

# ELK

# Agenda



The story of logging



How does ELK works!



Key features



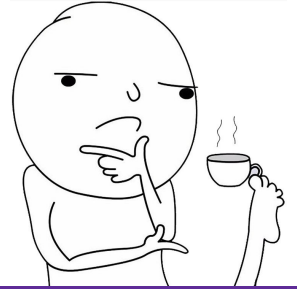
Demo



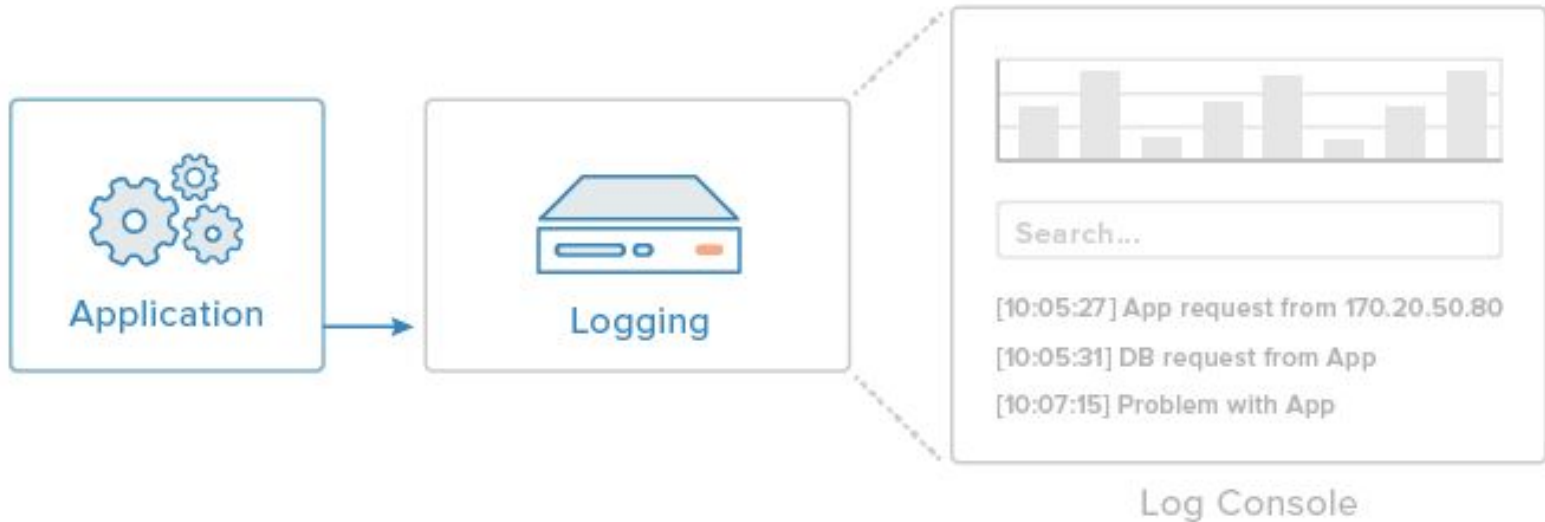
Hand-on use case

---

# The story of logging



# Application logging



# Logging sensitive information

Example Language: **Java**

(bad code)

```
logger.info("Username: " + usernme + ", CCN: " + ccn);
```

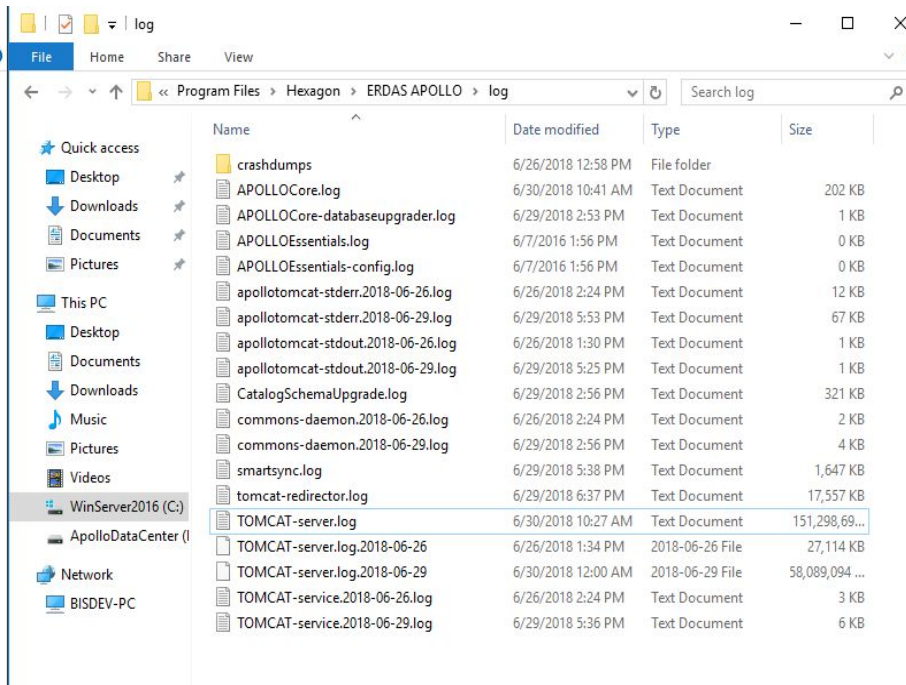
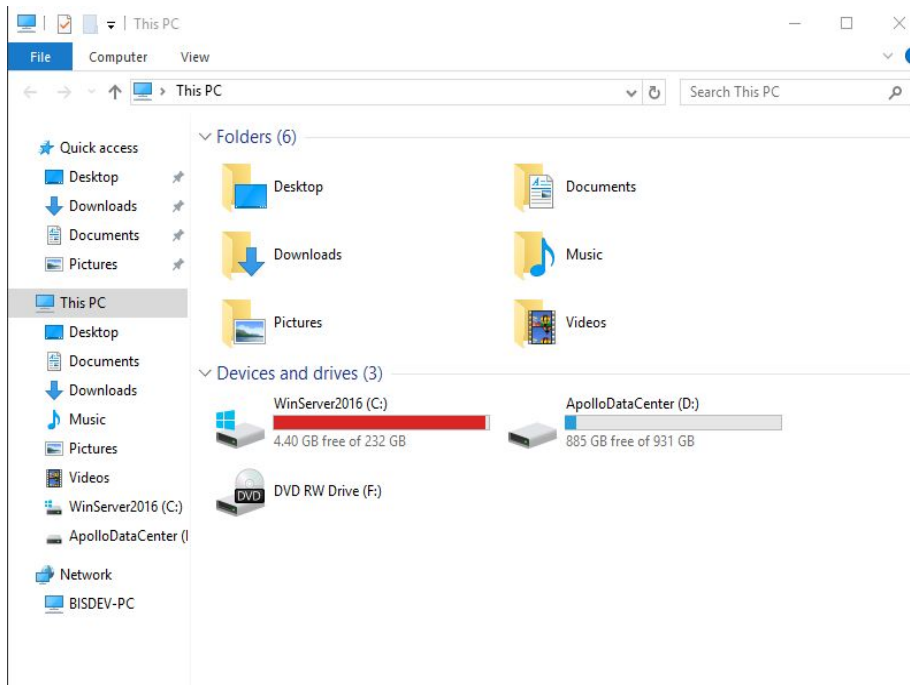
Example Language: **Java**

(bad code)

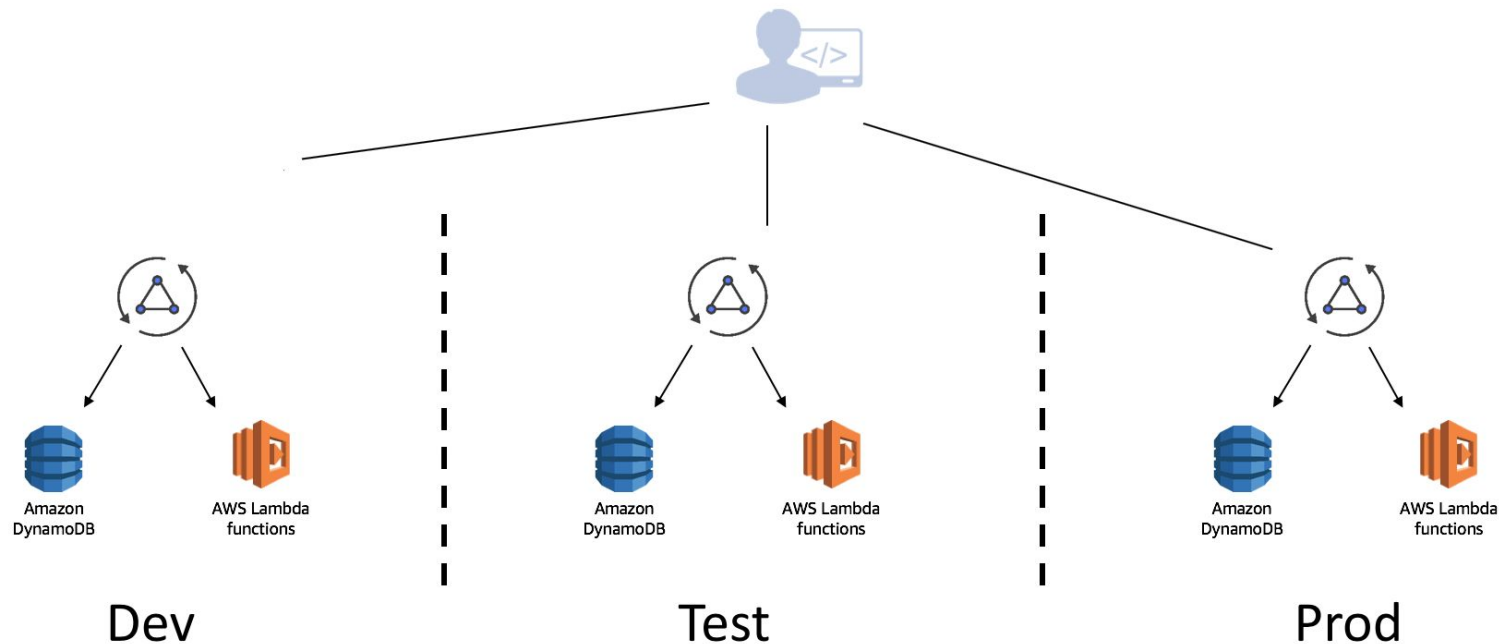
```
locationClient = new LocationClient(this, this, this);
locationClient.connect();
currentUser.setLocation(locationClient.getLastLocation());
...

catch (Exception e) {
    AlertDialog.Builder builder = new AlertDialog.Builder(this);
    builder.setMessage("Sorry, this application has experienced an error.");
    AlertDialog alert = builder.create();
    alert.show();
    Log.e("ExampleActivity", "Caught exception: " + e + " While on User:" + User.toString());
}
```

# Using a single log file



# Monitoring across multiple environments



# ELK Stack

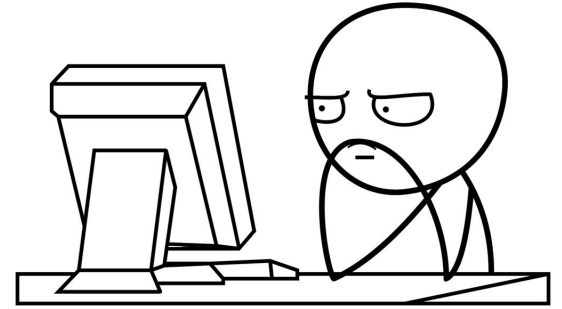
**E**lasticSearch: storing logs

**L**ogStash: processing logs

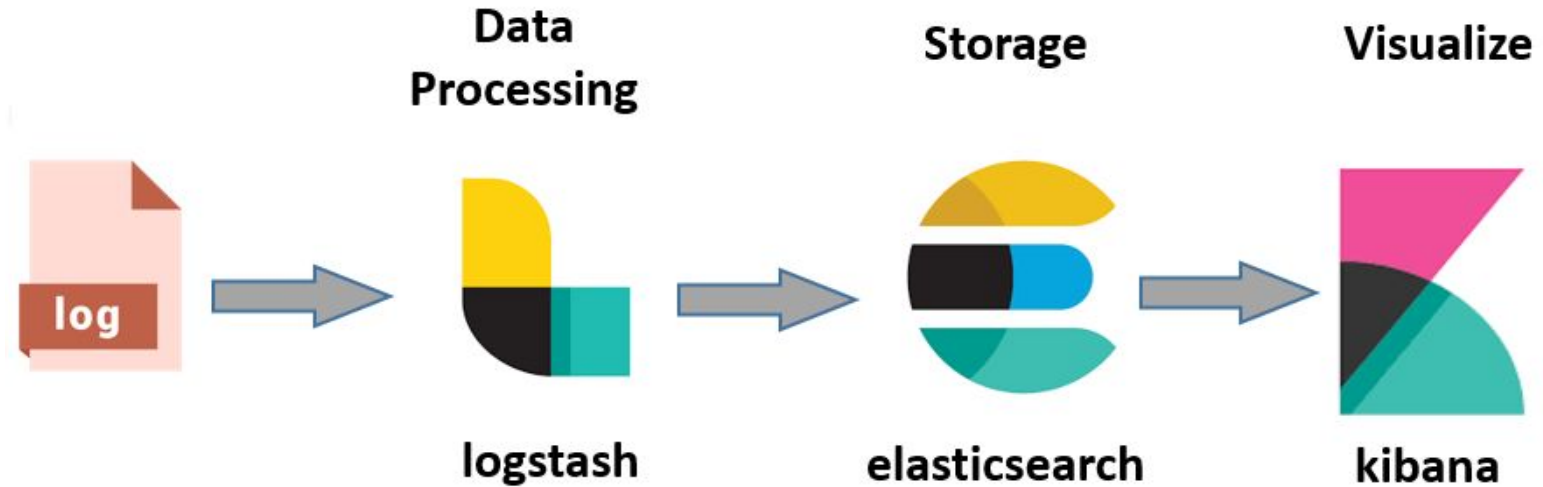
**K**ibana: visualization tool



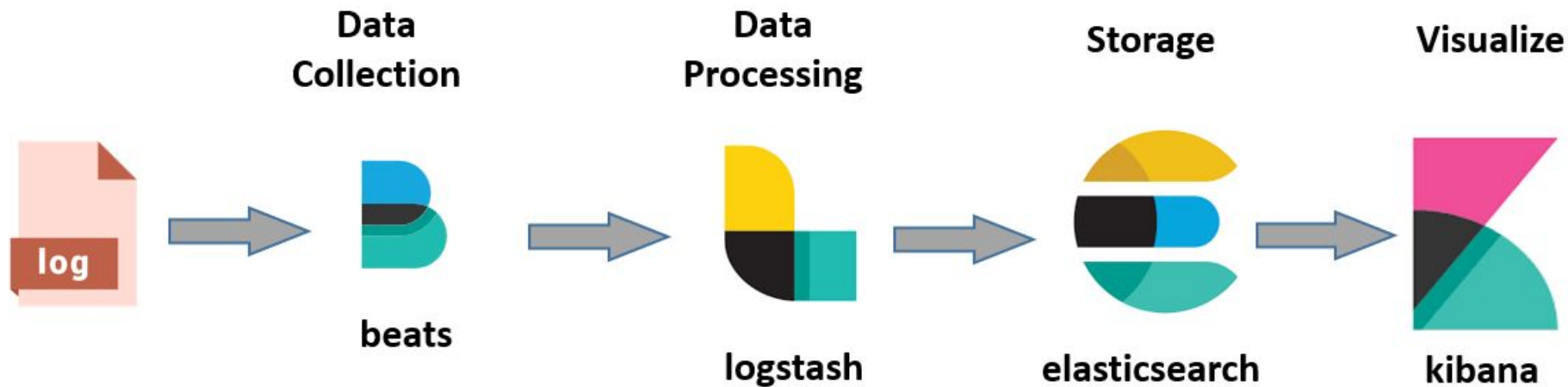
# How does ELK work!



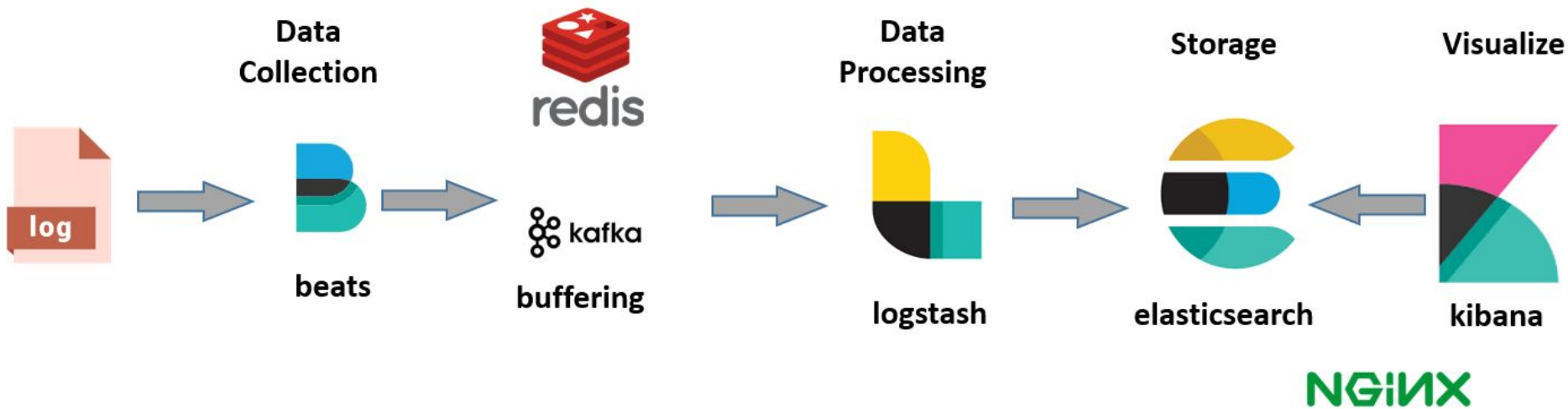
# Classic architecture



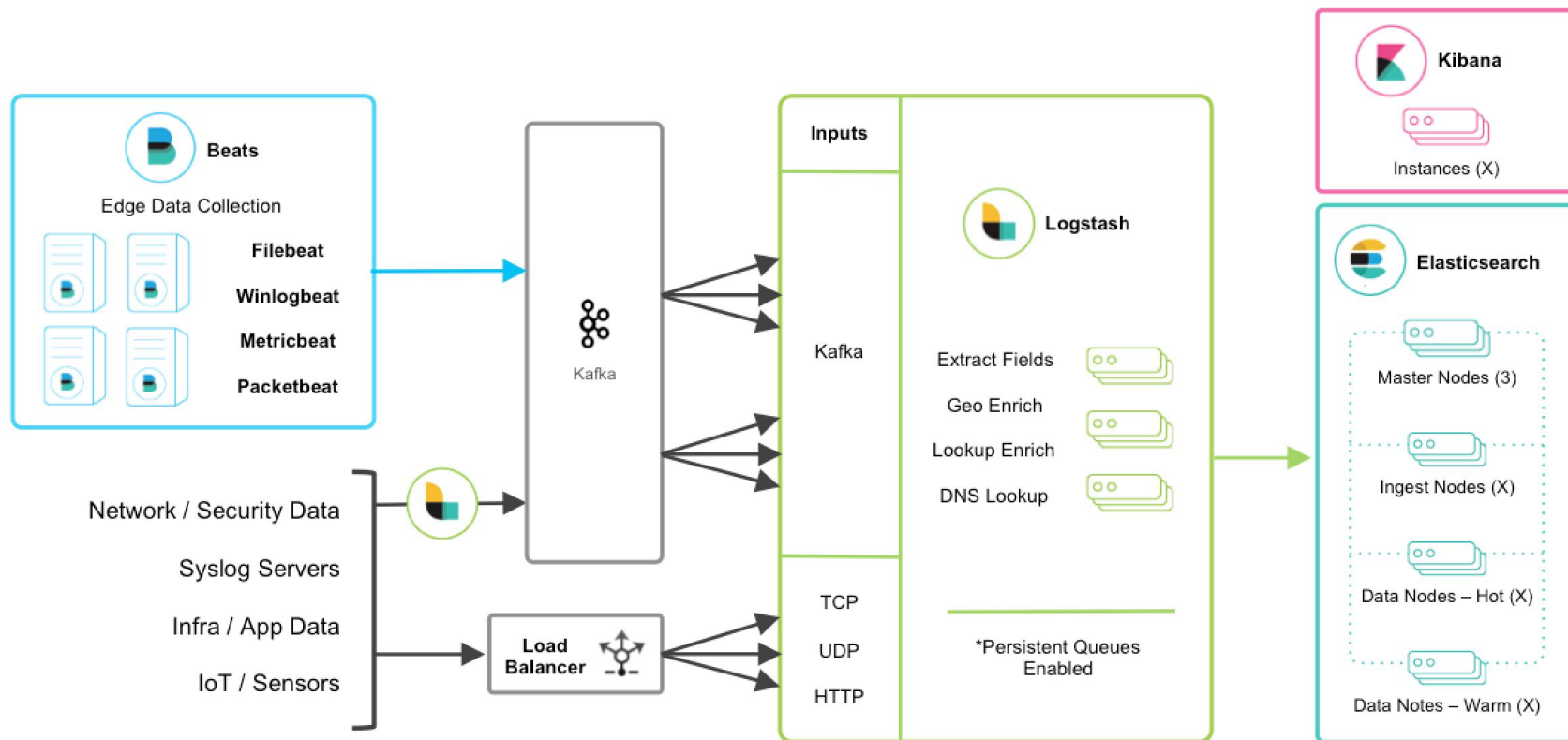
# Elastic stack architecture



# Massive amount of data architecture



# Data flow



# Case studies



**Medium**

# Advantages and Disadvantages

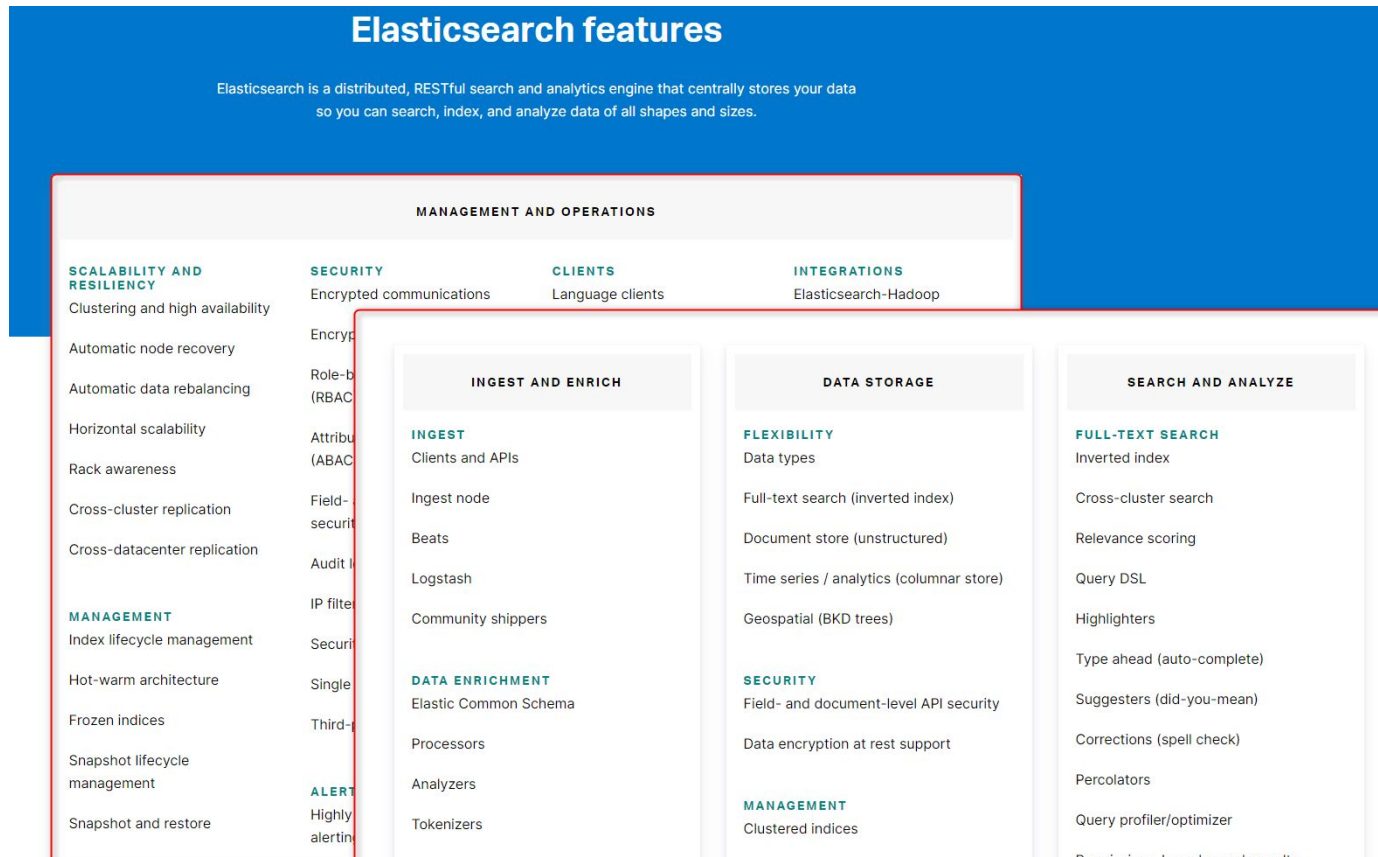
Advantages	Disadvantages
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>(1) Works best when logs from various apps</li><li>(2) Rapid installation</li><li>(3) Scales up vertically and horizontally</li><li>(4) Offers a host of language clients</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>(1) Different components in the stack can become difficult</li></ul>

# Elasticsearch

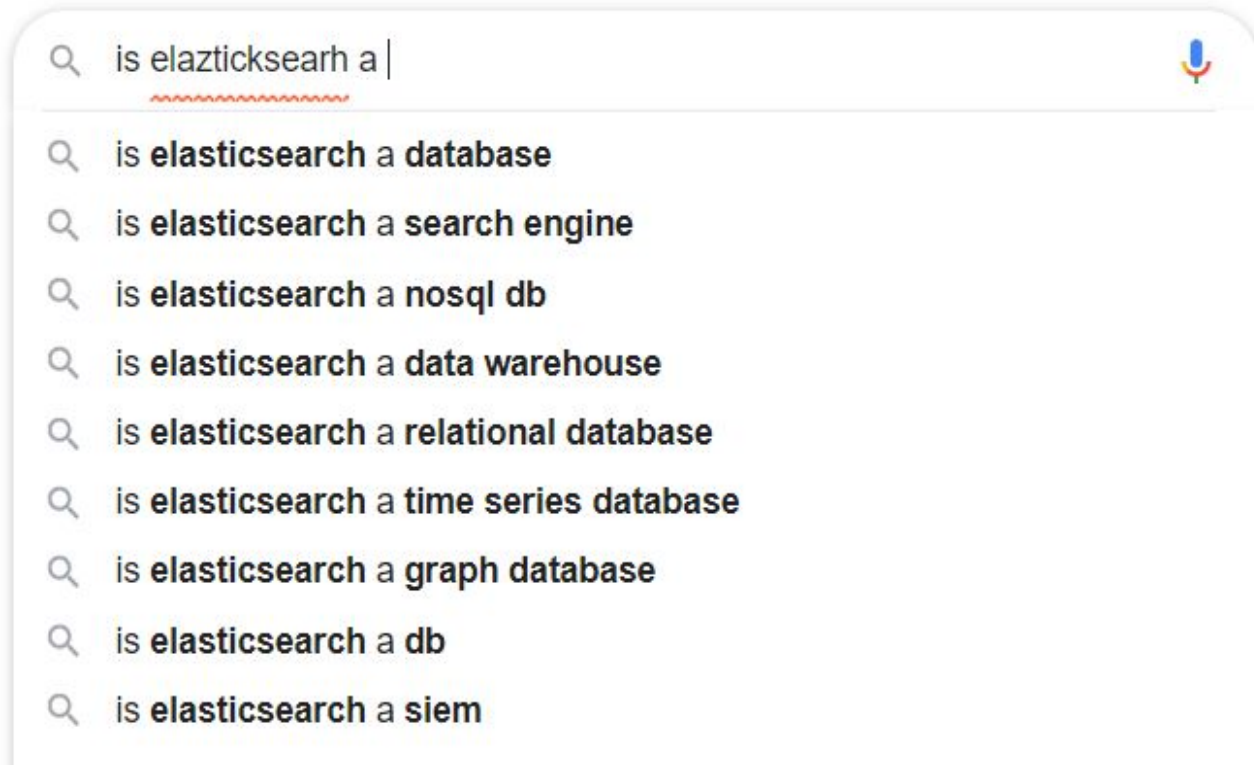




# Elasticsearch key features



# Full text - powerful search engine



# A replacement of NoSQL DBMS



# Query & Analyze structured data

D

Dev Tools

History

Settings

Help

Console

Search Profiler

Grok Debugger

```
1 GET /kibana_sample_data_ecommerce/_search
2 {
3   "size": 0,
4   "aggs": {
5     "quantity_stats": {
6       "stats": {
7         "field": "total_quantity"
8       }
9     }
10  }
11
12 }
13
14
```

```
1 {
2   "took" : 3,
3   "timed_out" : false,
4   "_shards" : {
5     "total" : 1,
6     "successful" : 1,
7     "skipped" : 0,
8     "failed" : 0
9   },
10  "hits" : {
11    "total" : {
12      "value" : 4675,
13      "relation" : "eq"
14    },
15    "max_score" : null,
16    "hits" : [ ]
17  },
18  "aggregations" : {
19    "quantity_stats" : {
20      "count" : 4675,
21      "min" : 1.0,
22      "max" : 8.0,
23      "avg" : 2.1585026737967916,
24      "sum" : 10091.0
25    }
26  }
27 }
28
```

# Analyze log and system metric



# Fundamental concepts (1/3)

**Index:** Elasticsearch Indices are logical partitions of documents, or a set of documents. (RDBMS: table)

**Documents:** Documents are JSON objects that are stored within an Elasticsearch index and are considered the base unit of storage. (RDBMS: record)

## Fundamental concepts (2/3)

**Types:** Elasticsearch types are used within documents to subdivide similar types of data wherein each type represents a unique class of documents.

(RDBMS: SQL data type)

**Mapping:** Mapping defines the type of different fields that reside within an index.

# Fundamental concepts (3/3)

**Shards:** Index size is a common cause of Elasticsearch crashes

-> Split up indices horizontally into pieces called shards.

**Replicas:** Elasticsearch allows users to make copies of shards called replicas.



# Fundamental concepts in pictures

Index: axon.workshop.2020

Shard1 : Replica1

```
{
  "_id" : "b891d51a-5f98-11ea-bc55-0242ac130003",
  "product_id" : "AAV8",
  "product_name" : "Auto Assist V8"
  ...
},
{
  "_id" : "cb7dbcc0-5f98-11ea-bc55-0242ac130003",
  "product_id" : "CLA2",
  "product_name" : "Cleopatra A2"
  ...
},
```

documents

Shard1 : Replica2

-> the same content with Shard1 : Replica1

Shard2 : Replica1

```
{
  "_id" : "cb7dbcc0-5f98-11ea-bc55-0242ac130003",
  "product_id" : "CTR4",
  "product_name" : "Car Trader 4"
  ...
},
{
  "_id" : "d239407a-5f98-11ea-bc55-0242ac130003",
  "product_id" : "MPEG",
  "product_name" : "Matlr Pegasus"
  ...
}
```

documents

```
# PUT /axon.workshop.2020
```

```
{
  "mappings": {
    "properties": {
      "product_id": { "type": "keyword" },
      "product_name": { "type": "text" },
      "price": { "type": "float" },
      ...
    }
  }
}
```

# Elasticsearch queries

## Boolean Operators

- jack AND jill — return events contain both jack and jill
- ahab NOT moby — return events contain ahab but not moby
- tom OR jerry — return events contain tom or jerry, or both

# Elasticsearch queries

## Fields

- Name: "Ned Stark"

# Elasticsearch queries

## Ranges

- `age:[3 TO 10]` — Will return events with age between 3 and 10
- `price:{100 TO 400}` — Will return events with prices between 101 and 399

# Elasticsearch queries

## Wildcards, Regexes and Fuzzy Searching

- You can use the \* character for multiple character wildcards or the ? character for single character wildcards.

# Elasticsearch queries

## URI Search

- `curl "localhost:9200/_search?q=name:travis"`
- `curl "localhost:9200/_search?q=name:john~1 AND (age:[30 TO 40] OR surname:K*) AND -city"`

# Elasticsearch REST API

- **Elasticsearch Document API**

```
curl -X PUT "localhost:9200/twitter/_doc/1?pretty" -H  
'Content-Type: application/json' -d'
```

```
{ "user" : "kimchy",
```

```
  "post_date" : "2009-11-15T14:12:12",
```

```
  "message" : "trying out Elasticsearch" }'
```

# Elasticsearch REST API

- **Elasticsearch Search API**
- **Elasticsearch Indices API**
- **Elasticsearch Cluster API**



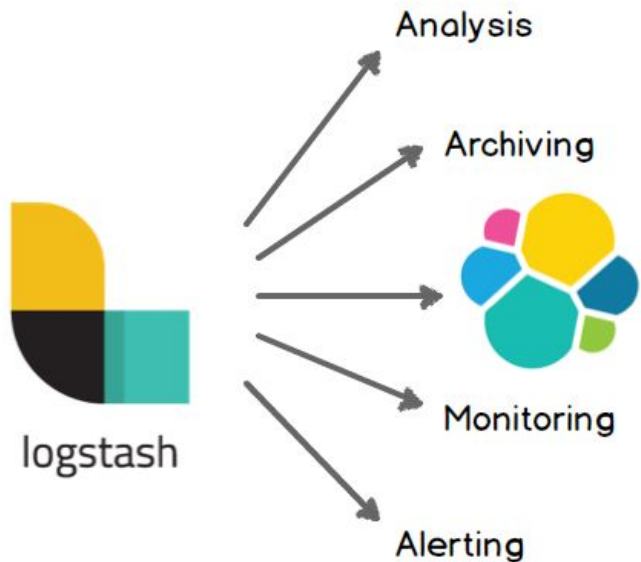
# Elasticsearch Plugins

Elasticsearch plugins are classified in two types - core plugins or community plugins

# Logstash



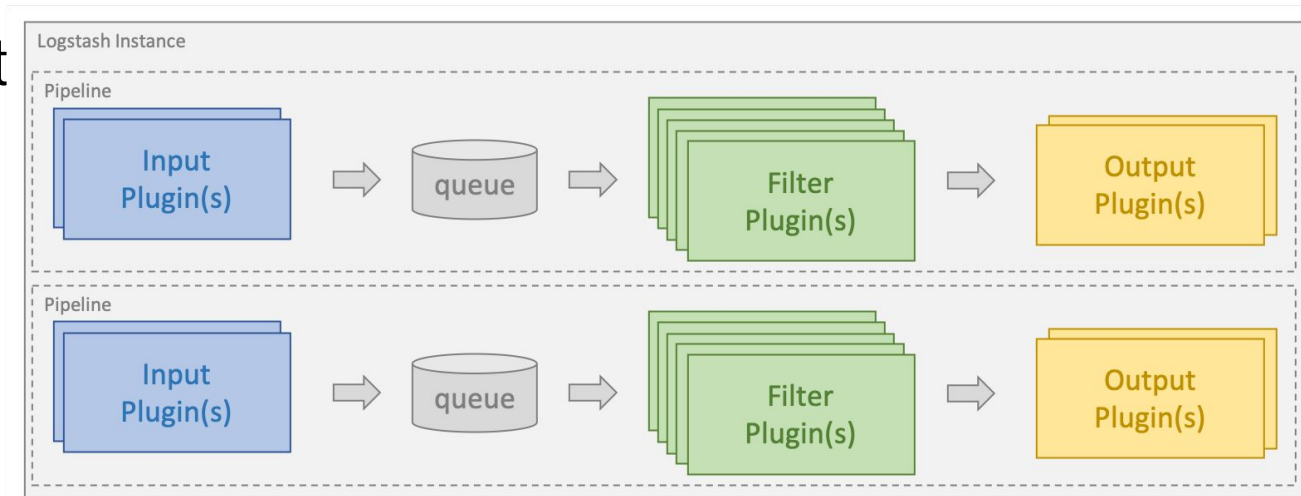
# Logstash key features



- Collect from different sources.
- Filters, parsing, transforming meaning data.
- Multiple destinations.

# Logstash key concepts

- Event object
- Pipeline
- Input
- Filter
- Output

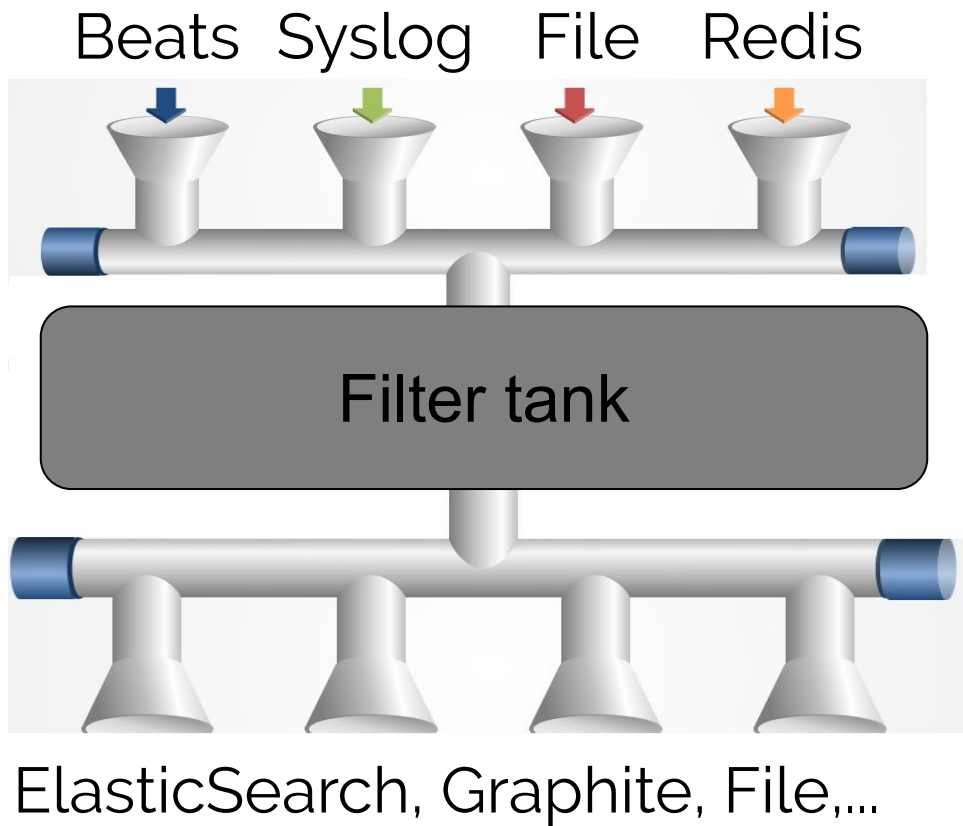


# Event object

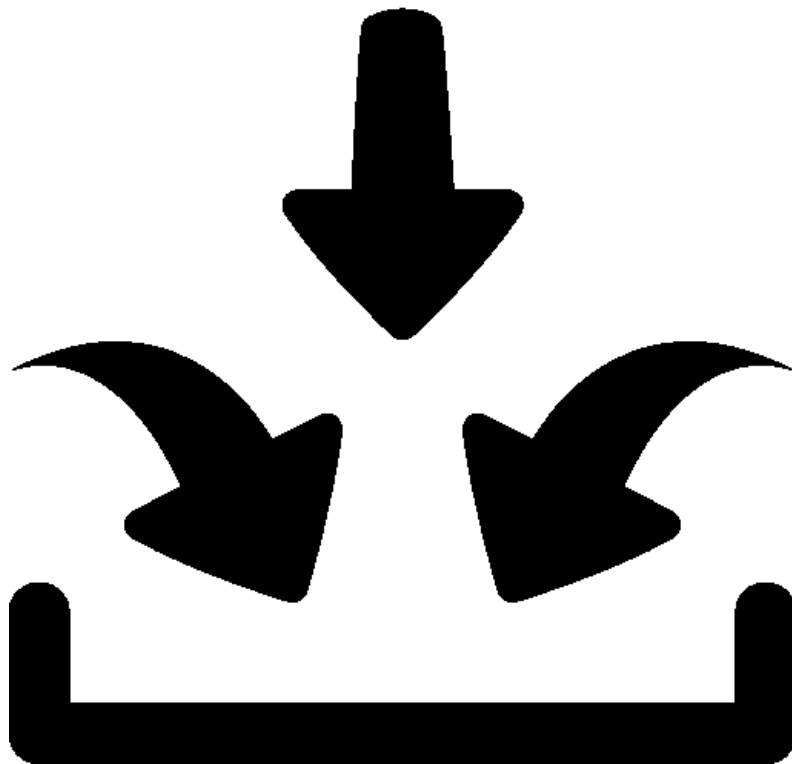
```
{
  "message" => "Hello Logstash!",
  "@version" => "1",
  "host" => "192.168.1.69",
  "@timestamp" => 2020-02-15T03:56:41.001Z,
  "headers" => {
    "request_method" => "PUT",
    "http_version" => "HTTP/1.1",
    "http_accept" => "*/*",
    "content_type" => "text/plain;charset=UTF-8",
    "accept_language" => "vi,en;q=0.9,en-US;q=0.8,de-CH;q=0.7",
    "http_user_agent" => "Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/80.0.3987.122 Safari/537.36",
    "connection" => "keep-alive",
    "postman_token" => "a8581dcb-abfc-0249-8706-500a1064120e",
    "cache_control" => "no-cache",
    "content_length" => "15",
    "accept_encoding" => "gzip, deflate",
    "request_path" => "/myAppId",
    "origin" => "chrome-extension://fhbjgbiflinjbdggehcddcbncdddomop",
    "http_host" => "192.168.1.4:5044"
  }
}
```



# Pipeline



# Input



- Beats
- Syslog
- File
- Redis
- ...

# Filter

I want get this!

I want get that!

Who are are you?

Where are your from?

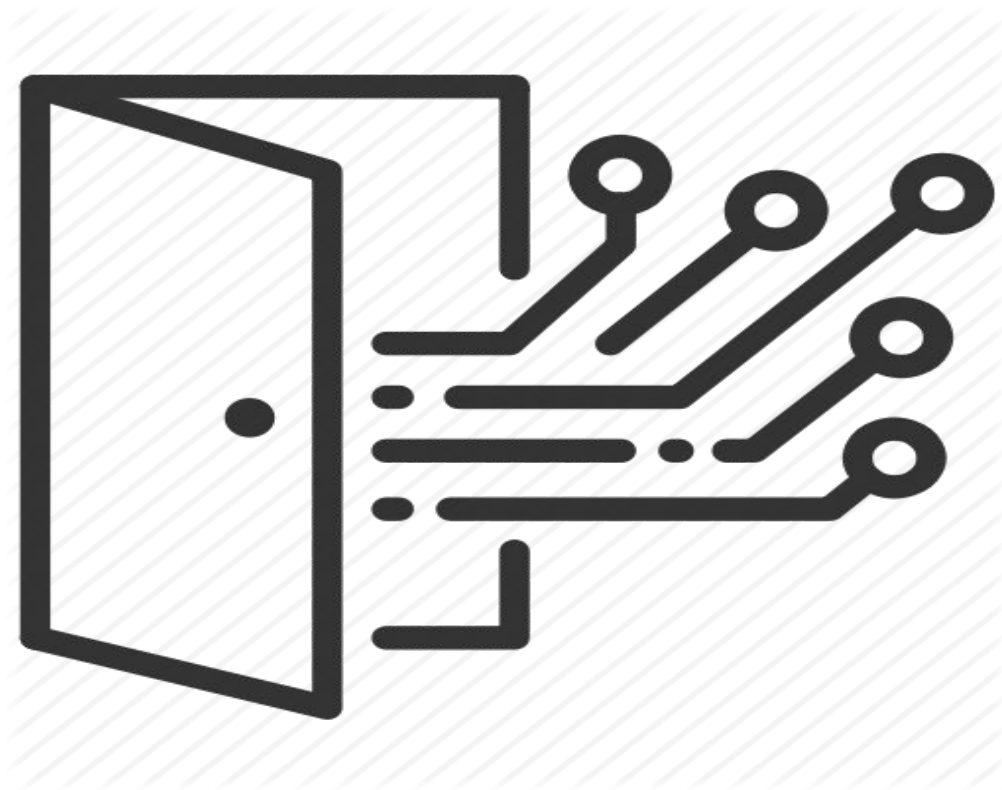
I want to transform it!

Please don't send  
me sensitive data!

- Grok
- Mutate
- Drop
- Geoip
- ...



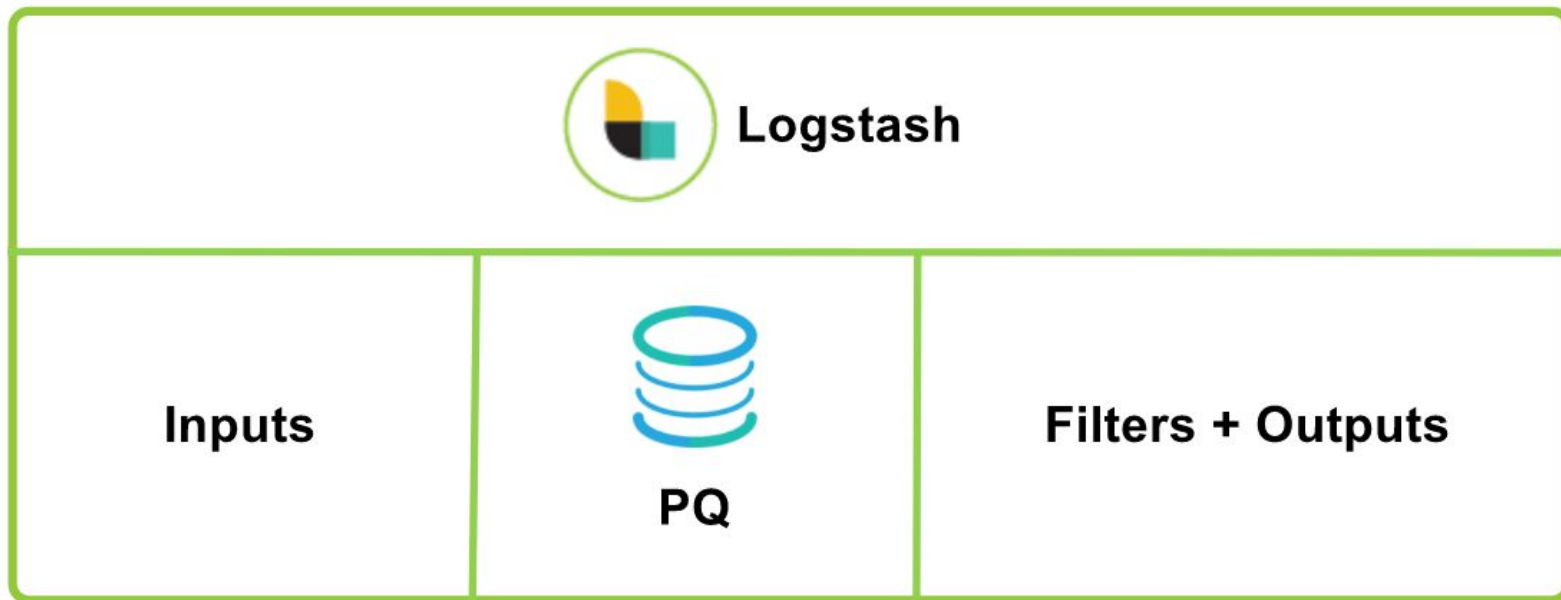
# Output



- Elasticsearch
- File
- Graphite
- ...

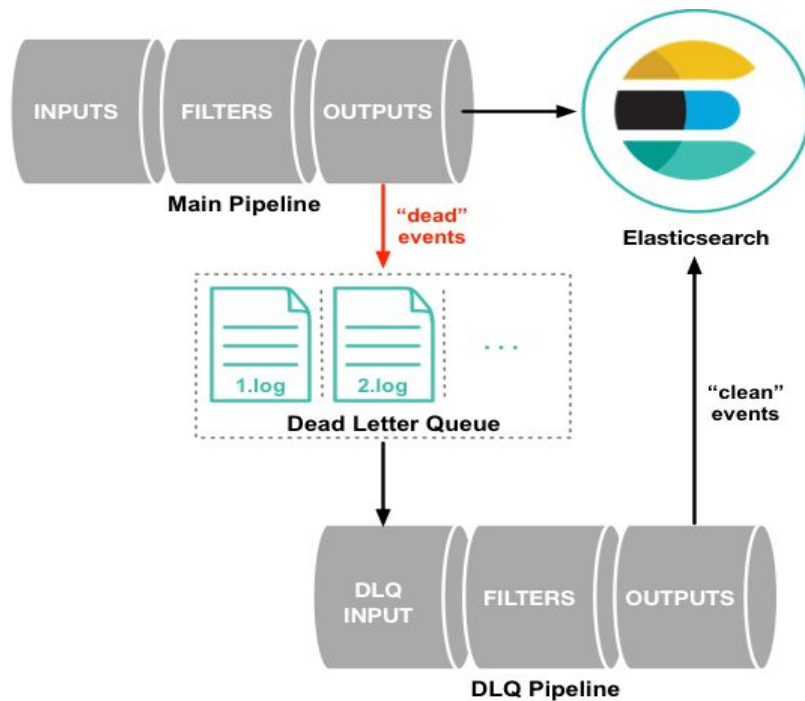
# Data Resiliency

- Persistent Queues



# Data Resiliency

- Dead Letter Queues (output)



# Logstash pros and cons

Pros	Cons
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>(1) Regex pattern</li><li>(2) Supports a variety platform</li><li>(3) Bunch of plugins</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>(1) Need good understanding</li><li>(2) Filter plugins not generic</li></ul>

# Configuration

```
input {
  beats {
    port => "5044"
  }
}

filter
  grok {
    match => { "message" => "%[COMBINEDAPACHELOG]" }
  }
  date {
    match => ["timestamp", "dd/MMM/yyyy:HH:mm:ss Z"]
  }
  geoip {
    source => "clientip"
  }
}
```

```
output {
  elasticsearch {
    hosts ["localhost : 9200"]
  }
}
```

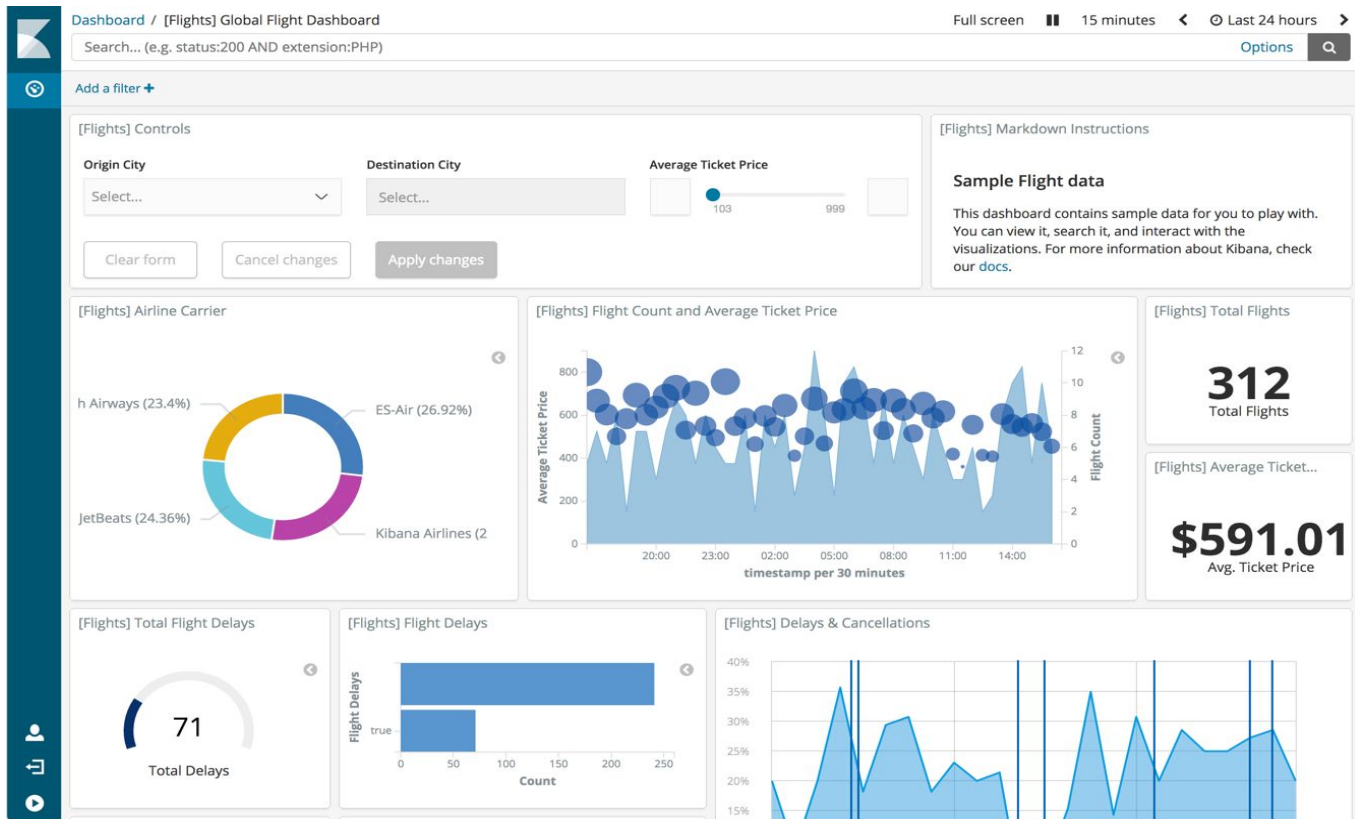
# Kibana



# Kibana key features

- Elasticsearch documents visualization by various of methods (Chart, Metric,...)
- Monitoring (Alert, Log,...)

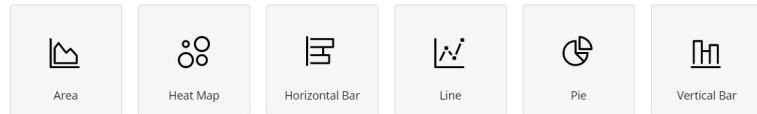
# Data visualization





# Data visualization

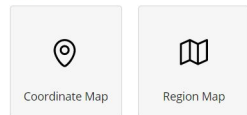
## Basic Charts



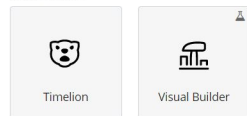
## Data



## Maps



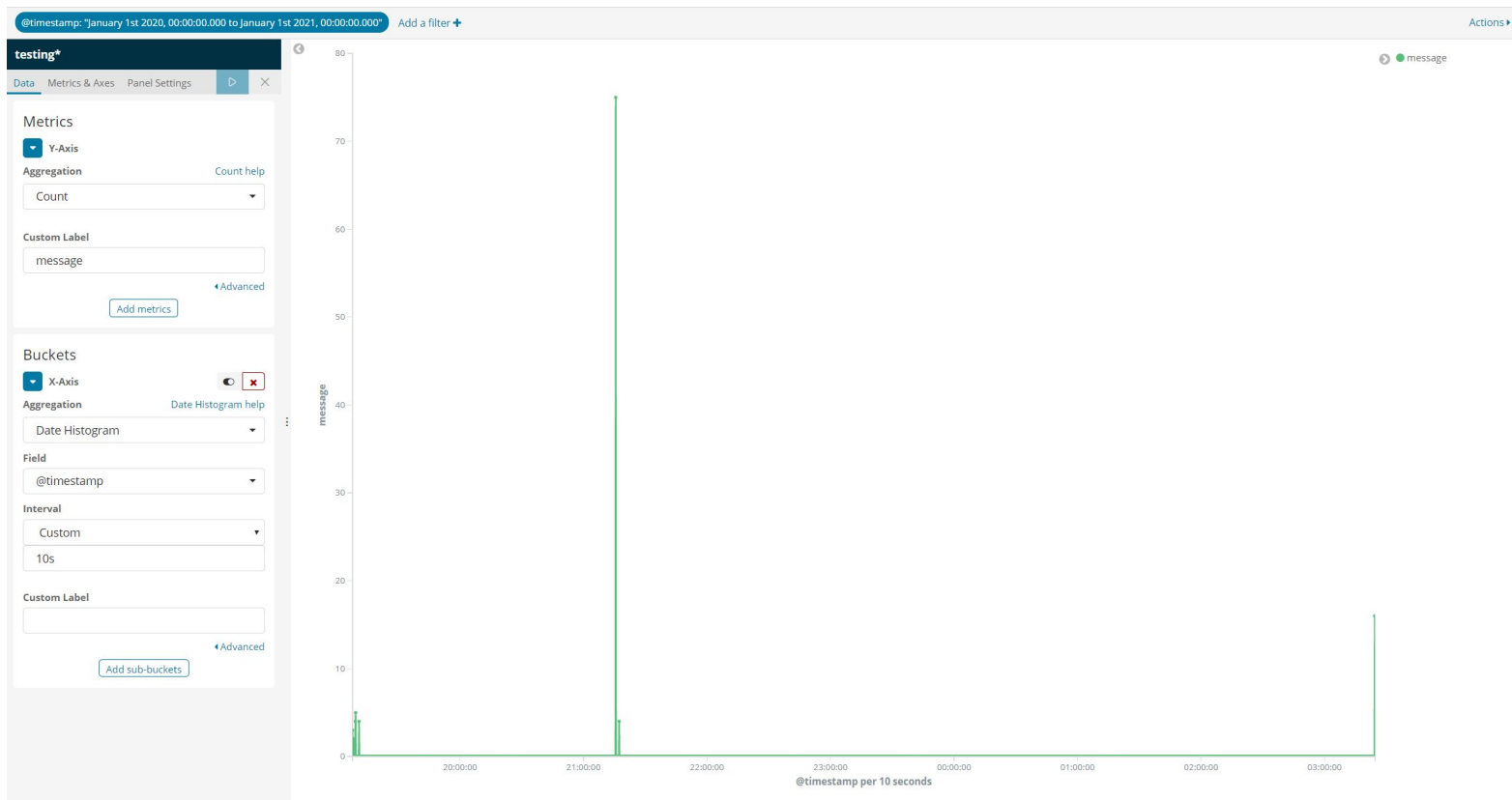
## Time Series



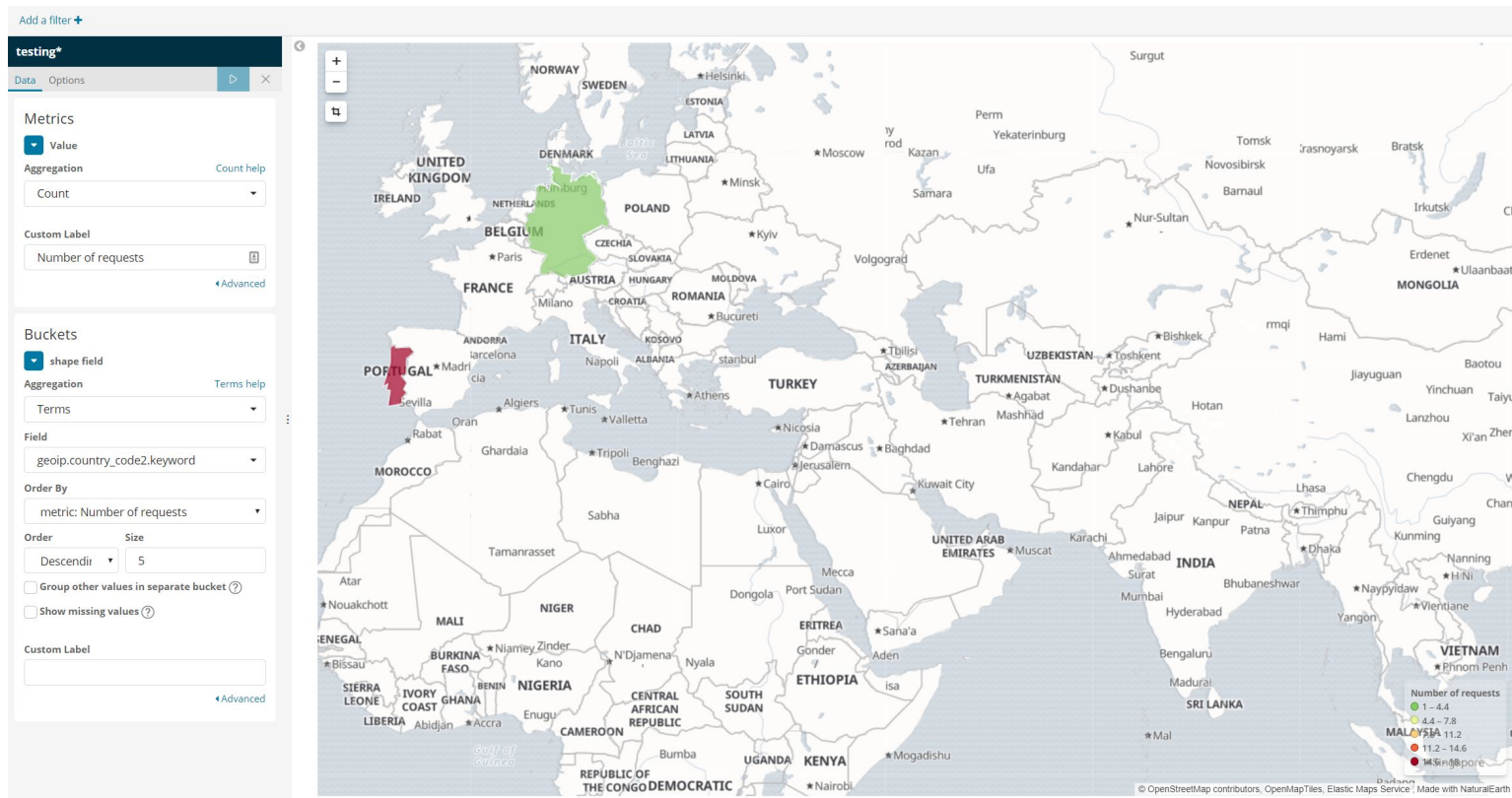
## Other



# Data visualization: Line chart



# Data visualization: Region map



# Monitoring

container.name:"localtesting\_7.2\_opbeans-load-generator"
Log event document details

Timestamp	Message
May 31, 2019 @ 10:28:44.830	14:28:44 java.1   SUCCESSES: 294   FAILURES:
May 31, 2019 @ 10:28:44.830	14:28:44 java.1   SUCCESSES: 294   FAILURES:
May 31, 2019 @ 10:28:44.830	14:28:44 java.1   SUCCESSES: 295   FAILURES:
May 31, 2019 @ 10:28:44.830	14:28:44 java.1   SUCCESSES: 295   FAILURES:
May 31, 2019 @ 10:28:44.830	14:28:44 java.1   SUCCESSES: 295   FAILURES:
May 31, 2019 @ 10:28:44.830	14:28:44 java.1   SUCCESSES: 295   FAILURES:
May 31, 2019 @ 10:28:44.830	14:28:44 java.1   SUCCESSES: 296   FAILURES:
May 31, 2019 @ 10:28:44.830	14:28:44 java.1   SUCCESSES: 296   FAILURES:
May 31, 2019 @ 10:28:44.830	14:28:44 java.1   SUCCESSES: 296   FAILURES:
May 31, 2019 @ 10:28:44.830	14:28:44 java.1   AssertionError(404)
May 31, 2019 @ 10:28:44.830	14:28:44 java.1   File "/usr/local/lib/python3.6/site-packages/molotov/scenarios.py", line 10, in <module>
May 31, 2019 @ 10:28:44.830	14:28:44 java.1   **scenario['kw']
May 31, 2019 @ 10:28:44.830	14:28:44 java.1   File "molotov_scenarios.py", line 10, in <module>
May 31, 2019 @ 10:28:44.830	14:28:44 java.1   assert resp.status == 200
May 31, 2019 @ 10:28:44.830	14:28:44 java.1   SUCCESSES: 293   FAILURES:
May 31, 2019 @ 10:28:44.830	14:28:44 java.1   SUCCESSES: 293   FAILURES:
May 31, 2019 @ 10:28:44.830	14:28:44 java.1   SUCCESSES: 294   FAILURES:
May 31, 2019 @ 10:28:44.830	14:28:44 java.1   SUCCESSES: 294   FAILURES:
May 31, 2019 @ 10:28:44.830	14:28:44 java.1   SUCCESSES: 295   FAILURES:
May 31, 2019 @ 10:28:44.830	14:28:44 java.1   SUCCESSES: 295   FAILURES:
May 31, 2019 @ 10:28:44.830	14:28:44 java.1   SUCCESSES: 295   FAILURES:
May 31, 2019 @ 10:28:44.830	14:28:44 java.1   SUCCESSES: 296   FAILURES:
May 31, 2019 @ 10:28:44.830	14:28:44 java.1   SUCCESSES: 296   FAILURES:

cloud.instance.id 8271592631829869565

cloud.instance.name build

cloud.machine.type n1-standard-8

cloud.project.id elastic-product-marketing

cloud.provider gcp

container.id 69b4a58280818b7a62acab36ae3a7fc8f323d278c7c3767271d28e9cb4408853

container.image.name opbeans/opbeans-loadgen:latest

container.name localtesting\_7.2\_opbeans-load-generator

docker.container.labels.com\_docker\_compose\_config-hash 030a80b65c6c4306ff52984ad647f376cc3ee756b6a82fec6ab24255a340e7d6

docker.container.labels.com\_docker\_compose\_container-number 1

docker.container.labels.com\_docker\_compose\_oneoff False

# Monitoring

Perform 1 action when condition is met

▼ ✉ Email

To email address

test@test.com ✕

Subject (optional)

CPU usage is high

Body

In the last 5 minutes, the total CPU usage exceeded 25% at least one time.

The max value was {{ctx.payload.result}}.

Send test email

Add action ▼



## Email

Send an email from your server.



## Logging

Add an item to the logs.



## Slack

Send a message to a Slack user or channel.



## Webhook

Send a request to a web service.



## Index

Index data into Elasticsearch.



## PagerDuty

Create an event in PagerDuty.



## Jira

Create an issue in Atlassian's Jira Software.

# Other features

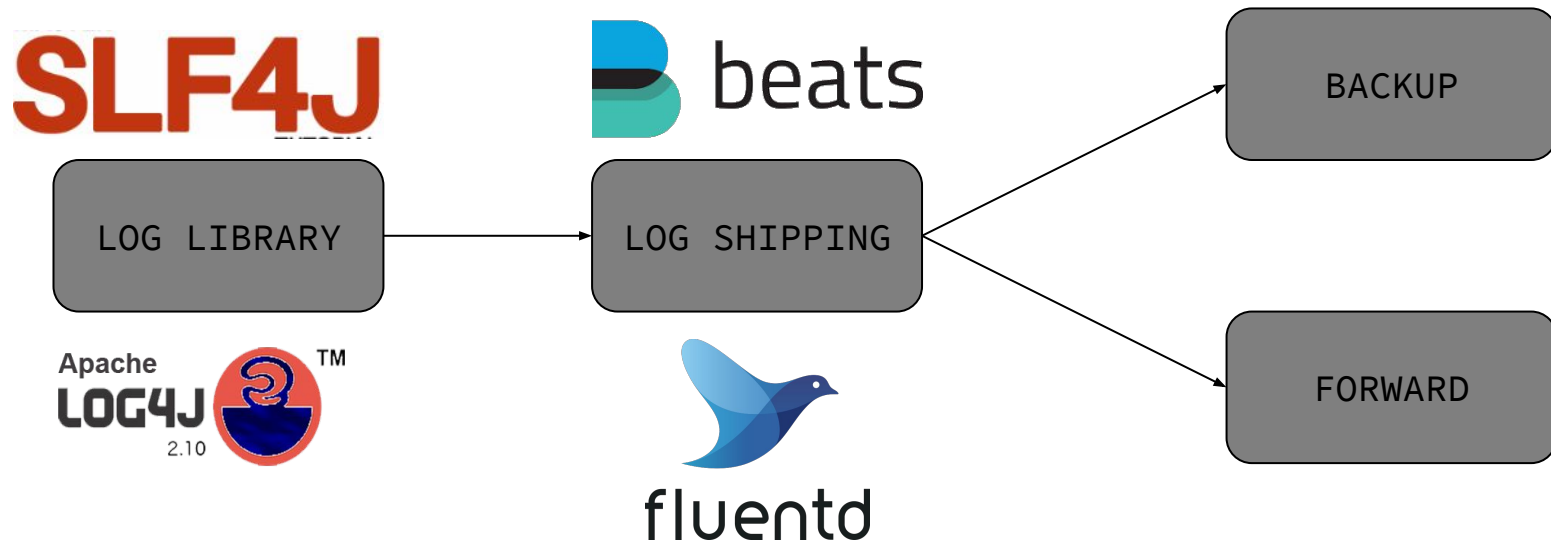
- Search index
- Canvas
- APM

[https://drive.google.com/file/d/oB2S\\_IOaoMiOHWndxWFRiUHNoNW8/view](https://drive.google.com/file/d/oB2S_IOaoMiOHWndxWFRiUHNoNW8/view)

# Log shipper

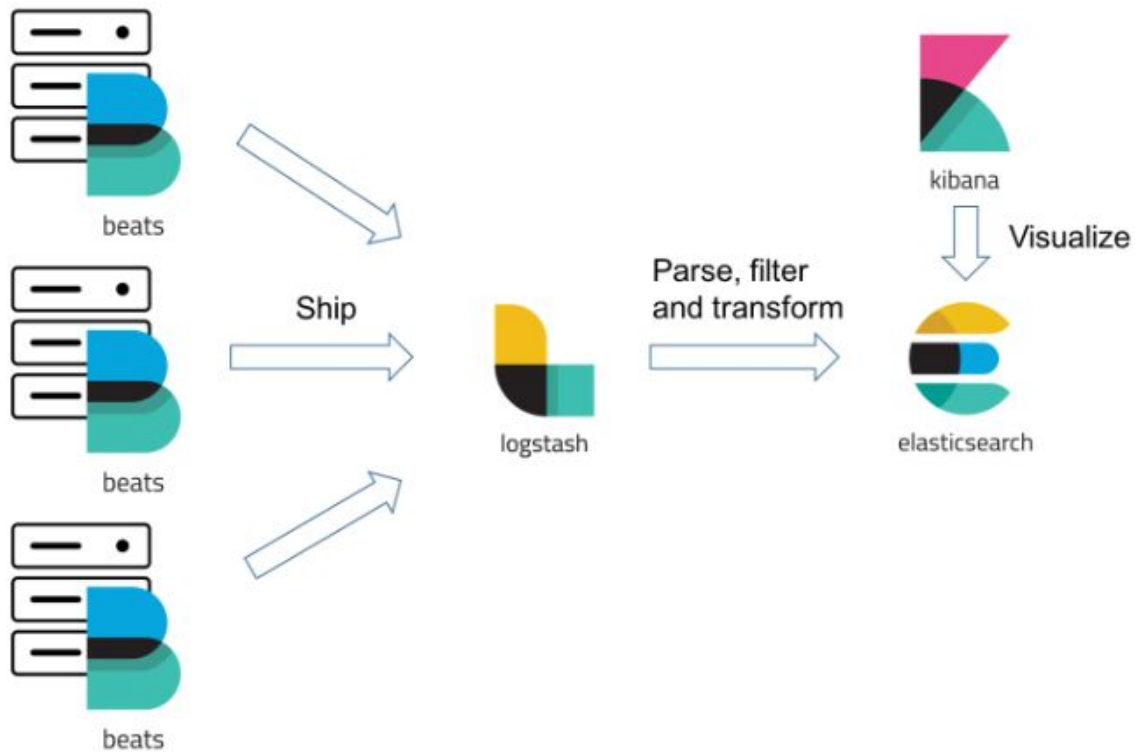


# Log shipper (Filebeat, Fluentd, Rsyslog, ...)

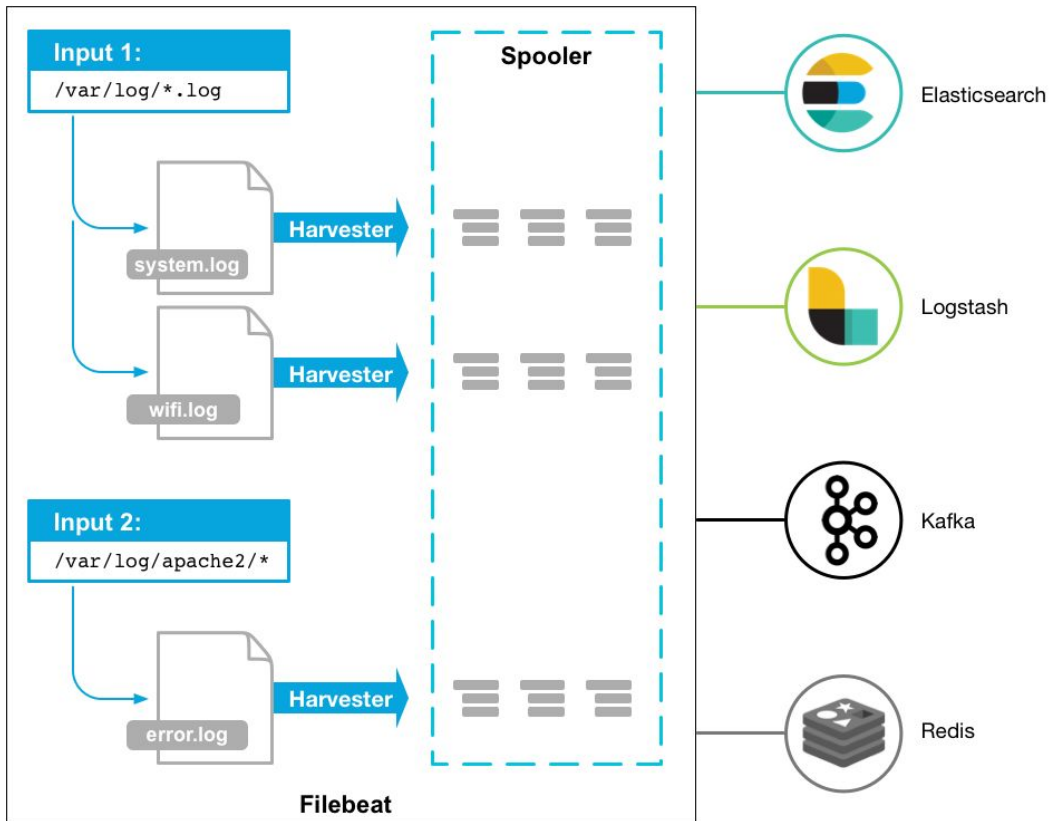




# Filebeat



# Architecture



# Configuration

filebeat.inputs:

- type: log

paths:

- '/var/lib/docker/containers/\*/\*.log'

processors:

- drop\_fields:

fields: ["verb","id"]

output.logstash:

hosts: ["localhost:5044", "localhost:5045"]

# Configuration best practice

filebeat.inputs:

- type: log
- paths:
  - /var/log/\*.log
  - /usr/log/test.log
  - /var/application/logs/\*.log
- close\_inactive: 10m
- scan\_frequency: 20s
- clean\_removed: false
- multiline.pattern: '^\\['

filebeat.registry:

- path:
  - /var/registry

filebeat.shutdown\_timeout: 5s

output.logstash:

- hosts: ["localhost:5044"]
- loadbalance: true
- worker: 2
- compressive\_level: 1
- escape\_html: true
- timeoutedit: 20
- bulk\_max\_size: 2048
- logging.leveledit: debug

# Thank you



Workshop Team:

@ Tai Tran

@ Hen Tran

@ Vu Nguyen

@ Muon Nguyen

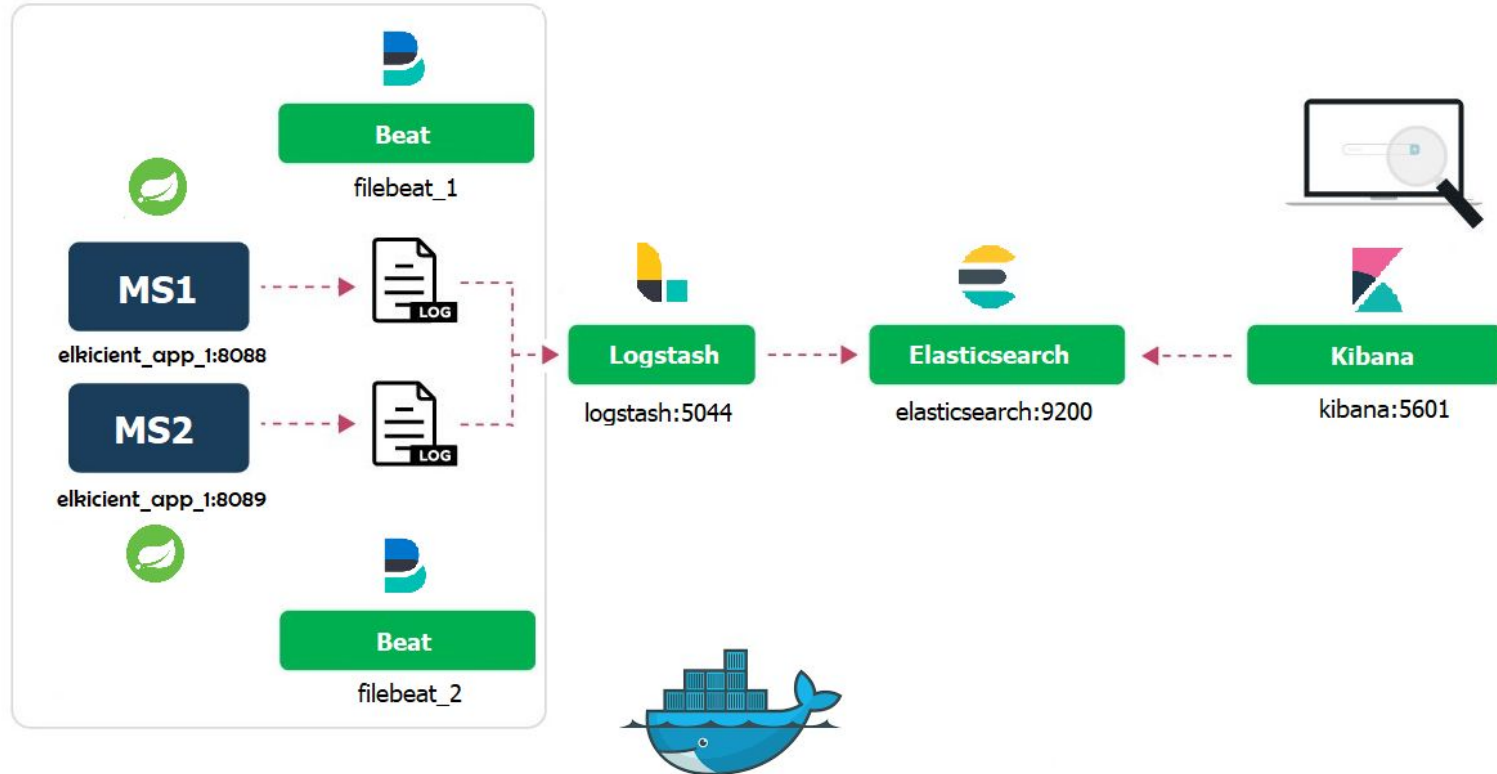
@ Phong Pham

@ Dieu Pham

# Demo



# Infrastructure overview



# Hand-on use case





# Hand-on use case

## Challenges:

- Monitoring the application across multiple environments by Elastic stack
- Centralized logging and visual on dashboard
- Cut off sensitive information
- Notify whenever have errors

# Hand-on use case

## Time:

- 18:20 - 20:00

## Material:

- [http://bit.ly/elk\\_workshop](http://bit.ly/elk_workshop)

# Resources



# Resources

- <https://logz.io/learn/complete-guide-elk-stack>
- <https://www.elastic.co/videos/netflix-using-elasticsearch>
- [https://www.slideshare.net/Tripwire/my-bro-the-elk?qid=13565215-50a5-4bcb-9d18-11a1e5f0f47e&v=qf1&b=&from\\_search=25](https://www.slideshare.net/Tripwire/my-bro-the-elk?qid=13565215-50a5-4bcb-9d18-11a1e5f0f47e&v=qf1&b=&from_search=25)
- <https://www.slideshare.net/TinLe1/elk-atlinked-in>

# Resources

- <https://medium.engineering/how-medium-detects-hotspots-in-dynamodb-using-elasticsearch-logstash-and-kibana-aaa3d6632cfd>
- <https://www.elastic.co/blog/a-full-stack-in-one-command>
- <https://www.baeldung.com/spring-boot-logging>
- <https://www.elastic.co/about/history-of-elasticsearch>