$$

$$(3)$$

No calculators

Baris Delikasi
PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

9505967

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo ☐ Trevor
☐ Sam

Time: ☐ 8am ☒ 6pm
☐ 5pm ☐ 7pm

1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$$L_1: (-3, 5) \quad (4, -2)$$

$$(x, y) = (-1, 3)$$

$$\frac{-2-5}{4-(-3)} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$$

$$-2 = -1 \cdot 4 + b$$

$$-2 = -4 + b$$

$$b = 2$$

$$L_1: \boxed{y = -x + 2}$$

$$y = -x + 2$$

$$1 = -x$$

$$x = -1$$

$$-x + 2 = 0x + 3$$

$$-x = 1$$

$$x = -1$$

$$L_2: (-2, 3) \quad (5, 3)$$

$$\frac{3-3}{5-(-2)} = 0$$

$$\boxed{y = 0x + 3}$$

$$-1, 3$$

No calculators

Elizabeth Bartlett
PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

840013-7

Put your answer in the box provided.TA: ☒ Garo ☐ Trevor
☐ SamTime: ☐ 8am ☒ 6pm
☐ 5pm ☐ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:1 • the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and2 • the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$$\text{L}_1) \quad \frac{-2-5}{4+3} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1 \quad y - y_0 = m(x - x_0)$$

$$(x, y) = (-1, 3)$$

$$y + 2 = -1(x - 4)$$

$$y + 2 = -x + 4$$

$$\boxed{y = -x + 2} \text{ Line 1}$$

$$\text{L}_2) \quad \frac{3-3}{5+2} = \frac{0}{7} = 0$$

$$y - 3 = 0(x - 5)$$

$$y - 3 = 0$$

$$\boxed{y = 3} \text{ Line 2}$$

Intersection:

$$3 = -x + 2$$

$$3 + x = 2$$

$$x = -1$$

Check:

$$y = -(-1) + 2$$

$$y = 1 + 2$$

$$y = 3 = y = 3 \quad \checkmark$$

No calculators

Annamorgan

PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

7775174

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo
☒ Sam☐ TrevorTime: ☐ 8am☐ 5pm☒ 6pm☒ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$$L_1 \text{ slope} = \frac{-2-5}{4+3} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$$

 $(x, y) =$ $(-1, 3)$

$$L_2 \text{ slope} = \frac{3-3}{5+2} = \frac{0}{7} = 0$$

$$L_1 \text{ equation} = y + 2 = -1x + 4$$

$$= y = -1x + 2$$

$$L_2 \text{ equation} = y - 3 = 0(x - 5)$$

$$y = 3$$

$$3 = -1x + 2$$

$$1 = -1x$$

$$x = -1$$

$$y = -1(-1) + 2$$

$$y = 3$$

No calculators

maggie Shuirmann
PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

7925563

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA:



Garro



Trevor

Time:



8am



6pm



5pm



7pm

1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

 $(x, y) =$ $(-1, 3)$

$$\frac{5+2}{-3-4} = \frac{7}{-7} = -1 = m$$

$$-2 = (-1)4 + b$$

$$-2 = -4 + b$$

$$+4 \quad +4$$

$$2 = b$$

$$L_1 = y = -1x + 2$$

$$\frac{3-3}{5+2} = \frac{0}{7} \text{ no slope}$$

vert. line



$$3 = -1(x) + 2$$

$$1 = -1(x)$$

$$\underline{-1 = x}$$

$$y = -1(-1) + 2$$

$$1 + 2$$

$$y = 3$$

No calculators

Sydney Arrillaga
PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

9560293

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo
☐ Sam

☐ Trevor

Time: ☐ 8am
☐ 5pm

☒ 6pm
☐ 7pm

1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$$L_1 \rightarrow \frac{-2-5}{4+3} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1 = m$$

$$(x, y) = (-1, 3)$$

$$y-5 = -1(x+3)$$

$$y = -x - 3 + 5$$

$$y = -x + 2$$

$$L_2 \rightarrow \frac{3-3}{5+2} = 0$$

$$y-3 = 0$$

$$y = 3$$

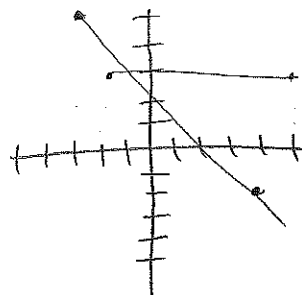
$$\text{int} \rightarrow 3 = -x + 2$$

$$x = -1$$

$$y = -(-1) + 2$$

$$y = 1 + 2$$

$$y = 3$$



No calculators

Harly Cleveland
PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

9551693

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo☐ TrevorTime: ☐ 8am☒ 6pm☐ Sam☐ 5pm☐ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:
 L_1 • the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and

 L_2 • the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$$L_1: m = \frac{-2 - 5}{4 - (-3)} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$$

$$y - 5 = -1(x - (-3))$$

$$y - 5 = -x - 3$$

$$y = -x + 2$$

$$(x, y) = (-1, 3)$$

$$L_2: m = \frac{3 - 3}{5 - (-2)} = \frac{0}{7} = 0$$

$$y - 3 = 0(x - 5)$$

$$y - 3 = 0 - 0 = 0$$

$$y = 3$$

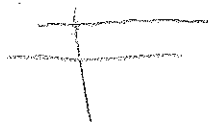
$$3 = -x + 2$$

$$1 = -x$$

$$x = -1$$

$$y = -(-1) + 2$$

$$y = 3$$



No calculators

PRINT NAME

Matthew Loi

PERM NUMBER

686910-1

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA:



Garro



Trevor

Time:



8am



6pm



Sam



5pm



7pm

1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

 $(x, y) =$

$$\boxed{x = -1 \quad y = 3}$$

$$\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \text{slope}$$

$$\frac{-2 - 5}{4 - (-3)} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$$

$$L_1 \quad y = -x + b$$

$$y = -x + b \quad \downarrow$$

$$-2 = -4 + b$$

$$2 = b$$

$$y = -x + 2$$

$$L_2 \quad \frac{3 - 3}{5 - (-2)} = \frac{0}{7}$$

$$y = 0x + b$$

$$3 = -x + 2$$

$$y = 1 + 2$$

$$x + 3 = 2$$

$$y = 3$$

$$3 = b$$

$$y = 3$$

$$x = -1$$

No calculators

PRINT NAME Samantha Morris

PERM NUMBER

3384310

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo☐ TrevorTime: ☐ 8am☒ 6pm☐ Sam☐ 5pm☐ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between: $L_1 =$ • the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and $L_2 =$ • the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$$L_1 \quad \frac{5 - (-2)}{4 - (-3)} = \frac{7}{7} = 1$$

$$(x, y) = \boxed{-3, 3}$$

$$L_1 (y = 1x + 6)$$

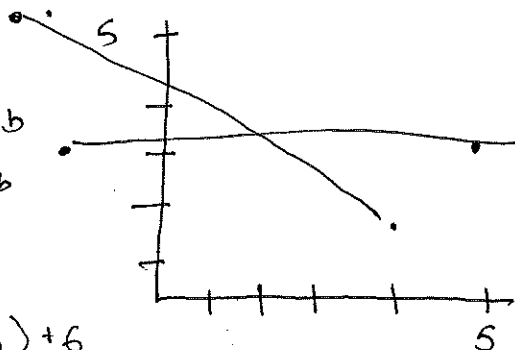
$$y = 1x + b$$

$$y = 1(-2) + b$$

$$y = -2 + b$$

+2

$$6 = b$$



$$L_2 = \frac{3-3}{5-(-2)} = \frac{0}{7} = 0$$

$$y = 0(x) + b$$

$$3 = 0(5) + b$$

$$3 = b$$

$$L_2 (y = 0x + 3)$$

$$y = 1(-3) + 6$$

$$1x + 6 = 0x + 3$$

$$y = -3 + 6$$

$$1x + 6 = 3$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -6 \\ -6 \end{array}$$

$$y = 3$$

$$x = -3$$

$$1x + 6 = 3$$

No calculators

Jeanet Ochoa

PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

9641101

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo ☐ Trevor
☐ SamTime: ☐ 8am ☒ 6pm
☐ 5pm ☐ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

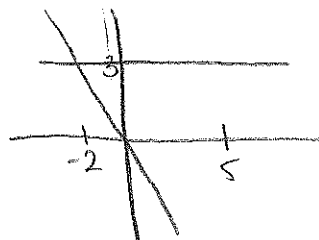
$$L_1: \frac{-2-5}{4-(-3)} = -\frac{7}{7} = -1$$

$$y-5 = -1(x+3)$$

$$y = -1x - 3 + 5$$

$$y = -1x + 2$$

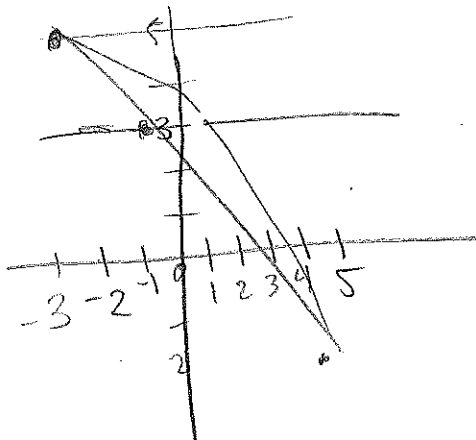
$$(x, y) = (-1, 3)$$



$$L_2: \frac{(3-3)}{5-(-2)} = \frac{0}{7}$$

$$y-3 = 0(x+5)$$

$$y = 3$$



$$\begin{array}{r} 3 = -1x + 2 \\ -2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 = -1x \\ -1 \quad -1 \end{array}$$

$$x = 1$$

No calculators

Yu Lung Chang

PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

9608753

Put your answer in the box provided.

TA:



Garo



Trevor

Time:



8am



6pm



5pm



7pm

1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and $-1 \quad y = -x + 2$
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$. $\textcircled{1} \quad y = 3$

 $(x, y) =$ $(-1, 3)$

$$\frac{7}{-7} \quad \text{at } \frac{0}{-7} \quad (2, 3)$$

 $-3, \textcircled{4}$

$$y = mx + b$$

$$y = -x + b$$

$$5 = -(-3) + b$$

$$5 = 3 + b$$

$$b = 2$$

$$y = mx + b$$

$$3 = -2m + b$$

$$3 = 0 + b$$

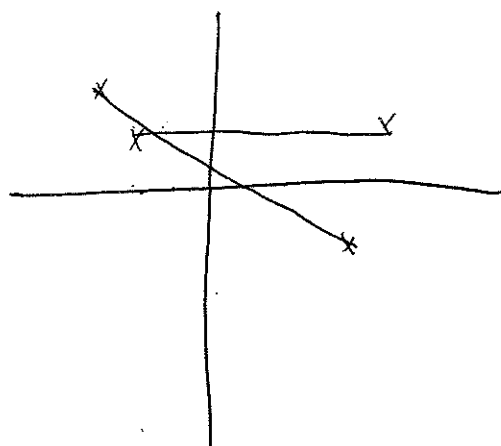
$$-x + 2 = 3$$

$$-x = 1$$

$$x = -1$$

$$y = -(-1) + 2$$

$$y = 3$$



No calculators

Jennifer Oropeza

PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

8215139

Put your answer in the box provided.TA: ☒ Garo ☐ Trevor
☐ SamTime: ☐ 8am ☒ 6pm
☐ 5pm ☐ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

$$y - y_0 = m(x - x_0)$$

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (\overset{x_1}{-3}, \overset{y_1}{5})$ and $(\overset{x_2}{4}, \overset{y_2}{-2})$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (\overset{x_1}{-2}, \overset{y_1}{3})$ and $(\overset{x_2}{5}, \overset{y_2}{3})$.

$$\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \text{ slope}$$

$$(x, y) = \boxed{(-1, 3)}$$

line₁ $\frac{-2 - 5}{4 - (-3)} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$ \downarrow slope

$$y - 5 = -1(x + 3)$$

$$y - 5 = -1x - 3$$

$$y = -1x + 2$$

$$y = -1x + 2$$

line₂ $\frac{3 - 3}{5 - (-2)} = \frac{0}{7} = 0$ \downarrow slope

$$y - 3 = 0(x + 2)$$

$$y - 3 = 0x + 0$$

$$y = 0x + 3$$

$$0x + 3 = -1x + 2$$

$$+1x$$

$$+1x$$

$$1x + 3 = 2$$

$$\frac{1x}{1x} = \frac{-1}{1}$$

$$x = -1$$

$$y = -1(-1) + 2$$

$$y = 1 + 2 = 3$$

No calculators

PRINT NAME Celeste

PERM NUMBER

8369654

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA:

☒ Garo
☐ Sam☐ Trevor

Time:

☐ 8am
☐ 5pm☒ 6pm
☐ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

$$\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{5}{1} = \frac{5}{2}$$

A) • the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 1)$ and $(5, 5)$, andB) • the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-1, 4)$ and $(4, 4)$.

$$A) m = \frac{5-1}{5-(-3)} = \frac{4}{8} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$B) m = \frac{4-4}{4-(-1)} = \frac{0}{5} (x, y) =$$

$$(3, 4)$$

$$y - 5 = -\frac{1}{2}(x - 5)$$

$$y - 4 = 0(x - 0)$$

$$y - 5 = -\frac{1}{2}x - \frac{5}{2} + 5$$

$$y - 4 = 0$$

$$y = 4$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\rightarrow 4 = \frac{1}{2}x + \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\frac{3}{2} = \frac{1}{2}x$$

$$\frac{2 \cdot \frac{3}{2}}{1 \cdot \frac{1}{2}} = x$$

$$4 \cdot \frac{1}{2} = x$$

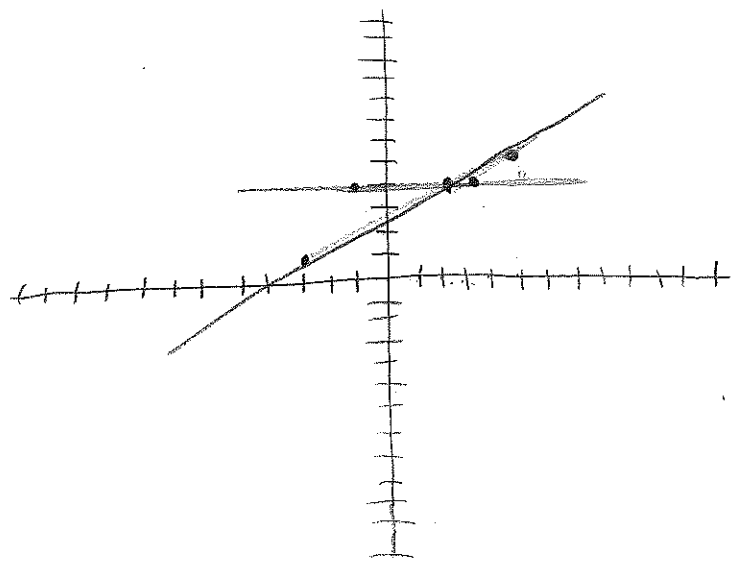
$$x = 3$$

$$-\frac{5}{2} + \frac{5}{1} \cdot \frac{2}{2}$$

$$-\frac{5}{2} + \frac{10}{2} = \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\frac{2 \cdot 4 - 5}{2 \cdot 1 \cdot 2}$$

$$\frac{8 - 5}{2 \cdot 2} = \frac{3}{2}$$



No calculators

PRINT NAME

Evan Harris

PERM NUMBER

7309073

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA:



Garo



Trevor

Time:



8am



6pm



Sam



5pm



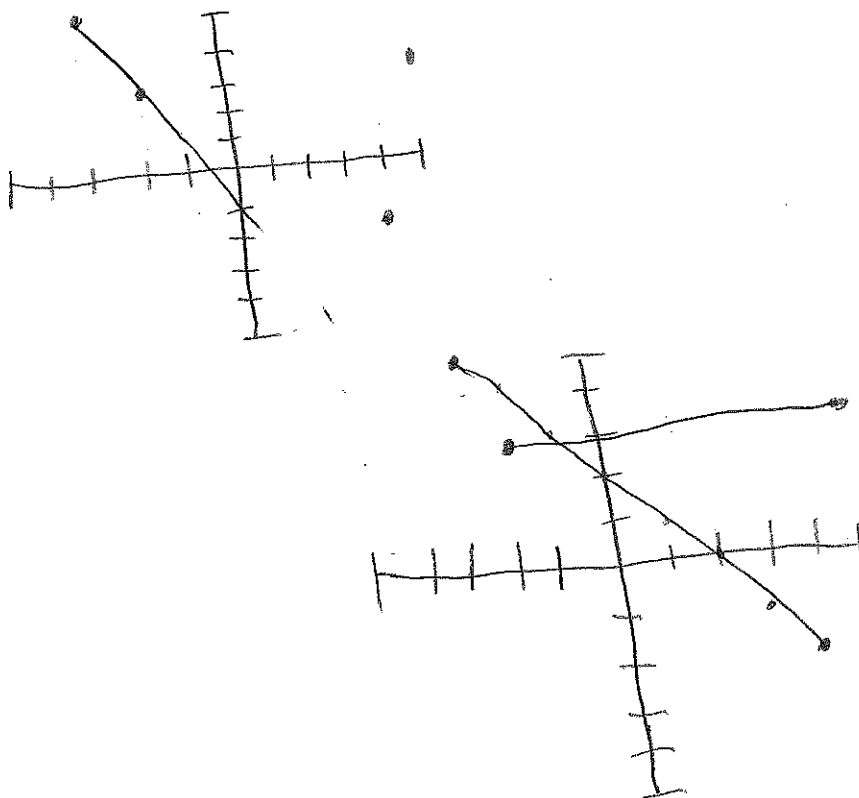
7pm

1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

 $(x, y) =$

-1, 3



No calculators

Yufang Ding
PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

3093259

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo☐ TrevorTime: ☐ 8am☐ 6pm☐ Sam☐ 5pm☒ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$$y = kx + b$$

$$y = kx + b$$

$$\begin{cases} 5 = -3k + b \\ -2 = 4k + b \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 3 = -2k + b \\ 3 = 5k + b \end{cases}$$

$$7k = -7$$

$$k = -1$$

$$3 + b = 5$$

$$b = 2$$

$$y = -x + 2$$

$$0 = 7k$$

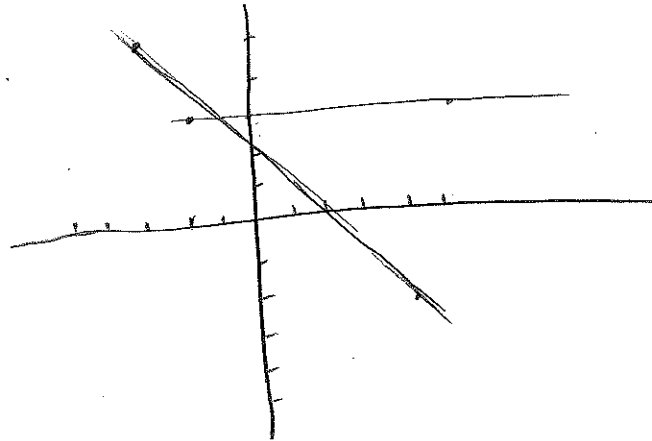
$$k = 0$$

$$0 + b = 3$$

$$b = 3$$

$$y = 3$$

$$(x, y) = (-1, 3)$$



$$-x + 2 = 3$$

$$-x = 1$$

$$x = -1$$

No calculators

PRINT NAME Jiani Zhang

PERM NUMBER

8350449

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo
☐ Sam☐ TrevorTime: ☐ 8am☐ 6pm☐ 5pm☒ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

①

$$\frac{-2-5}{4+3} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$$

$$(x, y) = -1, 3$$

$$y = mx + b$$

$$-(4) + b = -2$$

$$-4 + b = -2$$

$$b = -2 + 4$$

$$b = 2$$

$$y = -x + 2$$

$$\textcircled{3} -x + 2 = 3$$

$$-x = 1$$

$$x = -1$$

②

$$\frac{3-3}{5+2} = 0$$

$$5 + 2$$

$$0 + b = 3$$

$$b = 3$$

$$y = 3$$

No calculators

PRINT NAME Matl Fulton

PERM NUMBER

7838044Put your answer in the box provided.

TA:



Garro



Trevor

Time:



8am



6pm



Sam



5pm



7pm

1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$$m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-2 - 5}{4 - (-3)} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$$

$$(x, y) =$$

$$y = x + 9$$

$$y = x + 1$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{1} + m(x - x_1)$$

$$y = 5 + -1(x - 4)$$

$$x + 4$$

$$y = x + 9$$

$$\underline{0} \quad | \quad m = 1$$

$$y = x + 9$$

$$y = x + 1$$

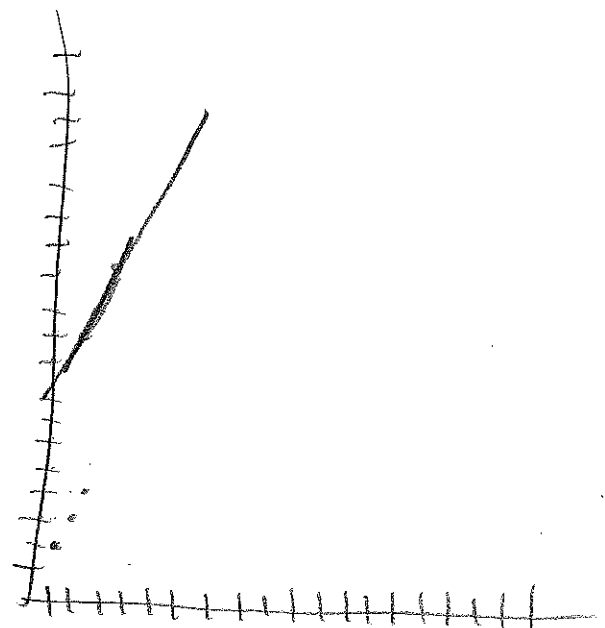
$$x + 1 = x + 9$$

$$x = x + 8$$

$$y = 5 + 1(x - 4)$$

$$x - 4 + 5 = y$$

$$y = x + 1$$



No calculators

Angie Garcia
PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

3282332

Put your answer in the box provided.TA: ☒ Garo ☐ Trevor
☐ SamTime: ☐ 8am ☐ 6pm
☐ 5pm ☒ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

 x_2 $(x, y) = (-1, 3)$

$$\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-2 - 5}{4 - (-3)} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$$

$$y = \frac{1}{2}x + b$$

$$-2 = \frac{1}{2}(4) + b$$

$$-2 = -4 + b$$

$$\begin{array}{r} +4 \\ +4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$b = 2$$

$$y = -1x + b$$

$$5 = -1(-3) + b$$

$$5 = 3 + b$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -3 \quad -3 \\ \hline b = 2 \end{array}$$

$$y = -1x + 2$$

3,

$$\frac{3 - 3}{5 - (-2)} = \frac{0}{7} = 0$$

$$\frac{3 - 3}{5 - (-2)} = \frac{0}{7} = 0$$

$$y = 0x + b$$

$$y = 3$$

$$x = -1$$

$$3 = -1x + 2$$

No calculators

PRINT NAME

Ben Arnold

PERM NUMBER

7022973

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo☐ TrevorTime: ☐ 8am☐ 6pm☐ Sam☐ 5pm☒ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$$\frac{-2-5}{4-(-3)} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$$

$$(x, y) = (-1, 3)$$

~~$$\frac{3-3}{5-(-2)} = \frac{0}{7} = 0$$~~

$$-2 = -1(4) + b$$

$$2 = b$$

$$y = -1x + 2$$

$$y = -1(-1) + 2$$

$$y = 3$$

$$\frac{3-3}{5-(-2)} = \frac{0}{7} = 0$$



$$3 = -1(0) + b$$

$$b = 3$$

$$y = 3$$

$$3 = -1x + 2$$

$$-2 = -1x$$

$$1 = -x$$

$$-1 = x$$

No calculators

LAURYN BRADLEY
PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

8289480

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo☐ Trevor

Time:

☐ 8am☐ 6pm☐ Sam☐ 5pm☒ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$$y_1 - y_2 = m(x_1 - x_2)$$

$$(x, y) =$$

$$\left(\frac{5}{2}, \frac{11}{2}\right)$$

$$\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{-2 - 5}{4 - (-3)} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$$

$$\frac{3 - 3}{5 - (-2)} = \frac{0}{7} = 0$$

$$y = mx + b$$

$$5 - y_2 = -1(-3 - x_2)$$

$$5 - y_2 = -3 - 1x$$

$$-y_2 = -8 - 1x$$

$$y = 1x + 8$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3 - y_2 &= 0(-2 - x_2) \\ &= 0 - x \end{aligned}$$

$$y_2 = -3 - x$$

$$y = 1x + 3$$

$$y = \frac{5}{2} + \frac{36}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{11}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1x + 3 &= 1x + 8 \\ +1 \quad -3 &+1 \quad -3 \end{aligned}$$

$$2x = 5$$

$$x = \frac{5}{2}$$

No calculators

Carlos Orendain
PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

8865669

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

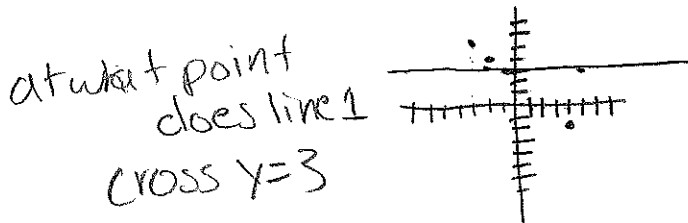
TA: ☒ Garo☐ TrevorTime: ☐ 8am☐ 6pm☐ Sam☐ 5pm☒ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$$\frac{-2-5}{4-(-3)} = \frac{-7}{7} \quad m = -1$$

$$\frac{3-3}{5-(-2)} = \frac{0}{7} = 0$$

$$(x, y) = (-1, 3)$$



$$3 = -1x + b$$

next point on line 1 = -2, 4

next point = -1, 3

next point = 0, 2

next = 1, 1

next = 3, -1 then 4, -2

line 1 must cross @ $y=3$

you use slope from line 1 to fix 'x'
when $y=3$ by counting the next point

$$y = -1x + b$$

to find b of line 1 \rightarrow plug in the point of 4, -2

$$y = -1x + b \rightarrow -2 = -1(4) + b \rightarrow -2 = -4 + b \rightarrow b = +2$$

line of #1

$$= y = -1x + 2$$

so we have this and know
that $y=3$ because of line 2
 $3 = -1x + 2 \rightarrow 1 = -x$

No calculators

PRINT NAME

Will Thorneb

PERM NUMBER

9492794

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo☐ TrevorTime: ☐ 8am☐ 6pm☐ Sam☐ 5pm☒ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection ^{$-1, 3$} between:

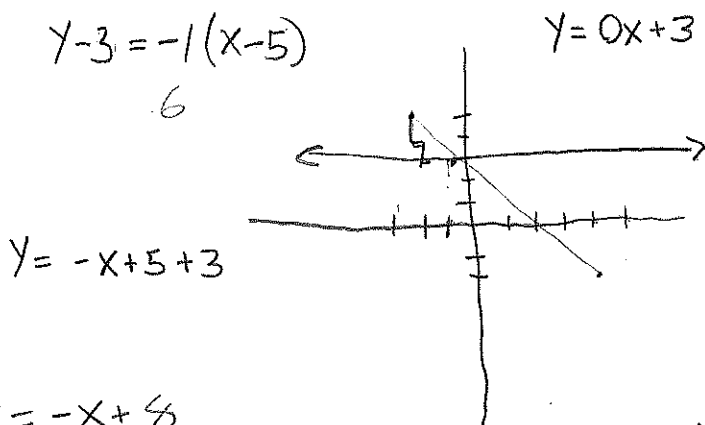
- ✓ • the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and ^{$-2, 4$}
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$. —

$$\frac{3-3}{5+2} = \frac{0}{7} = 0$$

$$\frac{5+2}{-3-4} = \frac{7}{-7}$$

$$(x, y) =$$

$$(-1, 3)$$



$$y-5 = 0(x+3)$$

$$y-5 = 0$$

$$y = 5$$

$$3 = -x + 8$$

$$x = 5$$

$$y = 3$$

$$3 = -x + 2$$

$$-1, 3$$

$$y = 0x + 3$$

$$1 = -x$$

$$-1 = x$$

$$y+2 = -1(x-4)$$

$$y+2 = -x+4$$

$$y = -x+2$$

$$y+2 = -1(x-4)$$

$$y+2 = -x-4$$

$$y+2 = -4$$

No calculators

Melissa Rubino
PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

8183774

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo☐ TrevorTime: ☒ 8am☐ 6pm☐ Sam☐ 5pm☐ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$$\frac{-2-5}{4+3} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$$

$$y+2 = -1(x-4)$$

$$y = -x + 4 - 2$$

$$\underline{y = -x + 2}$$

$$(x, y) =$$

$$(-1, 3)$$

$$\frac{3-3}{5+2} = \frac{0}{7} = 0$$

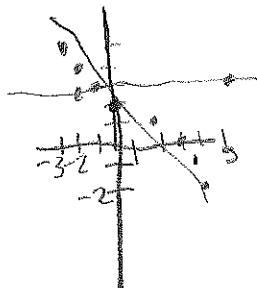
$$y-3 = 0(x-5)$$

$$\underline{y = 3}$$

$$3 = -x + 2$$

$$1 = -x$$

$$\underline{x = -1}$$



No calculators

Fabiola Pascual
PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

7867260

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo ☐ Trevor
☐ SamTime: ☒ 8am ☐ 6pm
☐ 5pm ☐ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

 $(x, y) =$ $(-1, 3)$

$$\frac{-2-5}{4-(-3)} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$$

$$y-5 = -1(x-(-3))$$

$$y = -x + 2$$

$$\frac{3-3}{5-(-2)} = \frac{0}{7} = 0$$

$$y-3 = 0(x-(-2))$$

$$y-3 = 0$$

$$y = 3$$

$$3 = -x + 2$$

$$-2 = -x$$

$$1 = x$$

$$-1 = x$$

No calculators

Bradley Petersen

PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

7947427

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo☐ TrevorTime: ☒ 8am☐ 6pm☐ Sam☐ 5pm☐ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$$\text{Slope} = \frac{-2-5}{4-(-3)} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$$

$$(x, y) = (-1, 3)$$

$$\frac{3-3}{5-(-2)} = 0 \text{ slope}$$

$$\text{Eq. of line 1} = y = -x + 2$$

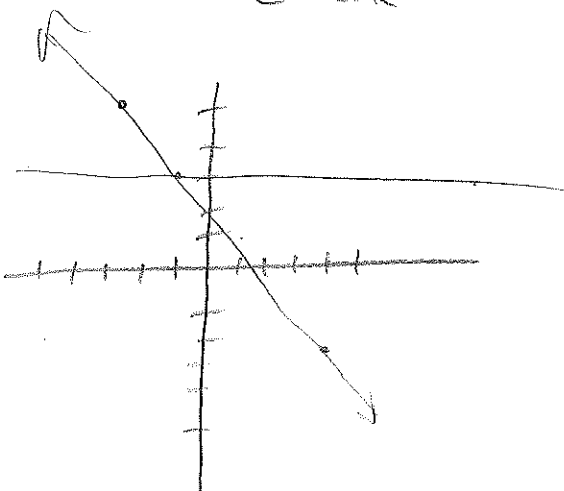
$$3 = -x + 2$$

$$1 = -x$$

$$x = -1$$

$$y = 3$$

Check



No calculators

PRINT NAME Nicholas Cimino

PERM NUMBER

9427170

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA:



Garo



Trevor

Time:



8am



6pm



5pm



7pm

1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$$\frac{-2-5}{4+3} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$$

$$5 = -1(-3) + b$$

$$5 = 3 + b$$

$$b = 2$$

$$y = -x + 2$$

$$y = 3$$

$$3 = -x + 2$$

$$-2$$

$$\frac{1}{-1} = \frac{-x}{-1}$$

$$x = -1$$

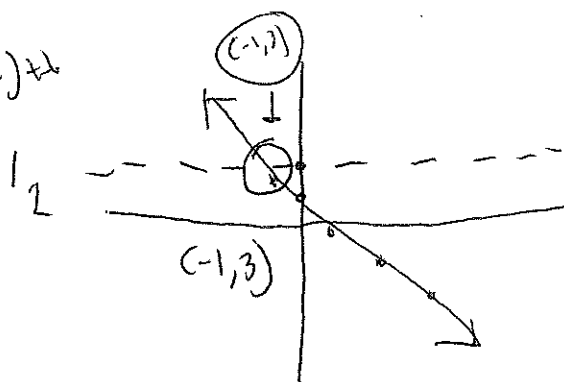
$$(-1, 3)$$

$$\frac{3-3}{5+2} = \frac{0}{7} = 0$$

$$3 = 0(-2) + b$$

$$3 = b$$

$$(x, y) = (-1, 3)$$



check:

$$\frac{-2-5}{4+3} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$$

$$y = -x + 2 \checkmark$$

$$5 = -1(-3) + b$$

$$5 = 3 + b$$

$$b = 2$$

$$\frac{3-3}{5+2} = \frac{0}{7} = 0$$

$$y = 3 \checkmark$$

$$3 = 0(-2) + b$$

$$3 = b$$

~~324~~

No calculators

April Lemus
PRINT NAME

PERM NUMBER

8413528

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo ☐ Trevor
☐ SamTime: ☒ 8am ☐ 6pm
☐ 5pm ☐ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (\overset{x_1}{-3}, \overset{y_1}{5})$ and $(\overset{x_2}{4}, \overset{y_2}{-2})$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (\overset{x_1}{-2}, \overset{y_1}{3})$ and $(\overset{x_2}{5}, \overset{y_2}{3})$.

$$\frac{-2 - 5}{4 - (-3)} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$$

$$(x, y) = \boxed{2, 5}$$

$$\frac{3 - 3}{5 - (-2)} = \frac{0}{7} = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} y - 3 &= 0(x - 5) \\ y &= x + 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$y - 5 = -1(x - (-3))$$

$$\begin{aligned} y - 5 &= -x - 3 \\ y + 5 & \quad \quad \quad + 5 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = -x + 2$$

$$y = x + 3$$

$$y = 5$$

$$\begin{aligned} 5 &= x + 3 \\ -3 & \quad \quad -3 \\ 2 &= x \end{aligned}$$

No calculators

PRINT NAME Angelma sang

PERM NUMBER

9350166

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo
☐ Sam☐ Trevor

Time:

☐ 8am☐ 6pm☐ 5pm☐ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

 $y=3$

$$L_1: y = mx + b \rightarrow y = -1x + 2$$

$$m = \frac{5+2}{-3-4} = -\frac{7}{7} = -1$$

$$-2 = (-1)(4) + b$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -2 = -4 + b \\ +4 \quad +4 \end{array}$$

$$b = 2$$

$$L_2: y = mx + b \rightarrow y = 3 \checkmark$$

$$m = \frac{3-3}{5-2} = \frac{0}{3} = 0$$

$$3 = 5(0) + b$$

$$b = 3$$

$$(x, y) = (-1, 3)$$

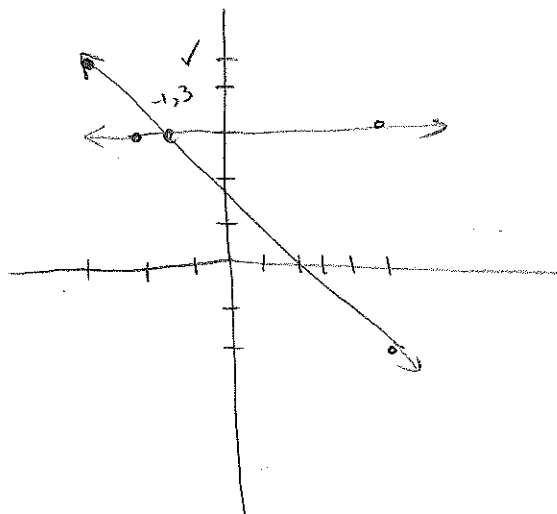
$$3 = -1x + 2$$

$$-2$$

$$\frac{1}{-1} = -1x$$

$$x = -1$$

$$y = 3$$



No calculators

PRINT NAME

Jack Greene

PERM NUMBER

797-4397

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA:

☒

Garo

☐

Trevor

Time:

☒

8am

☐

6pm

☐

Sam

☐

5pm

☐

7pm

1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$$\frac{7}{7}$$

$$-1(x+3)+5$$

$$y_1 = -x + 2$$

$$y_2 = 3$$

 $(x, y) =$ $(-1, 3)$

No calculators

PRINT NAME LOTUS VA

PERM NUMBER

9464280

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo☐ TrevorTime: ☒ 8am☐ 6pm☐ Sam☐ 5pm☐ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

 $(x, y) =$ ~~$(3, 0)$~~ $(-1, 3)$

$$\frac{-2 - 5}{4 - (-3)} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$$

$$\frac{3 - 3}{5 - (-2)} = \frac{0}{7}$$

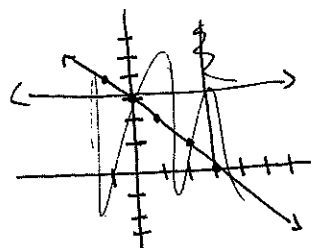
$$y + 2 = -1(x - 4)$$

$$y + 2 = -1x + 4$$

$$y = -1x + 2$$

$$y - 3 = 0(x - 5)$$

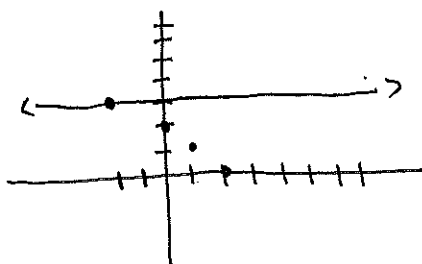
$$y = 3$$



$$3 = -1x + 2$$

$$1 = -1x$$

$$x = -1$$



No calculators

PRINT NAME Wendy Romero

PERM NUMBER

8356982

Put your answer in the

box

provided.

TA: ☒ Garo☐ TrevorTime: ☒ 8am☐ 6pm☐ Sam☐ 5pm☐ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:1. the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and2. the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$$1. \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \rightarrow \frac{-2 - 5}{4 - (-3)} = \frac{-7}{7} = -1$$

 $(x, y) =$

(-1, 3)

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 5 = -1(x - (-3))$$

$$y - 5 = -x - 3$$

$$y = -x + 2$$

$$2. \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} \rightarrow \frac{3 - 3}{5 - (-2)} = \frac{0}{7} = 0$$

$$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$$

$$y - 3 = 0(x - (-2))$$

$$y = 3$$

$$2 = -7(x) - 16$$

$$3 = -7x - 16$$

$$7x = -3 - 16$$

$$\frac{7x}{7} = \frac{-19}{7}$$

$$x = \frac{-19}{7}$$

Intersection

$$3 = -x + 2$$

$$x = -3 + 2$$

$$x = -1$$

No calculators

PRINT NAME *YZ Chen*

PERM. NUMBER

*8215877*Put your answer in the box provided.TA: ☒ Garo
☐ Sam☐ TrevorTime: ☒ 8am
☐ 5pm☐ 6pm
☐ 7pm1. Find the (x, y) coordinates of the point of intersection between:

- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-3, 5)$ and $(4, -2)$, and
- the line connecting the points $(x, y) = (-2, 3)$ and $(5, 3)$.

$$\begin{array}{cc} (-3, 5) & (4, -2) \\ x & y \end{array}$$

$$(x, y) = \begin{array}{cc} x & y \\ (-0.5, 2.5) \end{array}$$

$$\frac{-2-5}{4+3} = -\frac{7}{7} = -1$$

$$y+2 = -1(x-4)$$

$$y = -x + 4 - 2$$

$$y = -x + 2$$

$$-1x + 2 = x + 3$$

$$-1x = x + 3 - 2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -1x = x + 1 \\ +1x \quad +1x \end{array}$$

$$\frac{2x}{2} = \frac{-1}{2}$$

$$x = -\frac{1}{2} = -0.5$$

$$y = -0.5 + 3$$

$$y = 2.5$$

$$y = -1(-0.5) + 2$$

$$y = 0.5 + 2$$

$$y = 2.5$$

$$\begin{array}{cc} (-2, 3) & (5, 3) \\ x & y \end{array}$$

$$\frac{3-3}{5+2} = \frac{0}{7} = 0$$

$$y-3 = \frac{0}{7}(x-5)$$

$$y = x + 3$$