

Customer Profile Entity Example

Classes and Their Roles:

1. **CustomerProfile (Class):**

- Represents the business entity `Customer Profile` with attributes: name, postcode, phone number, email, and payment status.
- Handles validation logic for its attributes using regex and ensures data integrity before it's persisted in the database.
- Acts as a blueprint for objects that represent customer data.

2. **CustomerProfileCommandLine (User Interface Layer):**

- Implements `CommandLinesExecution`, making it a console-based menu interface for interacting with the `CustomerProfileCRUD` class.
- Role:
 - Displays a menu of options (e.g., Create, Read, Update, Delete).
 - Collects user input for customer attributes.
 - Calls appropriate methods from `CustomerProfileCRUD` to perform the requested operations.
 - Example:
 - If a user chooses "1. Create Customer Account," it collects the necessary data, validates it via `CustomerProfile`, and persists it using `CustomerProfileCRUD`.

3. **CustomerProfileCRUD (Data Access Object):**

- Provides methods to perform CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete) operations on the `customer_profile` table in the database.
- Uses `EntitiesMySQLAccess` to establish the connection.
- Translates Java objects (`CustomerProfile`) into SQL queries and vice versa.
- Example:
 - **Create:** Saves a `CustomerProfile` object into the database.
 - **Read:** Retrieves all or specific customer profiles as `ResultSet`.
 - **Update:** Updates the details of a customer record by ID.
 - **Delete:** Deletes records based on the ID or deletes all records when instructed.

4. **CustomerProfile (Class):**

- Represents the business entity `Customer Profile` with attributes: name, postcode, phone number, email, and payment status.
- Handles validation logic for its attributes using regex and ensures data integrity before it's persisted in the database.
- Acts as a blueprint for objects that represent customer data.

5. **EntitiesExceptionHandler (Custom Exception Handler):**

- Captures and manages exceptions specific to the system.
- Provides a way to customise error messages and ensure they are meaningful for users or developers debugging the application.
- Used extensively in `CustomerProfile` validations to handle input errors.

6. **EntitiesMySQLAccess (Database Access Layer):**

- Manages the database connection.
- Provides a reusable connection mechanism for database-related operations across the system.
- Abstracts the connection details such as the host, user, and password.

7. **CommandLinesExecution (Interface):**

- Serves as a blueprint for command-line execution classes.
- Ensures any implementing class (like `CustomerProfileCommandLine`) provides an `execute()` method, which serves as the entry point for the command-line program.

Data Flow / Integration:

1. User Interaction:

- A user interacts with the **CustomerProfileCommandLine** menu via the console.
- Their choice determines the operation (e.g., create, read, update, delete).

2. Input Handling and Validation:

- User inputs are captured, and a **CustomerProfile** object is created.
- The object's attributes are validated within the **CustomerProfile** class (e.g., name, postcode) to ensure correctness.

3. Database Interaction:

- If validation passes, the operation proceeds.
- The **CustomerProfileCRUD** class translates the operation into SQL queries and uses **EntitiesMySQLAccess** to interact with the database.

4. Error Handling:

- Any validation failure or database error triggers an **EntitiesExceptionHandler**, ensuring a smooth user experience with clear error messages.

5. Output Handling:

- Results of operations (e.g., "Customer Details Saved" or table data) are displayed to the user via the **CustomerProfileCommandLine** interface.

System Workflow Example:

Create Customer Record:

1. User selects "1. Create Customer Account" from the console menu.
2. **CustomerProfileCommandLine** collects inputs for name, postcode, phone number, email, and payment status.
3. A **CustomerProfile** object is created, and its attributes are validated.
4. If valid, **CustomerProfileCRUD.createCustomerDetailsAccount()** is called.
5. SQL is executed via **EntitiesMySQLAccess**, and the record is inserted into the database.
6. A success message is displayed to the user.