## **Binomial Expansion**

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## **Answer all Questions**

## **Additional Math**

- 1. (a) In ascending powers of x, find the first three terms in the expansion of  $(1+2x)^6$ . [3]
  - (b) Hence find the coefficient of  $x^2$  in the expansion of  $(1+2x)^6(1+2x-3x^7)$ . [3]
- 2. Find the term independent of x in the expansion of  $\left(x^4 \frac{1}{x^3}\right)^{13}$ . [3]
- 3. (a) Expand  $(2+x)^4 + (2-x)^4$ . [3]
  - (b) Using the substitution  $u = x^2$ , solve the equation  $(2+x)^4 + (2-x)^4 = 626$ . [3]
- 4. Find, in its simplest form, the coefficient of  $x^4$  in the expansion of:

(a) 
$$(1+2x)^9$$

- (b)  $\left(x + \frac{5}{x^2}\right)^{16}$  [2]
- 5. (a) In ascending powers of x, find the first three terms in the expansion of  $(3+2x)^5$ . [2]
  - (b) In the expansion of  $(3+2x)^5(a+bx)^5$ , the constant term is 1944 and the coefficient of  $x^2$  is -256. Find the value of a and the value of b.
- 6. (a) Find the coefficient of  $x^2$  in the expansion of  $(3-2x)^7$ . [2]
  - (b) Find the coefficient of  $x^2$  in the expansion of  $(2+x)(3-2x)^2$ . [3]
- 7. (a) Given that n is a positive integer, write down the first 3 terms, in ascending powers of x, in the expansion of  $\left(1 \frac{1}{3}x\right)^n$ .
  - (b) The coefficient of  $x^2$  in the expansion of  $(1+x)\left(1-\frac{1}{3}x\right)^n$  is  $\frac{20}{3}$ . Find the value of n. [4]
- 8. Find the term independent of x in the expansion of  $\left(x^3 \frac{2}{x^3}\right)^{10}$ . [3]