EVO-DEVO

Tls4259 Undergraduate Research 2024

Triana San Miguel's Lab Notebook

OVERVIEW

Our project is going to use two different computational approaches WGCNA (Weighted Gene Co-Expression Network Analysis) which identifies groups of genes that are co-expressed across various tissue types and ERC (Evolutionary Rate Covariation) which measures how similar the evolutionary rates of genes are across species. We are using data from a mammalian organ development dataset which includes transcriptomes from seven organs across different species: human, rat, chicken, rabbit, opossum, rhesus, and mouse.

September 9, 2024 - September 13 2024

Overview and Description of Goal

This week we were given a description of what WGCNA entailed and learned a few important concepts for our research. We opened up our WGCNA folders and began to look inside and view the data that was given to us. We viewed the large dataset inside which had all the species and their corresponding genes in each column. As we viewed the datasets we realized our next step was to copy and import the ERC data set which we then filtered out Human Ids to place in a table. Dr. Young informed us that there should be one corresponding protein ID for each species.

Conclusions and Output

There were a lot of things that I learned this week. To begin, I learned how to create a path for the importation of the ERC data set to just create a path for filtered protein Ids

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We also learned that we should begin thinking about which way to convert the Protein Ids —> Gene Ids. We also needed to see proteins shared across species

/stor/work/FRI_321G_RY_Spring2024/Summer2024/WGNCA_GeneEvolution/data/ERC_ProteinProteinIDs.csv

Next Steps

The next step for next week is going to be to generate a metatable which uses the expression data from each of the species and then maybe try and separate the table separating each species by column. Each species column should have separate columns for tissue, developmental stage, and sample number to determine how many samples of each tissue there are for each species.

September 16, 2024-September 20, 2024

Overview and Description of Goal

This week I mainly focused on the goal of creating expression data for each of the species and creating a meta table based on those. Me and conner split this task and each did half of the species tables. Sal was tasked with trying to split functions and fix the tables but kept running into the issue of having issues with the periods as the column names. Anya was making folder for each species. TDSR (tissue, developmental stage, replicate)

Conclusions and Output

This week did have a lot of challenges that were slightly difficult to understand. For example, every time I would try to save the expression data it would save in my home directory instead of the folders, even though I would use the write.csv with the correct path. After I restarted R it ended up working. The following code ended up working library(dplyr), ChickenExpression_data <-read.table("/stor/work/FRI_321G_RY_Spring2024/Summer2024/WGNCA_GeneEvolution/data/Chicke n.CPM.txt"), write.csv(ChickenExpression_data, "ChickenExpression_data.csv", row.names = TRUE), and just substitute it each time with the different species. The species metadata is found /stor/work/FRI_321G_RY_Spring2024/Summer2024/WGNCA_GeneEvolution/data/Species_M etaData

Next Steps

There are many steps that we are going to work on for next week. We are going to begin to do more research on WGCNA and try to understand the scripts that were provided to us. We also need to clean out protein ids that have weird names like

SynthaseSubunitSourceRGDSymbolAcc1311560". We also need to prepare for next weeks presentation.

September 23, 2024- September 27, 2024

This week was focused on our presentation and preparing to show Dr. Young where we were in our project. We knew we were not tasked with presenting answers to our project but just showed how far along we were. On Tuesday we focused on the structure of our powerpoint and who was going to present which parts. In the mentor meeting we continued to focus on our slides. We made sure to show that only 167/2573 parts of the rows had working protein ids on the metadata table.

Conclusions and Output

I did not run much code during this week and instead focused more on creating the slides and also getting ready to prepare them for the class. We did however get access to the entirety of amikahs code from last year that we were planning to alter to fit our own WGCNA that we were planning to run. We began to look at it and see that while some aspects were the same (The WGCNA progress) there were some aspects that were completely different such as some of the filtering processes that were used. Dr. Young also gave us some feedback after watching our presentation, we needed to match up gene IDs to protein IDs - make a table with gene name, gene ID, and protein it codes for (protein ID and or protein name), we could also try Ensembl - put in all gene ids and then download the corresponding protein IDs Biomart r program - put in genes and then it will give corresponding protein IDs.

Next Steps

There were many next steps that we needed to add to be able to make our project go smoother and to make it more concise. To begin, we needed to add more goals to our slides and think about how we will be able to run WGCNA in the future by using amikahs code. We also needed to see what the Biomart function would be able to do and if we could run it in an efficient manner. We also had to begin thinking about the lack of Chicken Data and how this could affect our project in the future and just to speak to our collaborators.

September 30, 2024- October 4, 2024

Overview and Description of Goal

There were many tasks that were focused on this week. To begin, Conner was trying to utilize Biomart but it was not working with the amount of genes that we were working with, due to this we had to split up the gene of each species from the expression data and split it into 5,000 increments that would be able to fit into the Bio mart website. This caused me so much time and energy because there would be times that it would run and split the data correctly but other times it would not run and then again would not be put into the correct folder so I would have to then move the dataset manually which would take a long time as well due to the path sometimes not loading for me.

Conclusions and Output

The code that was finally able to work for me was as follows:

```
protein_ids <- human_gene_column # Replace with your actual protein IDs vector or dataframe column
chunk_size <- 5000
num_chunks <- ceiling(length(protein_ids) / chunk_size)
for (i in 1:num_chunks) {
    start_index <- (i - 1) * chunk_size + 1
    end_index <- min(i * chunk_size, length(protein_ids))
    protein_chunk <- protein_ids[start_index:end_index]
    write.csv(protein_chunk, paste0("protein_subset_", i, ".csv"), row.names = FALSE)
}</pre>
```

This code ended up working and I used it on all the species. By doing this Conner was finally going to be able to utilize the Biomart website and match up the genes to their corresponding protein ids. The path to the data is as follows

/stor/work/FRI_321G_RY_Spring2024/Summer2024/WGNCA_GeneEvolution/data/ENSM_only/Human/Human 1 to 5000/

We use this path for every species and just change the number of the gene count

Next Steps

The steps for next week are going to be try to finish up Bio mart and get all the corresponding Protein Ids for each of the genes. This has been very difficult because even after splitting all the genes Bio mart has still been very hard to use and has not been able to be installed on anyone's computer and the website only works on Conners computer. Sal is also planning to finish up looking at amikahs code.

October 7, 2024- October 11, 2024

Overview and Description of Goal

This week after I finished separating all of the gene expression sets into 5,000 and then I began trying to get Bio mart to work on my computer. I first tried to get it to work on my website but it just continued to crash. However I tried to install it using the R studio package and after a while it began to work. This allowed me to began adding all 5,000 sections using the ensembl genes and create 5,000 increments of the peptide protein matching to the gene.

Conclusion and Output

In conclusion, after I advised Dr. Young about the Bio mart now working on my computer she taught me how to be able to simply just run the entire expression data set to get the matching peptide id. This was after I already had separated them of course but it still allowed me to be able to learn and now we could get one metadata set with the entire gene to protein code instead of

having 5,000 increments. This saved us a lot of time and we were able to get Bio mart over and done with

Next Steps

Our next steps are going to be trying to work on more Chicken id orthologs and Dr. Young said that we could begin working on those next week. We are also about to finish up analyzing all the code amikah gave us and finally finish up understanding the WGCNA code